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# Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries 

Consolidated Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 and Independent Auditors' Report

## REPRESENTATION LETTER


#### Abstract

The entities that are required to be included in the combined financial statements of Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, under the Criteria Governing the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in conformity with the International Financial Reporting Standard 10, "Consolidated Financial Statements". In addition, the information required to be disclosed in the combined financial statements is included in the consolidated financial statements. Consequently, Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries do not prepare a separate set of combined financial statements.


Very truly yours,

TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED
By

MARK LIU
Chairman
February 14, 2023

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS＇REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

## Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and its subsidiaries（the＂Company＂），which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31， 2022 and 2021，and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income，changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended，and notes to the consolidated financial statements，including a summary of significant accounting policies．

In our opinion，the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly，in all material respects，the consolidated financial position of the Company as of December 31， 2022 and 2021，and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards（IFRS），International Accounting Standards（IAS），IFRIC Interpretations（IFRIC），and SIC Interpretations（SIC）endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China．

## Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China．Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors＇ Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report．We are independent of the Company in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements．We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion．

## Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that，in our professional judgment，were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31，2022．These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole， and in forming our opinion thereon，and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters．

Key audit matter for the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 is stated as follows:

Property, plant and equipment (PP\&E) - commencement of depreciation related to PP\&E classified as equipment under installation and construction in progress (EUI/CIP)

Refer to Notes 4, 5 and 14 to the consolidated financial statements.
The Company's evaluation of when to commence depreciation of EUI/CIP involves determining when the assets are available for their intended use. The criteria the Company uses to determine whether EUI/CIP are available for their intended use involves subjective judgments and assumptions about the conditions necessary for the assets to be capable of operating in the intended manner. Changes in these assumptions could have a significant impact on when depreciation is recognized.

Given the subjectivity in determining the date to commence depreciation of EUI/CIP, performing audit procedures to evaluate the reasonableness of the Company's judgments and assumptions required a high degree of auditor judgment. Consequently, the validity of commencement of depreciation related to PP\&E classified as EUI/CIP is identified as a key audit matter.

Our audit procedures related to the evaluation of when to commence depreciation of EUI/CIP included the following, among others:

1. We read the Company's policy and understood the criteria used to determine when to commence depreciation.
2. We tested the effectiveness of the controls over the evaluation of when to commence depreciation of EUI/CIP.
3. We sampled the year-end balance of EUI/CIP and performed the following for each selection:
a. Evaluated whether the selection did not meet the criteria specified by the Company for commencement of depreciation.
b. Observed the assets and evaluated their status.
4. We sampled and evaluated whether the selection of EUI/CIP met the criteria specified by the Company for commencement of depreciation during the year.
5. We sampled and evaluated whether the selection of EUI/CIP met the criteria specified by the Company for commencement of depreciation subsequent to year end.

## Other Matter

We have also audited the parent company only financial statements of Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 on which we have issued an unmodified opinion.

## Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the IFRS, IAS, IFRIC, and SIC endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management
determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including members of the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audits resulting in this independent auditors' report are Mai Yen Chiang and Shang Chin Lin.


Deloitte \& Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

February 14, 2023
Slum-Chin Lin

## Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors 'report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chineselanguage independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

## ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note 7)
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 8)
Financial assets at amortized cost (Note 9)
Hedging financial assets (Note 10)
Notes and accounts receivable, net (Note 11)
Receivables from related parties (Note 34)
Other receivables from related parties (Note 34)
Inventories (Notes 5 and 12)
Other financial assets (Note 35)
Other current assets

## Total current assets

NONCURRENT ASSETS
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 8)
Financial assets at amortized cost (Note 9)
Investments accounted for using equity method (Note 13)
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 5 and 14)
Right-of-use assets (Notes 5 and 15)
Intangible assets (Notes 5 and 16)
Deferred income tax assets (Notes 5 and 26)
Refundable deposits
Other noncurrent assets
Total noncurrent assets

## TOTAL

## LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

## CURRENT LIABILITIES

Short-term loans (Notes 17 and 31 )
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Note 7)
Hedging financial liabilities (Note 10)
Accounts payable
Payables to related parties (Note 34)
Salary and bonus payable
Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors (Note 29)
Payables to contractors and equipment suppliers
Cash dividends payable (Note 21)
Income tax payable (Notes 5 and 26)
Long-term liabilities - current portion (Notes 18, 19 and 31 )
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities (Notes 5, 15, 22, 31 and 34)
Total current liabilities

NONCURRENT LIABILITIES
Bonds payable (Notes 18 and 31)
Long-term bank loans (Notes 19 and 31)
Deferred income tax liabilities (Notes 5 and 26)
Lease liabilities (Notes 5, 15 and 31)
Net defined benefit liability (Note 20)
Guarantee deposits
Others (Note 22)
Total noncurrent liabilities

Total liabilities
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS OF THE PARENT
Capital stock (Notes 4 and 21)
Capital surplus (Notes 4, 21 and 28)
Retained earnings (Notes 4 and 21)
Appropriated as legal capital reserve
Appropriated as special capital reserve
Unappropriated earnings
Others (Notes 4, 21 and 28)
Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent
NON - CONTROLLING INTERESTS

Total equity
TOTAL

| December 31, 2022 |  | December 31, 2021 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amount | \% | Amount | \% |
| \$ 1,342,814,083 | 27 | \$ 1,064,990,192 | 29 |
| 1,070,398 | - | 159,048 | - |
| 122,998,543 | 2 | 119,519,251 | 3 |
| 94,600,219 | 2 | 3,773,571 | - |
| 2,329 | - | 13,468 | - |
| 229,755,887 | 5 | 197,586,109 | 5 |
| 1,583,958 | - | 715,324 | - |
| 68,975 | - | 61,531 | - |
| 221,149,148 | 4 | 193,102,321 | 5 |
| 25,964,428 | 1 | 16,630,611 | 1 |
| 12,888,776 | - | 10,521,481 | - |
| 2,052,896,744 | 41 | 1,607,072,907 | 43 |


| $6,159,200$ | - | $5,887,892$ | - |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $35,127,215$ | 1 | $1,533,391$ | - |
| $27,641,505$ | 1 | $21,963,418$ | 1 |
| $2,693,836,970$ | 54 | $1,975,118,704$ | 53 |
| $41,914,136$ | 1 | $32,734,537$ | 1 |
| $25,999,155$ | 1 | $26,821,697$ | 1 |
| $69,185,842$ | 1 | $49,153,886$ | 1 |
| $4,467,022$ | - | $2,624,854$ | - |
| $7,551,089$ | - | $2,592,169$ | - |
| $2,911,882,134$ | $\underline{59}$ | $\underline{2,118,430,548}$ | $\underline{57}$ |
| $\underline{\$ 4,964,778,878}$ | $\underline{100}$ | $\underline{\$ 3,725,503,455}$ | $\underline{100}$ |


| \$ | - | \$ 114,921,333 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 116,215 | - | 681,914 | - |
| 813 | - | 9,642 | - |
| 54,879,708 | 1 | 47,285,603 | 1 |
| 1,642,637 | - | 1,437,186 | - |
| 36,435,509 | 1 | 23,802,100 | 1 |
| 61,748,574 | 1 | 36,524,741 | 1 |
| 213,499,613 | 4 | 145,742,148 | 4 |
| 142,617,093 | 3 | 142,617,093 | 4 |
| 120,801,814 | 3 | 59,647,152 | 2 |
| 19,313,889 | - | 4,566,667 | - |
| 293,170,952 | 6 | 162,267,779 | 4 |
| 944,226,817 | 19 | 739,503,358 | 20 |
| 834,336,439 | 17 | 610,070,652 | 16 |
| 4,760,047 | - | 3,309,131 | - |
| 1,031,383 | - | 1,873,877 | - |
| 29,764,097 | - | 20,764,214 | 1 |
| 9,321,091 | - | 11,036,879 | - |
| 892,021 | - | 686,762 | - |
| 179,958,116 | 4 | 167,525,377 | 5 |
| 1,060,063,194 | 21 | 815,266,892 | 22 |
| 2,004,290,011 | 40 | 1,554,770,250 | 42 |
| 259,303,805 | 5 | 259,303,805 | 7 |
| 69,330,328 | 1 | 64,761,602 | 2 |
| 311,146,899 | 6 | 311,146,899 | 8 |
| 3,154,310 | - | 59,304,212 | 2 |
| 2,323,223,479 | 47 | 1,536,378,550 | 41 |
| 2,637,524,688 | 53 | 1,906,829,661 | 51 |
| $(20,505,626)$ | - | $(62,608,515)$ | (2) |
| 2,945,653,195 | 59 | 2,168,286,553 | 58 |
| 14,835,672 | 1 | 2,446,652 | - |
| 2,960,488,867 | 60 | 2,170,733,205 | 58 |
| \$ 4,964, 778,878 | 100 | \$ 3,725,503,455 | 100 |

## Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)


## Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

|  | 2022 |  |  | 2021 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Amount | \% |  | Amount | \% |
| Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations | \$ | \$ 50,845,614 | 2 | \$ | (6,181,830) | (1) |
| Unrealized loss on investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income |  | $(10,102,658)$ | - |  | $(3,431,791)$ | - |
| Gain on hedging instruments |  | 1,329,231 | - |  | 131,535 | - |
| Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of associates |  | 550,338 | - |  | $(119,997)$ | - |
| Income tax benefit (expense) related to items that may be reclassified subsequently |  | 6,036 | - |  | $(3,370)$ | - |
|  |  | 42,628,561 | 2 |  | $(9,605,453)$ | (1) |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of income tax |  | 42,430,165 | 2 |  | $(7,619,456)$ | (1) |
| TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME |  | \$ 1,059,330,680 | 47 | \$ | 589,453,678 | 37 |
| NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shareholders of the parent |  | \$ 1,016,530,249 | 45 | \$ | 596,540,013 | 38 |
| Non-controlling interests |  | 370,266 | - |  | 533,121 | - |
|  |  | \$ 1,016,900,515 | 45 | \$ | 597,073,134 | 38 |
| TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TO: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shareholders of the parent |  | \$ 1,059,124,890 | 47 | \$ | 588,918,059 | 37 |
| Non-controlling interests |  | 205,790 | - |  | 535,619 | - |
|  |  | \$ 1,059,330,680 | 47 | \$ | 589,453,678 | 37 |
| EARNINGS PER SHARE (NT\$, Note 27) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basic earnings per share | \$ | \$ 39.20 |  | \$ | 23.01 |  |
| Diluted earnings per share |  | \$ 39.20 |  | \$ | 23.01 |  |

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries CONSOLDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
(InThousands of New Taiwan Dollars)


# Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries 

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

|  | 2022 | 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES |  |  |
| Income before income tax | \$ 1,144,190,718 | \$ 663,126,314 |
| Adjustments for: |  |  |
| Depreciation expense | 428,498,179 | 414,187,700 |
| Amortization expense | 8,756,094 | 8,207,169 |
| Expected credit losses recognized (reversal) on investments in debt instruments | 52,351 | $(2,735)$ |
| Finance costs | 11,749,984 | 5,414,218 |
| Share of profits of associates | $(7,798,359)$ | $(5,603,084)$ |
| Interest income | $(22,422,209)$ | $(5,708,765)$ |
| Share-based compensation | 302,348 | 7,788 |
| Loss (gain) on disposal or retirement of property, plant and equipment, net | $(98,856)$ | 273,627 |
| Loss on disposal or retirement of intangible assets, net | 6,004 | 1,228 |
| Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment | 790,740 | 274,388 |
| Loss (gain) on disposal of investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income, net | 410,076 | $(93,229)$ |
| Loss (gain) on foreign exchange, net | 10,342,706 | $(16,115,936)$ |
| Dividend income | $(266,767)$ | $(362,310)$ |
| Others | 138,827 | $(414,219)$ |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: |  |  |
| Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss | $(1,354,359)$ | 2,649,244 |
| Notes and accounts receivable, net | $(32,169,853)$ | $(52,105,823)$ |
| Receivables from related parties | $(868,634)$ | $(157,193)$ |
| Other receivables from related parties | $(7,444)$ | $(10,886)$ |
| Inventories | $(28,046,827)$ | $(55,748,914)$ |
| Other financial assets | $(1,680,611)$ | $(8,236,897)$ |
| Other current assets | $(4,450,883)$ | $(3,899,043)$ |
| Accounts payable | 7,594,105 | 8,298,319 |
| Payables to related parties | 205,451 | $(670,532)$ |
| Salary and bonus payable | 12,633,409 | 3,730,859 |
| Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors | 25,223,833 | 843,695 |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities | 46,578,784 | 84,322,721 |
| Other noncurrent liabilities | 101,390,476 | 154,085,985 |
| Net defined benefit liability | $(2,538,848)$ | $(635,116)$ |
| Cash generated from operations | 1,697,160,435 | 1,195,658,573 |
| Income taxes paid | $(86,561,247)$ | $(83,497,851)$ |
| Net cash generated by operating activities | 1,610,599,188 | 1,112,160,722 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES |  |  |
| Acquisitions of: |  |  |
| Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss | $(125,540)$ | - |
| Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | $(54,566,725)$ | $(255,888,679)$ |
| Financial assets at amortized cost | $(183,125,920)$ | $(3,799,737)$ |
| Property, plant and equipment | $(1,082,672,130)$ | $(839,195,708)$ |
| Intangible assets | $(6,954,326)$ | (9,040,751) |
| Proceeds from disposal or redemption of: |  |  |
| Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | 44,963,367 | 254,604,537 |
| Financial assets at amortized cost | 62,329,674 | 9,368,275 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 983,358 | 390,364 |
| Intangible assets | 12,636 | - |
|  |  | (Continued) |

(Continued)

## Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

|  | 2022 | 2021 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Proceeds from return of capital of investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income | \$ 2,938 | \$ | 115,627 |
| Derecognition of hedging financial instruments | 1,684,430 |  | 276,261 |
| Interest received | 18,083,755 |  | 5,990,948 |
| Proceeds from government grants - property, plant and equipment | 7,046,136 |  | 821,312 |
| Proceeds from government grants - others | 5,296 |  | 6,605 |
| Other dividends received | 266,767 |  | 362,310 |
| Dividends received from investments accounted for using equity method | 2,749,667 |  | 2,136,426 |
| Increase in prepayments for leases | - |  | $(1,200,000)$ |
| Refundable deposits paid | $(2,117,041)$ |  | $(1,997,337)$ |
| Refundable deposits refunded | 505,423 |  | 683,684 |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (1,190,928,235) |  | $(836,365,863)$ |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES |  |  |  |
| Increase (decrease) in short-term loans | $(111,959,992)$ |  | 35,668,397 |
| Proceeds from issuance of bonds | 198,293,561 |  | 364,592,792 |
| Repayment of bonds | $(4,400,000)$ |  | (2,600,000) |
| Proceeds from long-term bank loans | 2,670,000 |  | 1,510,000 |
| Repayment of long-term bank loans | $(166,667)$ |  | - |
| Payments for transaction costs attributable to the issuance of bonds | $(414,307)$ |  | $(737,724)$ |
| Treasury stock acquired | $(871,566)$ |  | - |
| Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities | $(2,428,277)$ |  | $(1,985,338)$ |
| Interest paid | $(12,218,659)$ |  | $(3,833,633)$ |
| Guarantee deposits received | 271,387 |  | 469,041 |
| Guarantee deposits refunded | $(62,100)$ |  | $(36,763)$ |
| Cash dividends | $(285,234,185)$ |  | $(265,786,399)$ |
| Disposal of ownership interests in subsidiaries (without losing control) | - |  | 9,451,798 |
| Donation from shareholders | 13,225 |  | 11,282 |
| Increase (decrease) in non-controlling interests | 16,263,548 |  | $(115,015)$ |
| Net cash generated by (used in) financing activities | (200,244,032) |  | 136,608,438 |
| EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | 58,396,970 |  | (7,583,752) |
| NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | 277,823,891 |  | 404,819,545 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR | 1,064,990,192 |  | 660,170,647 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR | \$ 1,342,814,083 |  | 1,064,990,192 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

# Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries <br> NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <br> FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 <br> (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise) 

## 1. GENERAL

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited (TSMC), a Republic of China (R.O.C.) corporation, was incorporated on February 21, 1987. TSMC is a dedicated foundry in the semiconductor industry which engages mainly in the manufacturing, sales, packaging, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices and the manufacturing of masks.

On September 5, 1994, TSMC's shares were listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE). On October 8, 1997, TSMC listed some of its shares of stock on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) in the form of American Depositary Shares (ADSs).

The address of its registered office and principal place of business is No. 8, Li-Hsin Rd. 6, Hsinchu Science Park, Taiwan. The principal operating activities of TSMC's subsidiaries are described in Note 4.

## 2. THE AUTHORIZATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on February 14, 2023.

## 3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

a. Initial application of the amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, "IFRSs") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

The initial application of the amendments to the IFRSs endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC did not have a significant effect on the accounting policies of TSMC and its subsidiaries (collectively as the "Company").
b. The IFRSs issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and endorsed by the FSC with effective date starting 2023

Effective Date Issued
New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations by IASB

Amendments to IAS 1 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies" Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates" Amendments to IAS 12 "Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction"

January 1, 2023
January 1, 2023
January 1, 2023
c. The IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

## Effective Date Issued by IASB

New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations

Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"
Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or
Non-current" and "Non-current Liabilities with Covenants"

To be determined by IASB

January 1, 2024

As of the date the accompanying consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Company continues in evaluating the impact on its financial position and financial performance from the initial adoption of the aforementioned standards or interpretations and related applicable period. The related impact will be disclosed when the Company completes its evaluation.

## 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

For the convenience of readers, the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the R.O.C. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

## Statement of Compliance

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the IFRSs endorsed by the FSC with the effective dates (collectively, "Taiwan-IFRSs").

## Basis of Preparation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments that are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for the assets.

## Basis of Consolidation

The basis for the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of TSMC and entities controlled by TSMC (its subsidiaries).

Income and expenses of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition and up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the shareholders of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by the Company.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Changes in the Company's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Company losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Company's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the
fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity and attributed to shareholders of the parent.

When the Company loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between:
a. the aggregate of the fair value of consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest at the date when control is lost; and
b. the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interest.

The Company shall account for all amounts recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary on the same basis as would be required if the Company had directly disposed of the related assets and liabilities.

The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate.

The subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements
The detail information of the subsidiaries at the end of reporting period was as follows:

| Name of Investor | Name of Investee | Main Businesses and Products | Establishment and Operating Location | Percentage of Ownership |  | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| TSMC | TSMC North America | Sales and marketing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | San Jose, California, U.S.A. | 100\% | 100\% | - |
|  | TSMC Europe B.V. (TSMC Europe) | Customer service and supporting activities | Amsterdam, the Netherlands | 100\% | 100\% | a) |
|  | TSMC Japan Limited (TSMC Japan) | Customer service and supporting activities | Yokohama, Japan | 100\% | 100\% | a) |
|  | TSMC Design Technology Japan, Inc. (TSMC JDC) | Engineering support activities | Yokohama, Japan | 100\% | 100\% | a) |
|  | TSMC Japan 3DIC R\&D Center, Inc. (TSMC 3DIC) | Engineering support activities | Yokohama, Japan | 100\% | 100\% | a) |
|  | TSMC Korea Limited (TSMC Korea) | Customer service and supporting activities | Seoul, Korea | 100\% | 100\% | a) |
|  | TSMC Partners, Ltd. (TSMC Partners) | Investing in companies involved in the semiconductor design and manufacturing, and other investment activities | Tortola, British Virgin Islands | 100\% | 100\% | a) |
|  | TSMC Global, Ltd. (TSMC Global) | Investment activities | Tortola, British Virgin Islands | 100\% | 100\% | - |
|  | TSMC China Company Limited (TSMC China) | Manufacturing, sales, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | Shanghai, China | 100\% | 100\% | - |
|  | TSMC Nanjing Company Limited (TSMC Nanjing) | Manufacturing, sales, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | Nanjing, China | 100\% | 100\% | - |
|  | VisEra Technologies Company Ltd. (VisEra Tech) | Research, design, development, manufacturing, sales, packaging and test of color filter | Hsin-Chu, Taiwan | 68\% | 73\% | b) |
|  | TSMC Arizona Corporation (TSMC Arizona) | Manufacturing, sales and testing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | Phoenix, Arizona, U.S.A. | 100\% | 100\% | c) |
|  | Japan Advanced <br> Semiconductor <br> Manufacturing, Inc. (JASM) | Manufacturing, sales, testing and computer aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | Kumamoto, Japan | 71\% | 100\% | a), d) |
|  | VentureTech Alliance Fund II, L.P. (VTAF II) | Investing in technology start-up companies | Cayman Islands | 98\% | 98\% | a) |
|  | VentureTech Alliance Fund III, L.P. (VTAF III) | Investing in technology start-up companies | Cayman Islands | 98\% | 98\% | a) |
|  | Emerging Fund L.P. (Emerging Fund) | Investing in technology start-up companies | Cayman Islands | 99.9\% | 99.9\% | a) |


| Name of Investor | Name of Investee | Main Businesses and Products | Establishment and Operating Location | Percentage of Ownership |  | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| TSMC Partners | TSMC Development, Inc. (TSMC Development) | Investing in companies involved in semiconductor manufacturing | Delaware, U.S.A. | 100\% | 100\% | - |
|  | TSMC Technology, Inc. <br> (TSMC Technology) | Engineering support activities | Delaware, U.S.A. | 100\% | 100\% | a) |
|  | TSMC Design Technology Canada Inc. (TSMC Canada) | Engineering support activities | Ontario, Canada | 100\% | 100\% | a) |
| TSMC Development | WaferTech, LLC (WaferTech) | Manufacturing, sales and testing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | Washington, U.S.A. | 100\% | 100\% | - |
| VTAF III | Growth Fund Limited (Growth Fund) | Investing in technology start-up companies | Cayman Islands | 100\% | 100\% | a) |

(Concluded)

Note a: This is an immaterial subsidiary for which the consolidated financial statements are not audited by the Company's independent auditors.
Note b: VisEra has increased its capital in June 2022. After the increase in capital, TSMC's shareholding in VisEra decreased from $73 \%$ to $68 \%$. This transaction was accounted for as an equity transaction since the transaction did not change TSMC's control over VisEra.

Note c: Under the terms of the development agreement entered into between TSMC Arizona and the City of Phoenix, the City of Phoenix commits approximately US\$205 million toward various public infrastructure projects in the area of the proposed manufacturing facility, conditioned on TSMC Arizona's achieving a minimum project scale with defined spending and job-creation thresholds.

Note d: JASM is established in December 2021 and has increased its capital in January 2022. After the increase in capital, TSMC's shareholding in JASM decreased from 100\% to 81\%. In addition, JASM increased its capital by issuing noncumulative preferred shares and common shares in April 2022, TSMC's shareholding in JASM decreased from 81\% to 71\% and the proportion of voting right remain $81 \%$. The aforementioned transactions were accounted for as an equity transaction since the transaction did not change TSMC's control over JASM.

## Foreign Currencies

The financial statements of each individual consolidated entity were expressed in the currency which reflected its primary economic environment (functional currency). The functional currency of TSMC and presentation currency of the consolidated financial statements are both New Taiwan Dollars (NT\$). In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the operating results and financial positions of each consolidated entity are translated into NT\$.

In preparing the financial statements of each individual consolidated entity, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Such exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss in the year in which they arise. Non-monetary items measured at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items are included in profit or loss for the year except for exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognized directly in other comprehensive income. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currencies are not retranslated.

For the purposes of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Company's foreign operations are translated into NT\$ using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

## Classification of Current and Noncurrent Assets and Liabilities

Current assets are assets held for trading purposes and assets expected to be converted to cash, sold or consumed within one year from the end of the reporting period. Current liabilities are obligations incurred for trading purposes and obligations expected to be settled within one year from the end of the reporting period. Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are noncurrent assets and liabilities, respectively.

## Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents, for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments, consist of highly liquid time deposits and investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

## Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities shall be recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized at fair values. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

## Financial Assets

The classification of financial assets depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. Regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date or settlement date basis for which financial assets were classified in the same way, respectively. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.
a. Category of financial assets and measurement

Financial assets are classified into the following categories: financial assets at FVTPL, investments in debt instruments and equity instruments at FVTOCI, and financial assets at amortized cost.

## 1) Financial asset at FVTPL

For certain financial assets which include debt instruments that do not meet the criteria of amortized cost or FVTOCI, it is mandatorily required to measure them at FVTPL. Any gain or loss arising from remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognized in profit or loss incorporates any interest earned on the financial asset.
2) Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI

Debt instruments with contractual terms specifying that cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, together with objective of collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, are measured at FVTOCI.

Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment gains or losses on investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI are recognized in profit or loss. Other changes in the carrying amount of these debt instruments are recognized in other comprehensive income and will be reclassified to profit or loss when these debt instruments are disposed.
3) Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI

On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate investments in equity investments that is not held for trading as at FVTOCI.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in other equity.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are recognized in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the Company's rights clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.
4) Measured at amortized cost

Cash and cash equivalents, commercial paper, debt instrument investments, notes and accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables, refundable deposits and temporary payments (including those classified under other current assets and other noncurrent assets) are measured at amortized cost.

Debt instruments with contractual terms specifying that cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, together with objective of holding financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, are measured at amortized cost.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets measured at amortized cost are measured at amortized cost, which equals to carrying amount determined by the effective interest method less any impairment loss.
b. Impairment of financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, a loss allowance for expected credit loss is recognized for financial assets at amortized cost (including accounts receivable) and for investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI.

The loss allowance for accounts receivable is measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. For financial assets at amortized cost and investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, when the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, a loss allowance is recognized at an amount equal to expected credit loss resulting from possible default events of a financial instrument within 12 months after the reporting date. If, on the other hand, there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is recognized at an amount equal to expected credit loss resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

The Company recognizes an impairment loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, for which the loss allowance is recognized in other comprehensive income and does not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset.
c. Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset at amortized cost in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss. On derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument at FVTOCI, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income is recognized in profit or loss. However, on derecognition of an investment in an equity instrument at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss that had
been recognized in other comprehensive income is transferred directly to retained earnings, without recycling through profit or loss.

## Financial Liabilities and Equity Instruments

## Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

## Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities
Financial liabilities are subsequently measured either at amortized cost using effective interest method or at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities are classified as at fair value through profit or loss when the financial liability is either held for trading or is designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities other than those held for trading purposes and designated as at FVTPL are subsequently measured at amortized cost at the end of each reporting period.

## Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognized in profit or loss.

## Derivative Financial Instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative financial instrument is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

## Hedge Accounting

a. Fair value hedge

The Company designates certain hedging instruments, such as interest rate futures contracts, to partially hedge against the fair value change caused by interest rates fluctuation in the Company's fixed income investments. Changes in the fair value of hedging instruments that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognized in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged items that are attributable to the hedged risk.
b. Cash flow hedge

The Company designates certain hedging instruments, such as forward contracts, to partially hedge its foreign exchange rate risks or interest rate risks associated with certain highly probable forecast transactions (capital expenditures or issuance of debts). The effective portion of changes in the fair value of hedging instruments is recognized in other comprehensive income. When forecast transactions actually take place, the accumulated gains or losses that were recognized in other comprehensive income are transferred from equity to the initial cost of the hedged items, or reclassified to finance costs of hedged items in the same period or periods during which the hedged expected future cash flows affect profit or loss. The gains or losses from hedging instruments relating to the ineffective portion are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

The Company prospectively discontinues hedge accounting only when the hedging relationship ceases to meet the qualifying criteria; for instance, when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised.

## Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventories are recorded at standard cost and adjusted to approximate weighted-average cost at the end of the reporting period. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price of inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

## Investments Accounted for Using Equity Method

Investments accounted for using the equity method are investments in associates.
An associate is an entity over which the Company has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The operating results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognized in the consolidated statements of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Company's share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate as well as the distribution received. The Company also recognizes its share in the changes in the equities of associates.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of an associate recognized at the date of acquisition is recognized as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognized forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognized to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When the Company subscribes to additional shares in an associate at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment differs from the amount of the Company's proportionate interest in the net assets of the associate. The Company records such a difference as an adjustment to investments with the corresponding amount charged or credited to capital surplus. If the Company's ownership interest is reduced due to the additional subscription to the shares of associate by other investors, the proportionate amount of the gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive
income in relation to that associate shall be reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

When a consolidated entity transacts with an associate, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognized in the Company's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not owned by the Company.

## Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment. Costs include any incremental costs that are directly attributable to the construction, acquisition of the item of property, plant and equipment or borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

Property, plant and equipment in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognized impairment loss. Such assets are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other identical categories of property, plant and equipment, commences when the assets are available for their intended use.

Depreciation is recognized so as to write off the cost of the assets less their residual values over their useful lives, and it is computed using the straight-line method mainly over the following estimated useful lives: land improvements - 20 years; buildings (assets used by the Company and assets subject to operating leases) - 10 to 20 years; machinery and equipment (assets used by the Company and assets subject to operating leases) 5 years; and office equipment - 5 years. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimates accounted for on a prospective basis. Land is not depreciated.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the assets. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in profit or loss.

## Leases

For a contract that contains a lease component and non-lease component, the Company may elect to account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

## The Company as lessor

Rental income from operating lease is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

## The Company as lessee

Except for payments for low-value asset leases and short-term leases (leases of machinery and equipment and others) which are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis, the Company recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases at the commencement date of the lease.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost. The cost of right-of-use assets comprises the initial measurement of lease liabilities adjusted for lease payments and initial direct costs made at or before the commencement date, plus an estimate of costs needed to restore the underlying assets. Subsequent measurement is calculated as cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss and adjusted for changes in lease liabilities as a result of lease term modifications or other related factors. Right-of-use assets are presented separately in the consolidated balance sheets.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement dates to the earlier of the end of the useful lives of the right-of-use assets or the end of the lease terms. If the lease transfers ownership of the underlying assets to the Company by the end of the lease terms or if the cost of right-of-use assets reflects that the Company will exercise a purchase option, the Company depreciates the right-of-use assets from the commencement dates to the end of the useful lives of the underlying assets.

Lease liabilities are measured at the present value of the lease payments. Lease payments comprise fixed payments, variable lease payments which depend on an index or a rate and the exercise price of a purchase option if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option. The lease payments are discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rates.

Subsequently, lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized over the lease terms. When there is a change in a lease term, a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or a rate used to determine those payments, or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase an underlying asset, the Company remeasures the lease liabilities with a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use assets. Lease liabilities are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

## Intangible Assets

## Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

## Other intangible assets

Other separately acquired intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Amortization is recognized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives: Technology license fees - the estimated life of the technology or the term of the technology transfer contract; software and system design costs - 3 years or contract period; patent and others - the economic life or contract period. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

## Impairment of Tangible Assets, Right-of-use Assets and Intangible Assets

## Goodwill

Goodwill is not amortized and instead is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the cash generating unit may be impaired. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Company's cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. If the recoverable amount of a cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the difference is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to such cash generating unit and then to the other assets of the cash generating unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the cash generating unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognized directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

## Tangible assets, right-of-use assets and other intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets (property, plant and equipment), right-of-use assets and other intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of
the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or a cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

## Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when performance obligations are satisfied. The performance obligations are satisfied when customers obtain control of the promised goods, which is generally when the goods are delivered to the customers' specified locations.

Revenue from sale of goods is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances. Estimated sales returns and other allowances is generally made and adjusted based on historical experience and the consideration of varying contractual terms to recognize refund liabilities, which is classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities.

In principle, payment term granted to customers is due 30 days from the invoice date or 30 days from the end of the month of when the invoice is issued. Due to the short term nature of the receivables from sale of goods with the immaterial discounted effect, the Company measures them at the original invoice amounts without discounting.

## Employee Benefits

## Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities recognized in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for service rendered by employees.

## Retirement benefits

For defined contribution retirement benefit plans, payments to the benefit plan are recognized as an expense when the employees have rendered service entitling them to the contribution. For defined benefit retirement benefit plans, the cost of providing benefit is recognized based on actuarial calculations.

Defined benefit costs (including service cost, net interest and remeasurement) under the defined benefit retirement benefit plans are determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Service cost (including current service cost), and net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset) are recognized as employee benefits expense in the period they occur. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets (excluding interest), is recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which
they occur. Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Net defined benefit liability represents the actual deficit in the Company's defined benefit plan.

## Treasury Stock

Treasury stock represents the outstanding shares that the Company buys back from market, which is stated at cost and shown as a deduction in shareholders' equity. When the Company retires treasury stock, the treasury stock account is reduced and the common stock as well as the capital surplus - additional paid-in capital are reversed on a pro rata basis. When the book value of the treasury stock exceeds the sum of the par value and additional paid-in capital, the difference is charged to capital surplus - treasury stock transactions and to retained earnings for any remaining amount.

## Share-based payment arrangements

a. Equity-settled share-based payment arrangements

Restricted shares for employees are expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the fair value at the grant date and the Company's best estimate of the number expected to ultimately vest, with a corresponding increase in other equity - unearned employee benefits.

When restricted shares for employees are issued, other equity - unearned employee benefits is recognized on the grant date, with a corresponding increase in capital surplus - restricted shares for employees. Dividends paid to employees on restricted shares which do not need to be returned if employees resign in the vesting period are recognized as expenses upon the dividend declaration with a corresponding adjustment in retained earnings.

At the end of each reporting period, the Company revises its estimate of the number of restricted shares for employees that are expected to vest. The impact from such revision is recognized in profit or loss so that the cumulative expenses reflect the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to capital surplus - restricted shares for employees.
b. Cash-settled share-based payment arrangements

For cash-settled share-based payments, a liability is recognized for the services acquired, measured at the fair value of the liability incurred. At the end of each reporting period until the liability is settled, and at the date of settlement, the fair value of the liability is remeasured, with any changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss.

## Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

## Current tax

Income tax on unappropriated earnings (excluding earnings from foreign consolidated subsidiaries) is expensed in the year the shareholders approved the appropriation of earnings which is the year subsequent to the year the earnings are generated.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax provision.

## Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences, net operating loss carryforwards and tax credits for research and development expenses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered. The deferred tax assets which originally not recognized is also reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year in which the liability is settled or the asset is realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

## Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

## Government Grants

Government grants are not recognized until there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants whose primary condition is that the Company should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire noncurrent assets (mainly including land use right and depreciable assets) are recognized as a deduction from the carrying amount of the related assets and recognized as a reduced depreciation or amortization charge in profit or loss over the contract period or useful lives of the related assets. Government grants that are receivables as compensation for expenses already incurred are deducted from incurred expenses in the period in which they become receivables.

## 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION AND UNCERTAINTY

The Company has considered the economic implications of COVID-19 on critical accounting estimates and will continue evaluating the impact on its financial position and financial performance as a result of the pandemic.

In the application of the aforementioned Company's accounting policies, the Company is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of the revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

## Critical Accounting Judgments

## Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when the conditions described in Note 4 are satisfied.

## Commencement of Depreciation Related to Property, Plant and Equipment Classified as Equipment under Installation and Construction in Progress (EUI/CIP)

As described in Note 4, commencement of depreciation related to EUI/CIP involves determining when the assets are available for their intended use. The criteria the Company uses to determine whether EUI/CIP are available for their intended use involves subjective judgments and assumptions about the conditions necessary for the assets to be capable of operating in the intended manner.

## Judgments on Lease Terms

In determining a lease term, the Company considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise or not to exercise an option, including any expected changes in facts and circumstances from the commencement date until the exercise date of the option. Main factors considered include contractual terms and conditions covered by the optional periods, and the importance of the underlying asset to the lessee's operations, etc. The lease term is reassessed if a significant change in circumstances that are within the control of the Company occurs.

## Key Sources of Estimation and Uncertainty

## Estimation of Sales Returns and Allowances

Sales returns and other allowance is estimated and recorded based on historical experience and in consideration of different contractual terms. The amount is deducted from revenue in the same period the related revenue is recorded. The Company periodically reviews the reasonableness of the estimates.

## Valuation of Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, and the Company uses estimate to determine the net realizable value of inventory at the end of each reporting period.

The Company estimates the net realizable value of inventory for normal waste, obsolescence and unmarketable items at the end of reporting period and then writes down the cost of inventories to net realizable value. The net realizable value of the inventory is determined mainly based on assumptions of future demand within a specific time horizon.

## Impairment of Tangible Assets, Right-of-use Assets and Intangible Assets Other than Goodwill

In the process of evaluating the potential impairment of tangible assets, right-of-use assets and intangible assets other than goodwill, the Company determines the independent cash flows, useful lives, expected future revenue and expenses related to the specific asset groups with the consideration of the nature of
semiconductor industry. Any change in these estimates based on changed economic conditions or business strategies could result in significant impairment charges or reversal in future years.

## Realization of Deferred Income Tax Assets

Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deferred tax assets can be utilized. Assessment of the realization of the deferred tax assets requires subjective judgment and estimate, including the future revenue growth and profitability, tax holidays, the amount of tax credits can be utilized and feasible tax planning strategies. Any changes in the global economic environment, the industry trends and relevant laws and regulations could result in significant adjustments to the deferred tax assets.

## Determination of Lessees' Incremental Borrowing Rates

In determining a lessee's incremental borrowing rate used in discounting lease payments, the Company mainly takes into account the market risk-free rates, the estimated lessee's credit spreads and secured status in a similar economic environment.

## 6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

|  | December 31, <br> 2022 | December 31, <br> 2021 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Cash and deposits in banks |  | $\$ 1,329,291,394$ |
| $\$ 1,058,808,104$ |  |  |
| Commercial paper | $9,566,430$ | - |
| Government bonds | $2,451,570$ | 906,743 |
| Repurchase agreements | $1,133,310$ | $5,275,345$ |
| Corporate bonds | 371,379 | - |
|  | $\underline{\$ 1,342,814,083}$ | $\underline{\$ 1,064,990,192}$ |

Deposits in banks consisted of highly liquid time deposits that were readily convertible to known amounts of cash and were subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

## 7. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS


#### Abstract

December 31, 2022

December 31, 2021

\section*{Financial assets}

Mandatorily measured at FVTPL

Forward exchange contracts Convertible bonds

Financial liabilities

Held for trading Forward exchange contracts $\$ \quad 116,215$ $\$ \quad 681,914$

The Company entered into forward exchange contracts to manage exposures due to fluctuations of foreign exchange rates. These forward exchange contracts did not meet the criteria for hedge accounting. Therefore, the Company did not apply hedge accounting treatment for these forward exchange contracts.


Outstanding forward exchange contracts consisted of the following:

Maturity Date | Contract Amount |
| :---: |
| (In Thousands) |

December 31, 2022

Sell NT\$
Sell US\$
Sell RMB

January 2023 to March 2023
January 2023 to March 2023
January 2023 to March 2023

NT\$ 79,610,590
US\$ 752,486
RMB 1,448,371

December 31, 2021
Sell NT\$
January 2022 to March 2022
NT\$ 132,734,482
Sell US\$
January 2022 to March 2022
US\$ 2,009,148

## 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI |  |  |
| Corporate bonds | \$ 66,116,166 | \$ 57,253,161 |
| Agency bonds/Agency mortgage-backed securities | 28,399,890 | 32,070,114 |
| Government bonds | 18,929,924 | 21,345,794 |
| Asset-backed securities | 9,274,697 | 8,660,424 |
|  | 122,720,677 | 119,329,493 |
| Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI |  |  |
| Non-publicly traded equity investments | 6,159,200 | 5,887,892 |
| Publicly traded stocks | 277,866 | 189,758 |
|  | 6,437,066 | 6,077,650 |
|  | \$ 129,157,743 | \$ 125,407,143 |
| Current | \$ 122,998,543 | \$ 119,519,251 |
| Noncurrent | 6,159,200 | 5,887,892 |
|  | \$ 129,157,743 | \$ 125,407,143 |

These investments in equity instruments are held for medium to long-term purposes and therefore are accounted for as FVTOCI. For dividends recognized from these investments, please refer to consolidated statements of cash flows. All of the dividends are mainly from investments held at the end of the reporting period.

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, as non-publicly traded investees were acquired and the Company adjusted its investment portfolio, equity investments designated at FVTOCI were divested for NT\$561,600 thousand and NT\$628,711 thousand, respectively. The related other equity-unrealized gain/loss on financial assets at FVTOCI of NT\$303,242 thousand and NT\$185,993 thousand were transferred to increase retained earnings, respectively.

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the cumulative loss allowance for expected credit loss of NT\$37,783 thousand and NT\$33,209 thousand was recognized under investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI, respectively. Refer to Note 33 for information relating to the credit risk management and expected credit loss.

## 9. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTIZED COST

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Corporate bonds | \$ 81,041,056 | \$ | 5,310,039 |
| Commercial paper | 48,742,817 |  |  |
| Less: Allowance for impairment loss | $(56,439)$ |  | $(3,077)$ |
|  | \$ 129,727,434 | \$ | 5,306,962 |
| Current | \$ 94,600,219 | \$ | 3,773,571 |
| Noncurrent | 35,127,215 |  | 1,533,391 |
|  | \$ 129,727,434 | \$ | 5,306,962 |

Refer to Note 33 for information relating to credit risk management and expected credit loss for financial assets at amortized cost.

## 10. HEDGING FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS


#### Abstract

| December 31, | December 31, |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2022 | 2021 |

2022 2021

\section*{Financial assets- current}

Fair value hedges Cash flow hedges Forward interest rate contracts $\qquad$ $\$ \quad 2,329$ \$ 13,468

\section*{Financial liabilities- current}

Fair value hedges Interest rate futures contracts $\$ \quad 813$ \$ 9,642

\section*{Fair value hedge}

The Company entered into interest rate futures contracts, which are used to partially hedge against the fair value changes caused by interest rate fluctuation in the Company's fixed income investments. The hedge ratio is adjusted in response to the changes in the financial market and capped at $100 \%$.

On the basis of economic relationships, the value of the interest rate futures contracts and the value of the hedged financial assets change in opposite directions in response to movements in interest rates.

The main source of hedge ineffectiveness in these hedging relationships is the credit risk of the hedged financial assets, which is not reflected in the fair value of the interest rate futures contracts. No other sources of ineffectiveness emerged from these hedging relationships during the hedging period. Amount of hedge ineffectiveness recognized in profit or loss is classified under other gains and losses, net.


The following tables summarize the information relating to the hedges of interest rate risks.

December 31, 2022

| Hedging Instruments | Contract Amount <br> (US\$ in Thousands) | Maturity |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Interest rate futures contracts - US Treasury <br> futures | US\$ 74,300 | March 2023 |

# Accumulated Amount of Fair Value Hedge Adjustments 

## Hedged Items

Financial assets at FVTOCI

Asset Carrying Amount
\$ 4,008,179
\$
$(1,516)$

December 31, 2021

## Contract Amount (US\$ in Thousands)

Maturity
Interest rate futures contracts - US Treasury
US\$ 53,900
March 2022
futures

## Hedged Items

Financial assets at FVTOCI

## Accumulated Amount of Fair Value Hedge Adjustments

The effect for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 is detailed below:

## Hedging Instruments/Hedged Items

edging Instruments
Interest rate futures contracts - US Treasury futures $\quad \$ 283,995 \quad \$ 148,817$ Hedged Items

Financial assets at FVTOCI

Change in Value Used for Calculating Hedge Ineffectiveness Years Ended December 31

2022
2021
$(283,995)$ $(148,817)$
\$ - $\quad$ -

## Cash flow hedge

The Company entered into forward contracts to partially hedge foreign exchange rate risks or interest rate risks associated with certain highly probable forecast transactions (capital expenditures or issuance of debts). The hedge ratio is adjusted in response to the changes in the financial market and capped at $100 \%$. The forward contracts have maturities of 12 months or less.

On the basis of economic relationships, the Company expects that the value of forward contracts and the value of hedged transactions will change in opposite directions in response to movements in foreign exchange rates or interest rates.

The main source of hedge ineffectiveness in these hedging relationships is driven by the effect of the counterparty's own credit risk on the fair value of forward contracts. No other sources of ineffectiveness emerged from these hedging relationships during the hedging period. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, refer to Note 21(d) for gain or loss arising from changes in the fair value of hedging instruments, the amount transferred to initial carrying amount of hedged items and the amount reclassified to finance costs of hedged items.

The following tables summarize the information relating to the hedges of interest rate risks.
December 31, 2021

| Hedging Instruments | Contract Amount <br> (In Thousands) | Maturity | Balance in <br> Other Equity <br> (Continuing <br> Hedges) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Forward interest rate contracts | US\$ 328,000 | January 2022 | $\$ 128,165$ |

The effect for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 is detailed below:

| Hedging Instruments/Hedged Items | Change in Value Used for Calculating Hedge Ineffectiveness |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |  |
|  | 2022 |  | 2021 |
| Hedging Instruments |  |  |  |
| Forward exchange contracts (capital expenditures) | \$ | \$ | $(41,416)$ |
| Forward interest rate contracts (issuance of debts) | \$ 1,379,119 | \$ | 132,508 |
| Hedged Items |  |  |  |
| Forecast transaction (capital expenditures) | \$ | \$ | 41,416 |
| Forecast transaction (issuance of debts) | \$ (1,379,119) |  | $(132,508)$ |

11. NOTES AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At amortized cost |  |  |
| Notes and accounts receivable | \$ 222,761,927 | \$ 193,733,220 |
| Less: Loss allowance | $(331,646)$ | $(347,020)$ |
|  | 222,430,281 | 193,386,200 |
| At FVTOCI | 7,325,606 | 4,199,909 |
|  | \$ 229,755,887 | \$ 197,586,109 |

The Company signed a contract with the bank to sell certain accounts receivable without recourse and transaction cost required. These accounts receivable are classified as at FVTOCI because they are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.

In principle, the payment term granted to customers is due 30 days from the invoice date or 30 days from the end of the month when the invoice is issued. Aside from recognizing impairment loss for credit-impaired accounts receivable, the Company recognizes loss allowance based on the expected credit loss ratio of
customers by different risk levels with consideration of factors of historical loss ratios and customers' financial conditions, competitiveness and business outlook. For accounts receivable past due over 90 days without collaterals or guarantees, the Company recognizes loss allowance at full amount.

Aging analysis of notes and accounts receivable

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Not past due | \$ 205,053,142 | \$ 191,740,045 |
| Past due |  |  |
| Past due within 30 days | 24,516,277 | 6,186,814 |
| Past due over 31 days | 518,114 | 6,270 |
| Less: Loss allowance | $(331,646)$ | $(347,020)$ |
|  | \$ 229,755,887 | \$ 197,586,109 |

All of the Company's accounts receivable classified as at FVTOCI were not past due.
Movements of the loss allowance for accounts receivable

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ |
| Balance, beginning of year | $\$ 347,020$ | $\$ 246,626$ |
| Provision (Reversal) | $(15,449)$ <br> Effect of exchange rate changes | 750,408 <br> (14) |
| Balance, end of year | $\underline{\$ 331,646}$ | $\$ 347,020$ |

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the changes in loss allowance were mainly due to the variations in the balance of accounts receivable of different risk levels.

## 12. INVENTORIES

|  | December 31, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | December 31, <br> 2021 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Finished goods |  | $54,818,402$ | $\$ 32,562,750$ |
| Work in process | $125,661,912$ | $137,700,402$ |  |
| Raw materials | $20,389,115$ | $11,11,122$ |  |
| Supplies and spare parts | $20,279,719$ | $11,728,047$ |  |
|  | $\underline{\$ 221,149,148}$ | $\underline{\$ 193,102,321}$ |  |

Write-down of inventories to net realizable value and reversal of write-down of inventories resulting from the increase in net realizable value were included in the cost of revenue during reporting period. The amounts are illustrated below:

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ |  |
| Inventory losses | $\$ 4,689,112$ | $\$ \quad 533,034$ |  |

13. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING EQUITY METHOD

Associates consisted of the following:

| Name of Associate | Principal Activities | Place of Incorporation and Operation | Carrying Amount |  |  |  | \% of Ownership and Voting Rights Held by the Company |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ecember 31, } \\ & 2022 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ecember 31, } \\ & 2021 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| Vanguard International Semiconductor Corporation (VIS) | Manufacturing, sales, packaging, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices and the manufacturing and design service of masks | Hsinchu, Taiwan | \$ | 13,492,653 | \$ | 10,613,127 | 28\% | 28\% |
| Systems on Silicon <br> Manufacturing Company Pte <br> Ltd. (SSMC) | Manufacturing and sales of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | Singapore |  | 8,934,731 |  | 6,795,699 | 39\% | 39\% |
| Xintec Inc. (Xintec) | Wafer level chip size packaging and wafer level post passivation interconnection service | Taoyuan, Taiwan |  | 3,528,417 |  | 3,046,961 | 41\% | 41\% |
| Global Unichip Corporation (GUC) | Researching, developing, manufacturing, testing and marketing of integrated circuits | Hsinchu, Taiwan |  | 1,666,651 |  | 1,484,683 | 35\% | 35\% |
| Mutual-Pak Technology Co., Ltd. (Mutual-Pak) | Manufacturing of electronic parts, wholesaling and retailing of electronic materials, and researching, developing and testing of RFID | New Taipei, Taiwan |  | 19,053 |  | 22,948 | 28\% | 28\% |
|  |  |  | \$ | 27,641,505 | \$ | 21,963,418 |  |  |

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, no investments in associates are individually material to the Company. Please refer to the consolidated statements of comprehensive income for recognition of share of both profit (loss) and other comprehensive income (loss) of associates that are not individually material.

The market prices of the associates' ownership held by the Company in publicly traded stocks calculated by the closing price at the end of the reporting period are summarized as follows. The closing price represents the quoted price in active markets, the level 1 fair value measurement.

| Name of Associate | December 31, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | December 31, <br> 2021 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| VIS | $\underline{\$ 35,977,321}$ | $\underline{\$ 33,347,312}$ |
| GUC | $\underline{\$ 29,926,918}$ | $\underline{\$ 27,359,085}$ |
| Xintec | $\underline{\$ 10,716,449}$ | $\underline{\$ 15,913,315}$ |

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

|  | December 31, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | December 31, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Assets used by the Company | $\$ 2,693,815,688$ <br> 21,282 | $\$ 1,975,113,974$ <br> Assets subject to operating leases |

## Assets used by the Company

|  | Land and Land Improvements |  | Buildings |  | Machinery and Equipment | Office <br> Equipment |  | Equipment under Installation and Construction in Progress |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance at January 1, 2022 | \$ | 6,488,230 | \$ | 576,597,777 | \$ 3,984,749,236 | \$ | 76,154,170 | \$ | 593,155,733 | \$ 5,237,145,146 |
| Additions |  | 816,366 |  | 59,443,801 | 330,782,690 |  | 10,325,337 |  | 738,523,914 | 1,139,892,108 |
| Disposals or retirements |  | - |  | $(236,765)$ | $(25,846,536)$ |  | $(1,709,151)$ |  | - | $(27,792,452)$ |
| Transfers to assets subject to operating leases |  | - |  |  | $(65,779)$ |  | - |  | - | $(65,779)$ |
| Effect of exchange rate changes |  | 357,221 |  | 1,242,136 | 6,322,919 |  | 257,684 |  | 5,162,961 | 13,342,921 |
| Balance at December 31, 2022 | \$ | 7,661,817 | \$ | 637,046,949 | \$4,295,942,530 | \$ | 85,028,040 |  | ,336,842,608 | \$6,362,521,944 |
| Accumulated depreciation and impairment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance at January 1, 2022 | \$ | 499,826 | \$ | 306,165,242 | \$ 2,903,539,441 | \$ | 51,826,663 | \$ | - | \$ 3,262,031,172 |
| Additions |  | 1,402 |  | 35,982,373 | 380,216,160 |  | 9,216,278 |  | - | 425,416,213 |
| Disposals or retirements |  | - |  | $(225,637)$ | $(24,706,719)$ |  | $(1,708,639)$ |  | - | $(26,640,995)$ |
| Transfers to assets subject to operating leases |  | - |  |  | $(40,266)$ |  | - |  | - | $(40,266)$ |
| Impairment |  | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | 790,740 | 790,740 |
| Effect of exchange rate changes |  | 54,933 |  | 1,016,381 | 5,872,264 |  | 205,814 |  | - | 7,149,392 |
| Balance at December 31, 2022 | \$ | 556,161 | \$ | 342,938,359 | \$ 3,264,880,880 | \$ | 59,540,116 | \$ | 790,740 | \$3,668,706,256 |
| Carrying amounts at December 31, $2022$ | \$ | 7,105,656 | \$ | 294,108,590 | \$ 1,031,061,650 | \$ | 25,487,924 |  | 1,336,051,868 | \$2,693,815,688 |
| Cost |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance at January 1, 2021 | \$ | 3,942,625 | \$ | 522,447,474 | \$ 3,607,005,732 | \$ | 68,862,648 | \$ | 223,965,360 | \$ 4,426,223,839 |
| Additions |  | 2,587,183 |  | 53,971,271 | 401,659,011 |  | 7,642,962 |  | 369,545,869 | 835,406,296 |
| Disposals or retirements |  | - |  | $(41,143)$ | $(26,192,191)$ |  | $(333,385)$ |  | - | $(26,566,719)$ |
| Transfers from assets subject to operating leases |  | - |  | 35,478 | 1,443,590 |  | - |  | - | 1,479,068 |
| Transfers to assets subject to operating leases |  |  |  |  | $(244,579)$ |  | - |  | - | $(244,579)$ |
| Effect of exchange rate changes |  | $(41,578)$ |  | 184,697 | 1,077,673 |  | $(18,055)$ |  | $(355,496)$ | 847,241 |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | \$ | 6,488,230 | \$ | 576,597,777 | \$ 3,984,749,236 | \$ | 76,154,170 | \$ | 593,155,733 | \$5,237,145,146 |
| Accumulated depreciation and impairment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance at January 1, 2021 | \$ | 506,129 | \$ | 271,799,471 | \$ 2,555,529,969 | \$ | 43,802,332 | \$ | - | \$ 2,871,637,901 |
| Additions |  | 1,329 |  | 34,331,645 | 368,777,680 |  | 8,373,282 |  | - | 411,483,936 |
| Disposals or retirements |  | - |  | $(36,527)$ | $(22,230,098)$ |  | $(332,557)$ |  | - | $(22,599,182)$ |
| Transfers from assets subject to operating leases |  | - |  | 15,066 | 436,816 |  | - |  | - | 451,882 |
| Transfers to assets subject to operating leases |  | - |  | - | $(68,279)$ |  | - |  | - | $(68,279)$ |
| Impairment |  | - |  | - | 274,388 |  | - |  | - | 274,388 |
| Effect of exchange rate changes |  | $(7,632)$ |  | 55,587 | 818,965 |  | $(16,394)$ |  | - | 850,526 |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | \$ | 499,826 | \$ | 306,165,242 | \$2,903,539,441 | \$ | 51,826,663 | \$ | $\underline{-}$ | \$3,262,031,172 |
| Carrying amounts at December 31, 2021 | \$ | 5,988,404 | \$ | 270,432,535 | \$1,081,209,795 | \$ | 24,327,507 | \$ | 593,155,733 | \$1,975,113,974 |

The significant part of the Company's buildings includes main plants, mechanical and electrical power equipment and clean rooms, and the related depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful lives of 20 years, 10 years and 10 years, respectively.

In the first quarter of 2022 and 2021, the Company recognized an impairment loss of NT\$790,740 thousand and NT\$274,388 thousand for certain machinery and equipment that were assessed to have no future use, and the recoverable amount of the aforementioned assets were nil. Such impairment loss was recognized in other operating income and expenses.

Information about capitalized interest is set out in Note 24.
15. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS
a. Right-of-use assets
December 31, December 31, 2022 ..... 2021
Carrying amounts
Land ..... \$ 38,525,856 \$ 29,778,636
Buildings
Machinery and equipment ..... 3,356,700 ..... 2,918,133
Office equipment ..... 28,615 ..... 34,294
\$ 41,914,136 ..... \$ 32,734,537
Years Ended December 31
2022 ..... 2021
Additions to right-of-use assets ..... $\$ 12,610,664$ \$ 7,769,782
Depreciation of right-of-use assets
Land \$ 2,119,828 ..... \$ 1,825,712
Buildings ..... 928,726 ..... 707,856
Machinery and equipment ..... 23,588 ..... 22,091
$\$ \quad 3,073,005$ ..... \$ 2,556,198
b. Lease liabilities
December 31, December 31,
2022 ..... 2021
Carrying amounts
Current portion (classified under accrued expenses and othercurrent liabilities)

| $\$ 2,603,504$ | 2,176,451 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $29,764,097$ |  |

Noncurrent portion
\$ 32,367,601 ..... \$ 22,940,665
Ranges of discount rates for lease liabilities are as follows:

|  | December 31, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | December 31, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Land |  |  |
| Buildings | $0.39 \%-2.30 \%$ | $0.39 \%-2.14 \%$ |
| Machinery and equipment | $0.39 \%-5.63 \%$ | $0.39 \%-3.88 \%$ |
| Office equipment | $0.71 \%$ | $0.71 \%$ |
|  | $0.28 \%-4.71 \%$ | $0.28 \%-3.88 \%$ |

c. Material terms of right-of-use assets

The Company leases land and buildings mainly for the use of plants and offices with lease terms of 1 to 36 years. The lease contracts for land located in the R.O.C. specify that lease payments will be adjusted every 2 years on the basis of changes in announced land value prices. The Company does not have purchase options to acquire the leasehold land and buildings at the end of the lease terms.
d. Other lease information

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ |
| Expenses relating to short-term leases | $\underline{\$ 4,731,087}$ | $\underline{\underline{\$ 5,250,279}}$ |
| Total cash outflow for leases | $\underline{\$ 7,618,290}$ | $\underline{\$ 7,510,762}$ |

## 16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

|  | Goodwill |  | Technology License Fees |  | Software and System Design Costs |  | Patent and Others |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance at January 1, 2022 | \$ | 5,379,164 | \$ | 23,533,959 | \$ | 43,650,957 | \$ | 11,497,309 | \$ | 84,061,389 |
| Additions |  | - |  | 2,253,095 |  | 5,078,967 |  | 203,030 |  | 7,535,092 |
| Disposals or retirements |  | - |  | $(29,991)$ |  | $(66,261)$ |  | - |  | $(96,252)$ |
| Effect of exchange rate changes |  | 412,657 |  | 1,956 |  | 12,131 |  | 1,553 |  | 428,297 |
| Balance at December 31, 2022 | \$ | 5,791,821 | \$ | 25,759,019 | \$ | 48,675,794 | \$ | 11,701,892 | \$ | 91,928,526 |
| Accumulated amortization and impairment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance at January 1, 2022 | \$ | - | \$ | 14,912,293 | \$ | 34,121,578 | \$ | 8,205,821 | \$ | 57,239,692 |
| Additions |  | - |  | 2,793,539 |  | 4,774,522 |  | 1,188,033 |  | 8,756,094 |
| Disposals or retirements |  | - |  | $(11,351)$ |  | $(66,261)$ |  | - |  | $(77,612)$ |
| Effect of exchange rate changes |  | - |  | 1,956 |  | 8,555 |  | 686 |  | 11,197 |
| Balance at December 31, 2022 | \$ | - | \$ | 17,696,437 | \$ | 38,838,394 | \$ | 9,394,540 | \$ | 65,929,371 |
| Carrying amounts at December 31, 2022 | \$ | 5,791,821 | \$ | 8,062,582 | \$ | 9,837,400 | \$ | 2,307,352 | \$ | 25,999,155 |
| Cost |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance at January 1, 2021 | \$ | 5,436,602 | \$ | 22,161,712 | \$ | 36,238,967 | \$ | 11,277,701 | \$ | 75,114,982 |
| Additions |  | - |  | 1,372,806 |  | 7,726,168 |  | 219,504 |  | 9,318,478 |
| Disposals or retirements |  | - |  | - |  | $(318,736)$ |  | - |  | $(318,736)$ |
| Effect of exchange rate changes |  | $(57,438)$ |  | (559) |  | 4,558 |  | 104 |  | $(53,335)$ |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | \$ | 5,379,164 | \$ | 23,533,959 | \$ | 43,650,957 | \$ | 11,497,309 | \$ | 84,061,389 |
| Accumulated amortization and impairment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance at January 1, 2021 | \$ | - | \$ | 12,226,066 | \$ | 30,111,759 | \$ | 7,008,978 | \$ | 49,346,803 |
| Additions |  | - |  | 2,686,786 |  | 4,323,860 |  | 1,196,523 |  | 8,207,169 |
| Disposals or retirements |  | - |  | - |  | $(317,508)$ |  | - |  | $(317,508)$ |
| Effect of exchange rate changes |  | - |  | (559) |  | 3,467 |  | 320 |  | 3,228 |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | \$ | - | \$ | 14,912,293 | \$ | 34,121,578 | \$ | 8,205,821 | \$ | 57,239,692 |
| Carrying amounts at December 31, 2021 | \$ | 5,379,164 | \$ | 8,621,666 | \$ | 9,529,379 | \$ | 3,291,488 | \$ | 26,821,697 |

The Company's goodwill has been tested for impairment at the end of the annual reporting period and the recoverable amount is determined based on the value in use. The value in use was calculated based on the cash flow forecast from the financial budgets covering the future five-year period, and the Company used
annual discount rates of $8.7 \%$ and $8.0 \%$ in its test of impairment as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, to reflect the relevant specific risk in the cash-generating unit.

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company did not recognize any impairment loss on goodwill.

## 17. SHORT-TERM LOANS

\(\left.\begin{array}{lr}December 31, <br>

2021\end{array}\right]\)| Unsecured loans |
| :--- |
| Amount |
| Loan content |
| EUR (in thousands) |
| Annual interest rate |
| Maturity date |

18. BONDS PAYABLE

|  | December 31, <br> 2022 | December 31, <br> 2021 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Domestic unsecured bonds | $\$ 379,526,000$ | $\$ 312,448,000$ |
| Overseas unsecured bonds | $476,051,500$ | $304,414,000$ |
| Less: Discounts on bonds payable | $(3,141,061)$ | $(2,391,348)$ |
| Less: Current portion | $-(18,100,000)$ | $(4,400,000)$ |
|  | $\underline{833,336,439}$ | $\underline{\$ 610,070,652}$ |

The major terms of domestic unsecured bonds are as follows:

Issuance $\quad$ Tranche $\quad$ Issuance Period $\quad$ Total Amount \begin{tabular}{c}
Coupon <br>
Rate

 

Repayment and <br>
Interest Payment
\end{tabular}

NT\$ unsecured
bonds

101-3 - October 2012 to
October 2022
101-4

102-1

102-2
anuary 2013 to January 2023
C February 2013 to
February 2023
B July 2013 to July 2023
\$610,070,652

| Issuance | Tranche | Issuance Period | Total Amount | Coupon Rate | Repayment and Interest Payment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 102-4 | D | September 2013 to <br> March 2021 | \$ 2,600,000 | 1.85\% | Bullet repayment; interest payable annually (interest for the six months prior to maturity will accrue on the basis of actual days and be repayable at maturity) |
|  | E | September 2013 to <br> March 2023 | 5,400,000 | 2.05\% | The same as above |
|  | F | September 2013 to September 2023 | 2,600,000 | 2.10\% | Bullet repayment; interest payable annually |
| 109-1 | A | March 2020 to March 2025 | 3,000,000 | 0.58\% | The same as above |
|  | B | March 2020 to March 2027 | 10,500,000 | 0.62\% | The same as above |
|  | C | March 2020 to March 2030 | 10,500,000 | 0.64\% | The same as above |
| 109-2 | A | $\begin{array}{r} \text { April } 2020 \text { to } \\ \text { April } 2025 \end{array}$ | 5,900,000 | 0.52\% | The same as above |
|  | B | $\begin{array}{r} \text { April } 2020 \text { to } \\ \text { April } 2027 \end{array}$ | 10,400,000 | 0.58\% | The same as above |
|  | C | $\begin{array}{r} \text { April } 2020 \text { to } \\ \text { April } 2030 \end{array}$ | 5,300,000 | 0.60\% | The same as above |
| 109-3 | A | May 2020 to May 2025 | 4,500,000 | 0.55\% | The same as above |
|  | B | May 2020 to May 2027 | 7,500,000 | 0.60\% | The same as above |
|  | C | May 2020 to May 2030 | 2,400,000 | 0.64\% | The same as above |
| 109-4 | A | July 2020 to July 2025 | 5,700,000 | 0.58\% | Two equal installments in last two years; interest payable annually |
|  | B | July 2020 to July 2027 | 6,300,000 | 0.65\% | The same as above |
|  | C | July 2020 to July 2030 | 1,900,000 | 0.67\% | The same as above |
| 109-5 | A | September 2020 to <br> September 2025 | 4,800,000 | 0.50\% | The same as above |
|  | B | September 2020 to September 2027 | 8,000,000 | 0.58\% | The same as above |
|  | C | September 2020 to September 2030 | 2,800,000 | 0.60\% | The same as above |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 109-6 } \\ & \text { (Green bond) } \end{aligned}$ | A | December 2020 to December 2025 | 1,600,000 | 0.40\% | The same as above |
|  | B | December 2020 to December 2027 | 5,600,000 | 0.44\% | The same as above |
|  | C | December 2020 to December 2030 | 4,800,000 | 0.48\% | The same as above |

(Continued)

| Issuance | Tranche | Issuance Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 109-7 | A | December 2020 to December 2025 |
|  | B | December 2020 to December 2027 |
|  | C | December 2020 to December 2030 |
| 110-1 | A | March 2021 to <br> March 2026 |
|  | B | March 2021 to March 2028 |
|  | C | March 2021 to March 2031 |
| 110-2 | A | May 2021 to May 2026 |
|  | B | May 2021 to May 2028 |
|  | C | May 2021 to May 2031 |
| 110-3 | A | June 2021 to June 2026 |
|  | B | June 2021 to June 2028 |
|  | C | June 2021 to June 2031 |
| 110-4 | A | August 2021 to August 2025 |
|  | B | August 2021 to August 2026 |
|  | C | $\begin{array}{r} \text { August } 2021 \text { to } \\ \text { August } 2028 \end{array}$ |
|  | D | August 2021 to August 2031 |
| 110-6 | A | October 2021 to April 2026 |
|  | B | October 2021 to October 2026 |
|  | C | October 2021 to October 2028 |
|  | D | October 2021 to October 2031 |
| 110-7 | A | December 2021 to December 2026 |
|  | B | December 2021 to June 2027 |
|  | C | December 2021 to December 2028 |
| 111-1 <br> (Green bond) | A | January 2022 to January 2027 |
|  | B | January 2022 to <br> January 2029 |


| Issuance | Tranche | Issuance Period | Total Amount | Coupon Rate | Repayment and Interest Payment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 111-2 | A | March 2022 to September 2026 | \$ 3,000,000 | 0.84\% | Bullet repayment; interes payable annually |
|  | B | March 2022 to <br> March 2027 | 9,600,000 | 0.85\% | The same as above |
|  | C | March 2022 to <br> March 2029 | 1,600,000 | 0.90\% | The same as above |
| 111-3 <br> (Green bond) | - | May 2022 to May 2027 | 6,100,000 | 1.50\% | The same as above |
| 111-4 <br> (Green bond) | A | July 2022 to July 2026 | 1,200,000 | 1.60\% | The same as above |
|  | B | July 2022 to July 2027 | 10,100,000 | 1.70\% | The same as above |
|  | C | July 2022 to July 2029 | 1,200,000 | 1.75\% | The same as above |
|  | D | July 2022 to July 2032 | 1,400,000 | 1.95\% | The same as above |
| 111-5 | A | August 2022 to June 2027 | 2,000,000 | 1.65\% | The same as above |
|  | B | August 2022 to August 2027 | 8,900,000 | 1.65\% | The same as above |
|  | C | August 2022 to <br> August 2029 | 2,200,000 | 1.65\% | The same as above |
|  | D | August 2022 to August 2032 | 2,500,000 | 1.82\% | The same as above |
| 111-6 <br> (Green bond) | A | October 2022 to October 2027 | 5,700,000 | 1.75\% | The same as above |
|  | B | $\begin{array}{r} \text { October } 2022 \text { to } \\ \text { October } 2029 \end{array}$ | 1,000,000 | 1.80\% | The same as above |
|  | C | October 2022 to October 2032 | 3,500,000 | 2.00\% | The same as above <br> (Concluded) |
|  | Tranche | Issuance Period | Total Amount (US\$ in Thousands) | Coupon Rate | Repayment and Interest Payment |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { US\$ unsecured } \\ & \text { bonds } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 109-1 | - | September 2020 to <br> September 2060 | US\$1,000,000 | 2.70\% | Bullet repayment (callable on the 5th anniversary of the issue date and every anniversary thereafter); interest payable annually |
| 110-5 | - | September 2021 to <br> September 2051 | 1,000,000 | 3.10\% | The same as above |

The major terms of overseas unsecured bonds are as follows:

| Issuance Period | Total Amount <br> (US\$ <br> in Thousands) | Coupon <br> Rate | Repayment and <br> Interest Payment |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- |
| September 2020 to <br> September 2025 | US\$1,000,000 | $0.75 \%$ | Bullet repayment (callable at any <br> time, in whole or in part, at the <br> relevant redemption price <br> according to relevant <br> agreements); interest payable <br> semi-annually |
| September 2020 to | The same as above |  |  |

## 19. LONG-TERM BANK LOANS

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unsecured loans | \$ 6,013,333 | \$ 3,510,000 |
| Less: Discounts on government grants | $(39,397)$ | $(34,202)$ |
| Less: Current portion | $(1,213,889)$ | $(166,667)$ |
|  | \$ 4,760,047 | \$ 3,309,131 |
| Loan content |  |  |
| Annual interest rate | 1.03\%-1.23\% | 0.40\%-0.90\% |
| Maturity date | Due by December 2027 | Due by September $2026$ |

The long-term bank loans of the Company are with preferential interest rates subsidized by the government, and the loans are used to fund capital expenditure qualifying for the subsidy.

## 20. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

a. Defined contribution plans

The plan under the R.O.C. Labor Pension Act (the "Act") is deemed a defined contribution plan. Pursuant to the Act, TSMC and VisEra Tech have made monthly contributions equal to $6 \%$ of each employee's monthly salary to employees' pension accounts. Furthermore, TSMC North America, TSMC China, TSMC Nanjing, TSMC Arizona, TSMC Europe, TSMC Canada, TSMC Technology and JASM also make monthly contributions at certain percentages of the basic salary of their employees. Accordingly, the Company recognized expenses of NT\$4,550,387 thousand and NT\$3,711,010 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
b. Defined benefit plans

TSMC has defined benefit plans under the R.O.C. Labor Standards Law that provide benefits based on an employee's length of service and average monthly salary for the six-month period prior to retirement. The Company contributes an amount equal to $2 \%$ of salaries paid each month to their respective pension funds (the Funds), which are administered by the Labor Pension Fund Supervisory Committee (the Committee) and deposited in the Committee's name in the Bank of Taiwan. Before the end of each year, the Company assesses the balance in the Funds. If the amount of the balance in the Funds is inadequate to pay retirement benefits for employees who conform to retirement requirements in the next year, the Company is required to fund the difference in one appropriation that should be made before the end of March of the next year. The Funds are operated and managed by the government's designated authorities; as such, the Company does not have any right to intervene in the investments of the Funds.

Amounts recognized in respect of these defined benefit plans were as follows:

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 |  | 2021 |  |
| Current service cost | \$ | 134,376 | \$ | 145,289 |
| Net interest expense |  | 74,265 |  | 47,196 |
| Components of defined benefit costs recognized in profit or loss |  | 208,641 |  | 192,485 |
| Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability: |  |  |  |  |
| Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest expense) |  | $(429,948)$ |  | $(73,298)$ |
| Actuarial loss arising from experience adjustments |  | 1,413,760 |  | 94,278 |
| Actuarial loss arising from changes in demographic assumptions |  | - |  | 277,454 |
| Actuarial gain arising from changes in financial assumptions |  | $(160,752)$ |  | $(540,513)$ |
| Components of defined benefit costs recognized in other comprehensive income |  | 823,060 |  | $(242,079)$ |
| Total | \$ | 1,031,701 | \$ | $(49,594)$ |

The pension costs of the aforementioned defined benefit plans were recognized in profit or loss by the following categories:

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ |
| Cost of revenue | $\$ 135,125$ | $\$ 124,548$ |
| Research and development expenses | 55,632 | 52,801 |
| General and administrative expenses | 15,129 | 12,430 |
| Marketing expenses | 2,755 | $\underline{2,706}$ |
|  | $\underline{\$ 208,641}$ | $\underline{\$ 192,485}$ |

The amounts arising from the defined benefit obligation of the Company were as follows:

| December 31, | December 31, |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2022 | 2021 |

Present value of defined benefit obligation $\quad \$ 17,483,951 \quad \$ 16,585,442$
Fair value of plan assets $\quad(8,162,860)$

Net defined benefit liability
$\$ \quad 9,321,091 \$ 11,036,879$
Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligation were as follows:

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 |  | 2021 |  |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ | 16,585,442 | \$ | 16,980,277 |
| Current service cost |  | 134,376 |  | 145,289 |
| Interest expense |  | 120,791 |  | 66,664 |
| Remeasurement: |  |  |  |  |
| Actuarial loss arising from experience adjustments |  | 1,413,760 |  | 94,278 |
| Actuarial loss arising from changes in demographic assumptions |  | - |  | 277,454 |
| Actuarial gain arising from changes in financial assumptions |  | $(160,752)$ |  | $(540,513)$ |
| Benefits paid from plan assets |  | $(585,343)$ |  | $(431,817)$ |
| Benefits paid directly by the Company |  | $(24,323)$ |  | $(6,190)$ |
| Balance, end of year | \$ | 17,483,951 | \$ | 16,585,442 |

Movements in the fair value of the plan assets were as follows:

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 |  | 2021 |  |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ | 5,548,563 | \$ | 5,066,203 |
| Interest income |  | 46,526 |  | 19,468 |
| Remeasurement: |  |  |  |  |
| Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest expense) |  | 429,948 |  | 73,298 |
| Contributions from employer |  | 2,723,166 |  | 821,411 |
| Benefits paid from plan assets |  | $(585,343)$ |  | $(431,817)$ |
| Balance, end of year | \$ | 8,162,860 | \$ | 5,548,563 |

The fair value of the plan assets by major categories at the end of reporting period was as follows:

|  | December 31, <br> 2022 | December 31, <br> 2021 |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
| Cash |  |  |
| Equity instruments | $\$ 1,337,893$ | $\$ 1,000,961$ |
| Debt instruments | $4,696,909$ | $2,951,835$ |
|  | $\underline{2,128,058}$ | $\underline{1,595,767}$ |
|  | $\underline{\$ 8,162,860}$ | $\underline{\$ 5,548,563}$ |

The actuarial valuations of the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out by qualified actuaries. The principal assumptions of the actuarial valuation were as follows:

| Measurement Date |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| December 31, | December 31, |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ |
|  |  |
| $1.80 \%$ | $0.75 \%$ |
| $4.00 \%$ | $3.00 \%$ |

Through the defined benefit plans under the R.O.C. Labor Standards Law, the Company is exposed to the following risks:

1) Investment risk: The pension funds are invested in equity and debt securities, bank deposits, etc. The investment is conducted at the discretion of the government's designated authorities or under the mandated management. However, under the R.O.C. Labor Standards Law, the rate of return on assets shall not be less than the average interest rate on a two-year time deposit published by the local banks and the government is responsible for any shortfall in the event that the rate of return is less than the required rate of return.
2) Interest risk: A decrease in the government bond interest rate will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the debt investments of the plan assets.

Assuming a hypothetical decrease in interest rate at the end of the reporting period contributed to a decrease of $0.5 \%$ (and not below $0.0 \%$ ) in the discount rate and all other assumptions were held constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation would increase by NT\$766,692 thousand and NT\$780,460 thousand as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
3) Salary risk: The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

Assuming the expected salary rate increases by $0.5 \%$ at the end of the reporting period and all other assumptions were held constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation would increase by NT\$746,933 thousand and NT\$759,527 thousand as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation liability.

The Company expects to make contributions of NT\$2,832,093 thousand to the defined benefit plans in the next year starting from December 31, 2022. The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 9 years.

## 21. EQUITY

a. Capital stock

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Authorized shares (in thousands) | 28,050,000 | 28,050,000 |
| Authorized capital | \$ 280,500,000 | \$ 280,500,000 |
| Issued and paid shares (in thousands) | 25,930,380 | 25,930,380 |
| Issued capital | \$ 259,303,805 | \$ 259,303,805 |

A holder of issued common shares with par value of NT\$10 per share is entitled to vote and to receive dividends.

The authorized shares include 500,000 thousand shares allocated for the exercise of employee stock options.

On March 1, 2022, the Company issued employee restricted stocks awards (RSAs) for its employees in a total of 1,387 thousand shares with a par value of NT\$10 each. The aforementioned issuance of new shares was approved by the relevant authority and the registration has been completed. Refer to Note 28 for the information on RSAs.

On May 10, 2022, TSMC's Board of Directors resolved to cancel 1,387 thousand treasury shares. Refer to Note 21(e) for the information.

As of the end of reporting period, $1,063,847$ thousand ADSs of TSMC were traded on the NYSE. The number of common shares represented by the ADSs was $5,319,234$ thousand shares (one ADS represents five common shares).
b. Capital surplus

The categories of uses and the sources of capital surplus based on regulations were as follows:

## December 31, <br> 2022 <br> December 31, 2021

May be used to offset a deficit, distributed as cash dividends, or transferred to share capital

| Additional paid-in capital | $\$ 24,183,645$ | $\$ 24,184,939$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| From merger | $22,803,291$ | $22,804,510$ |
| From convertible bonds | $8,892,371$ | $8,892,847$ |
| From difference between the consideration received and the |  |  |
| carrying amount of the subsidiaries' net assets during actual <br> disposal | $8,406,282$ | $8,406,282$ |
| Donations - donated by shareholders | 11,275 | 11,275 |
| (Continued) |  |  |

## December 31, December 31, 2022 <br> 2021

May only be used to offset a deficit
From share of changes in equities of subsidiaries
From share of changes in equities of associates
Donations - unclaimed dividend

| $\$ \quad 4,229,892$ | $\$$ | 113,952 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 311,863 |  | 307,322 |
| 53,680 |  | 40,475 |

May not be used for any purpose
Employee restricted shares

438,029
\$ 69,330,328
\$ 64,761,602
(Concluded)

If such capital surplus is distributed as transferred to share capital, it is limited to a certain percentage of the Company's paid-in capital each year.
c. Retained earnings and dividend policy

TSMC's Articles of Incorporation provide that, earnings distribution may be made on a quarterly basis after the close of each quarter. Distribution of earnings by way of cash dividends should be approved by TSMC's Board of Directors and reported to TSMC's shareholders in its meeting. When allocating earnings, TSMC shall first estimate and reserve the taxes to be paid, offset its losses, set aside a legal capital reserve at $10 \%$ of the remaining earnings (until the accumulated legal capital reserve equals TSMC's paid-in capital), then set aside a special capital reserve in accordance with relevant laws or regulations or as requested by the authorities in charge. Any balance left over shall be allocated according to relevant laws and TSMC's Articles of Incorporation.

TSMC's Articles of Incorporation also provide that profits of TSMC may be distributed by way of cash dividend and/or stock dividend. However, distribution of earnings shall be made preferably by way of cash dividend. Distribution of earnings may also be made by way of stock dividend, provided that the ratio for stock dividend shall not exceed $50 \%$ of the total distribution.

The legal capital reserve may be used to offset a deficit, or be distributed as dividends in cash or stocks for the portion in excess of $25 \%$ of the paid-in capital if the Company incurs no loss.

Pursuant to existing regulations, the Company is required to set aside additional special capital reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of the other components of stockholders' equity, such as the accumulated balance of foreign currency translation reserve, unrealized valuation gain or loss from fair value through other comprehensive income financial assets, gain or loss from changes in fair value of hedging instruments in cash flow hedges, etc. For the subsequent decrease in the deduction amount to stockholders' equity, any special reserve appropriated may be reversed to the extent that the net debit balance reverses.

The appropriations of 2022, 2021 and 2020 quarterly earnings have been approved by TSMC's Board of Directors in its meeting, respectively. The appropriations and cash dividends per share were as follows:

| Resolution Date of TSMC's | Fourth Quarter of 2022 | Third Quarter of 2022 | Second Quarter of 2022 | First Quarter of 2022 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Board of Directors in its meeting | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { February 14, } \\ 2023 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { November 8, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { August 9, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { May 10, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ |
| Special capital reserve | \$ 17,166,163 | \$ (31,910,353) | \$ (12,002,798) | \$ $(15,541,054)$ |
| Cash dividends to shareholders | \$ 71,308,546 | \$ 71,308,547 | \$ 71,308,546 | \$ 71,308,546 |
| Cash dividends per share (NT\$) | 2.75 | \$ 2.75 | 2.75 | 2.75 |


| Resolution Date of TSMC's | Fourth Quarter of 2021 | Third Quarter of 2021 | Second Quarter of 2021 | First Quarter of 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Board of Directors in its meeting | $\begin{gathered} \text { February 15, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { November 9, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { August 10, } \\ & 2021 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { June 9, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| Special capital reserve | \$ 3,304,303 | 710,169 | \$ 10,201,220 | \$ (6,287,050) |
| Cash dividends to shareholders | \$ 71,308,546 | \$ 71,308,547 | \$ 71,308,546 | \$ 71,308,546 |
| Cash dividends per share (NT\$) | \$ 2.75 | 2.75 | 2.75 | \$ 2.75 |
| Resolution Date of TSMC's | Fourth Quarter of 2020 | Third Quarter of 2020 | Second Quarter of 2020 | First Quarter of 2020 |
| Board of Directors in its meeting | $\begin{gathered} \text { February 9, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { November 10, } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { August 11, } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May 12, } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ |
| Special capital reserve | \$ 12,420,727 | \$ 5,501,351 | \$ 11,884,457 | \$ (2,694,841) |
| Cash dividends to shareholders | \$ 64,825,951 | \$ 64,825,951 | \$ 64,825,951 | \$ 64,825,951 |
| Cash dividends per share (NT\$) | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 |

The special capital reserve for 2022 is to be presented for approval in TSMC's shareholders' meeting to be held on June 6, 2023 (expected).
d. Others

Changes in others were as follows:

|  | Year Ended December 31, 2022 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Foreign Currency Translation Reserve |  | Unrealized <br> in (Loss) on Financial Assets at FVTOCI | Gain (Loss) on Hedging Instruments |  | Unearned Stock-Based Employee Compensation |  | Total |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ (63,303,361) | \$ | 574,310 | \$ | 120,536 | \$ | - | \$ (62,608,515) |
| Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations | 51,009,722 |  | - |  | - |  | - | 51,009,722 |
| Unrealized gain (loss) on financial assets at FVTOCI |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Equity instruments | - |  | $(263,380)$ |  | - |  | - | $(263,380)$ |
| Debt instruments | - |  | $(10,513,643)$ |  | - |  | - | $(10,513,643)$ |
| Cumulative unrealized gain (loss) of equity instruments transferred to retained earnings due to disposal | - |  | $(303,242)$ |  | - |  | - | $(303,242)$ |
| Cumulative unrealized gain (loss) of debt instruments transferred to profit or loss due to disposal | - |  | 410,076 |  | - |  | - | 410,076 |
| Loss allowance adjustments from debt instruments | - |  | 909 |  | - |  | - | 909 |
| Gain (loss) arising on changes in the fair value of hedging instruments | - |  | - |  | 1,329,231 |  | - | 1,329,231 |
| Transferred to initial carrying amount of hedged items | - |  | - |  | $(52,929)$ |  | - | $(52,929)$ |
| Issuance of shares |  |  |  |  |  |  | $(451,899)$ | $(451,899)$ |
| Share-based payment expenses recognized |  |  |  |  |  |  | 266,746 | 266,746 |
| Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of associates | 550,338 |  | 38,696 |  | 76,307 |  | - | 665,341 |
| Income tax effect | - |  | (79) |  | 6,036 |  | - | 5,957 |
| Balance, end of year | \$(11,743,301) |  | 10,056,353) | \$ | 1,479,181 | \$ | $(185,153)$ | \$(20,505,626) |


|  | Foreign Currency Translation Reserve |  | nrealized <br> in (Loss) on <br> Financial <br> Assets at <br> FVTOCI | Gain (Loss) on Hedging Instruments |  | Unearned <br> Stock-Based Employee Compensation |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ $(57,001,627)$ | \$ | 2,321,754 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ (54,679,873) |
| Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations | (6,181,737) |  | - |  | - |  | - | (6,181,737) |
| Unrealized gain (loss) on financial assets at FVTOCI |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Equity instruments | - |  | 1,898,206 |  | - |  | - | 1,898,206 |
| Debt instruments | - |  | (3,339,796) |  | - |  | - | $(3,339,796)$ |
| Cumulative unrealized gain (loss) of equity instruments transferred to retained earnings due to disposal | - |  | $(187,654)$ |  | - |  | - | $(187,654)$ |
| Cumulative unrealized gain (loss) of debt instruments transferred to profit or loss due to disposal | - |  | $(93,229)$ |  | - |  | - | $(93,229)$ |
| Loss allowance adjustments from debt instruments | - |  | 1,234 |  | - |  | - | 1,234 |
| Gain (loss) arising on changes in the fair value of hedging instruments | - |  | - |  | 90,119 |  | - | 90,119 |
| Transferred to initial carrying amount of hedged items | - |  | - |  | 48,469 |  | - | 48,469 |
| Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of associates | $(119,997)$ |  | 30,015 |  | $(14,682)$ |  | - | $(104,664)$ |
| Income tax effect | - |  | $(56,220)$ |  | $(3,370)$ |  | - | $(59,590)$ |
| Balance, end of year | \$(63,303,361) | \$ | 574,310 | \$ | 120,536 | \$ | - | \$(62,608,515) |

The aforementioned other equity includes the changes in other equities of TSMC and TSMC's share of its subsidiaries and associates.
e. Treasury stock

For TSMC's shareholders' interests, TSMC's Board of Directors approved a share buyback program on February 15, 2022 to repurchase 1,387 thousand shares. TSMC has completed this share buyback program during the first quarter of 2022. On May 10, 2022, TSMC's Board of Directors resolved to cancel the 1,387 thousand shares and set May 10, 2022 as the record date for capital reduction. The registration for share cancellation was completed on May 20, 2022.

## 22. NET REVENUE

a. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

## Years Ended December 31 <br> Product <br> 20222021

Wafer
\$1,991,855,947 \$1,405,300,273
Others
272,035,345
182,114,764
$\$ 2,263,891,292 \quad \$ 1,587,415,037$
Geography $\quad \frac{\text { Years Ended December 31 }}{$\cline { 2 - 2 }}

| Taiwan | $\$ 210,470,783$ | $\$ 203,963,760$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| United States | $1,493,328,765$ | $1,015,996,424$ |
| China | $245,168,746$ | $164,552,063$ |
| Europe, the Middle East and Africa | $123,767,140$ | $89,010,064$ |
| Japan | $119,099,336$ | $71,920,856$ |
| Others | $72,056,522$ | $41,971,870$ |
|  |  |  |
|  | $\underline{\$ 2,263,891,292}$ | $\underline{\$ 1,587,415,037}$ |

The Company categorized the net revenue mainly based on the countries where the customers are headquartered.

| Platform | Years Ended December 31 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 | 2021 |
| High Performance Computing | \$ 932,383,729 | \$ 587,780,144 |
| Smartphone | 888,879,250 | 695,091,191 |
| Internet of Things | 196,114,987 | 133,005,979 |
| Automotive | 116,380,987 | 67,076,353 |
| Digital Consumer Electronics | 56,158,772 | 55,577,223 |
| Others | 73,973,567 | 48,884,147 |
|  | \$2,263,891,292 | \$1,587,415,037 |
|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
| Resolution | 2022 | 2021 |
| 5-nanometer | \$ 508,689,881 | \$ 262,327,365 |
| 7-nanometer | 535,153,763 | 440,383,100 |
| 10-nanometer | 24,871 | 659,989 |
| 16-nanometer | 258,544,274 | 191,058,940 |
| 20-nanometer | 8,853,291 | 5,668,752 |
| 28-nanometer | 206,611,955 | 153,066,563 |
| 40/45-nanometer | 145,546,243 | 103,413,639 |
| 65-nanometer | 93,288,614 | 66,467,903 |
| 90-nanometer | 40,184,169 | 32,260,288 |
| 0.11/0.13 micron | 57,992,328 | 40,558,534 |
| 0.15/0.18 micron | 110,571,222 | 86,700,287 |
| 0.25 micron and above | 26,395,336 | 22,734,913 |
| Wafer revenue | \$1,991,855,947 | \$1,405,300,273 |

b. Contract balances

| December 31, <br> 2022 | December 31, <br> 2021 | January 1, <br> 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underline{\$ 70,806,617}$ | $\underline{\$ 39,762,588}$ | $\$ 13,775,088$ |

Contract liabilities (classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities)
\$ 70,806,617
\$ 39,762,588
\$ 13,775,088

The changes in the contract liability balances primarily result from the timing difference between the satisfaction of performance obligation and the customer's payment.

The Company recognized revenue from the beginning balance of contract liability, which amounted to NT\$38,433,111 thousand and NT\$11,590,400 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
c. Temporary receipts from customers

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current portion (classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities) | \$ 107,723,580 | \$ 30,612,702 |
| Noncurrent portion (classified under other noncurrent liabilities) | 168,399,207 | 155,381,485 |
|  | \$ 276,122,787 | \$ 185,994,187 |

The Company's temporary receipts from customer are payments made by customers to the Company to retain the Company's capacity. When the terms and conditions set forth in the agreements are subsequently satisfied, the treatment of temporary receipts, either by refund or by accounts receivable offsetting, will be determined by mutual consent.
d. Refund liabilities

Estimated sales returns and other allowances is made and adjusted based on historical experience and the consideration of varying contractual terms. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the aforementioned refund liabilities amounted to NT\$ 53,078,351 thousand and NT\$41,038,041 thousand (classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities), respectively.

## 23. INTEREST INCOME

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ |  |
| Interest income |  |  |  |
| $\quad$ Bank deposits | $\$ 17,831,257$ | $\$$ | $2,834,838$ |
| Financial assets at FVTOCI | $2,582,341$ | $2,192,470$ |  |
| Financial assets at amortized cost | $2,008,611$ | 681,457 |  |
|  | $\underline{\$ 22,422,209}$ | $\$ 8,708,765$ |  |

## 24. FINANCE COSTS

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ |
| Interest expense |  |  |
| $\quad$ Corporate bonds | $\$ 14,116,112$ | $\$ 5,202,999$ |
| Lease liabilities | 267,050 | 193,324 |
| Bank loans | 32,017 | 17,546 |
| Others | 1,673 | 349 |
| Less: Capitalized interest under property, plant and equipment | $\boxed{(2,666,868)}$ | - |
|  | $\underline{\$ 11,749,984}$ | $\underline{\$ 5,414,218}$ |

Information about capitalized interest is as follows:
Years Ended December 31, ..... 2022
Capitalization rate ..... 0.56\%-3.36\%

## 25. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES, NET

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 |  | 2021 |  |
| Gain (loss) on disposal of financial assets, net Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI | \$ | $(410,076)$ | \$ | 93,229 |
| Loss on financial instruments at FVTPL, net Mandatorily measured at FVTPL |  | $(622,537)$ |  | (7,973,667) |
| The reversal (accrual) of expected credit loss of financial assets Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI Financial assets at amortized cost |  | $\begin{array}{r} (909) \\ (51,442) \end{array}$ |  | $(1,234)$ 3,969 |
| Other gains, net |  | 72,766 |  | 489,693 |
|  | \$ | 1,012,198) | \$ | $(7,388,010)$ |

## 26. INCOME TAX

a. Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss
Income tax expense consisted of the following:

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 | 2021 |  |
| Current income tax expense |  |  |  |
| Current tax expense recognized in the current year | \$ 147,685,403 | \$ | 88,844,915 |
| Income tax adjustments on prior years | $(563,555)$ |  | 207,801 |
| Other income tax adjustments | 206,136 |  | 152,232 |
|  | 147,327,984 |  | 89,204,948 |
| Deferred income tax benefit |  |  |  |
| The origination and reversal of temporary differences | $(24,714,488)$ |  | $(17,530,023)$ |
| Investment tax credits | 4,676,707 |  | $(5,621,745)$ |
|  | (20,037,781) |  | $(23,151,768)$ |
| Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss | \$ 127,290,203 | \$ | 66,053,180 |

A reconciliation of income before income tax and income tax expense recognized in profit or loss was as follows:

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 | 2021 |  |
| Income before tax | \$1,144,190,718 | \$ | 663,126,314 |
| Income tax expense at the statutory rate | \$ 231,799,774 | \$ | 134,613,312 |
| Tax effect of adjusting items: |  |  |  |
| Nondeductible items in determining taxable income | 12,286,136 |  | 11,261,407 |
| Tax-exempt income | $(157,955,934)$ |  | (89,852,940) |
| Additional income tax under the Alternative Minimum Tax Act | 61,578,020 |  | 32,852,688 |
| The origination and reversal of temporary differences | $(24,714,488)$ |  | $(17,530,023)$ |
| Income tax credits | 4,654,114 |  | $(5,651,297)$ |
|  | 127,647,622 |  | 65,693,147 |
| Income tax adjustments on prior years | $(563,555)$ |  | 207,801 |
| Other income tax adjustments | 206,136 |  | 152,232 |
| Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss | \$ 127,290,203 | \$ | 66,053,180 |

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company applied a tax rate of $20 \%$ for entities subject to the R.O.C. Income Tax Law; for other jurisdictions, taxes are calculated using the applicable tax rate for each individual jurisdiction.
b. Deferred income tax balance

The analysis of deferred income tax assets and liabilities was as follows:

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Deferred income tax assets |  |  |
| Temporary differences |  |  |
| Depreciation | \$ 45,299,310 | \$ 34,720,661 |
| Refund liability | 12,089,451 | 5,986,173 |
| Unrealized exchange losses | 5,782,345 | - |
| Unrealized loss on inventories | 2,305,328 | 898,998 |
| Net defined benefit liability | 1,722,005 | 1,237,086 |
| Investment tax credits | 945,038 | 5,621,745 |
| Deferred compensation cost | 361,241 | 373,983 |
| Others | 681,124 | 315,240 |
|  | \$ 69,185,842 | \$ 49,153,886 |
| Deferred income tax liabilities |  |  |
| Temporary differences |  |  |
| Unrealized exchange gains | \$ | \$ (706,311) |
| Others | $(1,031,383)$ | $(1,167,566)$ |
|  | \$ (1,031,383) | \$ (1,873,877) |


|  | Year Ended December 31, 2022 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Recognized in |  |  |  |
| Balance, | Other | Effect of |  |  |
| Beginning of <br> Year | Profit or Loss | Comprehensive | Income |  |

Deferred income tax assets

| Temporary differences |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Depreciation | \$ | 34,720,661 | \$ | 10,552,264 | \$ | - | \$ | 26,385 | \$ | 45,299,310 |
| Refund liability |  | 5,986,173 |  | 6,100,849 |  | - |  | 2,429 |  | 12,089,451 |
| Unrealized exchange losses |  | - |  | 5,782,345 |  | - |  | - |  | 5,782,345 |
| Unrealized loss on inventories |  | 898,998 |  | 1,402,241 |  | - |  | 4,089 |  | 2,305,328 |
| Net defined benefit liability |  | 1,237,086 |  | $(249,116)$ |  | 734,035 |  | - |  | 1,722,005 |
| Investment tax credits |  | 5,621,745 |  | $(4,676,707)$ |  | - |  | - |  | 945,038 |
| Deferred compensation cost |  | 373,983 |  | $(48,180)$ |  | - |  | 35,438 |  | 361,241 |
| Others |  | 315,240 |  | 334,801 |  | (79) |  | 31,162 |  | 681,124 |
|  | \$ | 49,153,886 | \$ | 19,198,497 | \$ | 733,956 | \$ | 99,503 | \$ | 69,185,842 |

Deferred income tax liabilities
Temporary differences
Unrealized exchange gains
Others

| \$ | $(706,311)$ | \$ | 706,311 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | (1,031,383) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $(1,167,566)$ |  | 132,973 |  | 6,036 |  | $(2,826)$ |  | $(1,031,383)$ |
| \$ | $(1,873,877)$ | \$ | 839,284 | \$ | 6,036 | \$ | $(2,826)$ | \$ | $(1,031,383)$ |


| Year Ended December 31, 2021 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Reco | zed in |  |  |
| Balance, Beginning of Year | Profit or Loss | Other <br> Comprehensive Income | Effect of Exchange Rate Changes | Balance, End of Year |

Deferred income tax assets
Temporary differences

Depreciation
Refund liability
Investment tax credits
Net defined benefit liability
Unrealized loss on inventories
Deferred compensation cost Others

| $\$ 19,354,383$ |
| ---: |
| $3,755,131$ |
| - |
| $1,341,960$ |
| 858,463 |
| 330,340 |
| 317,907 |


| \$ $15,365,737$ |
| ---: |
| $2,231,450$ |
| $5,621,745$ |
| $(75,825$ |
| 41,061 |
| 49,113 |
| 59,04 |
| $\$ \quad 23,292,32$ |

\$

| $\$$ | 541 | $\$ 34,720,661$ |
| :---: | :---: | ---: |
|  | $(408)$ | $5,986,173$ |
|  | - | $5,621,745$ |
|  | - | $1,237,086$ |
|  | $(526)$ | 898,998 |
|  | $(5,470)$ | 373,983 |
|  | $(5,492)$ | 315,240 |
| $\$$ | $(11,355)$ | $\$ 49,153,886$ |

Deferred income tax liabilities
Temporary differences
Unrealized exchange gains
Others

| \$ | $\begin{aligned} & (866,495) \\ & (863,446) \end{aligned}$ | \$ | $\begin{gathered} 160,184 \\ (300,742) \end{gathered}$ | \$ | $(3,370)$ | \$ | (8) | \$ | $\begin{array}{r} (706,311) \\ (1,167,566) \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | $(1,729,941)$ | \$ | $(140,558)$ | \$ | $(3,370)$ | \$ | (8) | \$ | $(1,873,877)$ |

c. The deductible temporary differences for which no deferred income tax assets have been recognized

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the aggregate deductible temporary differences for which no deferred income tax assets have been recognized amounted to NT\$26,790,935 thousand and NT\$66,431,255 thousand, respectively.
d. Unused tax-exemption information

As of the end of reporting period, the profits generated from the following project of TSMC are exempt from income tax for a five-year period:

## Tax-exemption Period

Construction and expansion of 2009 by TSMC
2018 to 2022
e. The information of unrecognized deferred income tax liabilities associated with investments

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the aggregate taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries not recognized as deferred income tax liabilities amounted to NT\$222,682,649 thousand and NT\$177,552,831 thousand, respectively.
f. Income tax examination

The tax authorities have examined income tax returns of TSMC through 2020. All investment tax credit adjustments assessed by the tax authorities have been recognized accordingly.

## 27. EARNINGS PER SHARE

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 | 2021 |
| Basic EPS | \$ 39.20 | \$ 23.01 |
| Diluted EPS | \$ 39.20 | \$ 23.01 |
| EPS is computed as follows: |  |  |
|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
|  | 2022 | 2021 |
| Basic EPS |  |  |
| Net income available to common shareholders of the parent | \$1,016,530,249 | \$ 596,540,013 |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding used in the computation of basic EPS (in thousands) | 25,929,190 | 25,930,380 |
| Basic EPS (in dollars) | 39.20 | 23.01 |
| Diluted EPS |  |  |
| Net income available to common shareholders of the parent | \$1,016,530,249 | \$ 596,540,013 |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding used in the computation of basic EPS (in thousands) | 25,929,190 | 25,930,380 |
| Effects of all dilutive potential common shares (in thousands) | 193 | - |
| Weighted average number of common shares used in the computation of diluted EPS (in thousands) | 25,929,383 | 25,930,380 |
| Diluted EPS (in dollars) | 39.20 | \$ 23.01 |

## 28. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS

a. Equity-settled share-based payment- RSAs

The RSAs in each year are as follows:

|  | 2022 RSAs |  | 2021 RSAs |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Resolution Date of TSMC's shareholders <br> in its meeting | June 8, 2022 |  | July 26, 2021 |
| Resolution Date of TSMC's Board of <br> Directors in its meeting <br> Issuance of stocks (in thousands) <br> Eligible employees | February 14, 2023 |  |  |

Vesting conditions of the aforementioned arrangement are as follow:

1) The RSAs granted to eligible employees can only be vested if

- the employee remains employed by the Company on the last date of each vesting period;
- during the vesting period, the employee may not breach any agreement with the Company or violate the Company's work rules; and
- certain employee performance metrics and TSMC's business performance metrics are met.

2) The maximum percentage of granted RSAs that may be vested each year shall be as follows: one-year anniversary of the grant: 50\%; two-year anniversary of the grant: $25 \%$; and three-year anniversary of the grant: $25 \%$; provided that the actual percentage and number of the RSAs to be vested in each year will be calculated based on the achievement of TSMC's business performance metrics.
3) For eligible executive officers of TSMC: The maximum number of RSAs that may be vested in each year will be set as $110 \%$, among which $100 \%$ will be subject to a calculation based on TSMC's relative Total Shareholder Return ("TSR", including capital gains and dividends) achievement to determine the number of RSAs to be vested; this number will be further subject to a modifier to increase or decrease up to $10 \%$ based on the Compensation Committee's (rename to Compensation and People Development Committee from February 14, 2023) evaluation of TSMC's Environmental, Social, and Governance ("ESG") achievements. The number of shares so calculated should be rounded down to the nearest integral.

| TSMC's TSR relative to the <br> TSR of S\&P 500 IT Index | Ratio of Shares to be Vested |
| :--- | :---: |$|$

4) For eligible employees who are not executive officers of the Company: The number of RSAs to be vested in each year will be calculated in accordance with the below table based on TSMC's audited consolidated financial statements for the year prior to the vesting year. The number of shares so calculated should be rounded down to the nearest integral.

|  | Threshold | Target | Weight | Ratio of Shares to be Vested |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue Growth Rate | $10 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $1 / 3$ | $<$ Threshold: $0 \%$ |
| $=$ Threshold: $50 \%$ |  |  |  |  |

5) Restrictions imposed on the employees' rights in the RSAs before the vesting conditions are fulfilled:

- During each vesting period, no employee granted RSAs, except for inheritance, may sell, pledge, transfer, give to another person, create any encumbrance on, or otherwise dispose of, any shares under the unvested RSAs.
- Before the vesting conditions are fulfilled, the attendance, proposal rights, speech rights, voting rights and etc. shall be exercised by the engaged trustee/custodian on the employee's behalf. Any other shareholder rights including but not limited to the entitlement to any distribution regarding dividends, bonuses and capital reserve, and the subscription right of the new shares issued for any capital increase, are the same as those of holders of common shares of TSMC.

6) Details of granted 2021 RSAs are as follows:

2021 RSAs
Number of Stocks (In Thousands)

Balance, beginning of year
Issuance of stocks
Balance, end of year
Weighted-average fair value of RSAs (in dollars)
$\$ \quad 325.81$

The 2021 RSAs is measured at fair value at grant date by using the binominal tree approach. Relevant information is as follows:

2021 RSAs
March 1, 2022

| Stock price at grant date (in dollars) | 604 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Expected price volatility | $25.34 \%-28.28 \%$ |
| Expected option life | $1-3$ years |
| Risk-free interest rate | $0.57 \%$ |

Refer to Note 29 for the compensation costs of the 2021 RSAs recognized by TSMC.
On February 14, 2023, TSMC's Board of Directors approved the issuance of RSAs for year 2023 of no more than 6,249 thousand common shares. The grants will be made free of charge. The actual number of shares to be issued will be resolved by the Board of Directors after the RSAs is approved at the shareholders' meeting and by the competent authority.
b. Cash-settled share-based payment arrangements

The cash-settled share-based payment arrangements in each year are as follows:

2022 Plan
2021 Plan

Resolution Date of TSMC's Board of
Directors in its meeting
Issuance of units (in thousands) (Note)
Grant date

February 14, 2023
400
March 1, 2023

February 15, 2022
236
March 1, 2022

Note: One unit of the right represents a right to the market value of one TSMC's common share when vested.

The vesting conditions and the ratio of units to be vested for key management personnel of the plan are the same as the aforementioned RSAs.

The fair value of compensation costs for the cash-settled share-based payment was measured by using binominal tree approach and will be measured at each reporting period until settlement. Relevant information is as follows:

| Years Ended |
| :---: |
| December 31, |
| 2022 |
| 2021 Plan |

Stock price at measurement date (in dollars)
\$
451
Expected price volatility
28.80\%-32.19\%

Expected option life 1-3 years
Risk-free interest rate 1.09\%

Refer to Note 29 for the compensation costs of the cash-settled share-based payment recognized by TSMC. The liabilities under cash-settled share-based payment arrangement amounted to NT\$30,757 thousand as of the end of reporting period.

## 29. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION OF EXPENSES BY NATURE

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 | 2021 |
| a. Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets |  |  |
| Recognized in cost of revenue | \$ 399,638,755 | \$ 386,103,923 |
| Recognized in operating expenses | 28,850,463 | 27,936,211 |
| Recognized in other operating income and expenses | 8,961 | 147,566 |
|  | \$ 428,498,179 | \$ 414,187,700 |
| b. Amortization of intangible assets |  |  |
| Recognized in cost of revenue | \$ 6,086,246 | \$ 5,574,246 |
| Recognized in operating expenses | 2,669,848 | 2,632,923 |
|  | \$ 8,756,094 | \$ 8,207,169 |

c. Employee benefits expenses

| Post-employment benefits |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Defined contribution plans | 4,550,387 | 3,711,010 |
| Defined benefit plans | 208,641 | 192,485 |
|  | 4,759,028 | 3,903,495 |
| Share-based payments |  |  |
| Equity-settled | 302,348 | 7,788 |
| Cash-settled | 32,704 |  |
|  | 335,052 | 7,788 |
| Other employee benefits | 234,367,880 | 161,035,865 |
|  | \$ 239,461,960 | \$ 164,947,148 |
| Employee benefits expense summarized by function |  |  |
| Recognized in cost of revenue | \$ 139,361,369 | \$ 98,012,833 |
| Recognized in operating expenses | 100,100,591 | 66,934,315 |
|  | \$ 239,461,960 | \$ 164,947,148 |

According to TSMC's Articles of Incorporation, TSMC shall allocate compensation to directors and profit sharing bonus to employees of TSMC not more than $0.3 \%$ and not less than $1 \%$ of annual profits during the period, respectively.

TSMC accrued profit sharing bonus to employees based on a percentage of net income before income tax, profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors during the period; compensation to directors was expensed based on estimated amount payable. If there is a change in the proposed amounts after the annual consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in accounting estimate. Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees is illustrated below:

| Years Ended December 31 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2022 | 2021 |
| $\$ 60,702,047$ | $\$ 35,601,449$ |

TSMC's profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors for 2022, 2021 and 2020 had been approved by the Board of Directors of TSMC, as illustrated below:

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Resolution Date of TSMC's Board of Directors in its meeting | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { February 14, } \\ 2023 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { February 15, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { February 9, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| Profit sharing bonus to employees | \$ 60,702,047 | \$ 35,601,449 | \$ 34,753,184 |
| Compensation to directors | \$ 690,128 | \$ 487,537 | \$ 509,753 |

There is no significant difference between the aforementioned approved amounts and the amounts charged against earnings of 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

The information about the appropriations of TSMC's profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors is available at the Market Observation Post System website.

## 30. GOVERNMENT GRANTS

Subsidiaries such as JASM and TSMC Nanjing received subsidies from the governments of Japan and China, respectively, for local plants setup and operation, which were mainly used to subsidize the purchase costs of property, plant and equipment as well as partial costs and expenses incurred from plant construction and production. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, TSMC received a total of NT\$7,051,432 thousand and NT\$827,917 thousand as government grants respectively.

## 31. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

a. Non-cash transactions

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 |  | 2021 |  |
| Additions of financial assets at FVTOCI | \$ | 45,126,181 | \$ | 253,613,917 |
| Exchange of equity instruments |  |  |  | $(106,185)$ |
| Changes in accrued expenses and other current liabilities |  | 9,440,544 |  | 2,380,947 |
| Payments for acquisition of financial assets at FVTOCI | \$ | 54,566,725 | \$ | 255,888,679 |
| Disposal of financial assets at FVTOCI | \$ | 43,130,926 | \$ | 251,201,439 |
| Changes in other financial assets |  | 1,832,441 |  | 3,509,283 |
| Exchange of equity instruments |  |  |  | $(106,185)$ |
| Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at FVTOCI | \$ | 44,963,367 | \$ | 254,604,537 |
| Additions of property, plant and equipment |  | 139,892,108 | \$ | 835,406,296 |
| Changes in other financial assets |  | 5,730,104 |  | 1,933,965 |
| Exchange of assets |  | $(275,564)$ |  | $(3,256,517)$ |
| Changes in payables to contractors and equipment suppliers |  | $(60,638,244)$ |  | 5,153,380 |
| Changes in accrued expenses and other current liabilities |  | 630,594 |  |  |
| Transferred to initial carrying amount of hedged items |  | (2,660,808) |  | $(41,416)$ |
| Capitalized interests |  | $(2,666,868)$ |  |  |
| Payments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment | \$ 1,082,672,130 |  | \$ | 839,195,708 |
| Additions of intangible assets | \$ | 7,535,092 | \$ | 9,318,478 |
| Changes in other financial assets |  | 7,584 |  | 2,950 |
| Changes in accrued expenses and other current liabilities |  | $(588,350)$ |  | $(280,677)$ |
| Payments for acquisition of intangible assets | \$ | 6,954,326 | \$ | 9,040,751 |

b. Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

|  | Balance as of <br> January 1, | Financing Cash <br> Flow | Foreign <br> Exchange <br> Movement | Leases <br> Modifications | Non-cash Changes <br> Other Changes <br> (Note) | Balance as of <br> December 31, <br> 2022 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 |  |  |  |  |  |

Note: Other changes include discounts on short-term loans, amortization of bonds payable, amortization of long-term bank loan interest subsidy and financial cost of lease liabilities.

## 32. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company requires significant amounts of capital to build and expand its production facilities and acquire additional equipment. In consideration of the industry dynamics, the Company manages its capital in a manner to ensure that it has sufficient and necessary financial resources to fund its working capital needs, capital expenditures, research and development activities, dividend payments, debt service requirements and other business requirements associated with its existing operations over the next 12 months.

## 33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Categories of financial instruments

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Financial assets |  |  |
| FVTPL (Note 1) | \$ 1,070,398 | \$ 159,048 |
| FVTOCI (Note 2) | 136,483,349 | 129,607,052 |
| Hedging financial assets | 2,329 | 13,468 |
| Amortized cost (Note 3) | 1,727,306,556 | 1,283,715,674 |
|  | \$1,864,862,632 | \$ 1,413,495,242 |
| Financial liabilities |  |  |
| FVTPL (Note 4) | \$ 116,215 | \$ 681,914 |
| Hedging financial liabilities | 813 | 9,642 |
| Amortized cost (Note 5) | 1,669,270,659 | 1,355,957,244 |
|  | \$1,669,387,687 | \$1,356,648,800 |

Note 1: Financial assets mandatorily measured at FVTPL.

Note 2: Including notes and accounts receivable (net), equity and debt investments.
Note 3: Including cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at amortized cost, notes and accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables, refundable deposits and temporary payments (including those classified under other current assets and other noncurrent assets).

Note 4: Held for trading.
Note 5: Including short-term loans, accounts payable (including related parties), payables to contractors and equipment suppliers, cash dividends payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities, bonds payable, long-term bank loans, guarantee deposits and other noncurrent liabilities.
b. Financial risk management objectives

The Company manages its exposure to foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, equity price risk, credit risk and liquidity risk with the objective to reduce the potentially adverse effects the market uncertainties may have on its financial performance.

The plans for material treasury activities are reviewed by the Audit Committees (rename to Audit and Risk Committee from February 14, 2023) and/or Board of Directors in accordance with procedures required by relevant regulations or internal controls. During the implementation of such plans, the Company must comply with certain treasury procedures that provide guiding principles for overall financial risk management and segregation of duties.

## c. Market risk

The Company is exposed to the financial market risks, primarily changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and equity investment prices. A portion of these risks is hedged.

## Foreign currency risk

Substantially all the Company's sales are denominated in U.S. dollars and over half of its capital expenditures are denominated in currencies other than NT dollars, primarily in U.S. dollars, Japanese yen and Euros. As a result, any significant fluctuations to its disadvantage in the exchanges rate of NT dollar against such currencies, in particular a weakening of U.S. dollar against NT dollar, would have an adverse impact on the revenue and operating profit as expressed in NT dollars. The Company uses foreign currency derivative contracts, such as currency forwards or currency swaps, to protect against currency exchange rate risks associated with non-NT dollar-denominated assets and liabilities and certain forecasted transactions. These hedges reduce, but do not entirely eliminate, the effect of foreign currency exchange rate movements on the assets and liabilities.

Based on a sensitivity analysis performed on the Company's total monetary assets and liabilities for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, a hypothetical adverse foreign currency exchange rate change of $10 \%$ would have decreased its net income by NT\$1,704,553 thousand and NT\$1,435,346 thousand, respectively, after taking into account hedges and offsetting positions.

## Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risks primarily in relation to its investment portfolio and outstanding debt. Changes in interest rates affect the interest earned on the Company's cash and cash equivalents and fixed income securities, the fair value of those securities, as well as the interest paid on its debt.

The Company's cash and cash equivalents as well as fixed income investments in both fixed- and floating-rate securities carry a degree of interest rate risk. The majority of the Company's fixed income investments are fixed-rate securities, which are classified as financial assets at FVTOCI, and may have
their fair value adversely affected due to a rise in interest rates. At the same time, if interest rates fall, cash and cash equivalents as well as floating-rate securities may generate less interest income than expected. The Company has entered and may in the future enter into interest rate derivatives to partially hedge the interest rate risk on its fixed income investments and anticipated debt issuance. However, these hedges can offset only a limited portion of the financial impact from movements in interest rates.

Based on a sensitivity analysis performed on the Company's fixed income investments at the end of the reporting period, interest rates increase of 100 basis points (1.00\%) across all maturities would have decreased the Company's other comprehensive income by NT\$3,831,326 thousand and NT\$3,767,071 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

All of the Company's short-term debt is floating-rate, hence a rise in interest rates may result in higher interest expense than expected. The majority of the Company's long-term debt is fixed-rate and measured at amortized cost and as such, changes in interest rates would not affect future cash flows or the carrying amount.

Other price risk
The Company is exposed to equity price risk arising from financial assets at FVTOCI.
Assuming a hypothetical decrease of $10 \%$ in prices of the equity investments at the end of the reporting period for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the other comprehensive income would have decreased by NT\$631,530 thousand and NT \$595,766 thousand, respectively.
d. Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial losses to the Company. The Company is exposed to credit risks from operating activities, primarily accounts receivable, and from investing activities, primarily deposits, fixed-income investments and other financial instruments with banks. Credit risk is managed separately for business related and financial related exposures. As of the end of the reporting period, the Company's maximum credit risk exposure is equal to the carrying amount of financial assets.

## Business related credit risk

The Company's accounts receivable are from its customers worldwide. The majority of the Company's outstanding accounts receivable are not covered by collaterals or guarantees. While the Company has procedures to monitor and manage credit risk exposure on accounts receivable, there is no assurance such procedures will effectively eliminate losses resulting from its credit risk. This risk is heightened during periods when economic conditions worsen.

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company's ten largest customers accounted for $82 \%$ and $79 \%$ of accounts receivable, respectively. The Company considers the concentration of credit risk for the remaining accounts receivable not material.

## Financial credit risk

The Company mitigates its financial credit risk by selecting counterparties with investment grade credit ratings and by limiting the exposure to any individual counterparty. The Company regularly monitors and reviews the limit applied to counterparties and adjusts the limit according to market conditions and the credit standing of the counterparties.

The objective of the Company's investment policy is to achieve a return that will allow the Company to preserve principal and support liquidity requirements. The policy generally requires securities to be investment grade and limits the amount of credit exposure to any one issuer. The Company assesses whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk in the invested securities since initial
recognition by reviewing changes in external credit ratings, financial market conditions and material information of the issuers.

The Company assesses the 12-month expected credit loss and lifetime expected credit loss based on the probability of default and loss given default provided by external credit rating agencies. The current credit risk assessment policies are as follows:

| Category | Description | Basis for Recognizing <br> Expected Credit Loss | Expected <br> Credit Loss <br> Ratio |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Performing | Credit rating is investment grade on <br> valuation date <br> Credit rating is non-investment grade <br> on valuation date | 12 months expected credit <br> loss | $0-0.09 \%$ |
| Lifetime expected credit |  |  |  |
| loss-not credit impaired |  |  |  |$\quad$ -

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the expected credit loss increased NT\$57,936 thousand and decreased NT\$3,293 thousand, respectively. The changes were mainly due to increased investment amount and adjusted investment portfolio.
e. Liquidity risk management

The objective of liquidity risk management is to ensure the Company has sufficient liquidity to fund its business operations over the next 12 months. The Company manages its liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at FVTOCI-current, financial assets at amortized cost-current and sufficient cost-efficient funding.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments, including principal and interest.

| Less Than | More Than |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 Year | 1-3 Years | $3-5$ Years | 5 Years | Total |

December 31, 2022
Non-derivative financial liabilities


|  |  | Less Than 1 Year |  | 1-3 Years |  | 3-5 Years |  | More Than 5 Years |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| December 31, 2022 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Derivative financial instruments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forward exchange contracts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Outflows | \$ | 103,617,399 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |  | 103,617,399 |
| Inflows |  | $(104,600,085)$ |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | $(104,600,085)$ |
|  |  | $(982,686)$ |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | $(982,686)$ |
|  | \$ | 527,574,059 | \$ | 270,036,838 | \$ | 336,844,497 | \$ | 648,421,838 |  | 1,782,877,232 |
| December 31, 2021 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\underline{\text { Non-derivative financial liabilities }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Short-term loans <br> Accounts payable (including related parties) | \$ | 114,767,034 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |  | 114,767,034 |
|  |  | 48,722,789 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 48,722,789 |
| Payables to contractors and equipment suppliers |  | 145,742,148 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 145,742,148 |
| Accrued expenses and other current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bonds payable |  | 13,580,628 |  | 42,801,397 |  | 191,458,126 |  | 506,504,958 |  | 754,345,109 |
| Long-term bank loans |  | 183,671 |  | 2,217,112 |  | 1,153,900 |  | - |  | 3,554,683 |
| Lease liabilities (including those classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Others |  | - - |  | 164,991,929 |  | - - |  | -- |  | 164,991,929 |
|  |  | 445,608,197 |  | 213,906,687 |  | 195,997,321 |  | 521,154,193 |  | 1,376,666,398 |
| Derivative financial instruments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forward exchange contracts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Outflows |  | 187,708,035 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 187,708,035 |
| Inflows |  | $(187,631,930)$ |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | $(187,631,930)$ |
|  |  | 76,105 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 76,105 |
|  | \$ | 445,684,302 | \$ | 213,906,687 | \$ | 195,997,321 | \$ | 521,154,193 |  | \$1,376,742,503 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (Concluded) |

Note: Information about the maturity analysis for lease liabilities more than 5 years:

| 5-10 Years | 10-15 Years | More Than |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 20 Years | 15-20 Years | Total |

December 31, 2022
Lease liabilities
\$ 10,241,734
\$ 7,329,012
$\$ \quad 4,233,886$
$\$$
784,485
\$ 22,589,117
December 31, 2021
Lease liabilities
$\$ \quad 7,513,939$
$\$ \quad 5,043,067$
$\$ \quad 1,972,740$
$\$ \quad 119,489$
\$ 14,649,235
f. Fair value of financial instruments

1) Fair value measurements recognized in the consolidated balance sheets

Fair value measurements are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The timing of transfers between levels within the fair value hierarchy is at the end of reporting period.
2) Fair value of financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

## Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

|  | December 31, 2022 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Level 1 |  | Level 2 |  | Level 3 |  | Total |  |
| Financial assets at FVTPL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mandatorily measured at FVTPL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forward exchange contracts | \$ | - | \$ | 947,546 | \$ | - | \$ | 947,546 |
| Convertible bonds |  | - |  | - |  | 122,852 |  | 122,852 |
|  | \$ | - | \$ | 947,546 | \$ | 122,852 | \$ | 1,070,398 |
| Financial assets at FVTOCI |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investments in debt instruments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate bonds | \$ | - | \$ | 66,116,166 | \$ | - | \$ | 66,116,166 |
| Agency bonds/Agency |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Government bonds |  | 18,845,577 |  | 84,347 |  | - |  | 18,929,924 |
| Asset-backed securities |  | - |  | 9,274,697 |  | - |  | 9,274,697 |
| Investments in equity instruments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-publicly traded equity investments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Publicly traded stocks |  | 277,866 |  | - |  | - |  | 277,866 |
| Notes and accounts receivable, net |  | - |  | 7,325,606 |  | - |  | 7,325,606 |
|  |  | 19,123,443 |  | 111,200,706 | \$ | 6,159,200 |  | 36,483,349 |
| Hedging financial assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fair value hedges |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest rate futures contracts | \$ | 2,329 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 2,329 |
| Financial liabilities at FVTPL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Held for trading |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forward exchange contracts |  | - | \$ | 116,215 | \$ | - | \$ | 116,215 |
| Hedging financial liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fair value hedges |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest rate futures contracts |  | 813 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 813 |


|  | December 31, 2021 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Level 1 |  | Level 2 |  | Level 3 |  | Total |  |
| Financial assets at FVTPL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mandatorily measured at FVTPL Forward exchange contracts |  | \$ - | \$ | 159,048 | \$ | - | \$ | 159,048 |
| Financial assets at FVTOCI |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investments in debt instruments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate bonds |  | \$ - | \$ | 57,253,161 | \$ | - | \$ | 57,253,161 |
| Agency bonds/Agency mortgage-backed securities |  | - |  | 32,070,114 |  | - |  | 32,070,114 |
| Government bonds |  | 21,267,002 |  | 78,792 |  | - |  | 21,345,794 |
| Asset-backed securities |  | - |  | 8,660,424 |  | - |  | 8,660,424 |
| Investments in equity instruments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-publicly traded equity investments |  | - ${ }^{-}$ |  | - |  | 5,887,892 |  | 5,887,892 |
| Publicly traded stocks |  | 189,758 |  | - |  | - |  | 189,758 |
| Notes and accounts receivable, net |  | - |  | 4,199,909 |  | - |  | 4,199,909 |
|  |  | \$ 21,456,760 |  | 102,262,400 | \$ | 5,887,892 |  | 29,607,052 |
| Hedging financial assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash flow hedges |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forward interest rate contracts |  | \$ - | \$ | 13,468 | \$ | - | \$ | 13,468 |
| Financial liabilities at FVTPL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Held for trading |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forward exchange contracts |  | \$ - | \$ | 681,914 | \$ | - | \$ | 681,914 |
| Hedging financial liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fair value hedges |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest rate futures contracts |  | 9,642 | \$ | - | \$ | - | S | 9,642 |

## Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial assets

The financial assets measured at Level 3 fair value were equity investments classified as financial assets at FVTOCI and financial assets at FVTPL. Reconciliations for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ |
| Balance, beginning of year | $\$ 5,887,892$ | $\$ 4,514,940$ |
| Additions | 715,612 | 319,177 |
| Recognized in other comprehensive income or loss | $(373,263)$ | $1,821,762$ |
| Disposals and proceeds from return of capital of investments | $(359,506)$ | $(700,224)$ |
| Transfers out of level 3 (Note) | $(139,770)$ | - |
| Effect of exchange rate changes | 551,087 | $(67,763)$ |
| Balance, end of year | $\underline{\$ 6,282,052}$ | $\underline{\$ 5,887,892}$ |

Note: The transfer from level 3 to level 1 is because quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets data became available for the equity investments.

## Valuation techniques and assumptions used in Level 2 fair value measurement

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- The fair values of corporate bonds, agency bonds, agency mortgage-backed securities, asset-backed securities and government bonds are determined by quoted market prices provided by third party pricing services.
- The fair values of forward contracts are measured using forward rates and discount rates derived from quoted market prices.
- The fair value of accounts receivable classified as at FVTOCI is determined by the present value of future cash flows based on the discount rate that reflects the credit risk of counterparties


## Valuation techniques and assumptions used in Level 3 fair value measurement

The fair values of non-publicly traded equity investments (excluding those trading on the Emerging Stock Board) are mainly determined by using the asset approach and market approach.

The asset approach takes into account the net asset value measured at the fair value by independent parties. On December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company uses unobservable inputs derived from discount for lack of marketability of $10 \%$. When other inputs remain equal, the fair value will decrease by NT $\$ 48,704$ thousand and NT51,372 thousand, respectively, if discounts for lack of marketability increase by $1 \%$.

For the remaining few investments, the market approach is used to arrive at their fair values, for which the recent financing activities of investees, the market transaction prices of the similar companies and market conditions are considered.

In addition, the fair values of convertible bonds are prior transaction prices.
3) Fair value of financial instruments that are not measured at fair value

Except as detailed in the following table, the Company considers that the carrying amounts of financial instruments in the consolidated financial statements that are not measured at fair value approximate their fair values.

## Fair value hierarchy

The table below sets out the fair value hierarchy for the Company's financial assets and liabilities which are not required to be measured at fair value:

December 31, 2022

| Carrying | Level 2 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Amount | Fair Value |

## Financial assets

Financial assets at amortized costs
Corporate bonds \$ 80,994,958 \$ 80,236,142
Commercial paper $\quad$ 48,732,476 $\quad 48,882,028$

Financial liabilities
Financial liabilities at amortized costs
Bonds payable \$852,436,439

| Carrying | Level 2 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Amount | Fair Value |

## Financial assets

Financial assets at amortized costs
Corporate bonds $\quad \$ \quad 5,306,962 \quad \$ \quad 5,317,957$

## Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities at amortized costs Bonds payable $\quad \underline{\underline{\$ 614,470,652}}$ 613,514,692

## $\underline{\text { Valuation techniques and assumptions used in Level } 2 \text { fair value measurement }}$

The fair values of corporate bonds and the Company's bonds payable are determined by quoted market prices provided by third party pricing services.

The fair value of commercial paper is determined by the present value of future cash flows based on the discounted curves that are derived from the quoted market prices.

## 34. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Intercompany balances and transactions between TSMC and its subsidiaries, which are related parties of TSMC, have been eliminated upon consolidation; therefore, those items are not disclosed in this note. The following is a summary of significant transactions between the Company and other related parties:
a. Related party name and categories

## Related Party Name

## GUC

VIS
SSMC
Xintec

Related Party Categories
Associates
Associates
Associates
Associates
b. Net revenue

|  |  | Years Ended December 31 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2022 | 2021 |  |
| Item | Related Party Categories |  |  |  |
| Net revenue from sale of goods | Associates | \$ 15,351,465 | \$ | 8,475,908 |

c. Purchases
Years Ended December 3120222021
Related Party Categories
Associates ..... $\$$ 6,423,913 \$ 7,569,787
d. Receivables from related parties

f. Accrued expenses and other current liabilities

|  | December 31, <br> 2022 | December 31, <br> 2021 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Item | Related Party Categories |  |  |
| Contract liabilities | Associates | $\underline{\$ 1,075,659}$ | $\underline{\$ 126,350}$ |

g. Others

|  |  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Item | $\underline{2022}$ | 2021 |  |
| Manufacturing expenses | Related Party Categories |  |  |
|  | Associates | $\underline{\$ 6,011,522}$ | $\underline{\$ 5,459,919}$ |

The sales prices and payment terms to related parties were not significantly different from those of sales to third parties. For other related party transactions, price and terms were determined in accordance with mutual agreements.

The Company leased factory and office from associates. The lease terms and prices were both determined in accordance with mutual agreements. The rental expenses were paid to associates monthly; the related expenses were both classified under manufacturing expenses.
h. Compensation of key management personnel

The compensation to directors and other key management personnel were as follows:

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | 2021 |
| Short-term employee benefits | $\$ 4,369,097$ | $\$ 2,886,786$ |
| Post-employment benefits | 3,013 | 2,900 |
| Share-based payments | 286,227 | - |
|  | $\underline{\$ 4,658,337}$ | $\underline{\$ 2,889,686}$ |

The compensation to directors and other key management personnel were determined by the Compensation Committee (rename to Compensation and People Development Committee from February 14,2023 ) of TSMC in accordance with the individual performance and market trends.

## 35. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Company provided certificate of deposits recorded in other financial assets as collateral mainly for building construction, building lease agreements and energy purchase agreements. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the aforementioned other financial assets amounted to NT\$129,138 thousand and NT\$210,235 thousand, respectively.

## 36. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED COMMITMENTS

Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized commitments of the Company as of the end of the reporting period, excluding those disclosed in other notes, were as follows:
a. Under a technical cooperation agreement with Industrial Technology Research Institute, the R.O.C. Government or its designee approved by TSMC can use up to $35 \%$ of TSMC's capacity provided TSMC's outstanding commitments to its customers are not prejudiced. The term of this agreement is for five years beginning from January 1, 1987 and is automatically renewed for successive periods of five years unless otherwise terminated by either party with one year prior notice. As of the end of reporting period, the R.O.C. Government did not invoke such right.
b. Under a Shareholders Agreement entered into with Philips and EDB Investments Pte Ltd. on March 30, 1999, the parties formed a joint venture company, SSMC, which is an integrated circuit foundry in

Singapore. TSMC's equity interest in SSMC was 32\%. Nevertheless, in September 2006, Philips spun-off its semiconductor subsidiary which was renamed as NXP B.V. Further, TSMC and NXP B.V. purchased all the SSMC shares owned by EDB Investments Pte Ltd. pro rata according to the Shareholders Agreement on November 15, 2006. After the purchase, TSMC and NXP B.V. currently own approximately $39 \%$ and $61 \%$ of the SSMC shares, respectively. TSMC and NXP B.V. are required, in the aggregate, to purchase at least $70 \%$ of SSMC's capacity, but TSMC alone is not required to purchase more than $28 \%$ of the capacity. If any party defaults on the commitment and the capacity utilization of SSMC falls below a specific percentage of its capacity, the defaulting party is required to compensate SSMC for all related unavoidable costs. There was no default from the aforementioned commitment as of the end of reporting period.
c. In September 2022, Daedalus Prime LLC ("Daedalus") filed complaints in the U.S. International Trade Commission ("ITC") and the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Texas alleging that TSMC, TSMC North America, and other companies infringe four U.S. patents. The ITC instituted an investigation in October 2022. The outcome cannot be determined and we cannot make a reliable estimate of the contingent liability at this time.
d. TSMC entered into long-term purchase agreements of materials and supplies and agreements of waste disposal with multiple suppliers. The relative minimum fulfillment quantity and price are specified in the agreements.
e. TSMC entered into a long-term purchase agreement of equipment. The relative fulfillment quantity and price are specified in the agreement.
f. TSMC entered into long-term energy purchase agreements with multiple suppliers. The relative fulfillment period, quantity and price are specified in the agreements.
g. Amounts available under unused letters of credit as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 were NT\$383,974 thousand and NT\$136,710 thousand, respectively.
h. The Company entrusted financial institutions to open performance guarantee mainly for import and export of goods, lease agreement and energy purchase agreement. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the aforementioned guarantee amounted to NT\$7,623,262 thousand and NT\$4,954,798 thousand, respectively.

## 37. EXCHANGE RATE INFORMATION OF FOREIGN-CURRENCY FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The following information was summarized according to the foreign currencies other than the functional currency of the Company. The exchange rates disclosed were used to translate the foreign currencies into the functional currency. The significant financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

| Foreign <br> Currencies | Carrying <br> Exchange Rate <br> (Note 1) | Amount <br> (In Thousands) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

December 31, 2022
Financial assets
Monetary items
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { EUR } & 8,375 & 32.838 & 275,006\end{array}$


## Financial liabilities

Monetary items

USD
EUR
JPY
$\begin{array}{rr}15,190,659 & 30.713 \\ 2,375,378 & 32.838\end{array}$
466,550,704
78,002,647
134,608,488 0.233131,377,239

December 31, 2021

## Financial assets

| Monetary items |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | ---: |
| USD | $11,445,396$ | 27.674 | $316,739,883$ |
| USD | $2,023,233$ | 6.379 (Note 3) | $55,990,951$ |
| EUR | 14,964 | 31.460 | 470,776 |
| EUR | 40,326 | 7.252 (Note 2) | $1,268,665$ |
| JPY | $10,921,880$ | 0.2414 | $2,636,542$ |

## Financial liabilities

Monetary items
USD
EUR
JPY

| $11,958,503$ | 27.674 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $3,539,320$ | 31.460 |

330,939,620
$112,456,9080.2414$ 111,347,020 27,147,098 (Concluded)

Note 1: Except as otherwise noted, exchange rate represents the number of NT dollar for which one foreign currency could be exchanged.

Note 2: The exchange rate represents the number of RMB for which one Euro could be exchanged.
Note 3: The exchange rate represents the number of RMB for which one U.S. dollar could be exchanged.
Please refer to the consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the total of realized and unrealized foreign exchange gain and loss for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Since there were varieties of foreign currency transactions and functional currencies within the subsidiaries of the Company, the Company was unable to disclose foreign exchange gain (loss) towards each foreign currency with significant impact.

## 38. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

Following are the additional disclosures required by the Securities and Futures Bureau for TSMC:
a. Financings provided: See Table 1 attached;
b. Endorsement/guarantee provided: See Table 2 attached;
c. Marketable securities held (excluding investments in subsidiaries and associates): See Table 3 attached;
d. Marketable securities acquired and disposed of at costs or prices of at least $\mathrm{NT} \$ 300$ million or $20 \%$ of the paid-in capital: See Table 4 attached;
e. Acquisition of individual real estate properties at costs of at least $\mathrm{NT} \$ 300$ million or $20 \%$ of the paid-in capital: See Table 5 attached;
f. Disposal of individual real estate properties at prices of at least NT\$300 million or $20 \%$ of the paid-in capital: None;
g. Total purchases from or sales to related parties of at least NT\$100 million or $20 \%$ of the paid-in capital: See Table 6 attached;
h. Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or $20 \%$ of the paid-in capital: See Table 7 attached;
i. Information about the derivative financial instruments transaction: See Notes 7 and 10;
j. Others: The business relationship between the parent and the subsidiaries and significant transactions between them: See Table 8 attached;
k. Names, locations, and related information of investees over which TSMC exercises significant influence (excluding information on investment in mainland China): See Table 9 attached;
l. Information on investment in mainland China

1) The name of the investee in mainland China, the main businesses and products, its issued capital, method of investment, information on inflow or outflow of capital, percentage of ownership, income (losses) of the investee, share of profits/losses of investee, ending balance, amount received as dividends from the investee, and the limitation on investee: See Table 10 attached.
2) Significant direct or indirect transactions with the investee, its prices and terms of payment, unrealized gain or loss, and other related information which is helpful to understand the impact of investment in mainland China on financial reports: See Table 8 attached.
m. Information of major shareholders

List of all shareholders with ownership of 5 percent or greater showing the names and the number of shares and percentage of ownership held by each shareholder: See Table 11 attached.

## 39. OPERATING SEGMENTS INFORMATION

a. Operating segments, segment revenue and operating results

TSMC's chief operating decision makers periodically review operating results, focusing on operating income generated by foundry segment. Operating results are used for resource allocation and/or performance assessment. As a result, the Company has only one operating segment, the foundry segment. The foundry segment engages mainly in the manufacturing, sales, packaging, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices and the manufacturing of masks.

The basis for the measurement of income from operations is the same as that for the preparation of financial statements. Please refer to the consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the related segment revenue and operating results.
b. Geographic and major customers' information were as follows:

1) Geographic information

|  | December 31, <br> 2022 | December 31, <br> 2021 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Noncurrent Assets |  |  |
| Taiwan | $\$ 2,510,238,722$ | $\$ 1,953,007,722$ |
| United States | $153,137,833$ | $41,208,723$ |
| China | $90,349,673$ | $41,895,164$ |
| Europe, the Middle East and Africa | 140,709 | 143,916 |
| Japan | $15,432,491$ | $1,011,043$ |
| Others | 1,922 | 539 |
|  |  |  |
|  | $\underline{\$ 2,769,301,350}$ | $\underline{\$ 2,037,267,107}$ |

Noncurrent assets include property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, intangible assets and other noncurrent assets.
2) Major customers representing at least 10\% of net revenue

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 |  |  | 2021 |  |
|  |  | Amount | \% | Amount | \% |
| Customer A |  | 529,649,200 | 23 | \$ 405,402,955 | 26 |
| Customer B |  | NA (Note) | NA | 153,740,831 | 10 |

Note: Revenue less than $10 \%$ of the Company's net revenue.
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries
FINANCINGS PROVIDED
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DEC
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022
(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

|  |  |  |  |  |  | Ending Balance | Amount Actually |  |  |  |  |  |  | teral | Financing Limits | Financing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Financing Company | Counterparty | Financial Statement Account | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Related } \\ & \text { Party } \end{aligned}$ | Period (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) (Note 2) | (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) (Note 2) | Drawn (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Interest Rate | Nature for Financing | Transaction Amounts | Reason for Financing | Allowance for Bad Debt | Item | Value | Borrowing <br> Company <br> (Note 1) | Financing Amount <br> Limits <br> (Note 1) |
| 1 | TSMC China | TSMC Nanjing | Other receivables from related parties | Yes | $\$$ $74,200,110$ <br> (RMB $8,800,000) \&$ <br> (USD $1,150,000$ ) | $\$$ $74,200,110$ <br> (RMB $8,800,000) \&$ <br> (USD $1,150,000)$ | $\$$ $45,211,510$ <br> (RMB $7,800,000) \&$ <br> (USD 350,000 ) | 0.75\%-1.50\% | The need for short-term and long-term financing | \$ - | Operating capital | \$ - | - | \$ - | \$ 87,432,993 | \$ 87,432,993 |

[^0]-76-
ENDORSEMENTS/GUARANTEES PROVIDED
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries
(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| No. | Endorsement/ Guarantee Provider | Guaranteed Party |  | Limits on <br> Endorsement// <br> Guarantee <br> Amount <br> Provided to Each <br> Guaranteed <br> Party <br> (Notes 1 and 2) | Maximum Balance for the Period (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) (Note 3) | Ending Balance (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) (Note 3) | Amount Actually Drawn (US\$ in Thousands) | Amount of Endorsement/ Guarantee Collateralized by Properties | Ratio of Accumulated Endorsement/ Guarantee to Net Equity per Latest Financial Statements | Maximum <br> Endorsement/ <br> Guarantee <br> Amount <br> Allowable <br> (Notes 1 and 2) | Guarantee Provided by Parent Company | Guarantee Provided by A Subsidiary | Guarantee Provided to Subsidiaries in Mainland China |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Name | Nature of Relationship |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | TSMC | TSMC North <br> America | Subsidiary | \$ 736,413,299 | $\begin{array}{cc}\$ & 2,555,730 \\ \text { (US\$ } & 83,213)\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc} \$ & 2,555,730 \\ (\text { US\$ } & 83,213) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc}\$ & 2,555,730 \\ \text { (US\$ } & 83,213)\end{array}$ | \$ | 0.09\% | \$ 736,413,299 | Yes | No | No |
|  |  | TSMC Global | Subsidiary | 736,413,299 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 230,347,500 \\ \text { (US\$ } 7,500,000 \text { ) } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 230,347,500 \\ \text { (US\$ 7,500,000) } \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 230,347,500 \\ \text { (US\$ } 7,500,000 \text { ) } \end{gathered}\right.$ | - | 7.82\% | 736,413,299 | Yes | No | No |
|  |  | TSMC Arizona | Subsidiary | 736,413,299 | $\begin{gathered} 369,551,715 \\ \text { (US } \$ 12,032,420 \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 369,551,715 \\ \text { (US\$12,032,420) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 246,699,701 \\ \text { ( US } \$ 8,032,420 \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | - | 12.55\% | 736,413,299 | Yes | No | No |
| 1 | TSMC Japan | TSMC JDC | The same parent company | 336,399 | $\left(\begin{array}{rr}  & 307,692 \\ (\text { JPY } & 1,320,000 \end{array}\right)$ | $\begin{array}{rr}  \\ 307,692 \\ \text { (JPY } 1,320,000 \text { ) } \end{array}$ | $\left(\begin{array}{rr}  & 307,692 \\ \text { (JPY } & 1,320,000 \end{array}\right)$ | - | 0.01\% | 336,399 | No | No | No |

[^1]Note 2: The total amount of the endorsement/guarantee provided by TSMC Japan to TSMC JDC shall not exceed two hundred and fifty percent (250\%) of TSMC Japan's net worth.
Note 3: The maximum balance for the period and ending balance represent the amounts approved by the Board of Directors.
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries
MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD

$\begin{aligned} & \text { December 31, 2022 } \\ & \text { (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise) }\end{aligned}$


| \% |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  <br>  <br>  |
|  | 发 |
|  |  <br>  <br>  |
|  | ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' |
|  | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income |
|  | ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' |
|  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { J̃ } \\ & \text { O} \\ & \text { ㅇ } \\ & \text { U } \\ & \text { Un } \end{aligned}$ |


| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | December 31, 2022 |  |  |  |  | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership (\%) | Fair (Foreign in Th | alue urrencies sands) |  |
| TSMC Global | American Express Company | - | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | US\$ 8,037 | N/A | US\$ | 8,037 |  |
|  | Truist Financial Corporation | - | copremsive ine | - | US\$ 7,851 | N/A | US\$ | 7,851 |  |
|  | International Bank for Reconstruction and Development | - | " | - | US\$ 7,608 | N/A | US\$ | 7,608 |  |
|  | Kfw | - | " | - | US\$ 7,594 | N/A | US\$ | 7,594 |  |
|  | UnitedHealth Group Incorporated | - | " | - | US\$ 7,504 | N/A | US\$ | 7,504 |  |
|  | AstraZeneca Finance LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 7,477 | N/A | US\$ | 7,477 |  |
|  | Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce | - | " | - | US\$ 7,443 | N/A | US\$ | 7,443 |  |
|  | Inter-American Development Bank | - | " | - | US\$ 7,346 | N/A | US\$ | 7,346 |  |
|  | Suncorp-Metway Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 7,315 | N/A | US\$ | 7,315 |  |
|  | Great-West Lifeco U.S. Finance 2020, Lp | - | " | - | US\$ 7,287 | N/A | US\$ | 7,287 |  |
|  | Lowe's Companies, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 7,135 | N/A | US\$ | 7,135 |  |
|  | Northwestern Mutual Global Funding | - | " | - | US\$ 6,853 | N/A | US\$ | 6,853 |  |
|  | Chevron Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 6,838 | N/A | US\$ | 6,838 |  |
|  | Fidelity National Information Services, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 6,619 | N/A | US\$ | 6,619 |  |
|  | AstraZeneca PLC | - | " | - | US\$ 6,500 | N/A | US\$ | 6,500 |  |
|  | Prudential Funding Corp. | - | " | - | US\$ 6,447 | N/A | US\$ | 6,447 |  |
|  | John Deere Capital Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 6,437 | N/A | US\$ | 6,437 |  |
|  | Intuit Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 6,421 | N/A | US\$ | 6,421 |  |
|  | Cargill, Incorporated | - | " | - | US\$ 6,378 | N/A | US\$ | 6,378 |  |
|  | Daimler Trucks Finance North America LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 6,367 | N/A | US\$ | 6,367 |  |
|  | Roche Holdings, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 6,339 | N/A | US\$ | 6,339 |  |
|  | The East Ohio Gas Company | - | " | - | US\$ 6,333 | N/A | US\$ | 6,333 |  |
|  | Jackson National Life Global Funding | - | " | - | US\$ 6,283 | N/A | US\$ | 6,283 |  |
|  | Danske Bank A/S | - | " | - | US\$ 6,149 | N/A | US\$ | 6,149 |  |
|  | Ameren Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 5,960 | N/A | US\$ | 5,960 |  |
|  | Huntington Bancshares Incorporated | - | " | - | US\$ 5,865 | N/A | US\$ | 5,865 |  |
|  | Discover Bank (New Castle, Delaware) | - | " | - | US\$ 5,864 | N/A | US\$ | 5,864 |  |
|  | Exxon Mobil Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 5,749 | N/A | US\$ | 5,749 |  |
|  | Swedbank AB (publ) | - | " | - | US\$ 5,733 | N/A | US\$ | 5,733 |  |
|  | Fox Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 5,630 | N/A | US\$ | 5,630 |  |
|  | ANZ New Zealand (Int'l) Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 5,604 | N/A | US\$ | 5,604 |  |
|  | Exelon Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 5,591 | N/A | US\$ | 5,591 |  |
|  | Take-Two Interactive Software, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 5,576 | N/A | USS | 5,576 |  |
|  | Macquarie Bank Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 5,541 | N/A | US\$ | 5,541 |  |
|  | Scentre Group Trust 1 | - | " | - | US\$ 5,525 | N/A | US\$ | 5,525 |  |
|  | WEC Energy Group, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 5,498 | N/A | US\$ | 5,498 |  |
|  | WPP Finance 2010 | - | , | - | US\$ 5,459 | N/A | US\$ | 5,459 |  |
|  | Huntington National Bank | - | " | - | US\$ 5,415 | N/A | US\$ | 5,415 |  |
|  | Intercontinental Exchange, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 5,388 | N/A | US\$ | 5,388 |  |
|  | UBS AG, London Branch | - | " | - | US\$ 5,387 | N/A | USS | 5,387 |  |
|  | Pacific Life Global Funding II | - | " | - | US\$ 5,359 | N/A | US\$ | 5,359 |  |
|  | Siemens Financieringsmaatschappij N.V. | - | " | - | US\$ 5,302 | N/A | USS | 5,302 |  |
|  | The Charles Schwab Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 5,292 | N/A | USS | 5,292 |  |
|  | Alabama Power Company | - | " | - | US\$ 5,263 | N/A | USS | 5,263 |  |
|  | Pioneer Natural Resources Company | - | " | - | US\$ 5,254 | N/A | US\$ | 5,254 |  |
|  | ASB Bank Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 5,239 | N/A | US\$ | 5,239 |  |
|  | Cox Communications, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 5,112 | N/A | USS | 5,112 |  |
|  | Intel Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 5 5,109 | N/A | USS | 5,109 |  |
|  | Nutrien Ltd. | - | " | - | US\$ 5,048 | N/A | US\$ | 5,048 |  |


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| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | December 31, 2022 |  |  |  |  | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership (\%) | Fair (Foreign in Tho | alue urrencies sands) |  |
| TSMC Global | Highmark Inc. | - | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | US\$ 3,171 | N/A | US\$ | 3,171 |  |
|  | Dominion Energy, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 3,167 | N/A | US\$ | 3,167 |  |
|  | Verisk Analytics, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 3,163 | N/A | US\$ | 3,163 |  |
|  | Realty Income Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 3,162 | N/A | US\$ | 3,162 |  |
|  | ERAC USA Finance LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 3,112 | N/A | US\$ | 3,112 |  |
|  | Anheuser-Busch Companies, LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 3,035 | N/A | US\$ | 3,035 |  |
|  | X ${ }^{\text {cel Energy Inc. }}$ | - | " | - | US\$ 3,029 | N/A | US\$ | 3,029 |  |
|  | Simon Property Group, L.P. | - | " | - | US\$ 3,018 | N/A | US\$ | 3,018 |  |
|  | ONE Gas, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 3,012 | N/A | US\$ | 3,012 |  |
|  | Public Service Enterprise Group Incorporated | - | " | - | US\$ 2,996 | N/A | US\$ | 2,996 |  |
|  | The Western Union Company | - | " | - | US\$ 2,983 | N/A | US\$ | 2,983 |  |
|  | Gilead Sciences, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,970 | N/A | US\$ | 2,970 |  |
|  | CNA Financial Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,950 | N/A | US\$ | 2,950 |  |
|  | MPLX LP | - | " | - | US\$ 2,941 | N/A | US\$ | 2,941 |  |
|  | Atmos Energy Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,934 | N/A | US\$ | 2,934 |  |
|  | Johnson \& Johnson | - | " | - | US\$ 2,914 | N/A | US\$ | 2,914 |  |
|  | Rio Tinto Finance (USA) Limited | - | , | - | US\$ 2,908 | N/A | US\$ | 2,908 |  |
|  | Oncor Electric Delivery Company LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 2,905 | N/A | US\$ | 2,905 |  |
|  | Nestlé Holdings, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,905 | N/A | US\$ | 2,905 |  |
|  | Air Lease Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,895 | N/A | US\$ | 2,895 |  |
|  | Avangrid, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,861 | N/A | US\$ | 2,861 |  |
|  | Southern California Gas Company | - | " | - | US\$ 2,848 | N/A | US\$ | 2,848 |  |
|  | Parker-Hannifin Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,768 | N/A | US\$ | 2,768 |  |
|  | TORONTO-DOMINION BANK/THE | - | " | - | US\$ 2,768 | N/A | US\$ | 2,768 |  |
|  | Coöperatieve Rabobank U.A. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,767 | N/A | US\$ | 2,767 |  |
|  | Novartis Capital Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,734 | N/A | USS | 2,734 |  |
|  | Baxalta Incorporated | - | " | - | US\$ 2,728 | N/A | US\$ | 2,728 |  |
|  | PPL Electric Utilities Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,718 | N/A | US\$ | 2,718 |  |
|  | Amazon.com, Inc | - | " | - | US\$ 2,691 | N/A | US\$ | 2,691 |  |
|  | Ameriprise Financial, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,677 | N/A | US\$ | 2,677 |  |
|  | B.A.T Capital Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,671 | N/A | USS | 2,671 |  |
|  | Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company | - | " | - | US\$ 2,635 | N/A | US\$ | 2,635 |  |
|  | Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership | - | " | - | US\$ 2,600 | N/A | USS | 2,600 |  |
|  | Eastern Energy Gas Holdings, LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 2,598 | N/A | US\$ | 2,598 |  |
|  | Chevron Phillips Chemical Company LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 2,579 | N/A | US\$ | 2,579 |  |
|  | Mondelez International Holdings Netherlands B.V. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,577 | N/A | US\$ | 2,577 |  |
|  | Masco Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,519 | N/A | US\$ | 2,519 |  |
|  | GA Global Funding Trust | - | " | - | US\$ 2,484 | N/A | US\$ | 2,484 |  |
|  | Baxter International Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,469 | N/A | US\$ | 2,469 |  |
|  | NBN Co Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 2,461 | N/A | USS | 2,461 |  |
|  | M\&T Bank Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,459 | N/A | USS | 2,459 |  |
|  | Air Products and Chemicals, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,447 | N/A | US\$ | 2,447 |  |
|  | International Business Machines Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,445 | N/A | US\$ | 2,445 |  |
|  | Nuveen Finance, LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 2,437 | N/A | USS | 2,437 |  |
|  | Cigna Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,426 | N/A | USS | 2,426 |  |
|  | The PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,424 | N/A | USS | 2,424 |  |
|  | Santander UK plc | - | " | - | US\$ 2,417 | N/A | US\$ | 2,417 |  |
|  | Pinnacle West Capital Corporation Bayer US Finance II LLC | - | " | - | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { US\$ } & 2,397 \\ \text { US\$ } & 2,374 \end{array}$ | N/A | USS | 2,397 |  |
|  | Bayer US Finance II LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 2,374 | N/A | US\$ | 2,374 |  |


| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | December 31, 2022 |  |  |  |  | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership (\%) | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Fair } \\ \text { (Foreign } \\ \text { in Th } \end{array}$ | Value urrencies sands) |  |
| TSMC Global | AutoZone, Inc. | - | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | US\$ 2,373 | N/A | US\$ | 2,373 |  |
|  | CRH America, Inc. | - | criver | - | US\$ 2,371 | N/A | US\$ | 2,371 |  |
|  | Phillips 66 | - | " | - | US\$ 2,352 | N/A | US\$ | 2,352 |  |
|  | American Electric Power Company, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,343 | N/A | US\$ | 2,343 |  |
|  | Workday, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,333 | N/A | US\$ | 2,333 |  |
|  | CMS Energy Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,324 | N/A | US\$ | 2,324 |  |
|  | Magellan Midstream Partners, L.P. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,299 | N/A | US\$ | 2,299 |  |
|  | Georgia Power Company | - | " | - | US\$ 2,281 | N/A | US\$ | 2,281 |  |
|  | Texas Instruments Incorporated | - | " | - | US\$ 2,279 | N/A | US\$ | 2,279 |  |
|  | Chevron U.S.A. Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,262 | N/A | US\$ | 2,262 |  |
|  | USAA Capital Corp. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,242 | N/A | US\$ | 2,242 |  |
|  | Reynolds American Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,228 | N/A | US\$ | 2,228 |  |
|  | BOC Aviation Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 2,223 | N/A | US\$ | 2,223 |  |
|  | O'Reilly Automotive, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,223 | N/A | US\$ | 2,223 |  |
|  | RGA Global Funding | - | " | - | US\$ 2,216 | N/A | US\$ | 2,216 |  |
|  | Yara International ASA | - | " | - | US\$ 2,215 | N/A | US\$ | 2,215 |  |
|  | National Australia Bank - New York Branch | - | " | - | US\$ 2,200 | N/A | US\$ | 2,200 |  |
|  | NiSource Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,178 | N/A | US\$ | 2,178 |  |
|  | Berkshire Hathaway Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,161 | N/A | US\$ | 2,161 |  |
|  | Empower Finance 2020, LP | - | " | - | US\$ 2,129 | N/A | US\$ | 2,129 |  |
|  | Union Pacific Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,082 | N/A | US\$ | 2,082 |  |
|  | Health Care Service Corporation, a Mutual Legal Reserve Company | - | " | - | US\$ 2,065 | N/A | US\$ | 2,065 |  |
|  | Georgia-Pacific LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 2,028 | N/A | USS | 2,028 |  |
|  | General Electric Company | - | " | - | US\$ 1,991 | N/A | US\$ | 1,991 |  |
|  | The Sherwin-Williams Company | - | " | - | US\$ 1,967 | N/A | US\$ | 1,967 |  |
|  | Mead Johnson Nutrition Company | - | " | - | US\$ 1,961 | N/A | US\$ | 1,961 |  |
|  | Magna Intemational Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,956 | N/A | US\$ | 1,956 |  |
|  | Reliance Standard Life Global Funding II | - | " | - | US\$ 1,948 | N/A | US\$ | 1,948 |  |
|  | Public Service Electric and Gas Company | - | " | - | US\$ 1,948 | N/A | USS | 1,948 |  |
|  | Tucson Electric Power Company | - | " | - | US\$ 1,918 | N/A | USS | 1,918 |  |
|  | Gulf Power Company | - | " | - | US\$ 1,884 | N/A | US\$ | 1,884 |  |
|  | National Rural Utilities Cooperative Finance Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 1,881 | N/A | US\$ | 1,881 |  |
|  | Duke Energy Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 1,871 | N/A | US\$ | 1,871 |  |
|  | Olympus Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 1,860 | N/A | US\$ | 1,860 |  |
|  | Otis Worldwide Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 1,859 | N/A | USS | 1,859 |  |
|  | Kinder Morgan, Inc. | - | , | - | US\$ 1,787 | N/A | US\$ | 1,787 |  |
|  | Shinhan Financial Group Co., Ltd. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,785 | N/A | USS | 1,785 |  |
|  | NBK SPC Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 1,754 | N/A | USS | 1,754 |  |
|  | Mitsubishi Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 1,752 | N/A | US\$ | 1,752 |  |
|  | Sydney Airport Finance Company Pty Ltd. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,733 | N/A | US\$ | 1,733 |  |
|  | Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 1,726 | N/A | US\$ | 1,726 |  |
|  | Kentucky Utilities Company | - | " | - | US\$ 1,717 | N/A | US\$ | 1,717 |  |
|  | Wipro IT Services LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 1,674 | N/A | US\$ | 1,674 |  |
|  | Enbridge Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,672 | N/A | US\$ | 1,672 |  |
|  | Infor, Inc. | - | , | - | US\$ 1,670 | N/A | USS | 1,670 |  |
|  | Evergy Kansas Central, Inc. | - | , | - | $\begin{array}{cl}\text { US\$ } & 1,658 \\ \text { USS } & 1,647\end{array}$ | N/A | US\$ | 1,658 |  |
|  | DTE Energy Company | - | " | - | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { US\$ } & 1,647 \\ \text { USS } & 1,624\end{array}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | US\$ | 1,647 |  |
|  | Tyson Foods, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,624 | N/A | US\$ | 1,624 |  |


| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | December 31, 2022 |  |  |  |  | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership (\%) | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Fair } \\ \text { (Foreign } \\ \text { in Tho } \end{array}$ | Value urrencies sands) |  |
| TSMC Global | Quest Diagnostics Incorporated | - | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | US\$ 1,601 | N/A | US\$ | 1,601 |  |
|  | Gulfstream Natural Gas System, L.L.C. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,595 | N/A | US\$ | 1,595 |  |
|  | NatWest Group plc | - | " | - | US\$ 1,594 | N/A | US\$ | 1,594 |  |
|  | Burlington Northern Santa Fe, LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 1,591 | N/A | US\$ | 1,591 |  |
|  | Berkshire Hathaway Energy Company | - | " | - | US\$ 1,587 | N/A | US\$ | 1,587 |  |
|  | Walmart Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,583 | N/A | US\$ | 1,583 |  |
|  | University of California | - | " | - | US\$ 1,578 | N/A | US\$ | 1,578 |  |
|  | CSL Finance plc | - | " | - | US\$ 1,577 | N/A | US\$ | 1,577 |  |
|  | Raytheon Technologies Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 1,576 | N/A | US\$ | 1,576 |  |
|  | AIA Group Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 1,554 | N/A | US\$ | 1,554 |  |
|  | Midwest Connector Capital Company LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 1,551 | N/A | US\$ | 1,551 |  |
|  | eBay Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,532 | N/A | US\$ | 1,532 |  |
|  | UBS AG (LONDON BRANCH) | - | " | - | US\$ 1,522 | N/A | US\$ | 1,522 |  |
|  | Emerson Electric Co. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,508 | N/A | US\$ | 1,508 |  |
|  | MetLife, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,507 | N/A | US\$ | 1,507 |  |
|  | Westpac Banking Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 1,503 | N/A | US\$ | 1,503 |  |
|  | Glencore Funding LLC | - | , | - | US\$ 1,493 | N/A | US\$ | 1,493 |  |
|  | APA Infrastructure Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 1,483 | N/A | US\$ | 1,483 |  |
|  | Brookfield Finance LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 1,473 | N/A | US\$ | 1,473 |  |
|  | CK Hutchison International (19) Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 1,465 | N/A | US\$ | 1,465 |  |
|  | Amcor Flexibles North America Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,461 | N/A | US\$ | 1,461 |  |
|  | Microchip Technology Incorporated | - | " | - | US\$ 1,458 | N/A | US\$ | 1,458 |  |
|  | Commonwealth Bank of Australia | - | " | - | US\$ 1,452 | N/A | US\$ | 1,452 |  |
|  | UBS Group Funding (Jersey) Ltd. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,443 | N/A | US\$ | 1,443 |  |
|  | Marsh \& McLennan Companies, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,427 | N/A | US\$ | 1,427 |  |
|  | The Southern Company | - |  | - | US\$ 1,423 | N/A | USS | 1,423 |  |
|  | NSTAR Electric Company | - |  | - | US\$ 1,420 | N/A | US\$ | 1,420 |  |
|  | Duke Energy Florida, LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 1,419 | N/A | US\$ | 1,419 |  |
|  | Marathon Petroleum Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 1,411 | N/A | US\$ | 1,411 |  |
|  | Essex Portfolio, L.P. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,409 | N/A | US\$ | 1,409 |  |
|  | Alimentation Couche-Tard Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,389 | N/A | US\$ | 1,389 |  |
|  | ITC Holdings Corp. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,353 | N/A | USS | 1,353 |  |
|  | Alliant Energy Finance, LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 1,321 | N/A | USS | 1,321 |  |
|  | Eastern Gas Transmission and Storage, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,299 | N/A | US\$ | 1,299 |  |
|  | NetApp, Inc. | - | , | - | US\$ 1,265 | N/A | US\$ | 1,265 |  |
|  | Amphenol Corporation | - | , | - | US\$ 1,256 | N/A | US\$ | 1,256 |  |
|  | PACCAR Financial Corp. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,227 | N/A | USS | 1,227 |  |
|  | State Of Tennessee | - | " | - | US\$ 1,225 | N/A | US\$ | 1,225 |  |
|  | Met Tower Global Funding | - | , | - | US\$ 1,223 | N/A | US\$ | 1,223 |  |
|  | Elevance Health Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,215 | N/A | USS | 1,215 |  |
|  | Andrew W. Mellon Foundation, The | - | " | - | US\$ 1,208 | N/A | US\$ | 1,208 |  |
|  | American Honda Finance Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 1,174 | N/A | US\$ | 1,174 |  |
|  | Corebridge Financial, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,167 | N/A | US\$ | 1,167 |  |
|  | Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria, S.A. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,162 | N/A | USS | 1,162 |  |
|  | The Curators of the University of Missouri | - | " | - | US\$ 1,080 | N/A | US\$ | 1,080 |  |
|  | Ferguson Finance PLC | - | " | - | US\$ 1,077 | N/A | US\$ | 1,077 |  |
|  | Nucor Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 1,067 | N/A | US\$ | 1,067 |  |
|  | Baker Hughes Holdings LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 1,038 | N/A | USS | 1,038 |  |
|  | State Street Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 1,035 | N/A | US\$ | 1,035 |  |


| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | December 31, 2022 |  |  |  |  | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership (\%) | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Fai } \\ \text { (Foreign } \\ \text { in Th } \end{array}$ | Value urrencies sands) |  |
| TSMC Global | Enterprise Products Operating LLC | - | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | US\$ 1,028 | N/A | US\$ | 1,028 |  |
|  | IBERDROLA INTL BV | - |  | - | US\$ 1,015 | N/A | US\$ | 1,015 |  |
|  | The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company | - | " | - | US\$ 1,005 | N/A | US\$ | 1,005 |  |
|  | Baltimore Gas and Electric Company | - | " | - | US\$ 993 | N/A | US\$ | 993 |  |
|  | Sinopec Group Overseas Development (2014) Ltd. | - | " | - | US\$ 993 | N/A | US\$ | 993 |  |
|  | Entergy Mississippi, LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 989 | N/A | US\$ | 989 |  |
|  | Foxconn (Far East) Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 987 | N/A | US\$ | 987 |  |
|  | MassMutual Global Funding II | - | " | - | US\$ 987 | N/A | USS | 987 |  |
|  | BBVA México, S.A., Institución de Banca Múltiple, Grupo Financiero BBVA México | - | " | - | US\$ 985 | N/A | US\$ | 985 |  |
|  | Denver City \& County Housing Authority | - | " | - | US\$ 973 | N/A | USS | 973 |  |
|  | Pricoa Global Funding I | - | " | - | US\$ 963 | N/A | US\$ | 963 |  |
|  | Kansas City Southern | - | " | - | US\$ 940 | N/A | US\$ | 940 |  |
|  | Suntory Holdings Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 939 | N/A | US\$ | 939 |  |
|  | Shire Acquisitions Investments Ireland Designated Activity Company | - | " | - | US\$ 919 | N/A | US\$ | 919 |  |
|  | Unilever Capital Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 873 | N/A | US\$ | 873 |  |
|  | KeyBank National Association | - | " | - | US\$ 864 | N/A | USS | 864 |  |
|  | QNB Finance Ltd. | - | " | - | US\$ 859 | N/A | USS | 859 |  |
|  | AmerisourceBergen Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 834 | N/A | US\$ | 834 |  |
|  | Hormel Foods Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 820 | N/A | US\$ | 820 |  |
|  | BMW US Capital, LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 797 | N/A | USS | 797 |  |
|  | Palm Beach County, Florida | - | " | - | US\$ 795 | N/A | US\$ | 795 |  |
|  | Sinopec Capital (2013) Ltd. | - | " | - | US\$ 795 | N/A | US\$ | 795 |  |
|  | BHP Billiton Finance (USA) Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 795 | N/A | USS | 795 |  |
|  | TransCanada PipeLines Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 787 | N/A | USS | 787 |  |
|  | Oregon Health \& Science University | - | " | - | US\$ 772 | N/A | US\$ | 772 |  |
|  | Tencent Holdings Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 749 | N/A | US\$ | 749 |  |
|  | Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 745 | N/A | US\$ | 745 |  |
|  | CubeSmart, L.P. | - | " | - | US\$ 735 | N/A | US\$ | 735 |  |
|  | The Walt Disney Company | - | " | - | US\$ 732 | N/A | US\$ | 732 |  |
|  | Southern Power Company | - | " | - | US\$ 718 | N/A | US\$ | 718 |  |
|  | Visa Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 717 | N/A | US\$ | 717 |  |
|  | Canadian Natural Resources Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 700 | N/A | US\$ | 700 |  |
|  | Sky Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 684 | N/A | US\$ | 684 |  |
|  | Hyundai Capital Services, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 652 | N/A | US\$ | 652 |  |
|  | State Of Washington | - | " | - | US\$ 645 | N/A | USS | 645 |  |
|  | Abbott Laboratories | - | " | - | US\$ 643 | N/A | USS | 643 |  |
|  | Sodexo, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 640 | N/A | USS | 640 |  |
|  | Norsk Hydro ASA | - | " | - | US\$ 639 | N/A | US\$ | 639 |  |
|  | Stryker Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 635 | N/A | US\$ | 635 |  |
|  | Automatic Data Processing, Inc. |  | " | - | US\$ 626 | N/A | US\$ | 626 |  |
|  | Bell Canada, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 617 | N/A | US\$ | 617 |  |
|  | Keurig Dr Pepper Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 594 | N/A | US\$ | 594 |  |
|  | QUALCOMM Incorporated | - | , | - | US\$ 592 | N/A | USS | 592 |  |
|  | Republic Services, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 578 | N/A | USS | 578 |  |
|  | Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Finance Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 572 | N/A | US\$ | 572 |  |
|  | Lincoln National Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 571 | N/A | US\$ | 571 |  |
|  | Port of Morrow |  | " | - | US\$ 565 | N/A | USS | 565 |  |
|  | American Water Capital Corp. |  | " | - | US\$ 558 | N/A | US\$ | 558 |  |


| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | December 31, 2022 |  |  |  |  | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership (\%) | Fair (Foreign in Tho | rrencies <br> ands) |  |
| TSMC Global | Fifth Third Bank, National Association | - | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | US\$ 549 | N/A | USS | 549 |  |
|  | Duke Energy Progress, LLC | - |  | - | US\$ 544 | N/A | US\$ | 544 |  |
|  | Shell International Finance B.V. | - | " | - | US\$ 524 | N/A | US\$ | 524 |  |
|  | American International Group, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 518 | N/A | US\$ | 518 |  |
|  | Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. | - | " | - | US\$ 510 | N/A | USS | 510 |  |
|  | Arizona Public Service Company | - | " | - | US\$ 501 | N/A | US\$ | 501 |  |
|  | ConocoPhillips Company | - | " | - | US\$ 499 | N/A | US\$ | 499 |  |
|  | State of Hawaii | - | " | - | US\$ 498 | N/A | US\$ | 498 |  |
|  | United Parcel Service, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 493 | N/A | US\$ | 493 |  |
|  | Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (publ) | - | " | - | US\$ 491 | N/A | US\$ | 491 |  |
|  | Gsk Consumer Healthcare Capital Uk Plc | - | " | - | US\$ 476 | N/A | US\$ | 476 |  |
|  | Trane Technologies Luxembourg Finance S.A. | - | " | - | US\$ 472 | N/A | US\$ | 472 |  |
|  | Genuine Parts Company | - | " | - | US\$ 467 | N/A | US\$ | 467 |  |
|  | Altria Group, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 466 | N/A | US\$ | 466 |  |
|  | McCormick \& Company, Incorporated | - | " | - | US\$ 466 | N/A | US\$ | 466 |  |
|  | Ecolab Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 465 | N/A | US\$ | 465 |  |
|  | DENSO Corporation | - | , | - | US\$ 435 | N/A | US\$ | 435 |  |
|  | Brazos Higher Education Authority Inc | - | " | - | US\$ 429 | N/A | US\$ | 429 |  |
|  | PayPal Holdings, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 407 | N/A | US\$ | 407 |  |
|  | The Home Depot, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 406 | N/A | US\$ | 406 |  |
|  | Target Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 404 | N/A | US\$ | 404 |  |
|  | National Australia Bank Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 397 | N/A | US\$ | 397 |  |
|  | Aetna Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 396 | N/A | US\$ | 396 |  |
|  | Boston Properties Limited Partnership | - | " | - | US\$ 394 | N/A | US\$ | 394 |  |
|  | University of Massachusetts Building Authority | - | " | - | US\$ 387 | N/A | US\$ | 387 |  |
|  | Comerica Bank | - | " | - | US\$ 384 | N/A | US\$ | 384 |  |
|  | Entergy Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 379 | N/A | US\$ | 379 |  |
|  | Aflac Incorporated | - | " | - | US\$ 377 | N/A | US\$ | 377 |  |
|  | Banco del Estado de Chile | - | " | - | US\$ 377 | N/A | US\$ | 377 |  |
|  | McKesson Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 374 | N/A | US\$ | 374 |  |
|  | Sierra Pacific Power Company | - | " | - | US\$ 372 | N/A | USS | 372 |  |
|  | Honeywell International Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 370 | N/A | US\$ | 370 |  |
|  | NIKE, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 359 | N/A | USS | 359 |  |
|  | PepsiCo, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 357 | N/A | US\$ | 357 |  |
|  | First Republic Bank | - | " | - | US\$ 349 | N/A | US\$ | 349 |  |
|  | The Norinchukin Bank | - | " | - | US\$ 349 | N/A | US\$ | 349 |  |
|  | Principal Financial Group, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 348 | N/A | US\$ | 348 |  |
|  | Rabobank Nederland - New York Branch | - | " | - | US\$ 334 | N/A | US\$ | 334 |  |
|  | Amgen Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 310 | N/A | US\$ | 310 |  |
|  | Philip Morris International Inc. | - | ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | - | US\$ 297 | N/A | USS | 297 |  |
|  | Mid-America Apartments, L.P. | - | " | - | US\$ 295 | N/A | US\$ | 295 |  |
|  | The Allstate Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 293 | N/A | US\$ | 293 |  |
|  | Alabama State Federal Aid Highway Finance Authority | - | " | - | US\$ 292 | N/A | US\$ | 292 |  |
|  | TotalEnergies Capital International | - | " | - | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { US\$ } & 287 \\ \end{array}$ | N/A | USS | 287 |  |
|  | BOC Aviation (USA) Corporation | - |  | - | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { US\$ } & 285 \\ \text { US\$ } & 282\end{array}$ | N/A | US\$ | 285 |  |
|  | Aptiv PLC <br> Salesforce, Inc. | - | " | - | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { US\$ } & 282 \\ \text { US\$ } & 282 \end{array}$ | N/A N/A | US\$ | 282 282 |  |
|  | Barclays Bank PLC | - | " | - | US\$ 270 | N/A | US\$ | 270 |  |
|  | Johnson Controls International plc | - | , | - | US\$ 269 | N/A | US\$ | 269 |  |


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| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | December 31, 2022 |  |  |  |  | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership (\%) | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Fair } \\ \text { (Foreign } \\ \text { in Tho } \end{array}$ | Value urrencies sands) |  |
| TSMC Global | MRCD 2019-Prkc Mortgage Trust | - | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | US\$ 4,306 | N/A | US\$ | 4,306 |  |
|  | Bank 2017-BNK9 | - |  | - | US\$ 4,245 | N/A | US\$ | 4,245 |  |
|  | Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust 2014-GC21 | - | " | - | US\$ 4,127 | N/A | US\$ | 4,127 |  |
|  | Bank 2017 - BNK7 | - | " | - | US\$ 3,967 | N/A | US\$ | 3,967 |  |
|  | Bank 2019-Bnk17 | - | " | - | US\$ 3,904 | N/A | USS | 3,904 |  |
|  | JPMCC 2017-JP7 | - | " | - | US\$ 3,849 | N/A | US\$ | 3,849 |  |
|  | BANK 2017-BNK5 | - | " | - | US\$ 3,458 | N/A | US\$ | 3,458 |  |
|  | Msbam 2016-C29 | - | " | - | US\$ 3,433 | N/A | US\$ | 3,433 |  |
|  | Bank 2019-Bnk22 | - | " | - | US\$ 3,270 | N/A | US\$ | 3,270 |  |
|  | Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust 2019-Gc43 | - | " | - | US\$ 3,162 | N/A | US\$ | 3,162 |  |
|  | Commerce 2015-CCRE24 Mortgage Trust | - | " | - | US\$ 3,030 | N/A | US\$ | 3,030 |  |
|  | Msbam 2016-C31 | - | " | - | US\$ 2,983 | N/A | US\$ | 2,983 |  |
|  | WFRBS Commercial Mortgage Trust 2014-C25 | - | " | - | US\$ 2,882 | N/A | US\$ | 2,882 |  |
|  | Ford Credit Auto Owner Trust 2022-B | - | " | - | US\$ 2,850 | N/A | US\$ | 2,850 |  |
|  | Benchmark 2019-B15 Mortgage Trust | - | " | - | US\$ 2,790 | N/A | US\$ | 2,790 |  |
|  | Sreit Commercial Mortgage Trust 2021-Mfp | - | " | - | US\$ 2,789 | N/A | US\$ | 2,789 |  |
|  | GS Mortgage Securities Corporation Trust 2018-RIVR | - | " | - | US\$ 2,787 | N/A | USS | 2,787 |  |
|  | JPMDB 2017-C7 | - | " | - | US\$ 2,622 | N/A | US\$ | 2,622 |  |
|  | GS Mortgage Securities Trust 2015-GC32 | - | " | - | US\$ 2,600 | N/A | US\$ | 2,600 |  |
|  | Benchmark 2018-B3 Commercial Mortgage Trust | - | " | - | US\$ 2,473 | N/A | US\$ | 2,473 |  |
|  | Ford Credit Auto Owner Trust 2020-Rev1 | - | " | - | US\$ 2,343 | N/A | US\$ | 2,343 |  |
|  | GS Mortgage Securities Trust 2013-GCJ12 | - | " | - | US\$ 2,313 | N/A | US\$ | 2,313 |  |
|  | Mhc Commercial Mortgage Trust 2021-Mhc | - | " | - | US\$ 2,221 | N/A | US\$ | 2,221 |  |
|  | Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust 2015-P1 | - | " | - | US\$ 2,144 | N/A | US\$ | 2,144 |  |
|  | GM Financial Consumer Automobile Receivables Trust 2021-4 | - | " | - | US\$ 2,069 | N/A | US\$ | 2,069 |  |
|  | Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust 2015-GC27 | - | " | - | US\$ 2,055 | N/A | US\$ | 2,055 |  |
|  | Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2020-C55 | - | " | - | US\$ 2,046 | N/A | US\$ | 2,046 |  |
|  | UBS Commercial Mortgage Trust 2018-C11 | - | " | - | US\$ 1,983 | N/A | US\$ | 1,983 |  |
|  | Morgan Stanley Capital I Trust 2018-H3 | - | " | - | US\$ 1,970 | N/A | US\$ | 1,970 |  |
|  | Commerce 2013-CCRE12 Mortgage Trust | - | " | - | US\$ 1,962 | N/A | US\$ | 1,962 |  |
|  | Benchmark 2018-B4 Mortgage Trust | - | , | - | US\$ 1,946 | N/A | US\$ | 1,946 |  |
|  | Morgan Stanley Capital I Trust | - | " | - | US\$ 1,830 | N/A | USS | 1,830 |  |
|  | Dolp Trust 2021-NYC | - | " | - | US\$ 1,759 | N/A | USS | 1,759 |  |
|  | CGCMT 2017-P8 Mortgage Trust | - | " | - | US\$ 1,690 | N/A | US\$ | 1,690 |  |
|  | JPMBB Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust 2015-C28 | - | " | - | US\$ 1,585 | N/A | US\$ | 1,585 |  |
|  | Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2015-C30 | - | , | - | US\$ 1,547 | N/A | US\$ | 1,547 |  |
|  | JPMBB Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust 2015-C27 | - | " | - | US\$ 1,498 | N/A | US\$ | 1,498 |  |
|  | Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2018-C44 | - | " | - | US\$ 1,455 | N/A | US\$ | 1,455 |  |
|  | JPMBB Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust 2013-C12 | - | " | - | US\$ 1,450 | N/A | US\$ | 1,450 |  |
|  | COMM 2020-CBM Mortgage Trust | - | , | - | US\$ 1,421 | N/A | USS | 1,421 |  |
|  | Morgan Stanley Capital I Trust 2021-L5 | - | " | - | US\$ 1,331 | N/A | US\$ | 1,331 |  |
|  | Dbgs 2018-Biod Mortgage Trust | - | " | - | US\$ 1,257 | N/A | US\$ | 1,257 |  |
|  | Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2015-C29 | - | " | - | US\$ 1,225 | N/A | US\$ | 1,225 |  |
|  | WFRBS Commercial Mortgage Trust 2013-UBS1 | - | " | - | US\$ 1,217 | N/A | USS | 1,217 |  |
|  | Honda Auto Receivables 2021-2 Owner Trust | - | " | - | US\$ 1,209 | N/A | US\$ | 1,209 |  |
|  | WFRBS Commercial Mortgage Trust 2013-C13 | - | " | - | US\$ 1,164 | N/A | US\$ | 1,164 |  |
|  | Toyota Auto Receivables 2021-D Owner Trust | - | " | - | US\$ 1,131 | N/A | US\$ | 1,131 |  |
|  | Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2017-C40 | - | " | - | US\$ 1,054 | N/A | USS | 1,054 |  |
|  | Morgan Stanley Capital I Trust 2015 - UBS8 | - | " | - | US\$ 946 | N/A | US\$ | 946 |  |



\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Held Company Name} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Marketable Securities Type and Name} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Relationship with the Company} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Financial Statement Account} \& \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{December 31, 2022} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Note} \\
\hline \& \& \& \& Shares/Units (In Thousands) \& Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) \& Percentage of Ownership (\%) \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
\text { Fai } \\
\text { (Foreign } \\
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\end{array}
\] \& Value urrencies sands) \& \\
\hline \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Non-publicly traded equity investments LiquidLeds Lighting Corp. \\
Neoconix, Inc.
\end{tabular} \& - \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income \\
"
\end{tabular} \& 1,952
4,147 \& \(\begin{array}{lll}\text { US\$ } \& 800 \\ \text { US\$ } \& 174\end{array}\) \& 14 \& US\$
US\$ \& 800
174 \& \\
\hline \multirow[t]{8}{*}{Emerging Fund} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Non-publicly traded equity investments Astera Labs, Inc. \\
CNEX Labs, Inc.
\end{tabular} \& - \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income \\
"
\end{tabular} \& 637
33

30 \& $\begin{array}{cr}\text { US\$ } & 4,146 \\ \text { US\$ } & 166\end{array}$ \& - \& US\$
US\$ \& 4,146
166 \& <br>

\hline \& | Publicly traded stocks |
| :--- |
| Marvell Technology Group Ltd. | \& - \& Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income \& 30 \& US\$ 1,097 \& - \& US\$ \& 1,097 \& <br>

\hline \& Convertible bonds EdgeQ Inc. \& - \& Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss \& - \& US\$ 4,000 \& N/A \& US\$ \& 4,000 \& <br>
\hline \& Non-publicly traded equity investments Astera Labs, Inc. \& - \& Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income \& 1,487 \& US\$ 9,680 \& - \& US\$ \& 9,680 \& <br>
\hline \& Empower Semiconductor, Inc. Kinara, Inc. \& - \& " \& 868

2,015 \& $$
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\hline \& NeuReality Ltd. \& - \& " \& 122 \& US\$ 3,000 \& 3 \& USS \& 3,000 \& <br>

\hline \& | RiVos, Inc. |
| :--- |
| Publicly traded stocks | \& - \& \[

\prime
\] \& 750 \& US\$ 2,000 \& - \& US\$ \& 2,000 \& <br>

\hline \& Credo Technology Group Holding Ltd. \& - \& Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income \& 491 \& US\$ 6,529 \& - \& USS \& 6,529 \& <br>
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\end{tabular}

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries
MARKETABLE SECURITIES ACQUIRED AND DISPOSED OF AT COSTS OR PRICES OF AT LEAST NTS 300 MILLION OR 20\％OF THE PAID－IN CAPITAL （Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars，Unless Specified Otherwise）

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| Financial Statement Account |  | $===$ |  |  | $==$ |  |  |  | $\approx==$ |  |
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[^2]Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries
ACQUISITION OF INDIVIDUAL REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES AT COSTS OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 20\% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| Company Name | Types of Property | Transaction Date | Transaction <br> Amount <br> (Foreign <br> Currencies in <br> Thousands) | Payment Term | Counterparty | Nature ofRelationships | Prior Transaction of Related Counterparty |  |  |  | PriceReference | Purpose of Acquisition | Other Terms |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Owner | Relationships | Transfer Date | Amount |  |  |  |
| TSMC | Real estate | February 15, 2022 (Note) | $\begin{gathered} \$ 213,300,000 \\ \text { (Note) } \end{gathered}$ | Based on the terms in the purchase order | 122 counterparties (Note), including: <br> ABB Ltd. <br> Accudevice Co., Ltd. <br> Addtron Technology (Japan), Inc. <br> Aegis Technology Co. <br> Air Liquid Japan G.K. <br> Air Liquide Far Eastern Ltd. <br> Air Water Plant Engineering Co., Ltd. <br> Allis Electric Co., Ltd. <br> Am-Power Machine International Enterprise Co., Ltd. <br> Atlas Copco Taiwan Ltd. <br> Atlas Technology Corp. <br> Capital Machinery Limited <br> Chen Yuan International Co., Ltd. <br> Chenfull International Co., Ltd. <br> Cheng Deh Fire Protection Industrial Corp. <br> Chien Kuo Construction Co., Ltd. <br> China Steel Structure Co., Ltd. <br> Chun Yuan Steel Industry Co., Ltd. | - | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | Price comparison and price negotiation | Manufacturing purpose | None |



| Company Name | Types of Property | Transaction Date | Transaction Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Payment Term | Counterparty | Nature of Relationships | Prior Transaction of Related Counterparty |  |  |  | Price <br> Reference | Purpose of Acquisition | Other Terms |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Owner | Relationships | Transfer Date | Amount |  |  |  |
| TSMC | Real estate |  |  |  | ```Johnson Controls York Taiwan Co, Ltd. Jusun Instruments Co., Ltd. Kajima Corporation Kanto Chemical Engineering Co., Ltd. Kao Hsin Engineering Co., Ltd. Kedge Construction Co., Ltd. Kinetics Technology Corporation Koei International Corp. Kuken Kogyo Co., Ltd. Kurita Water Industries Ltd., Taiwan Kyudenko Corporation L\&K Engineering Co., Ltd. Lead-Fu Industrials Corporation Lee Ming Construction Co., Ltd. Lumax International Corp., Ltd. Mandartech Interiors Inc. Marketech International Corp. Mega Union Technology Incorporated Mitsubishi Heavy Industries Air-Conditioning \& Refrigeration Corporation Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Ltd. NAGASE \& CO. LTD. NEC Facilities, Ltd. Organo Corporation Organo Technology Co., Ltd. Ovivo Taiwan Co., Ltd.``` |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Company <br> Name | Types of Property | Transaction Date | Transaction Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Payment Term | Counterparty | Nature of Relationships | Prior Transaction of Related Counterparty |  |  |  | Price <br> Reference | Purpose of Acquisition | Other Terms |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Owner | Relationships | Transfer Date | Amount |  |  |  |
| TSMC | Real estate |  |  |  | ```Pan Asia (Engineers \& Constructors) Corporation Quicken System Integration Co., Ltd. Ruentex Engineering \& Construction Co., Ltd. SACHEM Inc. San Fu Chemical Co., Ltd. Schneider Electric Taiwan Co., Ltd. Seibu Giken Co., Ltd. Shihlin Electric \& Engineering Corporation Shimizu Corporation Siemens Limited SN Tech Corporation Solomon Technology Corporation Sumitomo Corporation Swift Engineering Co., Ltd. Taikisha Ltd. Taisei Corporation Taiwan Gleno Enterprise Co., Ltd. Taiwan Obayashi Corporation Taiwan Puritic Corp. Taiyo Nippon Sanso Corporation TASA Construction Corporation Techgo Industrial Co., Ltd. Toshiba Mitsubishi-Electric Industrial Systems Corporation Toyoko Kagaku Co., Ltd. Trane Taiwan Distribution Limited``` |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



| Company Name | Types of Property | Transaction Date | Transaction Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Payment Term | Counterparty | Nature of Relationships | Prior Transaction of Related Counterparty |  |  |  | Price Reference | Purpose of Acquisition | Other Terms |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Owner | Relationships | Transfer Date | Amount |  |  |  |
| TSMC | Real estate |  |  |  | Atlas Technology Corp. <br> Capital Machinery Limited <br> Central Taiwan Science Park <br> Bureau, Ministry of Science and Technology <br> Century Iron and Steel Industrial Co., Ltd. <br> Chen Yuan International Co., Ltd. <br> Chenfull International Co., Ltd. <br> Cheng Deh Fire Protection Industrial Corp. <br> Chien Kuo Construction Co., Ltd. <br> China Steel Structure Co., Ltd. <br> Chun Yuan Steel Industry Co., Ltd. <br> Chung-Lin General Contractors, Ltd. <br> Cica-Huntek Chemical Technology Taiwan Co., Ltd. <br> Confederate Technology Co., Ltd. <br> Da-Cin Construction Co., Ltd. <br> Desiccant Technology Corporation <br> Evergreen Steel Corporation <br> Exyte Taiwan Co., Ltd. <br> Fortune Electric Co., Ltd. <br> Fu Tsu Construction Co., Ltd. <br> Hantech Engineering Co., Ltd. <br> Hsieh Kun Co., Ltd. <br> Hsinchu Science Park Bureau, Ministry of Science and Technology <br> Hueng Luei Process Industry Co., Ltd. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Company <br> Name | Types of Property | Transaction Date | Transaction Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Payment Term | Counterparty | Nature of Relationships | Prior Transaction of Related Counterparty |  |  |  | Price <br> Reference | Purpose of Acquisition | Other Terms |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Owner | Relationships | Transfer Date | Amount |  |  |  |
| TSMC | Real estate |  |  |  | ```Immense Team Construction \& Building Co., Ltd. Ingersoll-Rand Southeast Asia (Pte) Ltd. Taiwan Branch (Singapore) J.C. Yang Architect and Associates Jaie Haour Industry Corporation JG Environmental Technology Co., Ltd. JJmr-Clean-Air Solution Tech.Services Co., Ltd. Ju Yao Construction Co., Ltd. Jusun Instruments Co., Ltd. Kedge Construction Co., Ltd. Kinetics Technology Corporation L\&K Engineering Co., Ltd. Lead-Fu Industrials Corporation Lee Ming Construction Co., Ltd. Li Jin Engineering Co., Ltd. Mandartech Interiors Inc. Marketech International Corp. Mega Union Technology Incorporated Organo Technology Co., Ltd. Ovivo Taiwan Co., Ltd. Pan Asia (Engineers \& Constructors) Corporation Ruentex Engineering \& Construction Co., Ltd. San Fu Chemical Co., Ltd. Schneider Electric Taiwan Co., Ltd. Shihlin Electric \& Engineering Corporation``` |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Company Name | Types of Property | Transaction Date | Transaction Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Payment Term | Counterparty | Nature of Relationships | Prior Transaction of Related Counterparty |  |  |  | Price Reference | Purpose of Acquisition | Other Terms |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Owner | Relationships | Transfer Date | Amount |  |  |  |
| TSMC | Real estate |  |  |  | Siemens Limited <br> Solomon Technology <br> Corporation <br> Southern Taiwan Science Park Bureau, Ministry of Science and Technology Swift Engineering Co., Ltd. <br> Taiwan Gleno Enterprise Co., Ltd. <br> Taiwan Obayashi <br> Corporation <br> Taiwan Puritic Corp. <br> TASA Construction <br> Corporation <br> Techgo Industrial Co., Ltd. <br> Trusval Technology Co., Ltd. <br> Tung Kang Steel Structure Corp. <br> Uangyih-Tech Industrial Co., Ltd. <br> Unelectra International Corp. <br> United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. <br> Versum Materials Taiwan Co., Ltd. <br> Weltall Technology Corporation <br> Wholetech System Hitech Limited <br> Yangtech Engineering Co., Ltd. <br> Yankey Engineering Co., Ltd. <br> Ying Pao Technology Inc. Zhao-Cheng Corp. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries
TOTAL PURCHASES FROM OR SALES TO RELATED PARTIES OF AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20\% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| Company Name | Related Party | Nature of Relationships | Transaction Details |  |  |  | Abnormal Transaction |  | Notes/Accounts Payable or Receivable |  | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Purchases/ Sales | Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \% to } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ | Payment Terms | Unit Price | Payment Terms | Ending Balance (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \% to } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| TSMC | TSMC North America | Subsidiary | Sales | \$ 1,538,849,403 | 68 | Net 30 days from invoice date (Note) | - | (Note) | \$ 171,738,863 | 80 |  |
|  | TSMC Nanjing | Subsidiary | Sales | 155,024 | - | Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued | - | - | ${ }^{-}$ | - |  |
|  | GUC | Associate | Sales | 11,346,289 | 1 | Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued | - | - | 1,300,302 | 1 |  |
|  | TSMC Nanjing | Subsidiary | Purchases | 43,186,122 | 26 | Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued | - | - | $(4,105,919)$ | 7 |  |
|  | TSMC China | Subsidiary | Purchases | 28,400,454 | 17 | Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued | - | - | $(2,296,083)$ | 4 |  |
|  | WaferTech | Indirect subsidiary | Purchases | 10,336,735 | 6 | Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued | - | - | $(855,952)$ | 1 |  |
|  | SSMC | Associate | Purchases | 4,572,894 | 3 | Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued | - | - | $(385,979)$ | 1 |  |
|  | VIS | Associate | Purchases | 1,849,937 | 1 | Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued | - | - | $(190,587)$ | - |  |
| TSMC North America | GUC | Associate of TSMC | Sales | $\begin{array}{lc}  & 3,204,489 \\ \text { (US\$ } & 106,695) \end{array}$ | - | Net 30 days from invoice date | - | - | $\begin{array}{lr}  & 171,049 \\ \text { (US\$ } & 5,569) \end{array}$ | - |  |
| VisEra Tech | Xintec | Associate of TSMC | Sales | 787,702 | 9 | Net 60 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued | - | - | 112,607 | 15 |  |

Note: The tenor is determined by the payment terms granted to its clients by TSMC North America.
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries
RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20\% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL
(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

Note 1: The calculation of turnover days excludes other receivables from related parties.
Note 2: The ending balance is primarily consisted of other receivables, which is not applicable for the calculation of turnover days.
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries
INTERCOMPANY RELATIONSHIPS AND SIGNIFICANT INTERCOMPANY TRANSACTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022
(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| No. | Company Name | Counterparty | Nature of Relationship (Note 1) | Intercompany Transactions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Financial Statements Item | Amount | Terms (Note 2) | Percentage of Consolidated Net Revenue or Total Assets |
| 0 | TSMC | TSMC North America | 1 | Net revenue from sale of goods | \$ 1,538,849,403$171,738,863$$6,184,798$$98,595,725$$142,132,113$ | - | $\begin{array}{r} 68 \% \\ 3 \% \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Receivables from related parties |  | - |  |
|  |  |  |  | Other receivables from related parties |  | - | 3\% |
|  |  |  |  | Accrued expenses and other current liabilities |  | - | 2\% |
|  |  |  |  | Other noncurrent liabilities |  |  | 3\% |
|  |  | JASM | 1 | Other noncurrent assets | 6,925,782 | - | - |
|  |  | TSMC JDC | 1 | Research and development expenses | 505,454 | - | - |
|  |  | TSMC 3DIC | 1 | Research and development expenses | 787,114 | - | - |
|  |  | TSMC Europe | 1 | Marketing expenses-commission | 541,200 | - | - |
|  |  | TSMC China | 1 | Purchases <br> Marketing expenses-commission Payables to related parties | 28,400,454 | - | 1\% |
|  |  |  |  |  | 329,166 | - | - |
|  |  |  |  |  | 2,296,083 |  | - |
|  |  | TSMC Nanjing | 1 | Purchases <br> Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Gains from disposal of property, plant and equipment Payables to related parties | 43,186,122 | - | 2\% |
|  |  |  |  |  | 673,945 | - | - |
|  |  |  |  |  | 302,234 | - | - |
|  |  |  |  |  | 4,105,919 | - |  |
|  |  | TSMC Technology | 1 | Research and development expenses Payables to related parties | $\begin{array}{r} 3,653,480 \\ 744,620 \end{array}$ | - | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | WaferTech | 1 | Purchases <br> Payables to related parties | $\begin{array}{r} 10,336,735 \\ 855,952 \end{array}$ | - | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | TSMC China | TSMC Nanjing | 3 | Interest income Other receivables from related parties | $\begin{array}{r} 436,902 \\ 45,353,940 \end{array}$ | - | 1\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note 1: No. 1 represents the transactions from parent company to subsidiary.
No. 3 represents the transactions between subsidiaries.


## Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries

NAMES, LOCATIONS, AND RELATED INFORMATION OF INVESTEES OVER WHICH THE COMPANY EXERCISES SIGNIFICANT INFLUENCE (EXCLUDING INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| Investor Company | Investee Company | Location | Main Businesses and Products | Original Investment Amount |  | Balance as of December 31, 2022 |  |  | Net Income (Losses) of the Investee (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Share of <br> Profits/Losses <br> of Investee <br> (Note 1) <br> (Foreign <br> Currencies in <br> Thousands) | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | December 31, 2022 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | December 31, 2021 <br> (Foreign <br> Currencies in Thousands) | Shares (In Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) |  |  |  |
| TSMC | TSMC Global TSMC Partners | Tortola, British Virgin Islands Tortola, British Virgin Islands | Investment activities <br> Investing in companies involved in the semiconductor design and manufacturing, and other investment activities | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 355,162,309 \\ 31,456,130 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 355,162,309 \\ 31,456,130 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11 \\ 988,268 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & 100 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 411,992,426 \\ 63,697,217 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rr} 7,308,722 \\ 3,135,764 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,308,722 \\ 3,135,764 \end{array}$ | Subsidiary Subsidiary |
|  | TSMC Arizona | Phoenix, Arizona, U.S.A. | Manufacturing, sales and testing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | 37,015,800 | 21,643,300 | 1,270 | 100 | 25,639,079 | $(9,430,070)$ | (9,430,070) | Subsidiary |
|  | JASM | Kumamoto, Japan | Manufacturing, sales, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | 24,567,085 | 1,416,921 | 1,020 | 71 | 23,330,125 | $(593,429)$ | $(452,020)$ | Subsidiary |
|  | VIS | Hsin-Chu, Taiwan | Manufacturing, sales, packaging, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices and the manufacturing and design service of masks | 10,180,677 | 10,180,677 | 464,223 | 28 | 13,492,653 | 15,280,388 | 4,322,799 | Associate |
|  | VisEra Tech | Hsin-Chu, Taiwan | Research, design, development, manufacturing, sales, packaging and test of color filter | 4,224,082 | 4,224,082 | 213,619 | 68 | 11,467,860 | 1,765,796 | 1,253,986 | Subsidiary |
|  | SSMC | Singapore | Manufacturing and sales of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | 5,120,028 | 5,120,028 | 314 | 39 | 8,934,731 | 3,540,176 | 1,373,234 | Associate |
|  | TSMC North America | San Jose, California, U.S.A | Sales and marketing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | 333,718 | 333,718 | 11,000 | 100 | 5,449,755 | 62,213 | 62,213 | Subsidiary |
|  | Xintec | Taoyuan, Taiwan | Wafer level chip size packaging and wafer level post passivation interconnection service | 1,988,317 | 1,988,317 | 111,282 | 41 | 3,528,417 | 1,983,736 | 813,516 | Associate |
|  | Emerging Fund | Cayman Islands | Investing in technology start-up companies | 1,269,425 | 298,618 | - | 99.9 | 1,760,885 | $(6,917)$ | $(6,910)$ | Subsidiary |
|  | GUC | Hsin-Chu, Taiwan | Researching, developing, manufacturing, testing and marketing of integrated circuits | 386,568 | 386,568 | 46,688 | 35 | 1,666,651 | 3,710,442 | 1,292,705 | Associate |
|  | TSMC 3DIC | Yokohama, Japan | Engineering support activities | 1,144,356 | 278,986 | 49 | 100 | 1,172,706 | 27,950 | 27,950 | Subsidiary |
|  | TSMC Europe | Amsterdam, the Netherlands | Customer service and supporting activities | 15,749 | 15,749 |  | 100 | 527,693 | $(4,926)$ | $(4,926)$ | Subsidiary |
|  | TSMC JDC | Yokohama, Japan | Engineering support activities | 410,680 | 410,680 | 15 | 100 | 376,176 | 20,303 | 20,303 | Subsidiary |
|  | VTAF III | Cayman Islands | Investing in technology start-up companies | 1,239,621 | 1,321,594 | - | 98 | 246,702 | $(6,700)$ | $(6,566)$ | Subsidiary |
|  | TSMC Japan | Yokohama, Japan Cayman Islands | Customer service and supporting activities Investing in technology start-up companies | 83,760 260,300 | 83,760 260,300 | 6 | 100 98 | 134,560 71,429 | 6,559 319 | 6,559 313 | Subsidiary Subsidiary |
|  | VTAF II <br> TSMC Korea | Cayman Islands Seoul, Korea | Investing in technology start-up companies Customer service and supporting activities | 260,300 13,656 | 260,300 13,656 | 80 | 98 100 | 71,429 44,082 | 319 1,408 | r 313 | Subsidiary Subsidiary |
| TSMC Partners | TSMC Development | Delaware, U.S.A | Investing in companies involved in semiconductor manufacturing | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 18,026,652 \\ \text { (US\$ 586,939) } \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 18,026,652 \\ \text { (US\$ } 586,939) \end{gathered}\right.$ | - | 100 | $\begin{gathered} 36,609,536 \\ \text { (US\$1,191,988) } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 2,620,596 \\ \text { (US\$ } \\ 87,795) \end{array}\right\|$ | Note 2 | Subsidiary |
|  | TSMC Technology | Delaware, U.S.A | Engineering support activities | $\left\|\begin{array}{cc}  & 438,644 \\ \text { (US\$ } & 14,282) \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{cc}  & 438,644 \\ \text { (USS } & 14,282) \end{array}\right\|$ | - | 100 | $\left[\begin{array}{cc}  & 993,700 \\ \text { (US\$ } & 32,354) \end{array}\right.$ | $\left.\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{cc}  & 66,998 \\ \text { (US\$ } & 2,150 \end{array}\right.\right)$ | Note 2 | Subsidiary |
|  | TSMC Canada | Ontario, Canada | Engineering support activities | $\left.\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{cc}  & 70,640 \\ \text { (US\$ } & 2,300 \end{array}\right.\right)$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{cc}  & 70,640 \\ \text { (USS } & 2,300 \end{array}\right\|$ | 2,300 | 100 | $\left[\begin{array}{cc} \text { (US\$ } & 32,059 \\ & 10,454) \end{array}\right]$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{cc} \text { Us\$ } & 3,1097 \\ & 1,971 \end{array}\right\|$ | Note 2 | Subsidiary |
| VTAF III | Growth Fund | Cayman Islands | Investing in technology start-up companies | (US\$ 67,429 | $\left\|\begin{array}{cc}  & 79,970 \\ \text { (USS } & 2,604) \end{array}\right\|$ | - | 100 | (US\$ $\begin{aligned} & 166,549 \\ & 5,423)\end{aligned}$ | (US\$ $\begin{gathered}\text { (609) } \\ \text { (21) }\end{gathered}$ | Note 2 | Subsidiary |
|  | Mutual-Pak | New Taipei, Taiwan | Manufacturing of electronic parts, wholesaling and retailing of electronic materials, and researching, developing and testing of RFID | $\left\|\begin{array}{cc}  & 48,937 \\ \text { (US\$ } & 1,593) \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{cc}  & 48,937 \\ \text { (USS } & 1,593) \end{array}\right\|$ | 4,693 | 28 | $\left[\begin{array}{lr}  & 19,053 \\ \text { (US\$ } & 620 \end{array}\right)$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{cc}  & (13,738) \\ \text { (USS } & (464) \end{array}\right\|$ | Note 2 | Associate |


| Investor Company | Investee Company | Location | Main Businesses and Products | Original Investment Amount |  | Balance as of December 31, 2022 |  |  | Net Income(Losses) of theInvestee(ForeignCurrencies inThousands) | Share ofProfits/Lossesof Investee(Note 1)(ForeignCurrencies inThousands) | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | December 31, 2022 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | December 31, 2021 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Shares (In Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) |  |  |  |
| TSMC Development | Wafer Tech | Washington, U.S.A | Manufacturing, sales and testing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | \$ - | \$ - | 293,637 | 100 | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \$ 6,251,109 \\ (\text { USS } 203,533) \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{cc} \$ & 2,29,054 \\ (\text { USS } & 77,303) \end{array}\right\|$ | Note 2 | Subsidiary |

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries
INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA
FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022
(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| Investee Company | Main Businesses and Products | Total Amount of Paid-in Capital (RMB in Thousands) |  | Method of Investment | Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2022 (US\$ in Thousands) |  | Investment Flows |  | Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2022 (US\$ in Thousands) | Net Income (Losses) of the Investee Company | Percentage of Ownership | Share of Profits/Losses | Carrying Amount as of Balance as of December 31, 2022 | Accumulated Inward Remittance of Earnings as of December 31, 2022 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Outflow } \\ \text { (US\$ in } \\ \text { Thousands) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | Inflow |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TSMC China | Manufacturing, sales, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | $\begin{aligned} & \$ \\ & \text { (RMB } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 18,939,667 \\ 4,502,080) \end{gathered}$ |  | Note 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ \\ & \text { (US } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 18,939,667 \\ 596,000) \end{array}$ | \$ | \$ | $\begin{array}{cc} \$ & 18,939,667 \\ \text { (US\$ } & 596,000) \end{array}$ | \$ 12,411,290 | 100\% | \$ 12,223,165 <br> (Note 2) | \$ 87,028,722 | \$ |
| TSMC Nanjing | Manufacturing, sales, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | (RMB | $\begin{gathered} 30,521,412 \\ 6,650,119) \end{gathered}$ | Note 1 | (US\$ | $\begin{gathered} 30,521,412 \\ 1,000,000) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 30,521,412 \\ \text { (US\$ } 1,000,000 \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | 20,486,591 | 100\% | $\begin{array}{r} 20,473,263 \\ \text { (Note 2) } \end{array}$ | 67,385,300 | - |


| Accumulated Investment in Mainland China <br> as of S December 31, 2022 <br> (US\$ in Thousands) | Investment Amounts Authorized by <br> Investment Commission, MOEA <br> (US\$ in Thousands) | Upper Limit on Investment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 49,461,079$ <br> (US\$ 1,596,000) | $\$ 119,412,667$ <br> (US\$ 3,596,000) | $\$ 1,776,293,320$ <br> (Note 3) |

Note 1: TSMC directly invested US $\$ 596,000$ thousand in TSMC China and US $\$ 1,000,000$ thousand in TSMC Nanjing.
Note 2: Amount was recognized based on the audited financial statements.
Note 3: The upper limit on investment in mainland China is determined by sixty percent $(60 \%)$ of the Company's consolidated net worth.
TABLE 11
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited
INFORMATION ON MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS
DECEMBER 31, 2022

Note: Major shareholders shows the list of all shareholders with ownership of 5 percent or greater.

## Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

Parent Company Only Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 and Independent Auditors' Report

Deloitte \＆Touche
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Xinyi Dist．．Taipei 11073，Taiwan

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS＇REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

## Opinion

We have audited the accompanying parent company only financial statements of Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited（the＂Company＂），which comprise the parent company only balance sheets as of December 31， 2022 and 2021，and the parent company only statements of comprehensive income，changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended，and notes to the parent company only financial statements， including a summary of significant accounting policies．

In our opinion，the accompanying parent company only financial statements present fairly，in all material respects， the accompanying parent company only financial position of the Company as of December 31， 2022 and 2021， and its parent company only financial performance and its parent company only cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers．

## Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China．Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors＇Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements section of our report．We are independent of the Company in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China，and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements．We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion．

## Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that，in our professional judgment，were of most significance in our audit of the parent company only financial statements for the year ended December 31，2022．These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the parent company only financial statements as a whole，and in forming our opinion thereon，and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters．

Key audit matter for the Company＇s parent company only financial statements for the year ended December 31， 2022 is stated as follows：

Property，plant and equipment（PP\＆E）－commencement of depreciation related to PP\＆E classified as equipment under installation and construction in progress（EUI／CIP）

Refer to Notes 4,5 and 13 to the parent company only financial statements．
The Company＇s evaluation of when to commence depreciation of EUI／CIP involves determining when the assets are available for their intended use．The criteria the Company uses to determine whether EUI／CIP are available for their intended use involves subjective judgments and assumptions about the conditions necessary for the assets
to be capable of operating in the intended manner. Changes in these assumptions could have a significant impact on when depreciation is recognized.

Given the subjectivity in determining the date to commence depreciation of EUI/CIP, performing audit procedures to evaluate the reasonableness of the Company's judgments and assumptions required a high degree of auditor judgment. Consequently, the validity of commencement of depreciation related to PP\&E classified as EUI/CIP is identified as a key audit matter.

Our audit procedures related to the evaluation of when to commence depreciation of EUI/CIP included the following, among others:

1. We read the Company's policy and understood the criteria used to determine when to commence depreciation.
2. We tested the effectiveness of the controls over the evaluation of when to commence depreciation of EUI/CIP.
3. We sampled the year-end balance of EUI/CIP and performed the following for each selection:
a. Evaluated whether the selection did not meet the criteria specified by the Company for commencement of depreciation.
b. Observed the assets and evaluated their status.
4. We sampled and evaluated whether the selection of EUI/CIP met the criteria specified by the Company for commencement of depreciation during the year.
5. We sampled and evaluated whether the selection of EUI/CIP met the criteria specified by the Company for commencement of depreciation subsequent to year end.

## Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Parent Company Only Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the parent company only financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of parent company only financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including members of the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the parent company only financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these parent company only financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the parent company only financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the parent company only financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the parent company only financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the parent company only financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the parent company only financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the parent company only financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audits resulting in this independent auditors' report are Mai Yen Chiang and Shang Chin Lin.




Deloitte \& Touche
Taipei, Taiwan
Republic of China
February 14, 2023

## Notice to Readers

The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

## ASSETS

## CURRENT ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note 7)
Financial assets at amortized cost (Note 8)
Notes and accounts receivable, net (Note 10)
Receivables from related parties (Note 31)
Other receivables from related parties (Note 31)
Inventories (Notes 5 and 11)
Other financial assets
Other current assets

## Total current assets

NONCURRENT ASSETS
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income
Investments accounted for using equity method (Note 12)
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 5 and 13)
Right-of-use assets (Notes 5 and 14)
Intangible assets (Notes 5 and 15)
Deferred income tax assets (Notes 5 and 24)
Refundable deposits
Other noncurrent assets (Note 31)
Total noncurrent assets
TOTAL

## LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

CURRENT LIABILITIES
Short-term loans (Notes 16 and 28 )
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Note 7)
Accounts payable
Payables to related parties (Note 31)
Salary and bonus payable
Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors (Note 27)
Payables to contractors and equipment suppliers
Cash dividends payable (Note 19)
Income tax payable (Notes 5 and 24)
Long-term liabilities - current portion (Notes 17 and 28)
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities (Notes 5, 14, 20, 28 and 31)
Total current liabilities
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES
Bonds payable (Notes 17 and 28)
Deferred income tax liabilities (Notes 5 and 24)
Lease liabilities (Notes 5, 14 and 28)
Net defined benefit liability (Note 18)
Guarantee deposits
Others (Notes 20 and 31)
Total noncurrent liabilities
Total liabilities
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS OF THE PARENT
Capital stock (Note 19)
Capital surplus (Note 19)
Retained earnings (Note 19)
Appropriated as legal capital reserve
Appropriated as special capital reserve
Unappropriated earnings

## Others (Note 19)

Total equity
TOTAL

| $\$$ | - |
| ---: | ---: |
| 17,468 |  |
| $48,732,542$ |  |
| $10,051,044$ |  |
| $31,308,620$ |  |
| $61,392,175$ |  |
| $200,046,018$ |  |
| $142,617,093$ |  |
| $120,077,567$ |  |
| $18,100,000$ |  |
| $266,903,073$ |  |
|  |  |
| $899,245,600$ |  |

$361,130,474$
908,273
$27,593,900$
27,593,900
9,321,091

| $177,681,258$ |
| ---: |


| $1,476,765,869$ |
| ---: |


| 259,303,805 | 6 | 259,303,805 | 8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 69,330,328 | 2 | 64,761,602 | 2 |
| 311,146,899 | 7 | 311,146,899 | 9 |
| 3,154,310 | - | 59,304,212 | 2 |
| 2,323,223,479 | 53 | 1,536,378,550 | 46 |
| 2,637,524,688 | 60 | 1,906,829,661 | 57 |
| $(20,505,626)$ | (1) | $(62,608,515)$ | (2) |
| 2,945,653,195 | 67 | 2,168,286,553 | 65 |
| \$ 4,422,419,064 | 100 | \$ 3,378,495,145 | 100 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

## Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

|  | 2022 |  | 2021 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amount | \% | Amount | \% |
| NET REVENUE (Notes 5, 20 and 31) | \$ 2,252,320,561 | 100 | \$ 1,574,745,881 | 100 |
| COST OF REVENUE (Notes 5, 11, 27 and 31) | 951,927,673 | 42 | 786,116,844 | 50 |
| GROSS PROFIT | 1,300,392,888 | 58 | 788,629,037 | 50 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 5, 27 and 31) |  |  |  |  |
| Research and development | 160,813,633 | 7 | 123,417,275 | 8 |
| General and administrative | 42,764,642 | 2 | 30,967,600 | 2 |
| Marketing | 6,059,649 | - | 4,282,882 | - |
| Total operating expenses | 209,637,924 | 9 | 158,667,757 | 10 |
| OTHER OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES, NET <br> (Notes 13 and 27) | $(8,275)$ | (1) | $(328,444)$ | - |
| INCOME FROM OPERATIONS | 1,090,746,689 | 48 | 629,632,836 | 40 |
| NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES |  |  |  |  |
| Share of profits of subsidiaries and associates (Note 12) | 42,415,408 | 2 | 26,837,174 | 2 |
| Interest income (Note 21) | 5,957,864 | 1 | 927,754 | - |
| Other income | 887,958 | - | 789,810 | - |
| Foreign exchange gain, net (Note 33) | 853,022 | - | 14,682,696 | 1 |
| Finance costs (Note 22) | $(3,240,406)$ | - | $(2,534,721)$ | - |
| Other gains and losses, net (Note 23) | 3,053,281 | - | $(9,833,358)$ | (1) |
| Total non-operating income and expenses | 49,927,127 | 3 | 30,869,355 | 2 |
| INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX | 1,140,673,816 | 51 | 660,502,191 | 42 |
| INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 5 and 24) | 124,143,567 | 6 | 63,962,178 | 4 |
| NET INCOME | 1,016,530,249 | 45 | 596,540,013 | 38 |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Notes 5, 12, 18, 19 and 24) |  |  |  |  |
| Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: |  |  |  |  |
| Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation | $(823,060)$ | - | 242,079 | - |
| Unrealized gain on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income | 18,979 | - | 170,127 | - |
| Loss on hedging instruments | - | - | $(41,416)$ | - |
| Share of other comprehensive gain/(loss) of subsidiaries and associates | $(127,903)$ | - | 1,697,885 | - |
| Income tax benefit (expense) related to items that will not be reclassified subsequently | $\frac{733,956}{(198,028)}$ | - | $(85,269)$ $1,983,406$ | - |

(Continued)

## Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited <br> PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME <br> (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

|  | 2022 |  |  | 2021 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amount |  | \% | Amount |  | \% |
| Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations | \$ | 51,030,928 | 2 | \$ | $(6,182,507)$ | - |
| Share of other comprehensive loss of subsidiaries and associates |  | $(8,244,295)$ | - |  | $(3,419,483)$ | - |
| Income tax benefit (expense) related to items that may be reclassified subsequently |  | $\begin{array}{r} 6,036 \\ \hline 42,792,669 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\underline{2}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} (3,370) \\ \hline(9,605,360) \end{array}$ | - |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of income tax |  | 42,594,641 | 2 |  | $(7,621,954)$ | - |
| TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME |  | ,059,124,890 | 47 | \$ | 588,918,059 | 38 |
| EARNINGS PER SHARE (NT\$, Note 25) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basic earnings per share | \$ | 39.20 |  | \$ | 23.01 |  |
| Diluted earnings per share |  | 39.20 |  | \$ | 23.01 |  |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited
Parent company only statements of changes in equity
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)


## Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

## PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Income before income tax | \$ 1,140,673,816 | \$ 660,502,191 |
| Adjustments for: |  |  |
| Depreciation expense | 413,595,082 | 402,931,257 |
| Amortization expense | 8,706,961 | 8,100,730 |
| Expected credit losses recognized on investments in debt instruments | 10,341 | - |
| Finance costs | 3,240,406 | 2,534,721 |
| Share of profits of subsidiaries and associates | $(42,415,408)$ | $(26,837,174)$ |
| Interest income | $(5,957,864)$ | $(927,754)$ |
| Share-based compensation | 266,746 | - |
| Loss (gain) on disposal or retirement of property, plant and equipment, net | $(436,567)$ | 222,387 |
| Loss (gain) on disposal or retirement of intangible assets, net | 3,720 | $(7,332)$ |
| Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment | 790,740 | 274,388 |
| Loss (gain) on foreign exchange, net | 9,965,603 | $(16,975,706)$ |
| Dividend income | $(207,028)$ | $(178,979)$ |
| Others | 131,637 | $(370,086)$ |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: |  |  |
| Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss | $(1,025,979)$ | 2,482,448 |
| Notes and accounts receivable, net | 4,588,461 | $(11,289,182)$ |
| Receivables from related parties | $(34,692,438)$ | $(36,571,200)$ |
| Other receivables from related parties | $(1,074,087)$ | $(3,503,728)$ |
| Inventories | $(23,123,047)$ | $(54,861,812)$ |
| Other financial assets | 1,894,328 | $(2,371,699)$ |
| Other current assets | $(712,233)$ | $(2,445,945)$ |
| Other noncurrent assets | (8,532,751) | - |
| Accounts payable | 7,528,120 | 4,965,785 |
| Payables to related parties | 2,362,846 | $(746,871)$ |
| Salary and bonus payable | 10,494,186 | 3,336,396 |
| Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors | 25,303,189 | 826,049 |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities | 47,110,082 | 82,992,551 |
| Other noncurrent liabilities | 86,831,552 | 154,036,474 |
| Net defined benefit liability | $(2,538,848)$ | $(635,116)$ |
| Cash generated from operations | 1,642,781,566 | 1,165,482,793 |
| Income taxes paid | $(83,364,086)$ | $(81,550,608)$ |
| Net cash generated by operating activities | 1,559,417,480 | 1,083,932,185 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES |  |  |
| Acquisitions of: |  |  |
| Financial assets at amortized cost | $(97,748,105)$ | - |
| Equity interest in subsidiary | - | $(157,243)$ |
| Property, plant and equipment | $(897,574,802)$ | $(793,327,208)$ |
| Intangible assets | $(6,679,871)$ | (8,998,084) |
| Proceeds from disposal or redemption of: |  |  |
| Financial assets at amortized cost | 49,190,000 | - |
| Property, plant and equipment | 1,665,212 | 462,138 |
| Intangible assets | 3,750 | - |
| Proceeds from return of capital of investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income | 2,938 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 6,257 } \\ \text { (Continued) } \end{gathered}$ |

## Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

## PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)|  | 2022 |  | 2021 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Interest received | \$ | 4,889,786 | \$ | 902,872 |
| Other dividends received |  | 207,028 |  | 178,979 |
| Dividends received from investments accounted for using equity method |  | 3,248,044 |  | 2,560,790 |
| Increase in prepayments for leases |  | - |  | $(1,200,000)$ |
| Refundable deposits paid |  | $(1,611,716)$ |  | $(225,347)$ |
| Refundable deposits refunded |  | 406,185 |  | 605,714 |
| Net cash used in investing activities |  | (944,001,551) |  | (799,191,132) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES |  |  |  |  |
| Decrease in short-term loans |  | $(111,959,992)$ |  | $(50,538,933)$ |
| Proceeds from issuance of bonds |  | 65,400,000 |  | 142,318,000 |
| Repayment of bonds |  | $(4,400,000)$ |  | $(2,600,000)$ |
| Payments for transaction costs attributable to the issuance of bonds |  | $(69,528)$ |  | $(146,157)$ |
| Treasury stock acquired |  | $(871,566)$ |  | - |
| Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities |  | $(1,848,257)$ |  | $(1,466,130)$ |
| Interest paid |  | $(3,757,985)$ |  | $(1,997,383)$ |
| Guarantee deposits received |  | 216,589 |  | 467,964 |
| Guarantee deposits refunded |  | $(45,643)$ |  | $(7,234)$ |
| Cash dividends |  | $(285,234,185)$ |  | (265,786,399) |
| Disposal of ownership interests in subsidiaries (without losing control) |  | - |  | 9,451,798 |
| Payment of partial acquisition of interests in subsidiaries |  | $(40,421,374)$ |  | $(21,318,931)$ |
| Proceeds from partial disposal of interests in subsidiaries |  | 144,505 |  | - |
| Donation from shareholders |  | 13,163 |  | 10,876 |
| Net cash used in financing activities |  | $(382,834,273)$ |  | (191,612,529) |
| NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS |  | 232,581,656 |  | 93,128,524 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR |  | 396,294,241 |  | 303,165,717 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR | \$ | 628,875,897 | \$ | 396,294,241 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

# Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited <br> NOTES TO PARENT COMPANY ONLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <br> FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 <br> (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise) 

## 1. GENERAL

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited (the "Company" or "TSMC"), a Republic of China (R.O.C.) corporation, was incorporated on February 21, 1987. The Company is a dedicated foundry in the semiconductor industry which engages mainly in the manufacturing, sales, packaging, testing and computeraided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices and the manufacturing of masks.

On September 5, 1994, the Company's shares were listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE). On October 8, 1997, the Company listed some of its shares of stock on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) in the form of American Depositary Shares (ADSs).

The address of its registered office and principal place of business is No. 8, Li-Hsin Rd. 6, Hsinchu Science Park, Taiwan.

## 2. THE AUTHORIZATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying parent company only financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on February 14, 2023.

## 3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

a. Initial application of the amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, "IFRSs") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

The initial application of the amendments to the IFRSs endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC did not have a significant effect on the Company's accounting policies.
b. The IFRSs issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and endorsed by the FSC with effective date starting 2023

Effective Date Issued
New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations by IASB

Amendments to IAS 1 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies" Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates" Amendments to IAS 12 "Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction"

January 1, 2023
January 1, 2023
January 1, 2023
c. The IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

## Effective Date Issued by IASB

New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations

Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"
Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or
Non-current" and "Non-current Liabilities with Covenants"

As of the date the accompanying parent company only financial statements were authorized for issue, the Company continues in evaluating the impact on its financial position and financial performance from the initial adoption of the aforementioned standards or interpretations and related applicable period. The related impact will be disclosed when the Company completes its evaluation.

## 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

For the convenience of readers, the accompanying parent company only financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the R.O.C. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language parent company only financial statements shall prevail.

## Statement of Compliance

The accompanying parent company only financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers (the "Accounting Standards Used in Preparation of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements").

## Basis of Preparation

The accompanying parent company only financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments that are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for the assets.

When preparing the parent company only financial statements, the Company account for subsidiaries and associates by using the equity method. In order to agree with the amount of net income, other comprehensive income and equity attributable to shareholders of the parent in the consolidated financial statements, the differences of the accounting treatment between the parent company only basis and the consolidated basis are adjusted under the heading of investments accounted for using equity method, share of profits of subsidiaries and associates and share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries and associates in the parent company only financial statements.

## Foreign Currencies

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Such exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss in the year in which they arise. Non-monetary items measured at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items are included in profit or loss for the year except for exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognized directly in other comprehensive income. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currencies are not retranslated.

For the purposes of presenting parent company only financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Company's foreign operations are translated into NT\$ using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity.

## Classification of Current and Noncurrent Assets and Liabilities

Current assets are assets held for trading purposes and assets expected to be converted to cash, sold or consumed within one year from the end of the reporting period. Current liabilities are obligations incurred for trading purposes and obligations expected to be settled within one year from the end of the reporting period. Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are noncurrent assets and liabilities, respectively.

## Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents, for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments, consist of highly liquid time deposits and investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

## Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities shall be recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized at fair values. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

## Financial Assets

The classification of financial assets depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. Regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date or settlement date basis for which financial assets were classified in the same way, respectively. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.
a. Category of financial assets and measurement

Financial assets are classified into the following categories: financial assets at FVTPL, investments in debt instruments and equity instruments at FVTOCI, and financial assets at amortized cost.

1) Financial asset at FVTPL

For certain financial assets which include debt instruments that do not meet the criteria of amortized cost or FVTOCI, it is mandatorily required to measure them at FVTPL. Any gain or loss arising from remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognized in profit or loss incorporates any interest earned on the financial asset.
2) Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI

Debt instruments with contractual terms specifying that cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, together with objective of collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, are measured at FVTOCI.

Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment gains or losses on investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI are recognized in profit or loss. Other changes in the carrying amount of these debt instruments are recognized in other comprehensive income and will be reclassified to profit or loss when these debt instruments are disposed.
3) Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI

On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate investments in equity investments that is not held for trading as at FVTOCI.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in other equity.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are recognized in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the Company's rights clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.
4) Measured at amortized cost

Cash and cash equivalents, commercial paper, debt instrument investments, notes and accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables, refundable deposits and temporary payments (classified under other current assets and other noncurrent assets) are measured at amortized cost.

Debt instruments with contractual terms specifying that cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, together with objective of holding financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, are measured at amortized cost.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets measured at amortized cost are measured at amortized cost, which equals to carrying amount determined by the effective interest method less any impairment loss.
b. Impairment of financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, a loss allowance for expected credit loss is recognized for financial assets at amortized cost (including accounts receivable) and for investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI.

The loss allowance for accounts receivable is measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. For financial assets at amortized cost and investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, when the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, a loss allowance is recognized at an amount equal to expected credit loss resulting from possible default events of a financial instrument within 12 months after the reporting date. If, on the other hand, there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is recognized at an amount equal to expected credit loss resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

The Company recognizes an impairment loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, for which the loss allowance is recognized in other comprehensive income and does not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset.
c. Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset at amortized cost in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss. On derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument at FVTOCI, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income is recognized in profit or loss. However, on derecognition of an investment in an equity instrument at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income is transferred directly to retained earnings, without recycling through profit or loss.

## Financial Liabilities and Equity Instruments

## Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

## Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

## Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured either at amortized cost using effective interest method or at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities are classified as at fair value through profit or loss when the financial liability is either held for trading or is designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities other than those held for trading purposes and designated as at FVTPL are subsequently measured at amortized cost at the end of each reporting period.

## Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognized in profit or loss.

## Derivative Financial Instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative financial instrument is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

## Hedge Accounting

## Cash flow hedge

The Company designates certain hedging instruments, such as forward exchange contracts, to partially hedge its foreign exchange rate risks associated with certain highly probable forecast transactions (capital expenditures). The effective portion of changes in the fair value of hedging instruments is recognized in other comprehensive income. When the forecast transactions actually take place, the associated gains or losses that were recognized in other comprehensive income are transferred from equity to the initial cost of the hedged items. The gains or losses from hedging instruments relating to the ineffective portion are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

The Company prospectively discontinues hedge accounting only when the hedging relationship ceases to meet the qualifying criteria; for instance, when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated, or exercised.

## Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventories are recorded at standard cost and adjusted to approximate weighted-average cost at the end of the reporting period. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price of inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

## Investments Accounted for Using Equity Method

Investments accounted for using the equity method include investments in subsidiaries and associates.

## Investment in subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity that is controlled by the Company.
Under the equity method, an investment in a subsidiary is initially recognized at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Company's share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the subsidiary as well as the distribution received. The Company also recognized its share in the changes in the equity of subsidiaries.

Changes in the Company's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Company losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. Any difference between the carrying amount of the subsidiary and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.

When the Company loses control of a subsidiary, any retained investment of the former subsidiary is measured at the fair value at that date. A gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss and calculated as the difference between (a) the aggregate of the fair value of consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest at the date when control is lost; and (b) the previous carrying amount of the investments in such subsidiary. In addition, the Company shall account for all amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary on the same basis as would be required if the subsidiary had directly disposed of the related assets and liabilities.

When the Company transacts with its subsidiaries, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the subsidiaries are recognized in the Company's parent company only financial statements only to the extent of interests in the subsidiaries that are not owned by the Company.

## Investment in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Company has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The operating results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these parent company only financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognized in the statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Company's share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate as well as the distribution received. The Company also recognizes its share in the changes in the equities of associates.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of an associate recognized at the date of acquisition is recognized as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognized forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognized to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When the Company subscribes to additional shares in an associate at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment differs from the amount of the Company's proportionate interest in the net assets of the associate. The Company records such a difference as an adjustment to investments with the corresponding amount charged or credited to capital surplus. If the Company's ownership interest is reduced due to the additional subscription to the shares of associate by other investors, the proportionate amount of the gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate shall be reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

When the Company transacts with an associate, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognized in the Company's parent company only financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not owned by the Company.

## Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment. Costs include any incremental costs that are directly attributable to the construction, acquisition of the item of property, plant and equipment or borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

Property, plant and equipment in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognized impairment loss. Such assets are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other identical categories of property, plant and equipment, commences when the assets are available for their intended use.

Depreciation is recognized so as to write off the cost of the assets less their residual values over their useful lives, and it is computed using the straight-line method mainly over the following estimated useful lives: buildings (assets used by the Company and assets subject to operating leases) - 10 to 20 years; machinery and equipment (assets used by the Company and assets subject to operating leases) - 5 years; and office equipment - 5 years. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimates accounted for on a prospective basis. Land is not depreciated.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the assets. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in profit or loss.

## Leases

For a contract that contains a lease component and non-lease component, the Company may elect to account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

## The Company as lessor

Rental income from operating lease is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

## The Company as lessee

Except for payments for low-value asset leases and short-term leases (leases of machinery and equipment and others) which are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis, the Company recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases at the commencement date of the lease.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost. The cost of right-of-use assets comprises the initial measurement of lease liabilities adjusted for lease payments and initial direct costs made at or before the commencement date, plus an estimate of costs needed to restore the underlying assets. Subsequent measurement is calculated as cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss and adjusted for changes in lease liabilities as a result of lease term modifications or other related factors. Right-of-use assets are presented separately in the parent company only balance sheets.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement dates to the earlier of the end of the useful lives of the right-of-use assets or the end of the lease terms. If the lease transfers ownership of the underlying assets to the Company by the end of the lease terms or if the cost of right-of-use assets reflects that the Company will exercise a purchase option, the Company depreciates the right-of-use assets from the commencement dates to the end of the useful lives of the underlying assets.

Lease liabilities are measured at the present value of the lease payments. Lease payments comprise fixed payments, variable lease payments which depend on an index or a rate and the exercise price of a purchase option if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option. The lease payments are discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rates.

Subsequently, lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized over the lease terms. When there is a change in a lease term, a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or a rate used to determine those payments, or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase an underlying asset, the Company remeasures the lease liabilities with a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use assets. Lease liabilities are presented on a separate line in the parent company only balance sheets.

## Intangible Assets

## Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

## Other intangible assets

Other separately acquired intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Amortization is recognized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives: Technology license fees - the estimated life of the technology or the term of the technology transfer contract; software and system design costs - 3 years or contract period; patent and others - the economic life or contract period. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

## Impairment of Tangible Assets, Right-of-use Assets and Intangible Assets

## Goodwill

Goodwill is not amortized and instead is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the cash generating unit may be impaired. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Company's cash generating units or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit. If the recoverable amount of a cash generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the difference is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to such cash-generating unit and then to the other assets of the cash generating unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the cash generating unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognized directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

Tangible assets, right-of-use assets and other intangible assets
At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets (property, plant and equipment), right-of-use assets and other intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or a cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

## Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when performance obligations are satisfied. The performance obligations are satisfied when customers obtain control of the promised goods which is generally when the goods are delivered to the customers' specified locations.

Revenue from sale of goods is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances. Estimated sales returns and other allowances is generally made and adjusted based on historical experience and the consideration of varying contractual terms to recognize refund liabilities, which is classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities.

In principle, payment term granted to customers is due 30 days from the invoice date or 30 days from the end of the month of when the invoice is issued. Due to the short term nature of the receivables from sale of goods with the immaterial discounted effect, the Company measures them at the original invoice amounts without discounting.

## Employee Benefits

## Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities recognized in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for service rendered by employees.

## Retirement benefits

For defined contribution retirement benefit plans, payments to the benefit plan are recognized as an expense when the employees have rendered service entitling them to the contribution. For defined benefit retirement benefit plans, the cost of providing benefit is recognized based on actuarial calculations.

Defined benefit costs (including service cost, net interest and remeasurement) under the defined benefit retirement benefit plans are determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Service cost (including current service cost), and net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset) are recognized as employee benefits expense in the period they occur. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets (excluding interest), is recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Net defined benefit liability represents the actual deficit in the Company's defined benefit plan.

## Treasury Stock

Treasury stock represents the outstanding shares that the Company buys back from market, which is stated at cost and shown as a deduction in shareholders' equity. When the Company retires treasury stock, the treasury stock account is reduced and the common stock as well as the capital surplus - additional paid-in capital are reversed on a pro rata basis. When the book value of the treasury stock exceeds the sum of the par value and additional paid-in capital, the difference is charged to capital surplus - treasury stock transactions and to retained earnings for any remaining amount.

## Share-based payment arrangements

a. Equity-settled share-based payment arrangements

Restricted shares for employees are expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the fair value at the grant date and the Company's best estimate of the number expected to ultimately vest, with a corresponding increase in other equity - unearned employee benefits.

When restricted shares for employees are issued, other equity - unearned employee benefits is recognized on the grant date, with a corresponding increase in capital surplus - restricted shares for employees. Dividends paid to employees on restricted shares which do not need to be returned if employees resign in the vesting period are recognized as expenses upon the dividend declaration with a corresponding adjustment in retained earnings.

At the end of each reporting period, the Company revises its estimate of the number of restricted shares for employees that are expected to vest. The impact from such revision is recognized in profit or loss so that the cumulative expenses reflect the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to capital surplus - restricted shares for employees.
b. Cash-settled share-based payment arrangements

For cash-settled share-based payments, a liability is recognized for the services acquired, measured at the fair value of the liability incurred. At the end of each reporting period until the liability is settled, and at the date of settlement, the fair value of the liability is remeasured, with any changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss.

## Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

## Current tax

Income tax on unappropriated earnings is expensed in the year the shareholders approved the appropriation of earnings which is the year subsequent to the year the earnings are generated.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax provision.

## Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the parent company only financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences, net operating loss carryforwards and tax credits for research and development expenses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered. The deferred tax assets which originally not recognized is also reviewed
at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year in which the liability is settled or the asset is realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

## Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

## 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION AND UNCERTAINTY

The Company has considered the economic implications of COVID-19 on critical accounting estimates and will continue evaluating the impact on its financial position and financial performance as a result of the pandemic.

In the application of the aforementioned Company's accounting policies, the Company is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of the revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

## Critical Accounting Judgments

## Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when the conditions described in Note 4 are satisfied.

## Commencement of Depreciation Related to Property, Plant and Equipment Classified as Equipment under Installation and Construction in Progress (EUI/CIP)

As described in Note 4, commencement of depreciation related to EUI/CIP involves determining when the assets are available for their intended use. The criteria the Company uses to determine whether EUI/CIP are available for their intended use involves subjective judgments and assumptions about the conditions necessary for the assets to be capable of operating in the intended manner.

## Judgments on Lease Terms

In determining a lease term, the Company considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise or not to exercise an option, including any expected changes in facts and circumstances from the commencement date until the exercise date of the option. Main factors considered include contractual terms and conditions covered by the optional periods, and the importance of the underlying asset to the lessee's operations, etc. The lease term is reassessed if a significant change in circumstances that are within the control of the Company occurs.

## Key Sources of Estimation and Uncertainty

## Estimation of Sales Returns and Allowances

Sales returns and other allowance is estimated and recorded based on historical experience and in consideration of different contractual terms. The amount is deducted from revenue in the same period the related revenue is recorded. The Company periodically reviews the reasonableness of the estimates.

## Valuation of Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, and the Company uses estimate to determine the net realizable value of inventory at the end of each reporting period.

The Company estimates the net realizable value of inventory for normal waste, obsolescence and unmarketable items at the end of reporting period and then writes down the cost of inventories to net realizable value. The net realizable value of the inventory is determined mainly based on assumptions of future demand within a specific time horizon.

## Impairment of Tangible Assets, Right-of-use Assets and Intangible Assets Other than Goodwill

In the process of evaluating the potential impairment of tangible assets, right-of-use assets and intangible assets other than goodwill, the Company determines the independent cash flows, useful lives, expected future revenue and expenses related to the specific asset groups with the consideration of the nature of semiconductor industry. Any change in these estimates based on changed economic conditions or business strategies could result in significant impairment charges or reversal in future years.

## Realization of Deferred Income Tax Assets

Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deferred tax assets can be utilized. Assessment of the realization of the deferred tax assets requires subjective judgment and estimate, including the future revenue growth and profitability, tax holidays, the amount of tax credits can be utilized and feasible tax planning strategies. Any changes in the global economic environment, the industry trends and relevant laws and regulations could result in significant adjustments to the deferred tax assets.

## Determination of Lessees' Incremental Borrowing Rates

In determining a lessee's incremental borrowing rate used in discounting lease payments, the Company mainly takes into account the market risk-free rates, the estimated lessee's credit spreads and secured status in a similar economic environment.

## 6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

|  | December 31, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | December 31, <br> 2021 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Cash and deposits in banks | $\$ 618,449,503$ | $\$ 395,463,340$ |
| Commercial paper | $9,566,430$ | - |
| Repurchase agreements | 859,964 | 830,901 |

Deposits in banks consisted of highly liquid time deposits that were readily convertible to known amounts of cash and were subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

| Financial assets |
| :--- |
| Mandatorily measured at FVTPL <br> Forward exchange contracts |
| Financial liabilities |
| Held for trading <br> Forward exchange contracts |
| The Comber 31, <br> The Company entered into forward exchange contracts to manage exposures due to fluctuations of foreign <br> exchange rates. These forward exchange contracts did not meet the criteria for hedge accounting. Therefore, <br> the Company did not apply hedge accounting treatment for these forward exchange contracts. |

Outstanding forward exchange contracts consisted of the following:

Maturity Date | Contract Amount |
| :---: |
| (In Thousands) |

December 31, 2022
Sell NT\$
January 2023 to March 2023
NT\$ 79,610,590
December 31, 2021
Sell NT\$
January 2022 to March 2022
NT\$ 132,734,482
8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTIZED COST

|  | December 31, <br> 2022 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Commercial paper | $\$ 48,742,817$ |
| Less: Allowance for impairment loss | $(10,341)$ |
|  | $\$ 48,732,476$ |

Refer to Note 30 for information relating to credit risk management and expected credit loss for financial assets at amortized cost.

## 9. HEDGING FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company entered into forward exchange contracts to partially hedge foreign exchange rate risks associated with certain highly probable forecast transactions (capital expenditures). The hedge ratio is adjusted in response to the changes in the financial market and capped at $100 \%$. The forward exchange contracts have maturities of 12 months or less.

On the basis of economic relationships, the Company expects that the value of forward exchange contracts and the value of hedged transactions change in opposite directions in response to movements in foreign exchange rates.

The main source of hedge ineffectiveness in these hedging relationships is driven by the effect of the counterparty's own credit risk on the fair value of forward exchange contracts. No other sources of ineffectiveness emerged from these hedging relationships during the hedging period. For the years ended December 31, 2021, refer to Note 19(d) for gain or loss arising from changes in the fair value of hedging instruments and the amount transferred to initial carrying amount of hedged items.

The effect of hedging foreign currency risk for the years ended December 31, 2021 is detailed below:
$\left.\begin{array}{cc} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Change in } \\ \text { Value Used for } \\ \text { Calculating } \\ \text { Hedge }\end{array} \\ \text { Ineffectiveness }\end{array}\right\}$

## 10. NOTES AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At amortized cost |  |  |
| Notes and accounts receivable | \$ 34,316,916 | \$ 42,046,293 |
| Less: Loss allowance | $(330,686)$ | $(345,905)$ |
|  | 33,986,230 | 41,700,388 |
| At FVTOCI | 7,325,606 | 4,199,909 |
|  | \$ 41,311,836 | \$ 45,900,297 |

The Company signed a contract with the bank to sell certain accounts receivable without recourse and transaction cost required. These accounts receivable are classified as at FVTOCI because they are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.

In principle, the payment term granted to customers is due 30 days from the invoice date or 30 days from the end of the month when the invoice is issued. Aside from recognizing impairment loss for credit-impaired accounts receivable, the Company recognizes loss allowance based on the expected credit loss ratio of customers by different risk levels with consideration of factors of historical loss ratios and customers' financial conditions, competitiveness and business outlook. For accounts receivable past due over 90 days without collaterals or guarantees, the Company recognizes loss allowance at full amount.

|  | December 31, 2022 | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Not past due | \$ 40,353,856 | \$ 44,056,424 |
| Past due |  |  |
| Past due within 30 days | 1,268,778 | 2,188,337 |
| Past due over 31 days | 19,888 | 1,441 |
| Less: Loss allowance | $(330,686)$ | $(345,905)$ |
|  | \$ 41,311,836 | \$ 45,900,297 |

All of the Company's accounts receivable classified as at FVTOCI were not past due.
Movements of the loss allowance for accounts receivable

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ |
| Balance, beginning of year | $\$ 345,905$ | $\$ 243,710$ |
| Provision (Reversal) | $(15,219)$ | 102,195 <br> Balance, end of year |

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the changes in loss allowance were mainly due to the variations in the balance of accounts receivable of different risk levels.

## 11. INVENTORIES

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Finished goods | \$ 52,318,299 | \$ 32,290,346 |
| Work in process | 120,893,772 | 134,097,879 |
| Raw materials | 19,750,618 | 10,368,446 |
| Supplies and spare parts | 15,320,206 | 8,403,177 |
|  | \$ 208,282,895 | \$ 185,159,848 |

Write-down of inventories to net realizable value and reversal of write-down of inventories resulting from the increase in net realizable value were included in the cost of revenue during reporting period. The amounts are illustrated below:

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 | 2021 |
| Inventory losses | $\$ 4,613,077$ | $\$ \quad 520,096$ |

## 12. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING EQUITY METHOD

Investments accounted for using the equity method consisted of the following:

|  | December 31, <br> 2022 | December 31, <br> 2021 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Subsidiaries | $\$ 700,324,717$ | $\$ 580,702,074$ |
| Associates | $27,622,452$ | $\underline{21,940,470}$ |
|  |  |  |
|  | $\underline{\$ 727,947,169}$ | $\underline{\$ 602,642,544}$ |

a. Investments in subsidiaries

Subsidiaries consisted of the following:

| Subsidiaries | Principal Activities | Place of Incorporation and Operation | Carrying Amount |  | Percentage of Ownership |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| TSMC Global Ltd. <br> (TSMC Global) | Investment activities | Tortola, British Virgin Islands | \$ 411,992,426 | \$ 374,639,406 | 100\% | 100\% |
| TSMC China Company Limited (TSMC China) | Manufacturing, selling, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | Shanghai, China | 87,028,722 | 73,470,628 | 100\% | 100\% |
| TSMC Nanjing Company Limited (TSMC Nanjing) | Manufacturing, selling, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | Nanjing, China | 67,385,300 | 46,159,494 | 100\% | 100\% |
| TSMC Partners, Ltd. (TSMC Partners) | Investing in companies involved in the design, manufacture, and other related business in the semiconductor industry and other investment activities | Tortola, British Virgin Islands | 63,697,217 | 54,968,185 | 100\% | 100\% |
| TSMC Arizona <br> Corporation (TSMC Arizona) | Manufacturing, selling and testing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | Phoenix, Arizona, U.S.A. | 25,639,079 | 16,667,696 | 100\% | 100\% |
| Japan Advanced <br> Semiconductor <br> Manufacturing, Inc. <br> (JASM) | Manufacturing, sales, testing and computer aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | Kumamoto, Japan | 23,330,125 | 1,383,554 | 71\% | 100\% |
| VisEra Technologies Company Ltd. (VisEra Tech) | Research, design, development, manufacturing, sales, packaging and test of color filter | Hsinchu, Taiwan | 11,467,860 | 6,521,231 | 68\% | 73\% |
| TSMC North America | Selling and marketing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | San Jose, California, U.S.A. | 5,449,755 | 4,871,149 | 100\% | 100\% |
| Emerging Fund L.P.(Emerging Fund) | Investing in technology start-up companies | Cayman Islands | 1,760,885 | 286,205 | 99.9\% | 99.9\% |
| TSMC Japan 3DIC R\&D Center, Inc. (TSMC 3DIC) | Engineering support activities | Yokohama, Japan | 1,172,706 | 270,513 | 100\% | 100\% |
| TSMC Europe B.V. <br> (TSMC Europe) | Customer service and supporting activities | Amsterdam, the Netherlands | 527,693 | 509,880 | 100\% | 100\% |
| TSMC Design Technology Japan, Inc. (TSMC JDC) | Engineering support activities | Yokohama, Japan | 376,176 | 368,144 | 100\% | 100\% |
| VentureTech Alliance Fund III, L.P. (VTAF III) | Investing in new start-up technology companies | Cayman Islands | 246,702 | 300,401 | 98\% | 98\% |
| TSMC Japan Limited (TSMC Japan) | Customer service and supporting activities | Yokohama, Japan | 134,560 | 132,411 | 100\% | 100\% |
| VentureTech Alliance <br> Fund II, L.P. <br> (VTAF II) | Investing in new start-up technology companies | Cayman Islands | 71,429 | 112,320 | 98\% | 98\% |
| TSMC Korea Limited (TSMC Korea) | Customer service and supporting activities | Seoul, Korea | 44,082 | 40,857 | 100\% | 100\% |
|  |  |  | \$700,324,717 | \$580,702,074 |  |  |

The Company increased its investment in TSMC Arizona for the amount of NT\$15,372,500 thousand and NT\$20,787,702 thousand in both of 2022 and 2021, respectively. Under the terms of the development agreement entered into between TSMC Arizona and the City of Phoenix, the City of Phoenix commits approximately US $\$ 205$ million toward various public infrastructure projects in the area of the proposed manufacturing facility, conditioned on TSMC Arizona's achieving a minimum project scale with defined spending and job-creation thresholds.

The Company established a subsidiary, JASM, in December 2021 and invested in JASM for the amount of NT\$1,416,921 thousand in January 2022. The Company continually increased its investment in JASM for the amount of NT\$23,150,164 in 2022. After JASM's capital increase in January 2022, the Company's shareholding in JASM decreased from $100 \%$ to $81 \%$. In addition, JASM increased its capital by issuing noncumulative preferred shares and common shares in April 2022, the Company's shareholding in JASM decreased from $81 \%$ to $71 \%$ and the proportion of voting right remain $81 \%$. The aforementioned transactions were accounted for as an equity transaction since the transaction did not change the Company's control over JASM.

To facilitate VisEra's IPO in Taiwan in June 2022, 39,501 thousand common shares of VisEra at a price of $\mathrm{NT} \$ 240$ were sold by the Company and an increase of $\mathrm{NT} \$ 8,406,282$ thousand in capital surplus was recognized. The Company's shareholding in VisEra decreased from $87 \%$ to $73 \%$. In addition, VisEra has increased its capital in June 2022. After the increase in capital, the Company's shareholding in VisEra decreased from $73 \%$ to $68 \%$. The aforementioned transactions were accounted for as an equity transaction since the transaction did not change the Company's control over VisEra.

The Company established a subsidiary in January 2021 and, in both of 2022 and 2021, continually increased its investment in Emerging Fund for the amounts of NT\$1,033,339 thousand and NT\$298,618 thousand, respectively.

The Company established a subsidiary in March 2021 and, in both of 2022 and 2021, continually increased its investment in TSMC 3DIC for the amounts of NT\$865,370 thousand and NT\$278,986 thousand, respectively.
b. Investments in associates

Associates consisted of the following:

| Name of Associate | Principal Activities | Place of Incorporation and Operation | Carrying Amount |  | \% of Ownership and Voting Rights Held by the Company |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| Vanguard International Semiconductor Corporation (VIS) | Manufacturing, sales, packaging, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices and the manufacturing and design service of masks | Hsinchu, Taiwan | \$ 13,492,653 | \$ 10,613,127 | 28\% | 28\% |
| Systems on Silicon <br> Manufacturing Company Pte Ltd. (SSMC) | Manufacturing and selling of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | Singapore | 8,934,731 | 6,795,699 | 39\% | 39\% |
| Xintec Inc. (Xintec) | Wafer level chip size packaging and wafer level post passivation interconnection service | Taoyuan, Taiwan | 3,528,417 | 3,046,961 | 41\% | 41\% |
| Global Unichip Corporation (GUC) | Researching, developing, manufacturing, testing and marketing of integrated circuits | Hsinchu, Taiwan | 1,666,651 | 1,484,683 | 35\% | 35\% |
|  |  |  | \$ 27,622,452 | \$ 21,940,470 |  |  |

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, no investments in associates are individually material to the Company. Please refer to the parent company only statements of comprehensive income for recognition of share of both profit (loss) and other comprehensive income (loss) of associates that are not individually material.

The market prices of the associates’ ownership held by the Company in publicly traded stocks calculated by the closing price at the end of the reporting period are summarized as follows. The closing price represents the quoted price in active markets, the level 1 fair value measurement.

| Name of Associate | December 31, <br> 2022 | December 31, <br> 2021 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| VIS | $\underline{\$ 35,977,321}$ | $\underline{\$ 73,347,312}$ |
| GUC | $\underline{\$ 29,926,918}$ | $\underline{\$ 27,359,085}$ |
| Xintec | $\underline{\$ 10,716,449}$ | $\underline{\$ 15,913,315}$ |

## 13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets used by the Company | \$2,432,657,698 | \$1,889,970,502 |
| Assets subject to operating leases | 17,352 | 27 |
|  | \$2,432,675,050 | \$1,889,970,529 |

## Assets used by the Company

|  | Land |  | Buildings |  | Machinery and Equipment |  | Office <br> Equipment |  | ipment under tallation and onstruction in Progress | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance at January 1, 2022 | \$ | 3,212,000 | \$ | 536,912,374 | \$ 3,814,331,964 | \$ | 71,312,061 | \$ | 552,647,944 | \$ 4,978,416,343 |
| Additions |  | - |  | 51,982,217 | 289,897,592 |  | 9,288,321 |  | 604,897,876 | 956,066,006 |
| Disposals or retirements |  | - |  | $(228,870)$ | $(30,528,791)$ |  | $(1,659,656)$ |  | - | $(32,417,317)$ |
| Transfers to assets subject to operating leases |  | - |  | - | $(65,780)$ |  | - |  | - - | $(65,780)$ |
| Balance at December 31, 2022 | \$ | 3,212,000 | \$ | 588,665,721 | \$4,073,634,985 | \$ | 78,940,726 |  | 1,157,545,820 | \$ 5,901,999,252 |
| Accumulated depreciation and impairment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance at January 1, 2022 | \$ | - | \$ | 281,421,525 | \$ 2,758,724,265 | \$ | 48,300,051 | \$ | - | \$ 3,088,445,841 |
| Additions |  | - |  | 33,911,674 | 368,684,999 |  | 8,506,391 |  |  | 411,103,064 |
| Disposals or retirements |  | - |  | $(225,637)$ | (29,073,004) |  | $(1,659,184)$ |  | - | (30,957,825) |
| Transfers to assets subject to operating leases |  | - |  | - | $(40,266)$ |  | - |  | - | $(40,266)$ |
| Impairment |  | - |  | - |  |  | - |  | 790,740 | 790,740 |
| Balance at December 31, 2022 | \$ | - | \$ | 315,107,562 | \$3,098,295,994 | \$ | 55,147,258 | \$ | 790,740 | \$ 3,469,341,554 |
| Carrying amounts at December 31,2022 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance at January 1, 2021 | \$ | 3,212,000 | \$ | 485,468,808 | \$ 3,449,111,312 | \$ | 63,277,681 | \$ | 220,142,047 | \$ 4,221,211,848 |
| Additions |  | - |  | 51,472,846 | 391,166,029 |  | 8,187,623 |  | 332,505,897 | 783,332,395 |
| Transfers from assets subject to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transfers to assets subject to operating leases |  | - |  | - | $(244,579)$ |  | - |  | - - | $(244,579)$ |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | \$ | 3,212,000 | \$ | 536,912,374 | \$ 3,814,331,964 | \$ | $71,312,061$ | \$ 552,647,944 |  | \$4,978,416,343 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (Continued) |



The significant part of the Company's buildings includes main plants, mechanical and electrical power equipment and clean rooms, and the related depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful lives of 20 years, 10 years and 10 years, respectively.

In the first quarter of 2022 and 2021, the Company recognized an impairment loss of NT\$790,740 thousand and NT\$274,388 thousand for certain machinery and equipment that were assessed to have no future use, and the recoverable amount of certain machinery and equipment was nil. Such impairment loss was recognized in other operating income and expenses.

Information about capitalized interest is set out in Note 22.

## 14. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

a. Right-of-use assets

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Carrying amounts |  |  |
| Land | \$ 38,121,835 | \$ 29,525,788 |
| Buildings | 911,108 | 574,009 |
| Office equipment | 18,484 | 23,255 |
|  | \$ 39,051,427 | \$ 30,123,052 |
|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
|  | 2022 | 2021 |
| Additions to right-of-use assets | \$ 11,808,591 | \$ 7,053,815 |
| Depreciation of right-of-use assets |  |  |
| Land | \$ 2,102,934 | \$ 1,810,555 |
| Buildings | 365,167 | 203,006 |
| Office equipment | 15,728 | 15,092 |
|  | \$ 2,483,829 | \$ 2,028,653 |

b. Lease liabilities

## December 31, December 31, 2022 <br> 2021

## Carrying amounts

Current portion (classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities)
Noncurrent portion

| $\$$ | $2,029,362$ |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $27,593,900$ |  | $18,591,153$ |
|  |  |  |

\$ 29,623,262
$\$ 20,333,476$
Ranges of discount rates for lease liabilities are as follows:

|  | December 31, <br> 2022 | December 31, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Land |  |  |
| Buildings | $0.39 \%-2.30 \%$ | $0.39 \%-0.94 \%$ |
| Office equipment | $0.39 \%-1.76 \%$ | $0.39 \%-0.71 \%$ |
|  | $0.28 \%-1.73 \%$ | $0.28 \%-0.69 \%$ |

c. Material terms of right-of-use assets

The Company leases land and buildings mainly for the use of plants and offices with lease terms of 1 to 22 years. The lease contracts for land located in the R.O.C. specify that lease payments will be adjusted every 2 years on the basis of changes in announced land value prices. The Company does not have purchase options to acquire the leasehold land and buildings at the end of the lease terms.
d. Other lease information

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 | 2021 |
| Expenses relating to short-term leases | $\underline{\$ 4,616,518}$ | $\underline{\$ 5,250,134}$ |
| Total cash outflow for leases | $\underline{\$ 7,037,733}$ | $\underline{\$ 6,975,064}$ |

## 15. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

|  | Goodwill |  | Technology License Fees |  | Software and System Design Costs |  | Patent and Others |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance at January 1, 2022 | \$ | 1,567,756 | \$ | 23,483,138 | \$ | 43,072,450 | \$ | 11,465,356 | \$ | 79,588,700 |
| Additions |  |  |  | 2,253,096 |  | 4,815,294 |  | 202,915 |  | 7,271,305 |
| Disposals or retirements |  | - |  | $(29,991)$ |  | $(66,261)$ |  |  |  | $(96,252)$ |
| Balance at December 31, 2022 | \$ | 1,567,756 | \$ | 25,706,243 | \$ | 47,821,483 | \$ | 11,668,271 | \$ | 86,763,753 |
| Accumulated amortization and impairment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance at January 1, 2022 | \$ |  | \$ | 14,861,472 | \$ | 33,599,582 | \$ | 8,217,246 | \$ | 56,678,300 |
| Additions |  |  |  | 2,793,540 |  | 4,722,380 |  | 1,191,041 |  | 8,706,961 |
| Disposals or retirements |  | - |  | $(11,351)$ |  | $(66,261)$ |  |  |  | $(77,612)$ |
| Balance at December 31, 2022 | \$ |  |  | 17,643,661 |  | 38,255,701 | \$ | 9,408,287 | S | 65,307,649 |
| Carrying amounts at December 31, 2022 | \$ | 1,567,756 | \$ | 8,062,582 | \$ | 9,565,782 | \$ | 2,259,984 |  | 21,456,104 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Continued) |


|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Goodwill | Technology <br> License Fees | Software and <br> System Design <br> Costs | Patent and <br> Others |
| Cost |  |  |  |  |

The Company's goodwill has been tested for impairment at the end of the annual reporting period and the recoverable amount is determined based on the value in use. The value in use was calculated based on the cash flow forecast from the financial budgets covering the future five-year period, and the Company used annual discount rates of $8.7 \%$ and $8.0 \%$ in its test of impairment as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, to reflect the relevant specific risk in the cash-generating unit.

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company did not recognize any impairment loss on goodwill.

## 16. SHORT-TERM LOANS

December 31, ..... 2021Unsecured loans\$ 114,921,333
Loan content
EUR (in thousands) ..... \$ 3,652,935
Annual interest rate ..... (0.73)\%-0\%Maturity dateDue by June

## 17. BONDS PAYABLE

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Domestic unsecured bonds | \$ 379,526,000 | \$ 312,448,000 |
| Less: Discounts on bonds payable | $(295,526)$ | $(264,591)$ |
| Less: Current portion | $(18,100,000)$ | $(4,400,000)$ |
|  | \$ 361,130,474 | \$ 307,783,409 |

The major terms of domestic unsecured bonds are as follows:

| Issuance | Tranche | Issuance Period |  | al Amount | Coupon Rate | Repayment and Interest Payment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NT\$ unsecured bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 101-3 | - | October 2012 to October 2022 | \$ | 4,400,000 | 1.53\% | Bullet repayment; interest payable annually |
| 101-4 | C | January 2013 to January 2023 |  | 3,000,000 | 1.49\% | The same as above |
| 102-1 | C | February 2013 to February 2023 |  | 3,600,000 | 1.50\% | The same as above |
| 102-2 | B | July 2013 to July 2023 |  | 3,500,000 | 1.70\% | The same as above |
| 102-4 | D | September 2013 to <br> March 2021 |  | 2,600,000 | 1.85\% | Bullet repayment; interest payable annually (interest for the six months prior to maturity will accrue on the basis of actual days and be repayable at maturity) |
|  | E | September 2013 to <br> March 2023 |  | 5,400,000 | 2.05\% | The same as above |
|  | F | September 2013 to September 2023 |  | 2,600,000 | 2.10\% | Bullet repayment; interest payable annually |
| 109-1 | A | March 2020 to <br> March 2025 |  | 3,000,000 | 0.58\% | The same as above |
|  | B | March 2020 to March 2027 |  | 10,500,000 | 0.62\% | The same as above |
|  | C | March 2020 to March 2030 |  | 10,500,000 | 0.64\% | The same as above |
| 109-2 | A | $\begin{array}{r} \text { April } 2020 \text { to } \\ \text { April } 2025 \end{array}$ |  | 5,900,000 | 0.52\% | The same as above |
|  | B | $\begin{array}{r} \text { April } 2020 \text { to } \\ \text { April } 2027 \end{array}$ |  | 10,400,000 | 0.58\% | The same as above |
|  | C | $\begin{array}{r} \text { April } 2020 \text { to } \\ \text { April } 2030 \end{array}$ |  | 5,300,000 | 0.60\% | The same as above |
| 109-3 | A | May 2020 to May 2025 |  | 4,500,000 | 0.55\% | The same as above |
|  | B | May 2020 to May 2027 |  | 7,500,000 | 0.60\% | The same as above |
|  | C | May 2020 to May 2030 |  | 2,400,000 | 0.64\% | The same as above |
| 109-4 | A | July 2020 to July 2025 |  | 5,700,000 | 0.58\% | Two equal installments in last two years; interest payable annually |
|  | B | July 2020 to July 2027 |  | 6,300,000 | 0.65\% | The same as above |
|  | C | July 2020 to July 2030 |  | 1,900,000 | 0.67\% | The same as above |

(Continued)

| Issuance | Tranche | Issuance Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 109-5 | A | September 2020 to September 2025 |
|  | B | September 2020 to September 2027 |
|  | C | September 2020 to <br> September 2030 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 109-6 } \\ & \text { (Green bond) } \end{aligned}$ | A | December 2020 to December 2025 |
|  | B | December 2020 to December 2027 |
|  | C | December 2020 to December 2030 |
| 109-7 | A | December 2020 to December 2025 |
|  | B | December 2020 to December 2027 |
|  | C | December 2020 to December 2030 |
| 110-1 | A | March 2021 to March 2026 |
|  | B | March 2021 to March 2028 |
|  | C | March 2021 to March 2031 |
| 110-2 | A | May 2021 to May 2026 |
|  | B | May 2021 to May 2028 |
|  | C | May 2021 to May 2031 |
| 110-3 | A | June 2021 to June 2026 |
|  | B | June 2021 to June 2028 |
|  | C | June 2021 to June 2031 |
| 110-4 | A | August 2021 to <br> August 2025 |
|  | B | $\begin{array}{r} \text { August } 2021 \text { to } \\ \text { August } 2026 \end{array}$ |
|  | C | $\begin{array}{r} \text { August } 2021 \text { to } \\ \text { August } 2028 \end{array}$ |
|  | D | August 2021 to <br> August 2031 |
| 110-6 | A | October 2021 to April 2026 |
|  | B | $\begin{array}{r} \text { October } 2021 \text { to } \\ \text { October } 2026 \end{array}$ |


| Issuance | Tranche | Issuance Period | Total Amount | Coupon Rate | Repayment and Interest Payment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 110-6 | C | October 2021 to October 2028 | \$ 4,600,000 | 0.60\% | Bullet repayment; interes payable annually |
|  | D | October 2021 to October 2031 | 1,600,000 | 0.62\% | The same as above |
| 110-7 | A | December 2021 to December 2026 | 7,700,000 | 0.65\% | The same as above |
|  | B | December 2021 to June 2027 | 3,500,000 | 0.675\% | The same as above |
|  | C | December 2021 to December 2028 | 5,500,000 | 0.72\% | The same as above |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 111-1 } \\ & \text { (Green bond) } \end{aligned}$ | A | January 2022 to January 2027 | 2,100,000 | 0.63\% | The same as above |
|  | B | January 2022 to <br> January 2029 | 3,300,000 | 0.72\% | The same as above |
| 111-2 | A | March 2022 to September 2026 | 3,000,000 | 0.84\% | The same as above |
|  | B | March 2022 to March 2027 | 9,600,000 | 0.85\% | The same as above |
|  | C | March 2022 to March 2029 | 1,600,000 | 0.90\% | The same as above |
| 111-3 <br> (Green bond) | - | May 2022 to May 2027 | 6,100,000 | 1.50\% | The same as above |
| 111-4 <br> (Green bond) | A | July 2022 to July 2026 | 1,200,000 | 1.60\% | The same as above |
|  | B | July 2022 to July 2027 | 10,100,000 | 1.70\% | The same as above |
|  | C | July 2022 to July 2029 | 1,200,000 | 1.75\% | The same as above |
|  | D | July 2022 to July 2032 | 1,400,000 | 1.95\% | The same as above |
| 111-5 | A | August 2022 to June 2027 | 2,000,000 | 1.65\% | The same as above |
|  | B | August 2022 to August 2027 | 8,900,000 | 1.65\% | The same as above |
|  | C | August 2022 to <br> August 2029 | 2,200,000 | 1.65\% | The same as above |
|  | D | August 2022 to August 2032 | 2,500,000 | 1.82\% | The same as above |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 111-6 } \\ & \text { (Green bond) } \end{aligned}$ | A | October 2022 to October 2027 | 5,700,000 | 1.75\% | The same as above |
|  | B | October 2022 to October 2029 | 1,000,000 | 1.80\% | The same as above |
|  | C | October 2022 to October 2032 | 3,500,000 | 2.00\% | The same as above |


| Issuance | Tranche | Issuance Period | Total Amount <br> (US\$ <br> in Thousands) | Coupon <br> Rate | Repayment and <br> US\$ unsecured <br> bonds |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $109-1$ | - | September 2020 to <br> September 2060 | US\$1,000,000 | $2.70 \%$ | Bullet repayment <br> (callable on the 5th <br> anniversary of the <br> issue date and every <br> anniversary thereafter); <br> interest payable <br> annually |
| $110-5$ | - | September 2021 to <br> September 2051 | $1,000,000$ | $3.10 \%$ | The same as above |

## 18. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

a. Defined contribution plans

The plan under the R.O.C. Labor Pension Act (the "Act") is deemed a defined contribution plan. Pursuant to the Act, the Company has made monthly contributions equal to $6 \%$ of each employee's monthly salary to employees' pension accounts. Accordingly, the Company recognized expenses of NT\$3,663,757 thousand and NT\$3,028,282 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
b. Defined benefit plans

The Company has defined benefit plans under the R.O.C. Labor Standards Law that provide benefits based on an employee's length of service and average monthly salary for the six-month period prior to retirement. The Company contributes an amount equal to $2 \%$ of salaries paid each month to their respective pension funds (the Funds), which are administered by the Labor Pension Fund Supervisory Committee (the Committee) and deposited in the Committee's name in the Bank of Taiwan. Before the end of each year, the Company assesses the balance in the Funds. If the amount of the balance in the Funds is inadequate to pay retirement benefits for employees who conform to retirement requirements in the next year, the Company is required to fund the difference in one appropriation that should be made before the end of March of the next year. The Funds are operated and managed by the government's designated authorities; as such, the Company does not have any right to intervene in the investments of the Funds.

Amounts recognized in respect of these defined benefit plans were as follows:

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 |  | 2021 |  |
| Current service cost | \$ | 134,376 | \$ | 145,289 |
| Net interest expense |  | 74,265 |  | 47,196 |
| Components of defined benefit costs recognized in profit or loss |  | 208,641 |  | 192,485 |
| Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability: |  |  |  |  |
| Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest expense) |  | $(429,948)$ |  | $(73,298)$ |
| Actuarial loss arising from experience adjustments |  | 1,413,760 |  | $94,278$ |


| Actuarial loss arising from changes in demographic <br> assumptions | $\$$ | - |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Actuarial gain arising from changes in financial assumptions <br> Components of defined benefit costs recognized in other <br> comprehensive income | $\boxed{(160,752)}$ |  |  |

The pension costs of the aforementioned defined benefit plans were recognized in profit or loss by the following categories:

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ |
| Cost of revenue | $\$ 135,125$ | $\$ 124,548$ |
| Research and development expenses | 55,632 | 52,801 |
| General and administrative expenses | 15,129 | 12,430 |
| Marketing expenses | $\underline{2,755}$ | $\underline{2,706}$ |
|  | $\underline{\$ 208,641}$ | $\underline{\$ 192,485}$ |

The amounts arising from the defined benefit obligation of the Company were as follows:

| December 31, | December 31, |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2022 | 2021 |


| Present value of defined benefit obligation | \$ | 17,483,951 | $\begin{array}{cc} \$ & 16,585,442 \\ & (5,548,563) \end{array}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fair value of plan assets |  | (8,162,860) |  |  |
| Net defined benefit liability | \$ | 9,321,091 | \$ | 11,036,879 |

Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligation were as follows:

Balance, beginning of year
Current service cost
Interest expense
Remeasurement:
Actuarial loss arising from experience adjustments
Actuarial loss arising from changes in demographic assumptions
Actuarial gain arising from changes in financial assumptions
Benefits paid from plan assets
Benefits paid directly by the Company

Balance, end of year

Movements in the fair value of the plan assets were as follows:

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 |  | 2021 |  |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ | 5,548,563 | \$ | 5,066,203 |
| Interest income |  | 46,526 |  | 19,468 |
| Remeasurement: |  |  |  |  |
| Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest expense) |  | 429,948 |  | 73,298 |
| Contributions from employer |  | 2,723,166 |  | 821,411 |
| Benefits paid from plan assets |  | $(585,343)$ |  | $(431,817)$ |
| Balance, end of year | \$ | 8,162,860 | \$ | 5,548,563 |

The fair value of the plan assets by major categories at the end of reporting period was as follows:

|  | December 31, <br> 2022 | December 31, <br> 2021 |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
| Cash |  |  |
| Equity instruments | $\$ 1,337,893$ | $\$ 1,000,961$ |
| Debt instruments | $4,696,909$ | $2,951,835$ |
|  | $2,128,058$ | $\underline{1,595,767}$ |
|  | $\underline{\$ 8,162,860}$ | $\underline{\$ 5,548,563}$ |

The actuarial valuations of the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out by qualified actuaries. The principal assumptions of the actuarial valuation were as follows:

\left.|  | Measurement Date |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | December 31, | December 31, |
| 2021 |  |  |$\right]$

Through the defined benefit plans under the R.O.C. Labor Standards Law, the Company is exposed to the following risks:

1) Investment risk: The pension funds are invested in equity and debt securities, bank deposits, etc. The investment is conducted at the discretion of the government's designated authorities or under the mandated management. However, under the R.O.C. Labor Standards Law, the rate of return on assets shall not be less than the average interest rate on a two-year time deposit published by the local banks and the government is responsible for any shortfall in the event that the rate of return is less than the required rate of return.
2) Interest risk: A decrease in the government bond interest rate will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the debt investments of the plan assets.

Assuming a hypothetical decrease in interest rate at the end of the reporting period contributed to a decrease of $0.5 \%$ (and not below $0.0 \%$ ) in the discount rate and all other assumptions were held constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation would increase by NT\$766,692 thousand and NT\$780,460 thousand as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
3) Salary risk: The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

Assuming the expected salary rate increases by $0.5 \%$ at the end of the reporting period and all other assumptions were held constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation would increase by NT\$746,933 thousand and NT\$759,527 thousand as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation liability.

The Company expects to make contributions of NT\$2,832,093 thousand to the defined benefit plans in the next year starting from December 31, 2022. The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 9 years.

## 19. EQUITY

a. Capital stock

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Authorized shares (in thousands) | 28,050,000 | 28,050,000 |
| Authorized capital | \$ 280,500,000 | \$ 280,500,000 |
| Issued and paid shares (in thousands) | 25,930,380 | 25,930,380 |
| Issued capital | \$ 259,303,805 | \$ 259,303,805 |

A holder of issued common shares with par value of NT\$10 per share is entitled to vote and to receive dividends.

The authorized shares include 500,000 thousand shares allocated for the exercise of employee stock options.

On March 1, 2022, the Company issued employee restricted stocks awards (RSAs) for its employees in a total of 1,387 thousand shares with a par value of $\mathrm{NT} \$ 10$ each. The aforementioned issuance of new shares was approved by the relevant authority and the registration has been completed. Refer to Note 26 for the information on RSAs.

On May 10, 2022, the Company's Board of Directors resolved to cancel 1,387 thousand treasury shares. Refer to Note 19(e) for the information.

As of the end of reporting period, $1,063,847$ thousand ADSs of the Company were traded on the NYSE. The number of common shares represented by the ADSs was $5,319,234$ thousand shares (one ADS represents five common shares).
b. Capital surplus

The categories of uses and the sources of capital surplus based on regulations were as follows:

## December 31, December 31, 2022 2021

May be used to offset a deficit, distributed as cash dividends, or transferred to share capital

| Additional paid-in capital | $\$ 24,183,645$ | $\$ 24,184,939$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| From merger | $22,803,291$ | $22,804,510$ |
| From convertible bonds | $8,892,371$ | $8,892,847$ |
| From difference between the consideration received and the <br> carrying amount of the subsidiaries' net assets during actual <br> disposal |  |  |
| Donations - donated by shareholders | $8,406,282$ | $8,406,282$ |

May only be used to offset a deficit
From share of changes in equities of subsidiaries
4,229,892
113,952
From share of changes in equities of associates
Donations - unclaimed dividend

May not be used for any purpose
Employee restricted shares

$$
\$ 69,330,328 \quad \$ 64,761,602
$$

If such capital surplus is distributed as transferred to share capital, it is limited to a certain percentage of the Company's paid-in capital each year.
c. Retained earnings and dividend policy

The Company's Articles of Incorporation provide that, earnings distribution may be made on a quarterly basis after the close of each quarter. Distribution of earnings by way of cash dividends should be approved by the Company's Board of Directors and reported to the Company's shareholders in its meeting. When allocating earnings, the Company shall first estimate and reserve the taxes to be paid, offset its losses, set aside a legal capital reserve at $10 \%$ of the remaining earnings (until the accumulated legal capital reserve equals the Company's paid-in capital), then set aside a special capital reserve in accordance with relevant laws or regulations or as requested by the authorities in charge. Any balance left over shall be allocated according to relevant laws and the Company's Articles of Incorporation.

The Company's Articles of Incorporation also provide that profits of the Company may be distributed by way of cash dividend and/or stock dividend. However, distribution of earnings shall be made preferably by way of cash dividend. Distribution of earnings may also be made by way of stock dividend, provided that the ratio for stock dividend shall not exceed $50 \%$ of the total distribution.

The legal capital reserve may be used to offset a deficit, or be distributed as dividends in cash or stocks for the portion in excess of $25 \%$ of the paid-in capital if the Company incurs no loss.

Pursuant to existing regulations, the Company is required to set aside additional special capital reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of the other components of stockholders' equity, such as the accumulated balance of foreign currency translation reserve, unrealized valuation gain or loss from fair value through other comprehensive income financial assets, gain or loss from changes in fair value of hedging instruments in cash flow hedges, etc. For the subsequent decrease in the deduction amount to stockholders' equity, any special reserve appropriated may be reversed to the extent that the net debit balance reverses.

The appropriations of 2022, 2021 and 2020 quarterly earnings have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors in its meeting, respectively. The appropriations and cash dividends per share were as follows:

| Resolution Date of $t$ | Fourth Quarter of 2022 | Third Quarter of 2022 | Second Quarter of 2022 | First Quarter of 2022 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Company's Board of Directors in its meeting | $\begin{gathered} \text { February 14, } \\ 2023 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { November 8, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { August 9, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May 10, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ |
| Special capital reserve | \$ 17,166,163 | \$ (31,910,353) | \$ (12,002,798) | \$ (15,541,054) |
| Cash dividends to shareholders | \$ 71,308,546 | \$ 71,308,547 | \$ 71,308,546 | \$ 71,308,546 |
| Cash dividends per share (NT\$) | \$ 2.75 | \$ 2.75 | 2.75 | \$ 2.75 |
| Resolution Date of the | Fourth Quarter of 2021 | Third Quarter of 2021 | Second Quarter of 2021 | First Quarter of 2021 |
| Company's Board of Directors in its meeting | $\begin{gathered} \text { February 15, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { November 9, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { August 10, } \\ & 2021 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June 9, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| Special capital reserve | \$ 3,304,303 | \$ 710,169 | \$ 10,201,220 | \$ (6,287,050) |
| Cash dividends to shareholders | \$ 71,308,546 | \$ 71,308,547 | \$ 71,308,546 | \$ 71,308,546 |
| Cash dividends per share (NT\$) | \$ 2.75 | \$ 2.75 | \$ 2.75 | \$ 2.75 |
| Resolution Date of the | Fourth Quarter of 2020 | Third Quarter of 2020 | Second Quarter of 2020 | First Quarter of 2020 |
| Company's Board of Directors in its meeting | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { February 9, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { November 10, } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { August 11, } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { May 12, } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ |
| Special capital reserve | \$ 12,420,727 | \$ 5,501,351 | \$ 11,884,457 | \$ (2,694,841) |
| Cash dividends to shareholders | \$ 64,825,951 | \$ 64,825,951 | \$ 64,825,951 | \$ 64,825,951 |
| Cash dividends per share (NT\$) | \$ 2.5 | \$ 2.5 | 2.5 | \$ 2.5 |

The special capital reserve for 2022 is to be presented for approval in the Company's shareholders' meeting to be held on June 6, 2023 (expected).

## d. Others

Changes in others were as follows:


The aforementioned other equity includes the changes in other equities of the Company and the Company's share of its subsidiaries and associates.

## e. Treasury stock

For the Company's shareholders' interests, the Company's Board of Directors approved a share buyback program on February 15, 2022 to repurchase 1,387 thousand shares. The Company has completed this share buyback program during the first quarter of 2022. On May 10, 2022, the Company’s Board of Directors resolved to cancel the 1,387 thousand shares and set May 10, 2022 as the record date for capital reduction. The registration for share cancellation was completed on May 20, 2022.

## 20. NET REVENUE

a. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

| Product | Years Ended December 31 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 | 2021 |
| Wafer | \$1,989,174,117 | \$1,402,118,668 |
| Others | 263,146,444 | 172,627,213 |
|  | \$2,252,320,561 | \$1,574,745,881 |
|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
| Geography | 2022 | 2021 |
| Taiwan | \$ 210,470,783 | \$ 203,963,760 |
| United States | 1,488,848,778 | 1,011,932,438 |
| China | 245,168,746 | 164,552,063 |
| Europe, the Middle East and Africa | 123,767,140 | 89,010,064 |
| Japan | 119,099,336 | 71,920,856 |
| Others | 64,965,778 | 33,366,700 |
|  | \$2,252,320,561 | \$1,574,745,881 |

The Company categorized the net revenue mainly based on the countries where the customers are headquartered.

| Platform | Years Ended December 31 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 |  | 2021 |  |
| High Performance Computing | \$ | 927,459,536 | \$ | 582,854,806 |
| Smartphone |  | 884,505,210 |  | 689,533,461 |
| Internet of Things |  | 194,878,453 |  | 132,006,238 |
| Automotive |  | 115,678,391 |  | 66,624,542 |
| Digital Consumer Electronics |  | 56,317,962 |  | 55,190,318 |
| Others |  | 73,481,009 |  | 48,536,516 |
|  |  | ,252,320,561 |  | ,574,745,881 |
|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |  |  |
| Resolution |  | 2022 |  | 2021 |
| 5-nanometer | \$ | 503,914,841 | \$ | 261,623,571 |
| 7-nanometer |  | 536,730,486 |  | 439,070,618 |
| 10-nanometer |  | 24,775 |  | 656,748 |
| 16-nanometer |  | 258,793,242 |  | 190,667,571 |
| 20-nanometer |  | 8,848,885 |  | 5,650,015 |
| 28-nanometer |  | 206,578,337 |  | 152,807,948 |
| 40/45-nanometer |  | 145,748,015 |  | 103,286,953 |
| 65-nanometer |  | 93,292,327 |  | 66,373,107 |
| 90-nanometer |  | 40,280,729 |  | 32,234,476 |
| 0.11/0.13 micron |  | 57,915,290 |  | 40,454,036 |
| 0.15/0.18 micron |  | 110,631,548 |  | 86,589,003 |
| 0.25 micron and above |  | 26,415,642 |  | 22,704,622 |
| Wafer revenue |  | ,989,174,117 |  | ,402,118,668 |


|  | December 31, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | December 31, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ | January 1, <br> 2021 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contract liabilities (classified under accrued <br> expenses and other current liabilities) | $\underline{\$ 62,380,554}$ | $\underline{\$ 33,951,838}$ | $\underline{\$ 9,365,661}$ |

The changes in the contract liability balances primarily result from the timing difference between the satisfaction of performance obligation and the customer's payment.

The Company recognized revenue from the beginning balance of contract liability, which amounted to NT\$33,365,181 thousand and NT\$8,737,297 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
c. Temporary receipts from customers

| December 31, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | December 31, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| $\$ 107,723,580$ |  |  |
|  | $168,399,207$ |  |

The Company's temporary receipts from customer are payments made by customers to the Company to retain the Company's capacity. When the terms and conditions set forth in the agreements are subsequently satisfied, the treatment of temporary receipts, either by refund or by accounts receivable offsetting, will be determined by mutual consent.
d. Refund liabilities

Estimated sales returns and other allowances is made and adjusted based on historical experience and the consideration of varying contractual terms. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the aforementioned refund liabilities amounted to NT\$50,980,669 thousand and NT\$39,493,180 thousand (classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities), respectively.

## 21. INTEREST INCOME

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 |  | 2021 |  |
| Interest income |  |  |  |  |
| Bank deposits | \$ | 5,644,170 | \$ | 927,754 |
| Financial assets at amortized cost |  | 313,694 |  | - |
|  |  | 5,957,864 | \$ | 927,754 |

## 22. FINANCE COSTS

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Interest expense | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ |
| $\quad$ Corporate bonds | $\$ 3,888,669$ | $\$ 2,368,729$ |
| Lease liabilities | 231,037 | 156,117 |
| Bank loans | 279 | 9,854 |
| Others | 1,228 | 21 |
| Less: Capitalized interest under property, plant and equipment | $(880,807)$ | - |
|  | $\underline{\$ 3,240,406}$ | $\underline{\$ 2,534,721}$ |

Information about capitalized interest is as follows:

# Years Ended <br> December 31, 2022 

Capitalization rate $0.72 \%-1.20 \%$

## 23. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES, NET

Gain (loss) on financial instruments at FVTPL, net Mandatorily measured at FVTPL
The accrual of expected credit loss of financial assets
Financial assets at amortized cost
Other gains, net
$(10,341)$
545,116
257,813
$\$ \quad 3,053,281 \quad \$ \quad(9,833,358)$
\$ 2,518,506 \$ $(10,091,171)$

| $(10,341)$ | - |
| :--- | ---: |
| 545,116 | 257,813 |

24. INCOME TAX
a. Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss

Income tax expense consisted of the following:
Years Ended December 31
20222021

## Years Ended December 31 <br> 2022 <br> 2021

Current income tax expense
Current tax expense recognized in the current year
Income tax adjustments on prior years
Other income tax adjustments
Deferred income tax benefit
The origination and reversal of temporary differences Investment tax credits

Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss

| $\$ 144,561,484$ | $\$ 86,705,704$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $(489,638)$ | 160,565 |
| 205,529 | 151,344 |
| $144,277,375$ | $87,017,613$ |

A reconciliation of income before income tax and income tax expense recognized in profit or loss was as follows:

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 | 2021 |  |
| Income before tax | \$ 1,140,673,816 | \$ | 660,502,191 |
| Income tax expense at the statutory rate | \$ 228,134,763 | \$ | 132,100,438 |
| Tax effect of adjusting items: |  |  |  |
| Nondeductible items in determining taxable income | 12,804,635 |  | 11,605,518 |
| Tax-exempt income | $(157,955,934)$ |  | $(89,852,940)$ |
| Additional income tax under the Alternative Minimum Tax Act | 61,578,020 |  | 32,852,688 |
| The origination and reversal of temporary differences | $(24,810,515)$ |  | $(17,433,690)$ |
| Income tax credits | 4,676,707 |  | $(5,621,745)$ |
|  | 124,427,676 |  | 63,650,269 |
| Income tax adjustments on prior years | $(489,638)$ |  | 160,565 |
| Other income tax adjustments | 205,529 |  | 151,344 |
| Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss | \$ 124,143,567 | \$ | 63,962,178 |

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company applied a tax rate of $20 \%$ subject to the R.O.C. Income Tax Law.
b. Deferred income tax balance

The analysis of deferred income tax assets and liabilities was as follows:

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Deferred income tax assets |  |  |
| Temporary differences |  |  |
| Depreciation | \$ 44,989,153 | \$ 34,146,437 |
| Refund liability | 12,002,094 | 5,903,698 |
| Unrealized exchange losses | 5,779,739 | - |
| Unrealized loss on inventories | 2,260,011 | 861,924 |
| Net defined benefit liability | 1,722,005 | 1,237,086 |
| Investment tax credits | 945,038 | 5,621,745 |
| Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI | 10,021 | 10,100 |
|  | \$ 67,708,061 | \$ 47,780,990 |
| Deferred income tax liabilities |  |  |
| Temporary differences |  |  |
| Unrealized exchange gains | \$ | \$ (706,311) |
| Others | $(908,273)$ | $(1,142,655)$ |
|  | \$ (908,273) | \$ (1,848,966) |


|  | Year Ended December 31, 2022 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Balance, Beginning of Year | Recognized in |  |  | Balance, End of Year |
|  |  | Profit or Loss |  | Other <br> rehensive <br> come |  |
| Deferred income tax assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Temporary differences |  |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciation | \$ 34,146,437 | \$ 10,842,716 | \$ | - | \$ 44,989,153 |
| Refund liability | 5,903,698 | 6,098,396 |  | - | 12,002,094 |
| Unrealized exchange losses | - | 5,779,739 |  | - | 5,779,739 |
| Unrealized loss on inventories | 861,924 | 1,398,087 |  | - | 2,260,011 |
| Net defined benefit liability | 1,237,086 | $(249,116)$ |  | 734,035 | 1,722,005 |
| Investment tax credits | 5,621,745 | $(4,676,707)$ |  | - | 945,038 |
| Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI | 10,100 | - |  | (79) | 10,021 |
|  | \$ 47,780,990 | \$ 19,193,115 | \$ | 733,956 | \$ 67,708,061 |
| Deferred income tax liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |
| Temporary differences |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unrealized exchange gains | \$ (706,311) | \$ 706,311 | \$ | - | \$ - |
| Others | $(1,142,655)$ | 234,382 |  | - | $(908,273)$ |
|  | \$ (1,848,966) | \$ 940,693 | \$ | - | \$ (908,273) |
|  |  | Year Ended December 31, 2021 |  |  |  |
|  |  | Reco | zed |  |  |
|  | Balance, Beginning of Year | Profit or Loss |  | Other rehensive come | Balance, End of Year |
| Deferred income tax assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Temporary differences |  |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciation | \$ 18,723,852 | \$ 15,422,585 | \$ | - | \$ 34,146,437 |
| Refund liability | 3,719,427 | 2,184,271 |  | - | 5,903,698 |
| Investment tax credits | - | 5,621,745 |  | - | 5,621,745 |
| Net defined benefit liability | 1,341,960 | $(75,825)$ |  | $(29,049)$ | 1,237,086 |
| Unrealized loss on inventories | 826,666 | 35,258 |  | - | 861,924 |
| Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI | 66,320 | - |  | $(56,220)$ | 10,100 |
|  | \$ 24,678,225 | \$ 23,188,034 | \$ | $(85,269)$ | \$ 47,780,990 |
| Deferred income tax liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |
| Temporary differences |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unrealized exchange gains | \$ (866,452) | \$ 160,141 | \$ | - | \$ (706,311) |
| Others | (849,915) | - (292,740) |  | - | (1,142,655) |
|  | \$ (1,716,367) | \$ (132,599) | \$ | - | \$ (1,848,966) |

c. The deductible temporary differences for which no deferred income tax assets have been recognized

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the aggregate deductible temporary differences for which no deferred income tax assets have been recognized amounted to NT\$26,790,935 thousand and NT\$66,431,255 thousand, respectively.
d. Unused tax-exemption information

As of the end of reporting period, the profits generated from the following project of the Company are exempt from income tax for a five-year period:

Tax-exemption Period
Construction and expansion of 2009
2018 to 2022
e. The information of unrecognized deferred income tax liabilities associated with investments

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the aggregate taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries not recognized as deferred income tax liabilities amounted to NT\$222,682,649 thousand and NT\$177,552,831 thousand, respectively.
f. Income tax examination

The tax authorities have examined income tax returns of the Company through 2020. All investment tax credit adjustments assessed by the tax authorities have been recognized accordingly.

## 25. EARNINGS PER SHARE

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 | 2021 |
| Basic EPS | \$ 39.20 | \$ 23.01 |
| Diluted EPS | \$ 39.20 | \$ 23.01 |
| EPS is computed as follows: |  |  |
|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
|  | 2022 | 2021 |
| Basic EPS |  |  |
| Net income available to common shareholders | \$1,016,530,249 | \$ 596,540,013 |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding used in the computation of basic EPS (in thousands) | 25,929,190 | 25,930,380 |
| Basic EPS (in dollars) | \$ 39.20 | \$ 23.01 |
| Diluted EPS |  |  |
| Net income available to common shareholders | \$1,016,530,249 | \$ 596,540,013 |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding used in the computation of basic EPS (in thousands) | 25,929,190 | 25,930,380 |
| Effects of all dilutive potential common shares (in thousands) | 193 | - |
| Weighted average number of common shares used in the computation of diluted EPS (in thousands) | 25,929,383 | 25,930,380 |
| Diluted EPS (in dollars) | \$ 39.20 | 23.01 |

## 26. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS

a. Equity-settled share-based payment- RSAs

The RSAs in each year are as follows:

2022 RSAs
June 8, 2022
February 14, 2023
2,110
Executive officers and nonexecutive officers
Grant date / Issuance date shareholders in its meeting
Resolution Date of the Company's Board of Directors in its meeting Issuance of stocks (in thousands) Eligible employees

March 1, 2023

2021 RSAs
July 26, 2021

February 15, 2022
1,387
Executive officers
March 1, 2022

Vesting conditions of the aforementioned arrangement are as follow:

1) The RSAs granted to eligible employees can only be vested if

- the employee remains employed by the Company or the subsidiaries on the last date of each vesting period;
- during the vesting period, the employee may not breach any agreement with the Company or the subsidiaries or violate the Company's work rules; and
- certain employee performance metrics and the Company's or the subsidiaries' business performance metrics are met.

2) The maximum percentage of granted RSAs that may be vested each year shall be as follows: one-year anniversary of the grant: $50 \%$; two-year anniversary of the grant: $25 \%$; and three-year anniversary of the grant: $25 \%$; provided that the actual percentage and number of the RSAs to be vested in each year will be calculated based on the achievement of the Company's business performance metrics.
3) For eligible executive officers of the Company: The maximum number of RSAs that may be vested in each year will be set as $110 \%$, among which $100 \%$ will be subject to a calculation based on the Company's relative Total Shareholder Return ("TSR", including capital gains and dividends) achievement to determine the number of RSAs to be vested; this number will be further subject to a modifier to increase or decrease up to $10 \%$ based on the Compensation Committee's (rename to Compensation and People Development Committee from February 14, 2023) evaluation of the Company's Environmental, Social, and Governance ('ESG") achievements. The number of shares so calculated should be rounded down to the nearest integral.

| The Company's TSR relative to the <br> TSR of S\&P 500 IT Index | Ratio of Shares to be Vested |
| :--- | :---: |$|$| Above the Index by X percentage points |
| :--- |
| Equal to the Index |
| Below the Index by X percentage points |

4) For eligible employees who are not executive officers of the Company and the subsidiaries: The number of RSAs to be vested in each year will be calculated in accordance with the below table based on the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year prior to the vesting year. The number of shares so calculated should be rounded down to the nearest integral.

|  | Threshold | Target | Weight | Ratio of Shares to be Vested |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue Growth Rate | $10 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $1 / 3$ | $<$ Threshold: $0 \%$ |
| Gross Margin | $50 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $1 / 3$ | $=$ Threshold: $50 \%$ |
| Return on Equity | $20 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $1 / 3$ | Target: $100 \%$ <br> Between threshold and target: as <br> calculated by interpolation <br> method |

5) Restrictions imposed on the employees' rights in the RSAs before the vesting conditions are fulfilled:

- During each vesting period, no employee granted RSAs, except for inheritance, may sell, pledge, transfer, give to another person, create any encumbrance on, or otherwise dispose of, any shares under the unvested RSAs.
- Before the vesting conditions are fulfilled, the attendance, proposal rights, speech rights, voting rights and etc. shall be exercised by the engaged trustee/custodian on the employee's behalf. Any other shareholder rights including but not limited to the entitlement to any distribution regarding dividends, bonuses and capital reserve, and the subscription right of the new shares issued for any capital increase, are the same as those of holders of common shares of the Company.

6) Details of granted 2021 RSAs are as follows:

2021 RSAs
Number of
Stocks (In Thousands)

| Balance, beginning of year |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Issuance of stocks | 1,387 |
| Balance, end of year | $=1,387$ |
| Weighted-average fair value of RSAs (in dollars) | $\underline{\underline{\$ 325}}$ |

The 2021 RSAs is measured at fair value at grant date by using the binominal tree approach. Relevant information is as follows:

|  | 2021 RSAs |
| :--- | :---: |
|  |  |
| Stock price at grant date (in dollars) | $\$$ |
| Expected price volatility | $25.34 \%-28.28 \%$ |
| Expected option life | $1-3$ years |
| Risk-free interest rate | $0.57 \%$ |

Refer to Note 27 for the compensation costs of the 2021 RSAs recognized by the Company.
On February 14, 2023, the Company's Board of Directors approved the issuance of RSAs for year 2023 of no more than 6,249 thousand common shares. The grants will be made free of charge. The actual number of shares to be issued will be resolved by the Board of Directors after the RSAs is approved at the shareholders' meeting and by the competent authority.
b. Cash-settled share-based payment arrangements

The cash-settled share-based payment arrangements in each year are as follows:

Resolution Date of the Company's Board of Directors in its meeting Issuance of units (in thousands) (Note) Grant date

February 14, 2023
400
March 1, 2023

February 15, 2022
236
March 1, 2022

Note: One unit of the right represents a right to the market value of one the Company's common share when vested.

The vesting conditions and the ratio of units to be vested for key management personnel of the plan are the same as the aforementioned 2021 RSAs.

The fair value of compensation costs for the cash-settled share-based payment was measured by using binominal tree approach and will be measured at each reporting period until settlement. Relevant information is as follows:

| Years Ended <br> December 31, <br> 2022 |
| :---: |
| 2021 Plan |
| $\$ \quad 451$ |
| $28.80 \%-32.19 \%$ |
| $1-3$ years |
| $1.09 \%$ |

Stock price at measurement date (in dollars)
\$
451
Expected price volatility
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { Risk-free interest rate } & 1.09 \%\end{array}$
Refer to Note 27 for the compensation costs of the cash-settled share-based payment recognized by the Company. The liabilities under cash-settled share-based payment arrangement amounted to NT\$30,757 thousand as of the end of reporting period.

## 27. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION OF EXPENSES BY NATURE

| Years Ended December 31 |  |
| :---: | ---: |
| 2022 | 2021 |

a. Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

Recognized in cost of revenue
Recognized in operating expenses
\$ 385,647,215
$27,939,678$

8,189 | $\$ 375,608,062$ |
| ---: |
| $27,176,646$ |
|  |
| 146,549 |

b. Amortization of intangible assets

| Recognized in cost of revenue | \$ | 6,069,729 | \$ | 5,510,463 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Recognized in operating expenses |  | 2,637,232 |  | 2,590,267 |
|  | \$ | 8,706,961 | \$ | 8,100,730 |



According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Company shall allocate compensation to directors and profit sharing bonus to employees of the Company not more than $0.3 \%$ and not less than $1 \%$ of annual profits during the period, respectively.

The Company accrued profit sharing bonus to employees based on a percentage of net income before income tax, profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors during the period; compensation to directors was expensed based on estimated amount payable. If there is a change in the proposed amounts after the annual parent company only financial statements are authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in accounting estimate. Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees is illustrated below:

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 | 2021 |
| Profit sharing bonus to employees | $\underline{\$ 60,702,047}$ |  |

The Company's profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors for 2022, 2021 and 2020 had been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company, as illustrated below:

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Resolution Date of the Company's Board of Directors in its meeting | $\begin{gathered} \text { February 14, } \\ 2023 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { February 15, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { February 9, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| Profit sharing bonus to employees | \$ 60,702,047 | \$ 35,601,449 | \$ 34,753,184 |
| Compensation to directors | \$ 690,128 | \$ 487,537 | \$ 509,753 |

There is no significant difference between the aforementioned approved amounts and the amounts charged against earnings of 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

The information about the appropriations of the Company's profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors is available at the Market Observation Post System website.

## 28. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

## a. Non-cash transactions

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 | 2021 |
| Additions of property, plant and equipment | \$ 956,066,006 | \$ 783,332,395 |
| Exchange of assets | $(275,564)$ | $(3,256,517)$ |
| Changes in payables to contractors and equipment suppliers | $(57,334,833)$ | 13,292,746 |
| Transferred to initial carrying amount of hedged items | - | $(41,416)$ |
| Capitalized interests | $(880,807)$ | - |
| Payments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment | \$ 897,574,802 | \$ 793,327,208 |
| Additions of intangible assets | \$ 7,271,305 | \$ 9,278,760 |
| Changes in accrued expenses and other current liabilities | $(591,434)$ | $(280,676)$ |
| Payments for acquisition of intangible assets | \$ 6,679,871 | \$ 8,998,084 |

b. Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Balance as of <br> January 1, 2022 | Financing Cash <br> Flow | Foreign <br> Exchange <br> Movement | Leases <br> Modifications | Other Changes <br> (Note) | Balance as of <br> December 31, |
| 2022 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note: Other changes include discounts on short-term loans, amortization of bonds payable and financial cost of lease liabilities.

## 29. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company requires significant amounts of capital to build and expand its production facilities and acquire additional equipment. In consideration of the industry dynamics, the Company manages its capital in a manner to ensure that it has sufficient and necessary financial resources to fund its working capital needs, capital expenditures, research and development activities, dividend payments, debt service requirements and other business requirements associated with its existing operations over the next 12 months.

## 30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

## a. Categories of financial instruments

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Financial assets |  |  |
| FVTPL (Note 1) | \$ 552,255 | \$ 145,280 |
| FVTOCI (Note 2) | 8,340,347 | 5,198,309 |
| Amortized cost (Note 3) | 903,070,406 | 586,299,180 |
|  | \$ 911,963,008 | \$ 591,642,769 |
| Financial liabilities |  |  |
| FVTPL (Note 4) | \$ 17,468 | \$ 636,472 |
| Amortized cost (Note 5) | 1,161,623,982 | 1,026,450,717 |
|  | \$1,161,641,450 | \$1,027,087,189 |

Note 1: Financial assets mandatorily measured at FVTPL.
Note 2: Including notes and accounts receivable (net) and equity investments.
Note 3: Including cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at amortized cost, notes and accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables, refundable deposits, and temporary payments (classified under other current assets and other noncurrent assets).

Note 4: Held for trading.
Note 5: Including short-term loans, accounts payable (including related parties), payables to contractors and equipment suppliers, cash dividends payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities, bonds payable, guarantee deposits and other noncurrent liabilities.
b. Financial risk management objectives

The Company manages its exposure to foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, equity price risk, credit risk and liquidity risk with the objective to reduce the potentially adverse effects the market uncertainties may have on its financial performance.

The plans for material treasury activities are reviewed by the Audit Committees (rename to Audit and Risk Committee from February 14, 2023) and/or Board of Directors in accordance with procedures required by relevant regulations or internal controls. During the implementation of such plans, the Company must comply with certain treasury procedures that provide guiding principles for overall financial risk management and segregation of duties.
c. Market risk

The Company is exposed to the financial market risks, primarily changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and equity investment prices. A portion of these risks is hedged.

## Foreign currency risk

Substantially the Company's sales is denominated in U.S. dollars and over half of its capital expenditures are denominated in currencies other than NT dollars, primarily in U.S. dollars, Japanese yen and Euros. As a result, any significant fluctuations to its disadvantage in the exchanges rate of NT dollar against such currencies, in particular a weakening of U.S. dollar against NT dollars, would have an adverse impact on
the revenue and operating profit as expressed in NT dollar. The Company uses foreign currency derivative contracts, such as currency forwards or currency swaps, to protect against currency exchange rate risks associated with non-NT dollar-denominated assets and liabilities and certain forecasted transactions. These hedges reduce, but do not entirely eliminate, the effect of foreign currency exchange rate movements on the assets and liabilities.

Based on a sensitivity analysis performed on the Company's total monetary assets and liabilities for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, a hypothetical adverse foreign currency exchange rate change of $10 \%$ would have decreased its net income by NT\$1,649,664 thousand and NT\$1,196,014 thousand, respectively, after taking into account hedges and offsetting positions.

## Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risks primarily in relation to its bank deposits and bank loans. Changes in interest rates affect the interest earned on the Company's bank deposits, as well as the interest paid on its bank loans. Because all of the Company's bonds issued are fixed-rate and measured at amortized cost, changes in interest rates would not affect the future cash flows or the carrying amount.

## Other price risk

The Company is exposed to equity price risk arising from financial assets at FVTOCI.
Assuming a hypothetical decrease of $10 \%$ in prices of the equity investments at the end of the reporting period for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the other comprehensive income would have decreased by NT $\$ 89,297$ thousand and $\mathrm{NT} \$ 87,841$ thousand, respectively.
d. Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial losses to the Company. The Company is exposed to credit risks from operating activities, primarily accounts receivable, and from investing activities, primarily deposits, fixed-income investments and other financial instruments with banks. Credit risk is managed separately for business related and financial related exposures. As of the end of the reporting period, the Company's maximum credit risk exposure is equal to the carrying amount of financial assets.

## Business related credit risk

The Company's accounts receivable are from its customers worldwide. The majority of the Company's outstanding accounts receivable are not covered by collaterals or guarantees. While the Company has procedures to monitor and manage credit risk exposure on accounts receivable, there is no assurance such procedures will effectively eliminate losses resulting from its credit risk. This risk is heightened during periods when economic conditions worsen.

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company's ten largest customers accounted for $69 \%$ and $67 \%$ of accounts receivable, respectively. The Company considers the concentration of credit risk for the remaining accounts receivable not material.

## Financial credit risk

The Company mitigates its financial credit risk by selecting counterparties with investment-grade credit ratings and by limiting the exposure to any individual counterparty. The Company regularly monitors and reviews the limit applied to counterparties and adjusts the limit according to market conditions and the credit standing of the counterparties.

The Company assesses the 12-month expected credit loss and lifetime expected credit loss based on the probability of default and loss given default provided by external credit rating agencies. The current credit risk assessment policies are as follows:

Category
Performing

Doubtful Credit rating is non-investment grade on valuation date

Description
Credit rating is investment grade on valuation date Credit rating is CC or below on valuation date There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Company has no realistic prospect of recovery
realistic prospect of recovery

In default
Write-off
Doubtful

Expected
Basis for Recognizing Expected Credit Loss Credit Loss Ratio

12 months expected credit loss
Lifetime expected credit
loss-not credit impaired
Lifetime expected credit
loss-credit impaired
Amount is written off

For the years ended December 31, 2022, the expected credit loss increased NT\$10,341 thousand. The changes were mainly due to increased investment amount and adjusted investment portfolio.
e. Liquidity risk management

The objective of liquidity risk management is to ensure the Company has sufficient liquidity to fund its business operations over the next 12 months. The Company manages its liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash and cash equivalents and sufficient cost-efficient funding.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments, including principal and interest.

|  | Less Than 1 Year |  | 1-3 Years |  | 3-5 Years |  | More Than 5 Years |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| December 31, 2022 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable (including related parties) | \$ | 58,783,586 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 58,783,586 |
| Payables to contractors and equipment suppliers |  | 200,046,018 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 200,046,018 |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities |  | 202,361,596 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 202,361,596 |
| Bonds payable |  | 22,247,420 |  | 39,372,048 |  | 160,243,071 |  | 228,241,509 |  | 450,104,048 |
| Lease liabilities (including those classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (Note) |  | 2,356,314 |  | 4,358,739 |  | 4,163,558 |  | 21,795,680 |  | 32,674,291 |
| Others |  | - |  | 166,266,719 |  | 10,518,481 |  | 783,181 |  | 177,568,381 |
|  |  | 485,794,934 |  | 209,997,506 |  | 174,925,110 |  | 250,820,370 |  | 1,121,537,920 |

Derivative financial instruments
Forward exchange contracts
Outflows
Inflows

| $\begin{gathered} 74,107,091 \\ (74,837,641) \end{gathered}$ | - | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 74,107,091 \\ (74,837,641) \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(730,550)$ | - | - | - | $(730,550)$ |
| \$ 485,064,384 | \$ 209,997,506 | \$ 174,925,110 | \$ 250,820,370 | \$1,120,807,370 |



Note: Information about the maturity analysis for lease liabilities more than 5 years:

5-10 Years $\quad$ 10-15 Years $\quad$ 15-20 Years $\quad$| More Than |
| :---: |
| $20 ~ Y e a r s ~$ |$\quad$ Total

December 31, 2022
Lease liabilities
$\underline{\underline{\$ \quad 9,497,599}} \underline{\underline{\$ \quad 7,291,192}} \$ \quad 4,222,404 \quad \$ \quad 784,485 \quad \$ \quad 21,795,680$

December 31, 2021
Lease liabilities
$\underline{\underline{\$ \quad 6,665,672}} \underline{\underline{\$ \quad 4,994,134}} \$ \quad 1,959,928 \quad \$ \quad 119,489 \quad$ \$ 13,739,223
f. Fair value of financial instruments

1) Fair value measurements recognized in the parent company only balance sheets

Fair value measurements are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

2) Fair value of financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:


## Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial assets

The financial assets measured at Level 3 fair value were equity investments classified as financial assets at FVTOCI. Reconciliations for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 |  | 2021 |  |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ | 998,400 | \$ | 834,830 |
| Recognized in other comprehensive income |  | 18,979 |  | 170,127 |
| Disposals and proceeds from return of capital of investments |  | $(2,638)$ |  | $(6,557)$ |
| Balance, end of year | \$ | 1,014,741 | \$ | 998,400 |

## Valuation techniques and assumptions used in Level 2 fair value measurement

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- Forward exchange contracts are measured using forward exchange rates and discount rates derived from quoted market prices.
- The fair value of accounts receivable classified as at FVTOCI is determined by the present value of future cash flows based on the discount rate that reflects the credit risk of counterparties.

Valuation techniques and assumptions used in Level 3 fair value measurement
The fair values of non-publicly traded equity investments are mainly determined by using the asset approach and market approach.

The asset approach takes into account the net asset value measured at the fair value by independent parties.

The market approach is used to arrive at their fair values, for which the recent financing activities of investees, the market transaction prices of the similar companies and market conditions are considered.
3) Fair value of financial instruments that are not measured at fair value

Except as detailed in the following table, the Company considers that the carrying amounts of financial instruments in the parent company only financial statements that are not measured at fair value approximate their fair values.

## Fair value hierarchy

The table below sets out the fair value hierarchy for the Company's financial assets and liabilities which are not required to be measured at fair value:

December 31, 2022
Carrying Level 2

## Financial assets

Financial assets at amortized costs
Commercial paper
\$ 48,732,476
\$ 48,882,028
(Continued)
Financial liabilities

| Financial liabilities at amortized costs |
| :--- |
| Bonds payable |


| Carrying |
| :---: |
| Amount |


| Level 2 |
| :---: |
| Fair Value |

Financial liabilities $\quad$| Carrying |
| :---: |
| Financial liabilities at amortized costs |
| Bonds payable |

## 31. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The significant transactions between the Company and its related parties, other than those disclosed in other notes, are summarized as follows:
a. Related party name and categories

Related Party Name
Related Party Categories

## TSMC China

TSMC Nanjing
TSMC Arizona
VisEra Tech
TSMC North America
TSMC Europe
TSMC JDC
TSMC 3DIC
JASM
TSMC Japan
TSMC Korea
TSMC Design Technology Canada Inc. (TSMC Canada) TSMC Technology, Inc. (TSMC Technology)
WaferTech, LLC (WaferTech)
GUC
VIS
SSMC
Xintec

Subsidiaries
Subsidiaries
Subsidiaries
Subsidiaries
Subsidiaries
Subsidiaries
Subsidiaries
Subsidiaries
Subsidiaries
Subsidiaries
Subsidiaries
Indirect Subsidiaries
Indirect Subsidiaries
Indirect Subsidiaries
Associates
Associates
Associates
Associates
b. Net revenue

e. Other noncurrent assets
December 31, December 31, 2022 ..... 2021
Item Related Party Name
Temporary payments ..... JASM
\$ 6,925,782 ..... $\$$

$\qquad$
f. Payables to related parties

|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item | Related Party Name/Categories |  |  |
| Payables to related parties | TSMC Nanjing | \$ 4,105,919 | \$ 2,761,080 |
|  | TSMC China | 2,296,083 | 1,802,314 |
|  | Xintec | 1,047,374 | 725,261 |
|  | Other subsidiaries | 2,006,484 | 1,687,157 |
|  | Other associates | 595,184 | 711,861 |
|  |  | \$ 10,051,044 | \$ 7,687,673 |

g. Accrued expenses and other current liabilities

|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item | Related Party Name/Categories |  |  |
| Other payables and other current liabilities | Subsidiaries Associates | $\begin{array}{ll} \$ & 961,365 \\ & 111,834 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,389,861 \\ 726,350 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  | \$ 1,073,199 | \$ 2,116,211 |
| Temporary receipts | TSMC North America | \$ 97,634,360 | \$ 20,650,062 |

h. Other noncurrent liabilities

|  | December 31, <br> 2022 | December 31, <br> 2021 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Item | $\underline{\text { Related Party Name }}$ |  |  |
| Temporary receipts | TSMC North America | $\underline{\$ 142,132,113}$ | $\underline{\$ 127,361,560}$ |

i. Disposal of property, plant and equipment

|  | Proceeds |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
|  | 2022 | 2021 |
| $\underline{\text { Related Party Name/Categories }}$ |  |  |
| TSMC Nanjing | \$ 673,945 | \$ 102,721 |
| Other subsidiaries | 102,099 | 21,103 |
| Associates | 100 | - |
|  | \$ 776,144 | \$ 123,824 |
|  | Gains |  |
|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
|  | 2022 | 2021 |
| $\underline{\text { Related Party Name/Categories }}$ |  |  |
| TSMC Nanjing | \$ 302,234 | \$ 24,765 |
| Other subsidiaries | 50,882 | 38,931 |
| Associates | 100 | - |
|  | \$ 353,216 | \$ 63,696 |
|  | Deferred Gains from Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |

Related Party Name/Categories
TSMC Nanjing \$ 99,272 \$ 50,816
WaferTech
75,440
32,116
Other subsidiaries
36,596
35,667
\$ 211,308
\$ 118,599
j. Others

|  |  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Item }\end{array}$ | Related Party Name/Categories |  |  |$)$


|  |  | Years Ended December 31 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2022 |  | 2021 |  |
| Marketing expenses commission | TSMC Europe Other subsidiaries | \$ | $\begin{aligned} & 541,200 \\ & 618,880 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | \$ | $\begin{aligned} & 465,783 \\ & 517,205 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | \$ | 1,160,080 | \$ | 982,988 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Conclude |

The sales prices and payment terms to related parties were not significantly different from those of sales to third parties. For other related party transactions, price and terms were determined in accordance with mutual agreements.

The Company leased factory and office from associates. The lease terms and prices were both determined in accordance with mutual agreements. The rental expenses were paid to associates monthly; the related expenses were both classified under manufacturing expenses.

The Company deferred the disposal gain or loss derived from sales of property, plant and equipment to related parties using equity method, and then recognized such gain or loss over the depreciable lives of the disposed assets.
k. Compensation of key management personnel

The compensation to directors and other key management personnel were as follows:

|  | Years Ended December 31 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ |
| Short-term employee benefits | $\$ 4,221,962$ | $\$ 2,768,725$ |
| Post-employment benefits | 2,618 | 2,458 |
| Share-based payments | 286,227 | - |
|  | $\underline{\$ 4,510,807}$ | $\underline{\$ 2,771,183}$ |

The compensation to directors and other key management personnel were determined by the Compensation Committee (rename to Compensation and People Development Committee from February 14,2023 ) of the Company in accordance with the individual performance and the market trends.

## 32. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED COMMITMENTS

Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized commitments of the Company as of the end of the reporting period, excluding those disclosed in other notes, were as follows:
a. Under a technical cooperation agreement with Industrial Technology Research Institute, the R.O.C. Government or its designee approved by the Company can use up to $35 \%$ of the Company's capacity provided the Company's outstanding commitments to its customers are not prejudiced. The term of this agreement is for five years beginning from January 1, 1987 and is automatically renewed for successive periods of five years unless otherwise terminated by either party with one year prior notice. As of the end of reporting period, the R.O.C. Government did not invoke such right.
b. Under a Shareholders Agreement entered into with Philips and EDB Investments Pte Ltd. on March 30, 1999, the parties formed a joint venture company, SSMC, which is an integrated circuit foundry in Singapore. The Company's equity interest in SSMC was $32 \%$. Nevertheless, in September 2006, Philips spun-off its semiconductor subsidiary which was renamed as NXP B.V. Further, the Company and NXP B.V. purchased all the SSMC shares owned by EDB Investments Pte Ltd. pro rata according to the Shareholders Agreement on November 15, 2006. After the purchase, the Company and NXP B.V. currently own approximately $39 \%$ and $61 \%$ of the SSMC shares, respectively. The Company and NXP B.V. are required, in the aggregate, to purchase at least $70 \%$ of SSMC's capacity, but the Company alone is not required to purchase more than $28 \%$ of the capacity. If any party defaults on the commitment and the capacity utilization of SSMC falls below a specific percentage of its capacity, the defaulting party is required to compensate SSMC for all related unavoidable costs. There was no default from the aforementioned commitment as of the end of reporting period.
c. In September 2022, Daedalus Prime LLC ("Daedalus") filed complaints in the U.S. International Trade Commission ("ITC") and the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Texas alleging that the Company, TSMC North America, and other companies infringe four U.S. patents. The ITC instituted an investigation in October 2022. The outcome cannot be determined and we cannot make a reliable estimate of the contingent liability at this time.
d. The Company entered into long-term purchase agreements of materials and supplies and agreements of waste disposal with multiple suppliers. The relative minimum fulfillment quantity and price are specified in the agreements.
e. The Company entered into a long-term purchase agreement of equipment. The relative fulfillment quantity and price are specified in the agreement.
f. The Company entered into long-term energy purchase agreements with multiple suppliers. The relative fulfillment period, quantity and price are specified in the agreements.
g. As of the end of reporting period, the Company provided endorsement guarantees of NT\$2,555,730 thousand to its subsidiary, TSMC North America, in respect of providing endorsement guarantees for office leasing contract.
h. As of the end of reporting period, the Company provided a NT\$230,347,500 thousand endorsement guarantee for its subsidiary, TSMC Global, in respect of its issuance of US dollar-denominated senior unsecured corporate bonds.
i. As of the end of reporting period, the Company provided a NT\$369,551,715 thousand endorsement guarantee for its subsidiary, TSMC Arizona, in respect of its issuance of US dollar-denominated senior unsecured corporate bonds and operation needs.
j. The Company entrusted financial institutions to open performance guarantee mainly for import and export of goods, lease agreement and energy purchase agreement. As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the aforementioned guarantee amounted to NT\$7,623,262 thousand and NT\$4,954,798 thousand, respectively.

## 33. EXCHANGE RATE INFORMATION OF FOREIGN-CURRENCY FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The following information was summarized according to the foreign currencies other than the functional currency of the Company. The exchange rates disclosed were used to translate the foreign currencies into the functional currency. The significant financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

| Foreign |  | Carrying |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Currencies | Exchange Rate | Amount |
| (In Thousands) | (Note) | (In Thousands) |

December 31, 2022

Financial assets

| Monetary items |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| USD | $13,953,942$ | 30.713 | $\$ 428,567,422$ |
| EUR | 7,863 | 32.838 | 258,211 |
| JPY | $124,526,582$ | 0.2331 | $29,027,146$ |

Financial liabilities

Monetary items

| USD | $14,450,017$ | 30.713 | $443,803,373$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| EUR | $2,352,220$ | 32.838 | $77,242,213$ |
| JPY | $125,984,842$ | 0.2331 | $29,367,067$ |

December 31, 2021

Financial assets

| Monetary items |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| USD | $11,386,512$ | 27.674 | $315,110,347$ |
| EUR | 14,420 | 31.460 | 453,666 |
| JPY | $10,673,383$ | 0.2414 | $2,576,555$ |

Financial liabilities

Monetary items

| USD | $11,851,225$ | 27.674 | $327,970,810$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| EUR | $3,494,588$ | 31.460 | $109,939,747$ |
| JPY | $109,729,158$ | 0.2414 | $26,488,619$ |

Note: Exchange rate represents the number of NT dollar for which one foreign currency could be exchanged.

Please refer to the parent company only statements of comprehensive income for the total of realized and unrealized foreign exchange gain and loss for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Since there were varieties of foreign currency transactions of the Company, the Company was unable to disclose foreign exchange gain (loss) towards each foreign currency with significant impact.

## 34. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

Following are the additional disclosures required by the Securities and Futures Bureau for the Company:
a. Financings provided: See Table 1 attached;
b. Endorsement/guarantee provided: See Table 2 attached;
c. Marketable securities held (excluding investments in subsidiaries and associates): See Table 3 attached;
d. Marketable securities acquired and disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or $20 \%$ of the paid-in capital: See Table 4 attached;
e. Acquisition of individual real estate properties at costs of at least NT\$300 million or $20 \%$ of the paid-in capital: See Table 5 attached;
f. Disposal of individual real estate properties at prices of at least NT\$300 million or $20 \%$ of the paid-in capital: None;
g. Total purchases from or sales to related parties of at least NT\$100 million or $20 \%$ of the paid-in capital: See Table 6 attached;
h. Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or $20 \%$ of the paid-in capital: See Table 7 attached;
i. Information about the derivative financial instruments transaction: See Notes 7 and 9;
j. Names, locations, and related information of investees over which the Company exercises significant influence (excluding information on investment in mainland China): See Table 8 attached;
k. Information on investment in mainland China

1) The name of the investee in mainland China, the main businesses and products, its issued capital, method of investment, information on inflow or outflow of capital, percentage of ownership, income (losses) of the investee, share of profits/losses of investee, ending balance, amount received as dividends from the investee, and the limitation on investee: See Table 9 attached.
2) Significant direct or indirect transactions with the investee, its prices and terms of payment, unrealized gain or loss, and other related information which is helpful to understand the impact of investment in mainland China on financial reports: See Note 31.
l. Information of major shareholder

List of all shareholders with ownership of 5 percent or greater showing the names and the number of shares and percentage of ownership held by each shareholder: See Table 10 attached.

## 35. OPERATING SEGMENTS INFORMATION

The Company has provided the operating segments disclosure in the consolidated financial statements.
TABLE 1
TABLE 2
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees
ENDORSEMENTS/GUARANTEES PROVIDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022
(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars,
(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| No. | Endorsement/ Guarantee Provider | Guaranteed Party |  | Limits on <br> Endorsement/ <br> Guarantee <br> Amount <br> Provided to Each <br> Guaranteed <br> Party <br> (Notes 1 and 2) | Maximum Balance for the Period (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) (Note 3) | Ending Balance (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) (Note 3) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount Actually } \\ \text { Drawn } \\ \text { (US\$ in } \\ \text { Thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | Amount of Endorsement/ Guarantee Collateralized by Properties | Ratio of Accumulated Endorsement/ Guarantee to Net Equity per Latest Financial Statements | MaximumEndorsement/GuaranteeAmountAllowable(Notes 1 and 2) | Guarantee Provided by Parent Company | Guarantee Provided by A Subsidiary | Guarantee Provided to Subsidiaries in Mainland China |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Name | Nature of Relationship |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | TSMC | TSMC North <br> America | Subsidiary | \$ 736,413,299 | $\left.\begin{array}{cc} \$ & 2,555,730 \\ \text { (US\$ } & 83,213 \end{array}\right)$ | $\begin{array}{cc}\$ & 2,555,730 \\ \text { (US\$ } & 83,213)\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc}\$ & 2,555,730 \\ \text { (US\$ } & 83,213)\end{array}$ | \$ | 0.09\% | \$ 736,413,299 | Yes | No | No |
|  |  | TSMC Global | Subsidiary | 736,413,299 | $\begin{array}{r} 230,347,500 \\ \text { (US\$ } 7,500,000 \text { ) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 230,347,500 \\ \text { (US\$ } 7,500,000) \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 230,347,500 \\ \text { (US\$ 7,500,000) } \end{gathered}$ | - | 7.82\% | 736,413,299 | Yes | No | No |
|  |  | TSMC Arizona | Subsidiary | 736,413,299 | $\begin{gathered} 369,551,715 \\ \text { (US\$12,032,420) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 369,551,715 \\ (\text { US } \$ 12,032,420) \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r} 246,699,701 \\ \text { (US\$ 8,032,420) } \end{array}\right.$ | - | 12.55\% | 736,413,299 | Yes | No | No |
| 1 | TSMC Japan | TSMC JDC | The same parent company | 336,399 | $\begin{array}{r} 307,692 \\ \text { (JPY } 1,320,000 \text { ) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rr}  & 307,692 \\ (\text { JPY } & 1,320,000) \end{array}$ | $\left(\begin{array}{r} 307,692 \\ (\mathrm{JPY} \\ 1,320,000) \end{array}\right.$ | - | 0.01\% | 336,399 | No | No | No |

Note 1: The total amount of the endorsement/guarantee provided by TSMC to TSMC North America, TSMC Global and TSMC Arizona shall not exceed twenty-five percent ( $25 \%$ ) of TSMC's net worth.
Note 2: The total amount of the endorsement/guarantee provided by TSMC Japan to TSMC JDC shall not exceed two hundred and fifty percent (250\%) of TSMC Japan's net worth.
Note 3: The maximum balance for the period and ending balance represent the amounts approved by the Board of Directors.
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

## MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | December 31, 2022 |  |  |  | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership (\%) | Fair Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) |  |
| TSMC | Commercial paper |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Taiwan Power Company | - | Financial assets at amortized cost | 2,950 | \$ 29,335,729 | N/A | \$ 29,421,735 |  |
|  | CPC Corporation, Taiwan | - | " | 750 | 7,458,936 | N/A | 7,481,537 |  |
|  | Nan Ya Plastics Corporation | - | " | 450 | 4,476,301 | N/A | 4,492,086 |  |
|  | Formosa Petrochemical Corporation | - | " | 300 | 2,985,385 | N/A | 2,994,951 |  |
|  | Formosa Chemicals \& Fibre Corporation | - | " | 250 | 2,485,666 | N/A | 2,494,159 |  |
|  | Formosa Plastics Corporation | - | " | 200 | 1,990,459 | N/A | 1,997,560 |  |
|  | Non-publicly traded equity investments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Shin-Etsu Handotai Taiwan Co., Ltd. | - | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | 10,500 | 473,508 | 7 | 473,508 |  |
|  | United Industrial Gases Co., Ltd. | - | - | 21,230 | 443,461 | 10 | 443,461 |  |
|  | Global Investment Holding Inc. | - | " | 10,442 | 97,772 | 6 | 97,772 |  |
|  | Crimson Asia Capital | - | " | - | - | 1 | - |  |
| TSMC Partners | Non-publicly traded equity investments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Shanghai Walden Venture Capital Enterprise | - | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | US\$ 26,441 | 6 | US\$ 26,441 |  |
|  | China Walden Venture Investments II, L.P. | - | " | - | US\$ 18,454 | 9 | US\$ 18,454 |  |
|  | China Walden Venture Investments III, L.P. | - | " | - | US\$ 13,602 |  | US\$ 13,602 |  |
|  | Tela Innovations | - | " | 6,942 | - | 22 | - |  |
|  | Movella Inc. | - | ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 6,333 | - | 9 | - |  |
| TSMC Global | Corporate bond |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Morgan Stanley | - | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | US\$ 83,242 | N/A | US\$ 83,242 |  |
|  | Bank of America Corporation | - | corle | - | US\$ 76,626 | N/A | US\$ 76,626 |  |
|  | Citigroup Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 61,493 | N/A | US\$ 61,493 |  |
|  | Wells Fargo \& Company | - | " | - | US\$ 59,735 | N/A | US\$ 59,735 |  |
|  | The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 51,439 | N/A | US\$ 51,439 |  |
|  | JPMorgan Chase \& Co. | - | " | - | US\$ 50,629 | N/A | US\$ 50,629 |  |
|  | Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 32,949 | N/A | US\$ 32,949 |  |
|  | HSBC Holdings plc | - | " | - | US\$ 32,402 | N/A | US\$ 32,402 |  |
|  | AbbVie Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 27,892 | N/A | US\$ 27,892 |  |
|  | Sumitomo Mitsui Financial Group, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 27,658 | N/A | US\$ 27,658 |  |
|  | Banco Santander, S.A. | - | , | - | US\$ 26,257 | N/A | US\$ 26,257 |  |
|  | Metropolitan Life Global Funding I | - | " | - | US\$ 24,408 | N/A | US\$ 24,408 |  |
|  | Athene Global Funding | - | " | - | US\$ 23,191 | N/A | US\$ 23,191 |  |
|  | Oracle Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 21,865 | N/A | US\$ 21,865 |  |
|  | Royal Bank of Canada | - | " | - | US\$ 21,423 | N/A | US\$ 21,423 |  |
|  | Principal Life Global Funding II | - | " | - | US\$ 19,768 | N/A | US\$ 19,768 |  |
|  | The Toronto-Dominion Bank | - | " | - | US\$ 19,510 | N/A | US\$ 19,510 |  |
|  | Equitable Financial Life Global Funding | - | " | - | US\$ 18,979 | N/A | US\$ 18,979 |  |
|  | BNP Paribas SA | - | " | - | US\$ 18,931 | N/A | US\$ 18,931 |  |


| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | December 31, 2022 |  |  |  |  | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership (\%) | Fair (Foreign in Th | Value Currencies usands) |  |
| TSMC Global | Nordea Bank Abp | - | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | US\$ 18,263 | N/A | US\$ | 18,263 |  |
|  | Fédération des caisses Desjardins du Québec | - | " | - | US\$ 18,086 | N/A | US\$ | 18,086 |  |
|  | Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 17,158 | N/A | US\$ | 17,158 |  |
|  | Guardian Life Global Funding | - | " | - | US\$ 16,412 | N/A | US\$ | 16,412 |  |
|  | Mizuho Financial Group, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 16,169 | N/A | US\$ | 16,169 |  |
|  | Deutsche Bank AG - New York Branch | - | " | - | US\$ 16,038 | N/A | US\$ | 16,038 |  |
|  | Hyundai Capital America | - | " | - | US\$ 15,807 | N/A | US\$ | 15,807 |  |
|  | Volkswagen Group of America Finance, LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 15,613 | N/A | US\$ | 15,613 |  |
|  | Nationwide Building Society | - | " | - | US\$ 15,375 | N/A | US\$ | 15,375 |  |
|  | NatWest Markets Plc | - | " | - | US\$ 15,314 | N/A | USS | 15,314 |  |
|  | Bank of Montreal | - | " | - | US\$ 15,224 | N/A | US\$ | 15,224 |  |
|  | Protective Life Global Funding | - | " | - | US\$ 15,045 | N/A | US\$ | 15,045 |  |
|  | BPCE SA | - | " | - | US\$ 14,691 | N/A | USS | 14,691 |  |
|  | Capital One Financial Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 14,125 | N/A | US\$ | 14,125 |  |
|  | ING Groep N.V. | - | " | - | US\$ 14,050 | N/A | US\$ | 14,050 |  |
|  | NTT Finance Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 13,744 | N/A | US\$ | 13,744 |  |
|  | Svenska Handelsbanken AB (publ) | - | " | - | US\$ 13,508 | N/A | US\$ | 13,508 |  |
|  | Société Générale Société anonyme | - | " | - | US\$ 13,327 | N/A | US\$ | 13,327 |  |
|  | The Bank of Nova Scotia | - | " | - | US\$ 12,914 | N/A | US\$ | 12,914 |  |
|  | Credit Suisse AG, New York Branch | - | " | - | US\$ 12,688 | N/A | US\$ | 12,688 |  |
|  | Apple Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 12,233 | N/A | US\$ | 12,233 |  |
|  | Macquarie Group Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 11,654 | N/A | US\$ | 11,654 |  |
|  | Santander UK Group Holdings plc | - | " | - | US\$ 11,628 | N/A | US\$ | 11,628 |  |
|  | Credit Agricole SA London Branch | - | " | - | US\$ 11,611 | N/A | US\$ | 11,611 |  |
|  | Toyota Motor Credit Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 11,609 | N/A | USS | 11,609 |  |
|  | Standard Chartered PLC | - | " | - | US\$ 11,541 | N/A | USS | 11,541 |  |
|  | UBS Group AG | - | " | - | US\$ 11,473 | N/A | US\$ | 11,473 |  |
|  | The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 11,282 | N/A | USS | 11,282 |  |
|  | Barclays PLC | - | " | - | US\$ 11,263 | N/A | US\$ | 11,263 |  |
|  | Fifth Third Bancorp | - | " | - | US\$ 10,917 | N/A | US\$ | 10,917 |  |
|  | National Securities Clearing Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 10,878 | N/A | US\$ | 10,878 |  |
|  | Banque Fédérative du Crédit Mutuel Société anonyme | - | " | - | US\$ 10,738 | N/A | US\$ | 10,738 |  |
|  | Lloyds Banking Group plc | - | " | - | US\$ 10,533 | N/A | USS | 10,533 |  |
|  | AT\&T Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 10,528 | N/A | US\$ | 10,528 |  |
|  | S\&P Global Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 10,246 | N/A | US\$ | 10,246 |  |
|  | Nomura Holdings, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 10,195 | N/A | US\$ | 10,195 |  |
|  | U.S. Bancorp | - | " | - | US\$ 9,781 | N/A | US\$ | 9,781 |  |
|  | Verizon Communications Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 9,765 | N/A | US\$ | 9,765 |  |
|  | Citizens Bank, National Association | - | " | - | US\$ 9,364 | N/A | US\$ | 9,364 |  |
|  | Enel Finance Intemational N.V. | - | " | - | US\$ 9,104 | N/A | US\$ | 9,104 |  |
|  | Roper Technologies, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 9,035 | N/A | US\$ | 9,035 |  |
|  | Equifax Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 8,925 | N/A | US\$ | 8,925 |  |
|  | Equinor ASA | - | " | - | US\$ 8,832 | N/A | US\$ | 8,832 |  |
|  | Amazon.com, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 8,820 | N/A | USS | 8,820 |  |
|  | Merck \& Co., Inc. | - | , | - | US\$ 8,616 | N/A | USS | 8,616 |  |
|  | Bristol-Myers Squibb Company | - | " | - | US\$ 8,441 | N/A | US\$ | 8,441 |  |
|  | GSK Consumer Healthcare Capital US LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 8,314 | N/A | US\$ | 8,314 |  |
|  | AIG Global Funding | - | " | - | US\$ 8,209 | N/A | USS | 8,209 |  |
|  | New York Life Global Funding | - | " | - | US\$ 8,192 | N/A | US\$ | 8,192 |  |


| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | December 31, 2022 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership (\%) |  | Value urrencies usands) | Note |
| TSMC Global | American Express Company | - | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | US\$ 8,037 | N/A | US\$ | 8,037 |  |
|  | Truist Financial Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 7,851 | N/A | US\$ | 7,851 |  |
|  | International Bank for Reconstruction and Development | - | " | - | US\$ 7,608 | N/A | US\$ | 7,608 |  |
|  | KfW | - | " | - | US\$ 7,594 | N/A | US\$ | 7,594 |  |
|  | UnitedHealth Group Incorporated | - | " | - | US\$ 7,504 | N/A | US\$ | 7,504 |  |
|  | AstraZeneca Finance LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 7,477 | N/A | US\$ | 7,477 |  |
|  | Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce | - | " | - | US\$ 7,443 | N/A | US\$ | 7,443 |  |
|  | Inter-American Development Bank | - | " | - | US\$ 7,346 | N/A | US\$ | 7,346 |  |
|  | Suncorp-Metway Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 7,315 | N/A | US\$ | 7,315 |  |
|  | Great-West Lifeco U.S. Finance 2020, Lp | - | " | - | US\$ 7,287 | N/A | US\$ | 7,287 |  |
|  | Lowe's Companies, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 7,135 | N/A | US\$ | 7,135 |  |
|  | Northwestern Mutual Global Funding | - | " | - | US\$ 6,853 | N/A | US\$ | 6,853 |  |
|  | Chevron Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 6,838 | N/A | US\$ | 6,838 |  |
|  | Fidelity National Information Services, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 6,619 | N/A | US\$ | 6,619 |  |
|  | AstraZeneca PLC | - | " | - | US\$ 6,500 | N/A | US\$ | 6,500 |  |
|  | Prudential Funding Corp. | - | " | - | US\$ 6,447 | N/A | US\$ | 6,447 |  |
|  | John Deere Capital Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 6,437 | N/A | US\$ | 6,437 |  |
|  | Intuit Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 6,421 | N/A | US\$ | 6,421 |  |
|  | Cargill, Incorporated | - | " | - | US\$ 6,378 | N/A | US\$ | 6,378 |  |
|  | Daimler Trucks Finance North America LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 6,367 | N/A | US\$ | 6,367 |  |
|  | Roche Holdings, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 6,339 | N/A | US\$ | 6,339 |  |
|  | The East Ohio Gas Company | - | " | - | US\$ 6,333 | N/A | US\$ | 6,333 |  |
|  | Jackson National Life Global Funding | - | " | - | US\$ 6,283 | N/A | US\$ | 6,283 |  |
|  | Danske Bank A/S | - | " | - | US\$ 6,149 | N/A | US\$ | 6,149 |  |
|  | Ameren Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 5,960 | N/A | US\$ | 5,960 |  |
|  | Huntington Bancshares Incorporated | - | " | - | US\$ 5,865 | N/A | US\$ | 5,865 |  |
|  | Discover Bank (New Castle, Delaware) | - | " | - | US\$ 5,864 | N/A | US\$ | 5,864 |  |
|  | Exxon Mobil Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 5,749 | N/A | US\$ | 5,749 |  |
|  | Swedbank AB (publ) | - | " | - | US\$ 5,733 | N/A | US\$ | 5,733 |  |
|  | Fox Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 5,630 | N/A | US\$ | 5,630 |  |
|  | ANZ New Zealand (Int') Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 5,604 | N/A | US\$ | 5,604 |  |
|  | Exelon Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 5,591 | N/A | US\$ | 5,591 |  |
|  | Take-Two Interactive Software, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 5,576 | N/A | US\$ | 5,576 |  |
|  | Macquarie Bank Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 5,541 | N/A | USS | 5,541 |  |
|  | Scentre Group Trust 1 | - | " | - | US\$ 5,525 | N/A | US\$ | 5,525 |  |
|  | WEC Energy Group, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 5,498 | N/A | US\$ | 5,498 |  |
|  | WPP Finance 2010 | - | " | - | US\$ 5,459 | N/A | US\$ | 5,459 |  |
|  | Huntington National Bank | - | " | - | US\$ 5,415 | N/A | US\$ | 5,415 |  |
|  | Intercontinental Exchange, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 5,388 | N/A | US\$ | 5,388 |  |
|  | UBS AG, London Branch | - | " | - | US\$ 5,387 | N/A | US\$ | 5,387 |  |
|  | Pacific Life Global Funding II | - | " | - | US\$ 5,359 | N/A | US\$ | 5,359 |  |
|  | Siemens Financieringsmaatschappij N.V. | - | " | - | US\$ 5,302 | N/A | US\$ | 5,302 |  |
|  | The Charles Schwab Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 5,292 | N/A | USS | 5,292 |  |
|  | Alabama Power Company | - | " | - | US\$ 5,263 | N/A | US\$ | 5,263 |  |
|  | Pioneer Natural Resources Company | - | " | - | US\$ 5,254 | N/A | US\$ | 5,254 |  |
|  | ASB Bank Limited | - | , | - | US\$ 5,239 | N/A | US\$ | 5,239 |  |
|  | Cox Communications, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 5,112 | N/A | USS | 5,112 |  |
|  | Intel Corporation | - | , | - | US\$ 5,109 | N/A | USS | 5,109 |  |
|  | Nutrien Ltd. | - | " | - | US\$ 5,048 | N/A | US\$ | 5,048 |  |


| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | December 31, 2022 |  |  |  |  | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership (\%) |  | alue urrencies sands) |  |
| TSMC Global | Southern California Edison Company | - | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | US\$ 5,017 | N/A | US\$ | 5,017 |  |
|  | Fiserv, Inc. | - | - | - | US\$ 4,999 | N/A | US\$ | 4,999 |  |
|  | Five Corners Funding Trust | - | " | - | US\$ 4,958 | N/A | US\$ | 4,958 |  |
|  | Penske Truck Leasing Co., L.P. | - | " | - | US\$ 4,774 | N/A | US\$ | 4,774 |  |
|  | CVS Health Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 4,750 | N/A | US\$ | 4,750 |  |
|  | CGI Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 4,713 | N/A | US\$ | 4,713 |  |
|  | Brookfield Finance Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 4,601 | N/A | US\$ | 4,601 |  |
|  | Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 4,558 | N/A | US\$ | 4,558 |  |
|  | Virginia Electric and Power Company | - | " | - | US\$ 4,468 | N/A | US\$ | 4,468 |  |
|  | NextEra Energy Capital Holdings, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 4,439 | N/A | US\$ | 4,439 |  |
|  | W. P. Carey Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 4,414 | N/A | US\$ | 4,414 |  |
|  | HP Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 4,388 | N/A | US\$ | 4,388 |  |
|  | CenterPoint Energy, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 4,342 | N/A | US\$ | 4,342 |  |
|  | CNH Industrial Capital LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 4,260 | N/A | US\$ | 4,260 |  |
|  | Comcast Corporation | - | , | - | US\$ 4,232 | N/A | US\$ | 4,232 |  |
|  | Bank of New Zealand | - | " | - | US\$ 4,231 | N/A | US\$ | 4,231 |  |
|  | Eversource Energy | - | " | - | US\$ 4,185 | N/A | US\$ | 4,185 |  |
|  | Brighthouse Financial Global Funding | - | " | - | US\$ 4,100 | N/A | US\$ | 4,100 |  |
|  | Mercedes-Benz Finance North America LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 4,089 | N/A | US\$ | 4,089 |  |
|  | Korea Electric Power Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 4,037 | N/A | US\$ | 4,037 |  |
|  | Florida Power \& Light Company | - | " | - | US\$ 4,026 | N/A | US\$ | 4,026 |  |
|  | Dollar General Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 4,005 | N/A | US\$ | 4,005 |  |
|  | F\&G Global Funding | - | " | - | US\$ 4,003 | N/A | US\$ | 4,003 |  |
|  | 7 -Eleven, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 3,981 | N/A | US\$ | 3,981 |  |
|  | Element Fleet Management Corp. | - | " | - | US\$ 3,873 | N/A | US\$ | 3,873 |  |
|  | CNO Global Funding | - | " | - | US\$ 3,858 | N/A | US\$ | 3,858 |  |
|  | Coca-Cola Europacific Partners PLC | - | " | - | US\$ 3,837 | N/A | US\$ | 3,837 |  |
|  | AvalonBay Communities, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 3,831 | N/A | US\$ | 3,831 |  |
|  | European Bank for Reconstruction and Development | - | " | - | US\$ 3,802 | N/A | US\$ | 3,802 |  |
|  | Mondelez International, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 3,696 | N/A | US\$ | 3,696 |  |
|  | B.A.T. International Finance p.l.c. | - | " | - | US\$ 3,619 | N/A | US\$ | 3,619 |  |
|  | Appalachian Power Company | - | " | - | US\$ 3,618 | N/A | US\$ | 3,618 |  |
|  | Public Storage | - | " | - | US\$ 3,506 | N/A | US\$ | 3,506 |  |
|  | V.F. Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 3,503 | N/A | US\$ | 3,503 |  |
|  | Monongahela Power Company | - | " | - | US\$ 3,415 | N/A | US\$ | 3,415 |  |
|  | DNB Bank ASA | - | " | - | US\$ 3,407 | N/A | US\$ | 3,407 |  |
|  | Ryder System, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 3,399 | N/A | US\$ | 3,399 |  |
|  | Truist Bank | - | " | - | US\$ 3,397 | N/A | US\$ | 3,397 |  |
|  | BorgWarner Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 3,392 | N/A | US\$ | 3,392 |  |
|  | OGE Energy Corp. | - | " | - | US\$ 3,390 | N/A | US\$ | 3,390 |  |
|  | Welltower Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 3,389 | N/A | US\$ | 3,389 |  |
|  | HSBC Bank Canada | - | " | - | US\$ 3,351 | N/A | US\$ | 3,351 |  |
|  | Kimco Realty Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 3,348 | N/A | US\$ | 3,348 |  |
|  | Diageo Capital plc | - | " | - | US\$ 3,339 | N/A | US\$ | 3,339 |  |
|  | Ross Stores, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 3,275 | N/A | US\$ | 3,275 |  |
|  | Sprint Spectrum Co Llc | - | " | - | US\$ 3,248 | N/A | US\$ | 3,248 |  |
|  | SMBC Aviation Capital Finance DAC | - | " | - | US\$ 3,222 | N/A | US\$ | 3,222 |  |
|  | U.S. Bancorp. | - | " | - | US\$ 3,205 | N/A | US\$ | 3,205 |  |
|  | Pfizer Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 3,174 | N/A | US\$ | 3,174 |  |


| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | December 31, 2022 |  |  |  |  | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership (\%) |  | Value urrencies usands) |  |
| TSMC Global | Highmark Inc. | - | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | US\$ 3,171 | N/A | US\$ | 3,171 |  |
|  | Dominion Energy, Inc. | - | crembivar | - | US\$ 3,167 | N/A | US\$ | 3,167 |  |
|  | Verisk Analytics, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 3,163 | N/A | US\$ | 3,163 |  |
|  | Realty Income Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 3,162 | N/A | US\$ | 3,162 |  |
|  | ERAC USA Finance LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 3,112 | N/A | US\$ | 3,112 |  |
|  | Anheuser-Busch Companies, LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 3,035 | N/A | US\$ | 3,035 |  |
|  | X cel Energy Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 3,029 | N/A | US\$ | 3,029 |  |
|  | Simon Property Group, L.P. | - | " | - | US\$ 3,018 | N/A | US\$ | 3,018 |  |
|  | ONE Gas, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 3,012 | N/A | US\$ | 3,012 |  |
|  | Public Service Enterprise Group Incorporated | - | " | - | US\$ 2,996 | N/A | US\$ | 2,996 |  |
|  | The Western Union Company | - | " | - | US\$ 2,983 | N/A | US\$ | 2,983 |  |
|  | Gilead Sciences, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,970 | N/A | US\$ | 2,970 |  |
|  | CNA Financial Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,950 | N/A | US\$ | 2,950 |  |
|  | MPLX LP | - | " | - | US\$ 2,941 | N/A | US\$ | 2,941 |  |
|  | Atmos Energy Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,934 | N/A | US\$ | 2,934 |  |
|  | Johnson \& Johnson | - | " | - | US\$ 2,914 | N/A | US\$ | 2,914 |  |
|  | Rio Tinto Finance (USA) Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 2,908 | N/A | US\$ | 2,908 |  |
|  | Oncor Electric Delivery Company LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 2,905 | N/A | US\$ | 2,905 |  |
|  | Nestlé Holdings, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,905 | N/A | US\$ | 2,905 |  |
|  | Air Lease Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,895 | N/A | US\$ | 2,895 |  |
|  | Avangrid, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,861 | N/A | US\$ | 2,861 |  |
|  | Southern California Gas Company | - | " | - | US\$ 2,848 | N/A | US\$ | 2,848 |  |
|  | Parker-Hannifin Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,768 | N/A | US\$ | 2,768 |  |
|  | TORONTO-DOMINION BANK/THE | - | " | - | US\$ 2,768 | N/A | US\$ | 2,768 |  |
|  | Coöperatieve Rabobank U.A. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,767 | N/A | US\$ | 2,767 |  |
|  | Novartis Capital Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,734 | N/A | US\$ | 2,734 |  |
|  | Baxalta Incorporated | - | " | - | US\$ 2,728 | N/A | US\$ | 2,728 |  |
|  | PPL Electric Utilities Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,718 | N/A | US\$ | 2,718 |  |
|  | Amazon.com, Inc | - | " | - | US\$ 2,691 | N/A | US\$ | 2,691 |  |
|  | Ameriprise Financial, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,677 | N/A | US\$ | 2,677 |  |
|  | B.A.T Capital Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,671 | N/A | US\$ | 2,671 |  |
|  | Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company | - | " | - | US\$ 2,635 | N/A | US\$ | 2,635 |  |
|  | Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership | - | " | - | US\$ 2,600 | N/A | US\$ | 2,600 |  |
|  | Eastern Energy Gas Holdings, LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 2,598 | N/A | USS | 2,598 |  |
|  | Chevron Phillips Chemical Company LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 2,579 | N/A | US\$ | 2,579 |  |
|  | Mondelez International Holdings Netherlands B.V. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,577 | N/A | US\$ | 2,577 |  |
|  | Masco Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,519 | N/A | US\$ | 2,519 |  |
|  | GA Global Funding Trust | - | " | - | US\$ 2,484 | N/A | US\$ | 2,484 |  |
|  | Baxter International Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,469 | N/A | US\$ | 2,469 |  |
|  | NBN Co Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 2,461 | N/A | US\$ | 2,461 |  |
|  | M\&T Bank Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,459 | N/A | US\$ | 2,459 |  |
|  | Air Products and Chemicals, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,447 | N/A | US\$ | 2,447 |  |
|  | International Business Machines Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,445 | N/A | US\$ | 2,445 |  |
|  | Nuveen Finance, LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 2,437 | N/A | US\$ | 2,437 |  |
|  | Cigna Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,426 | N/A | US\$ | 2,426 |  |
|  | The PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,424 | N/A | US\$ | 2,424 |  |
|  | Santander UK plc | - | " | - | US\$ 2,417 | N/A | USS | 2,417 |  |
|  | Pinnacle West Capital Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,397 | N/A | US\$ | 2,397 |  |
|  | Bayer US Finance II LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 2,374 | N/A | US\$ | 2,374 |  |


| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | December 31, 2022 |  |  |  |  | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { Carrying Value } \\ \text { (Foreign Currencies } \\ \text { in Thousands) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Percentage of Ownership (\%) | Fair (Foreig in Th | Value urrencies sands) |  |
| TSMC Global | AutoZone, Inc. | - | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | US\$ 2,373 | N/A | US\$ | 2,373 |  |
|  | CRH America, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,371 | N/A | US\$ | 2,371 |  |
|  | Phillips 66 | - | " | - | US\$ 2,352 | N/A | US\$ | 2,352 |  |
|  | American Electric Power Company, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,343 | N/A | US\$ | 2,343 |  |
|  | Workday, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,333 | N/A | US\$ | 2,333 |  |
|  | CMS Energy Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,324 | N/A | US\$ | 2,324 |  |
|  | Magellan Midstream Partners, L.P. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,299 | N/A | US\$ | 2,299 |  |
|  | Georgia Power Company | - | " | - | US\$ 2,281 | N/A | US\$ | 2,281 |  |
|  | Texas Instruments Incorporated | - | " | - | US\$ 2,279 | N/A | US\$ | 2,279 |  |
|  | Chevron U.S.A. Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,262 | N/A | US\$ | 2,262 |  |
|  | USAA Capital Corp. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,242 | N/A | US\$ | 2,242 |  |
|  | Reynolds American Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,228 | N/A | US\$ | 2,228 |  |
|  | BOC Aviation Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 2,223 | N/A | US\$ | 2,223 |  |
|  | O'Reilly Automotive, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,223 | N/A | US\$ | 2,223 |  |
|  | RGA Global Funding | - | " | - | US\$ 2,216 | N/A | US\$ | 2,216 |  |
|  | Yara International ASA | - | " | - | US\$ 2,215 | N/A | US\$ | 2,215 |  |
|  | National Australia Bank - New York Branch | - | " | - | US\$ 2,200 | N/A | US\$ | 2,200 |  |
|  | NiSource Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,178 | N/A | US\$ | 2,178 |  |
|  | Berkshire Hathaway Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 2,161 | N/A | US\$ | 2,161 |  |
|  | Empower Finance 2020, LP | - | " | - | US\$ 2,129 | N/A | US\$ | 2,129 |  |
|  | Union Pacific Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 2,082 | N/A | US\$ | 2,082 |  |
|  | Health Care Service Corporation, a Mutual Legal Reserve Company | - | " | - | US\$ 2,065 | N/A | US\$ | 2,065 |  |
|  | Georgia-Pacific LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 2,028 | N/A | US\$ | 2,028 |  |
|  | General Electric Company | - | " | - | US\$ 1,991 | N/A | US\$ | 1,991 |  |
|  | The Sherwin-Williams Company | - | " | - | US\$ 1,967 | N/A | US\$ | 1,967 |  |
|  | Mead Johnson Nutrition Company | - | " | - | US\$ 1,961 | N/A | US\$ | 1,961 |  |
|  | Magna International Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,956 | N/A | US\$ | 1,956 |  |
|  | Reliance Standard Life Global Funding II | - | " | - | US\$ 1,948 | N/A | US\$ | 1,948 |  |
|  | Public Service Electric and Gas Company | - | " | - | US\$ 1,948 | N/A | US\$ | 1,948 |  |
|  | Tucson Electric Power Company | - | " | - | US\$ 1,918 | N/A | US\$ | 1,918 |  |
|  | Gulf Power Company | - | " | - | US\$ 1,884 | N/A | US\$ | 1,884 |  |
|  | National Rural Utilities Cooperative Finance Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 1,881 | N/A | US\$ | 1,881 |  |
|  | Duke Energy Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 1,871 | N/A | US\$ | 1,871 |  |
|  | Olympus Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 1,860 | N/A | US\$ | 1,860 |  |
|  | Otis Worldwide Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 1,859 | N/A | US\$ | 1,859 |  |
|  | Kinder Morgan, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,787 | N/A | US\$ | 1,787 |  |
|  | Shinhan Financial Group Co., Ltd. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,785 | N/A | US\$ | 1,785 |  |
|  | NBK SPC Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 1,754 | N/A | US\$ | 1,754 |  |
|  | Mitsubishi Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 1,752 | N/A | US\$ | 1,752 |  |
|  | Sydney Airport Finance Company Pty Ltd. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,733 | N/A | USS | 1,733 |  |
|  | Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 1,726 | N/A | US\$ | 1,726 |  |
|  | Kentucky Utilities Company | - | , | - | US\$ 1,717 | N/A | US\$ | 1,717 |  |
|  | Wipro IT Services LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 1,674 | N/A | US\$ | 1,674 |  |
|  | Enbridge Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,672 | N/A | US\$ | 1,672 |  |
|  | Infor, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,670 | N/A | US\$ | 1,670 |  |
|  | Evergy Kansas Central, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,658 | N/A | US\$ | 1,658 |  |
|  | DTE Energy Company | - | " | - | US\$ 1,647 | N/A | US\$ | 1,647 |  |
|  | Tyson Foods, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,624 | N/A | US\$ | 1,624 |  |


| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | December 31, 2022 |  |  |  |  | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership (\%) |  | Value urrencies sands) |  |
| TSMC Global | Quest Diagnostics Incorporated | - | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | US\$ 1,601 | N/A | US\$ | 1,601 |  |
|  | Gulfstream Natural Gas System, L.L.C. | - | crembivar | - | US\$ 1,595 | N/A | US\$ | 1,595 |  |
|  | NatWest Group plc | - | " | - | US\$ 1,594 | N/A | US\$ | 1,594 |  |
|  | Burlington Northern Santa Fe, LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 1,591 | N/A | US\$ | 1,591 |  |
|  | Berkshire Hathaway Energy Company | - | " | - | US\$ 1,587 | N/A | US\$ | 1,587 |  |
|  | Walmart Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,583 | N/A | US\$ | 1,583 |  |
|  | University of California | - | " | - | US\$ 1,578 | N/A | US\$ | 1,578 |  |
|  | CSL Finance plc | - | " | - | US\$ 1,577 | N/A | US\$ | 1,577 |  |
|  | Raytheon Technologies Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 1,576 | N/A | US\$ | 1,576 |  |
|  | AIA Group Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 1,554 | N/A | US\$ | 1,554 |  |
|  | Midwest Connector Capital Company LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 1,551 | N/A | US\$ | 1,551 |  |
|  | eBay Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,532 | N/A | US\$ | 1,532 |  |
|  | UBS AG (LONDON BRANCH) | - | " | - | US\$ 1,522 | N/A | US\$ | 1,522 |  |
|  | Emerson Electric Co. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,508 | N/A | US\$ | 1,508 |  |
|  | MetLife, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,507 | N/A | US\$ | 1,507 |  |
|  | Westpac Banking Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 1,503 | N/A | US\$ | 1,503 |  |
|  | Glencore Funding LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 1,493 | N/A | US\$ | 1,493 |  |
|  | APA Infrastructure Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 1,483 | N/A | US\$ | 1,483 |  |
|  | Brookfield Finance LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 1,473 | N/A | US\$ | 1,473 |  |
|  | CK Hutchison International (19) Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 1,465 | N/A | US\$ | 1,465 |  |
|  | Amcor Flexibles North America Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,461 | N/A | US\$ | 1,461 |  |
|  | Microchip Technology Incorporated | - | " | - | US\$ 1,458 | N/A | US\$ | 1,458 |  |
|  | Commonwealth Bank of Australia | - | " | - | US\$ 1,452 | N/A | US\$ | 1,452 |  |
|  | UBS Group Funding (Jersey) Ltd. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,443 | N/A | US\$ | 1,443 |  |
|  | Marsh \& McLennan Companies, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,427 | N/A | US\$ | 1,427 |  |
|  | The Southern Company | - | " | - | US\$ 1,423 | N/A | US\$ | 1,423 |  |
|  | NSTAR Electric Company | - | " | - | US\$ 1,420 | N/A | US\$ | 1,420 |  |
|  | Duke Energy Florida, LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 1,419 | N/A | US\$ | 1,419 |  |
|  | Marathon Petroleum Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 1,411 | N/A | US\$ | 1,411 |  |
|  | Essex Portfolio, L.P. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,409 | N/A | US\$ | 1,409 |  |
|  | Alimentation Couche-Tard Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,389 | N/A | US\$ | 1,389 |  |
|  | ITC Holdings Corp. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,353 | N/A | US\$ | 1,353 |  |
|  | Alliant Energy Finance, LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 1,321 | N/A | US\$ | 1,321 |  |
|  | Eastern Gas Transmission and Storage, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,299 | N/A | US\$ | 1,299 |  |
|  | NetApp, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,265 | N/A | US\$ | 1,265 |  |
|  | Amphenol Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 1,256 | N/A | US\$ | 1,256 |  |
|  | PACCAR Financial Corp. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,227 | N/A | US\$ | 1,227 |  |
|  | State Of Tennessee | - | " | - | US\$ 1,225 | N/A | US\$ | 1,225 |  |
|  | Met Tower Global Funding | - | " | - | US\$ 1,223 | N/A | US\$ | 1,223 |  |
|  | Elevance Health Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,215 | N/A | US\$ | 1,215 |  |
|  | Andrew W. Mellon Foundation, The | - | " | - | US\$ 1,208 | N/A | US\$ | 1,208 |  |
|  | American Honda Finance Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 1,174 | N/A | US\$ | 1,174 |  |
|  | Corebridge Financial, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,167 | N/A | USS | 1,167 |  |
|  | Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria, S.A. | - | " | - | US\$ 1,162 | N/A | US\$ | 1,162 |  |
|  | The Curators of the University of Missouri | - | " | - | US\$ 1,080 | N/A | US\$ | 1,080 |  |
|  | Ferguson Finance PLC | - | , | - | US\$ 1,077 | N/A | US\$ | 1,077 |  |
|  | Nucor Corporation | - | \% | - | US\$ 1,067 | N/A | USS | 1,067 |  |
|  | Baker Hughes Holdings LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 1,038 | N/A | US\$ | 1,038 |  |
|  | State Street Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 1,035 | N/A | US\$ | 1,035 |  |


| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | $$ | Percentage of Ownership (\%) | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Fair Value } \\ \text { (Foreign Currencies } \\ \text { in Thousands) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TSMC GIobal | Enterprise Products Operating LLC <br> IBERDROLA INTL BV <br> The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company Baltimore Gas and Electric Company <br> Sinopec Group Overseas Development (2014) Ltd. <br> Entergy Mississippi, LLC <br> Foxconn (Far East) Limited <br> MassMutual Global Funding II <br> BBVA México, S.A., Institución de Banca Múltiple, Grupo <br> Financiero BBVA México <br> Pricoa Cly \& County Housing Authority <br> Kansas City Southern <br> Suntory Holdings Limited <br> Shire Acquisitions Investments Ireland Designated Activity Company <br> Unilever Capital Corporation <br> KeyBank National Association <br> QNB Finance Ltd. <br> AmerisourceBergen Corporation <br> Hormel Foods Corporation <br> BMW US Capital, LLC <br> Palm Beach County, Florida <br> Sinopec Capital (2013) Ltd. BHP Billiton Finance (USA) Limited <br> TransCanada PipeLines Limited <br> Oregon Health \& Science University <br> Tencent Holdings Limited <br> Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation <br> The Walt Disney Company <br> Southern Power Company <br> Visa Inc. <br> Canadian Natural Resources Limited <br> Sky Limited <br> Hyundai Capital Services, Inc. <br> State Of Washington <br> Abbott Laboratories <br> Sodexo, Inc. <br> Norsk Hydro ASA <br> Stryker Corporation <br> Automatic Data Processing, Inc. <br> Bell Canada, Inc. <br> Keurig Dr Pepper Inc. <br> QUALCOMM Incorporated <br> Republic Services, Inc. <br> Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Finance Corporation <br> Lincoln National Corporation <br> Port of Morrow <br> American Water Capital Corp. |  | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | S $\vdots$ $\vdots$ $\vdots$ $\vdots$ $\vdots$ $\vdots$ $\vdots$ $\vdots$ $\vdots$ |  |  |  |  |


| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | December 31, 2022 |  |  |  |  | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership (\%) |  | lue ands) |  |
| TSMC Global | Fifth Third Bank, National Association | - | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | US\$ 549 | N/A | US\$ | 549 |  |
|  | Duke Energy Progress, LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 544 | N/A | US\$ | 544 |  |
|  | Shell International Finance B.V. | - | " | - | US\$ 524 | N/A | US\$ | 524 |  |
|  | American International Group, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 518 | N/A | US\$ | 518 |  |
|  | Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. | - | " | - | US\$ 510 | N/A | US\$ | 510 |  |
|  | Arizona Public Service Company | - | " | - | US\$ 501 | N/A | US\$ | 501 |  |
|  | ConocoPhillips Company | - | " | - | US\$ 499 | N/A | US\$ | 499 |  |
|  | State of Hawaii | - | " | - | US\$ 498 | N/A | US\$ | 498 |  |
|  | United Parcel Service, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 493 | N/A | US\$ | 493 |  |
|  | Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (publ) | - | " | - | US\$ 491 | N/A | US\$ | 491 |  |
|  | Gsk Consumer Healthcare Capital Uk Plc | - | " | - | US\$ 476 | N/A | US\$ | 476 |  |
|  | Trane Technologies Luxembourg Finance S.A. | - | " | - | US\$ 472 | N/A | US\$ | 472 |  |
|  | Genuine Parts Company | - | " | - | US\$ 467 | N/A | US\$ | 467 |  |
|  | Altria Group, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 466 | N/A | US\$ | 466 |  |
|  | McCormick \& Company, Incorporated | - | " | - | US\$ 466 | N/A | US\$ | 466 |  |
|  | Ecolab Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 465 | N/A | US\$ | 465 |  |
|  | DENSO Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 435 | N/A | US\$ | 435 |  |
|  | Brazos Higher Education Authority Inc | - | " | - | US\$ 429 | N/A | US\$ | 429 |  |
|  | PayPal Holdings, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 407 | N/A | US\$ | 407 |  |
|  | The Home Depot, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 406 | N/A | US\$ | 406 |  |
|  | Target Corporation | - | , | - | US\$ 404 | N/A | US\$ | 404 |  |
|  | National Australia Bank Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 397 | N/A | US\$ | 397 |  |
|  | Aetna Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 396 | N/A | US\$ | 396 |  |
|  | Boston Properties Limited Partnership | - | " | - | US\$ 394 | N/A | US\$ | 394 |  |
|  | University of Massachusetts Building Authority | - | " | - | US\$ 387 | N/A | US\$ | 387 |  |
|  | Comerica Bank | - | " | - | US\$ 384 | N/A | US\$ | 384 |  |
|  | Entergy Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 379 | N/A | US\$ | 379 |  |
|  | Aflac Incorporated | - | " | - | US\$ 377 | N/A | US\$ | 377 |  |
|  | Banco del Estado de Chile | - | " | - | US\$ 377 | N/A | US\$ | 377 |  |
|  | McKesson Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 374 | N/A | US\$ | 374 |  |
|  | Sierra Pacific Power Company | - | " | - | US\$ 372 | N/A | US\$ | 372 |  |
|  | Honeywell International Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 370 | N/A | US\$ | 370 |  |
|  | NIKE, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 359 | N/A | US\$ | 359 |  |
|  | PepsiCo, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 357 | N/A | USS | 357 |  |
|  | First Republic Bank | - | " | - | US\$ 349 | N/A | US\$ | 349 |  |
|  | The Norinchukin Bank | - | " | - | US\$ 349 | N/A | USS | 349 |  |
|  | Principal Financial Group, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 348 | N/A | US\$ | 348 |  |
|  | Rabobank Nederland - New York Branch | - | " | - | US\$ 334 | N/A | US\$ | 334 |  |
|  | Amgen Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 310 | N/A | US\$ | 310 |  |
|  | Philip Morris International Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 297 | N/A | US\$ | 297 |  |
|  | Mid-America Apartments, L.P. | - | $\cdots$ | - | US\$ 295 | N/A | US\$ | 295 |  |
|  | The Allstate Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 293 | N/A | US\$ | 293 |  |
|  | Alabama State Federal Aid Highway Finance Authority | - | " | - | US\$ 292 | N/A | US\$ | 292 |  |
|  | TotalEnergies Capital International | - | " | - | US\$ 287 | N/A | US\$ | 287 |  |
|  | BOC Aviation (USA) Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 285 | N/A | US\$ | 285 |  |
|  | Aptiv PLC | - | , | - | US\$ 282 | N/A | US\$ | 282 |  |
|  | Salesforce, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 282 | N/A | USS | 282 |  |
|  | Barclays Bank PLC | - | " | - | US\$ 270 | N/A | USS | 270 |  |
|  | Johnson Controls International plc | - | " | - | US\$ 269 | N/A | US\$ | 269 |  |


| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | December 31, 2022 |  |  |  |  | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership (\%) | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Fain } \\ \text { (Foreign } \\ \text { in Th } \end{array}$ | Value Currencies ousands) |  |
| TSMC Global | QatarEnergy | - | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | US\$ 266 | N/A | US\$ | 266 |  |
|  | Sales Tax Securitization Corporation Of Chicago | - | " | - | US\$ 250 | N/A | US\$ | 250 |  |
|  | Equitable Holdings, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 243 | N/A | US\$ | 243 |  |
|  | Starbucks Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 237 | N/A | US\$ | 237 |  |
|  | E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company | - | " | - | US\$ 227 | N/A | US\$ | 227 |  |
|  | Waste Management, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 224 | N/A | US\$ | 224 |  |
|  | Entergy Louisiana, LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 218 | N/A | US\$ | 218 |  |
|  | Children's Hospital Of Orange County | - | " | - | US\$ 214 | N/A | US\$ | 214 |  |
|  | The Pennsylvania State University | - | " | - | US\$ 206 | N/A | US\$ | 206 |  |
|  | Martin Marieta Materials, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 205 | N/A | US\$ | 205 |  |
|  | Riverside County Infrastructure Financing Authority | - | " | - | US\$ 198 | N/A | US\$ | 198 |  |
|  | Deere \& Company | - | " | - | US\$ 192 | N/A | US\$ | 192 |  |
|  | Saudi Arabian Oil Company | - | " | - | US\$ 192 | N/A | US\$ | 192 |  |
|  | Los Angeles Department of Water and Power, California | - | " | - | US\$ 191 | N/A | US\$ | 191 |  |
|  | NongHyup Bank | - | " | - | US\$ 187 | N/A | US\$ | 187 |  |
|  | Hoover Alabama Board Of Education | - | " | - | US\$ 175 | N/A | US\$ | 175 |  |
|  | Dormitory Authority of the State of New York | - | " | - | US\$ 154 | N/A | US\$ | 154 |  |
|  | Oregon Education Districts | - | " | - | US\$ 152 | N/A | US\$ | 152 |  |
|  | Electricité de France S.A. | - | " | - | US\$ 96 | N/A | US\$ | 96 |  |
|  | Beth Israel Deaconess Medical Center, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 85 | N/A | US\$ | 85 |  |
|  | Pima County, Arizona | - | " | - | US\$ 76 | N/A | US\$ | 76 |  |
|  | State of Wisconsin | - | " | - | US\$ 61 | N/A | US\$ | 61 |  |
|  | Aon Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 51 | N/A | US\$ | 51 |  |
|  | Huntington Beach California | - | " | - | US\$ 49 | N/A | US\$ | 49 |  |
|  | Nueces County | - | " | - | US\$ 24 | N/A | US\$ | 24 |  |
|  | The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. | - | Financial assets at amortized cost | - | US\$ 440,655 | N/A | US\$ | 436,003 |  |
|  | Citigroup Global Markets Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 349,886 | N/A | US\$ | 347,251 |  |
|  | Bank of America Corporation | - | " | - | US\$ 324,757 | N/A | US\$ | 323,371 |  |
|  | JPMorgan Chase \& Co. | - | " | - | US\$ 280,213 | N/A | US\$ | 278,222 |  |
|  | Wells Fargo \& Company | - | " | - | US\$ 274,713 | N/A | US\$ | 273,120 |  |
|  | Citigroup Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 174,540 | N/A | US\$ | 174,301 |  |
|  | Citigroup Global Markets Holdings Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 149,951 | N/A | US\$ | 146,964 |  |
|  | Goldman Sachs Finance Corp International Ltd. | - | " | - | US\$ 149,870 | N/A | US\$ | 146,872 |  |
|  | Morgan Stanley | - | " | - | US\$ 60,207 | N/A | US\$ | 60,267 |  |
|  | Jpmorgan LLC | - | " | - | US\$ 49,984 | N/A | US\$ | 49,077 |  |
|  | Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria, S.A. | - | " | - | US\$ 10,534 | N/A | US\$ | 10,440 |  |
|  | Hyundai Capital Services, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 9,278 | N/A | US\$ | 9,068 |  |
|  | Great-West Lifeco U.S. Finance 2020, Lp | - | " | - | US\$ 9,233 | N/A | US\$ | 8,994 |  |
|  | Nomura Holdings, Inc. | - | " | - | US\$ 9,197 | N/A | US\$ | 9,009 |  |
|  | Fédération des caisses Desjardins du Québec | - | " | - | US\$ 9,165 | N/A | US\$ | 8,997 |  |
|  | UBS Group AG | - | " | - | US\$ 9,104 | N/A | US\$ | 9,061 |  |
|  | Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited | - | " | - | US\$ 9,057 | N/A | US\$ | 8,910 |  |
|  | Deutsche Bank AG - New York Branch | - | " | - | US\$ 9,023 | N/A | US\$ | 8,923 |  |
|  | Lloyds Banking Group plc | - | " | - | US\$ 8,972 | N/A | US\$ | 8,891 |  |
|  | NatWest Markets Plc | - | " | - | US\$ 8,956 | N/A | US\$ | 8,834 |  |
|  | Athene Global Funding | - | " | - | US\$ 8,915 | N/A | US\$ | 8,733 |  |
|  | NongHyup Bank | - | " | - | US\$ 8,545 | N/A | US\$ | 8,431 |  |
|  | BPCE SA | - | " | - | US\$ 8,431 | N/A | US\$ | 8,243 |  |
|  | Banco Santander, S.A. | - | " | - | US\$ 8,307 | N/A | US\$ | 8,223 |  |




| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | December 31, 2022 |  |  |  |  | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership (\%) |  | Value urrencies ssands) |  |
| TSMC Global | MRCD 2019-Prkc Mortgage Trust | - | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | US\$ 4,306 | N/A | US\$ | 4,306 |  |
|  | Bank 2017-BNK9 | - | " | - | US\$ 4,245 | N/A | US\$ | 4,245 |  |
|  | Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust 2014-GC21 | - | " | - | US\$ 4,127 | N/A | US\$ | 4,127 |  |
|  | Bank 2017 - BNK7 | - | " | - | US\$ 3,967 | N/A | US\$ | 3,967 |  |
|  | Bank 2019-Bnk17 | - | " | - | US\$ 3,904 | N/A | US\$ | 3,904 |  |
|  | JPMCC 2017-JP7 | - | " | - | US\$ 3,849 | N/A | US\$ | 3,849 |  |
|  | BANK 2017-BNK5 | - | " | - | US\$ 3,458 | N/A | US\$ | 3,458 |  |
|  | Msbam 2016-C29 | - | " | - | US\$ 3,433 | N/A | US\$ | 3,433 |  |
|  | Bank 2019-Bnk22 | - | " | - | US\$ 3,270 | N/A | US\$ | 3,270 |  |
|  | Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust 2019-Gc43 | - | " | - | US\$ 3,162 | N/A | US\$ | 3,162 |  |
|  | Commerce 2015-CCRE24 Mortgage Trust | - | " | - | US\$ 3,030 | N/A | US\$ | 3,030 |  |
|  | Msbam 2016-C31 | - | " | - | US\$ 2,983 | N/A | US\$ | 2,983 |  |
|  | WFRBS Commercial Mortgage Trust 2014-C25 | - | " | - | US\$ 2,882 | N/A | US\$ | 2,882 |  |
|  | Ford Credit Auto Owner Trust 2022-B | - | " | - | US\$ 2,850 | N/A | US\$ | 2,850 |  |
|  | Benchmark 2019-B15 Mortgage Trust | - | " | - | US\$ 2,790 | N/A | US\$ | 2,790 |  |
|  | Sreit Commercial Mortgage Trust 2021-Mfp | - | " | - | US\$ 2,789 | N/A | US\$ | 2,789 |  |
|  | GS Mortgage Securities Corporation Trust 2018-RIVR | - | " | - | US\$ 2,787 | N/A | US\$ | 2,787 |  |
|  | JPMDB 2017-C7 | - | " | - | US\$ 2,622 | N/A | US\$ | 2,622 |  |
|  | GS Mortgage Securities Trust 2015-GC32 | - | " | - | US\$ 2,600 | N/A | US\$ | 2,600 |  |
|  | Benchmark 2018-B3 Commercial Mortgage Trust | - | " | - | US\$ 2,473 | N/A | US\$ | 2,473 |  |
|  | Ford Credit Auto Owner Trust 2020-Rev1 | - | " | - | US\$ 2,343 | N/A | US\$ | 2,343 |  |
|  | GS Mortgage Securities Trust 2013-GCJ12 | - | " | - | US\$ 2,313 | N/A | US\$ | 2,313 |  |
|  | Mhc Commercial Mortgage Trust 2021-Mhc | - | " | - | US\$ 2,221 | N/A | US\$ | 2,221 |  |
|  | Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust 2015-P1 | - | " | - | US\$ 2,144 | N/A | US\$ | 2,144 |  |
|  | GM Financial Consumer Automobile Receivables Trust 2021-4 | - | " | - | US\$ 2,069 | N/A | US\$ | 2,069 |  |
|  | Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust 2015-GC27 | - | " | - | US\$ 2,055 | N/A | US\$ | 2,055 |  |
|  | Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2020-C55 | - | " | - | US\$ 2,046 | N/A | US\$ | 2,046 |  |
|  | UBS Commercial Mortgage Trust 2018-C11 | - | " | - | US\$ 1,983 | N/A | US\$ | 1,983 |  |
|  | Morgan Stanley Capital I Trust 2018-H3 | - | " | - | US\$ 1,970 | N/A | US\$ | 1,970 |  |
|  | Commerce 2013-CCRE12 Mortgage Trust | - | " | - | US\$ 1,962 | N/A | US\$ | 1,962 |  |
|  | Benchmark 2018-B4 Mortgage Trust | - | " | - | US\$ 1,946 | N/A | US\$ | 1,946 |  |
|  | Morgan Stanley Capital I Trust | - | " | - | US\$ 1,830 | N/A | USS | 1,830 |  |
|  | Dolp Trust 2021-NYC | - | " | - | US\$ 1,759 | N/A | US\$ | 1,759 |  |
|  | CGCMT 2017-P8 Mortgage Trust | - | " | - | US\$ 1,690 | N/A | US\$ | 1,690 |  |
|  | JPMBB Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust 2015-C28 | - | " | - | US\$ 1,585 | N/A | US\$ | 1,585 |  |
|  | Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2015-C30 | - | " | - | US\$ 1,547 | N/A | US\$ | 1,547 |  |
|  | JPMBB Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust 2015-C27 | - | " | - | US\$ 1,498 | N/A | US\$ | 1,498 |  |
|  | Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2018-C44 | - | " | - | US\$ 1,455 | N/A | US\$ | 1,455 |  |
|  | JPMBB Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust 2013-C12 | - | " | - | US\$ 1,450 | N/A | US\$ | 1,450 |  |
|  | COMM 2020-CBM Mortgage Trust | - | " | - | US\$ 1,421 | N/A | US\$ | 1,421 |  |
|  | Morgan Stanley Capital I Trust 2021-L5 | - | " | - | US\$ 1,331 | N/A | US\$ | 1,331 |  |
|  | Dbgs 2018-Biod Mortgage Trust | - | " | - | US\$ 1,257 | N/A | US\$ | 1,257 |  |
|  | Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2015-C29 | - | " | - | US\$ 1,225 | N/A | US\$ | 1,225 |  |
|  | WFRBS Commercial Mortgage Trust 2013-UBS1 | - | " | - | US\$ 1,217 | N/A | US\$ | 1,217 |  |
|  | Honda Auto Receivables 2021-2 Owner Trust | - | " | - | US\$ 1,209 | N/A | US\$ | 1,209 |  |
|  | WFRBS Commercial Mortgage Trust 2013-C13 | - | " | - | US\$ 1,164 | N/A | US\$ | 1,164 |  |
|  | Toyota Auto Receivables 2021-D Owner Trust | - | " | - | US\$ 1,131 | N/A | US\$ | 1,131 |  |
|  | Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2017-C40 | - | , | - | US\$ 1,054 | N/A | US\$ | 1,054 |  |
|  | Morgan Stanley Capital I Trust 2015 - UBS8 | - | " | - | US\$ 946 | N/A | US\$ | 946 |  |



Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees
MARKETABLE SECURITIES ACQUIRED AND DISPOSED OF AT COSTS OR PRICES OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 20\% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Doollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)


Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees
ACQUISITION OF INDIVIDUAL REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES AT COSTS OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 20\% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL

| Company Name | Types of Property | Transaction Date | Transaction Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Payment Term | Counterparty | Nature of Relationships | Prior Transaction of Related Counterparty |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Price } \\ \text { Reference } \end{gathered}$ | Purpose of Acquisition | Other Terms |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Owner | Relationships | Transfer Date | Amount |  |  |  |
| TSMC | Real estate | February 15, 2022 (Note) | $\begin{gathered} \$ 223,300,000 \\ \text { (Note) } \end{gathered}$ | Based on the terms in the purchase order | 122 counterparties (Note), including: <br> ABB Ltd. <br> Accudevice Co., Ltd. <br> Addtron Technology (Japan), Inc. <br> Aegis Technology Co. <br> Air Liquid Japan G.K. <br> Air Liquide Far Eastern Ltd. <br> Air Water Plant Engineering Co., Ltd. <br> Allis Electric Co., Ltd. <br> Am-Power Machine International Enterprise Co., Ltd. <br> Atlas Copco Taiwan Ltd. <br> Atlas Technology Corp. <br> Capital Machinery Limited <br> Chen Yuan International Co., Ltd. <br> Chenfull International Co., Ltd. <br> Cheng Deh Fire Protection Industrial Corp. <br> Chien Kuo Construction Co., Ltd. <br> China Steel Structure Co., Ltd. <br> Chun Yuan Steel Industry Co., Ltd. | ${ }^{-}$ | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | Price comparison and price negotiation | Manufacturing purpose | None |



| $\cdots$ | Tramemome | mem | ${ }_{\text {romatime }}$ | commer | \％mas | \％omm |  | man | momm |  | amm |  |
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| Company <br> Name | Types of Property | Transaction Date | TransactionAmount(ForeignCurrencies inThousands) | Payment Term | Counterparty | Nature of Relationships | Prior Transaction of Related Counterparty |  |  |  | Price Reference | Purpose of Acquisition | Other Terms |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Owner | Relationships | Transfer Date | Amount |  |  |  |
| TSMC | Real estate |  |  |  | Pan Asia (Engineers \& Constructors) Corporation Quicken System Integration Co., Ltd. <br> Ruentex Engineering \& Construction Co., Ltd. <br> SACHEM Inc. <br> San Fu Chemical Co., Ltd. <br> Schneider Electric Taiwan Co., Ltd. <br> Seibu Giken Co., Ltd. <br>  <br> Engineering Corporation <br> Shimizu Corporation <br> Siemens Limited <br> SN Tech Corporation <br> Solomon Technology Corporation <br> Sumitomo Corporation <br> Swift Engineering Co., Ltd. <br> Taikisha Ltd. <br> Taisei Corporation <br> Taiwan Gleno Enterprise Co., Ltd. <br> Taiwan Obayashi Corporation <br> Taiwan Puritic Corp. <br> Taiyo Nippon Sanso Corporation <br> TASA Construction Corporation <br> Techgo Industrial Co., Ltd. <br> Toshiba Mitsubishi-Electric Industrial Systems Corporation <br> Toyoko Kagaku Co., Ltd. <br> Trane Taiwan Distribution Limited |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



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| Company | Types of Property | Transaction Date | Transaction Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Payment Term | Counterparty | Nature of Relationships | Prior Transaction of Related Counterparty |  |  |  | Price Reference | Purpose of Acquisition | Other <br> Terms |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Owner | Relationships | Transfer Date | Amount |  |  |  |
| TSMC | Real estate |  |  |  | Siemens Limited <br> Solomon Technology Corporation <br> Southern Taiwan Science Park Bureau, Ministry of Science and Technology Swift Engineering Co., Ltd. <br> Taiwan Gleno Enterprise Co., Ltd. <br> Taiwan Obayashi Corporation <br> Taiwan Puritic Corp. <br> TASA Construction Corporation <br> Techgo Industrial Co., Ltd. <br> Trusval Technology Co., Ltd. <br> Tung Kang Steel Structure Corp. <br> Uangyih-Tech Industrial Co., Ltd. <br> Unelectra International Corp. <br> United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. <br> Versum Materials Taiwan Co., Ltd. <br> Weltall Technology Corporation <br> Wholetech System Hitech Limited <br> Yangtech Engineering Co., Ltd. <br> Yankey Engineering Co., Ltd. <br> Ying Pao Technology Inc. <br> Zhao-Cheng Corp. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(he final purchase order of TSMC.
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees
TOTAL PURCHASES FROM OR SALES TO RELATED PARTIES OF AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR $\mathbf{2 0 \%}$ OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL

| Company Name | Related Party | Nature of Relationships | Transaction Details |  |  |  | Abnormal Transaction |  | Notes/Accounts Payable or Receivable |  | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Purchases } / \\ \text { Sales } \end{gathered}$ | Amount <br> (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \% to } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ | Payment Terms | Unit Price | Payment Terms | Ending Balance <br> (Foreign Currencies <br> in Thousands) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \% to } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| TSMC | TSMC North America | Subsidiary | Sales | \$ 1,538,849,403 | 68 | Net 30 days from invoice date (Note) | - | (Note) | \$ 171,738,863 | 80 |  |
|  | TSMC Nanjing | Subsidiary | Sales | 155,024 | - | Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued | - | - | - | - |  |
|  | GUC | Associate | Sales | 11,346,289 | 1 | Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued | - | - | 1,300,302 | 1 |  |
|  | TSMC Nanjing | Subsidiary | Purchases | 43,186,122 | 26 | Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued | - | - | $(4,105,919)$ | 7 |  |
|  | TSMC China | Subsidiary | Purchases | 28,400,454 | 17 | Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued | - | - | $(2,296,083)$ | 4 |  |
|  | WaferTech | Indirect subsidiary | Purchases | 10,336,735 | 6 | Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued | - | - | $(855,952)$ | 1 |  |
|  | SSMC | Associate | Purchases | 4,572,894 | 3 | Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued | - | - | $(385,979)$ | 1 |  |
|  | VIS | Associate | Purchases | 1,849,937 | 1 | Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued | - | - | $(190,587)$ | - |  |
| TSMC North America | GUC | Associate of TSMC | Sales | $\begin{array}{lc}  & 3,204,489 \\ \text { (US\$ } & 106,695) \end{array}$ | - | Net 30 days from invoice date | - | - | $\begin{array}{lr}  & 171,049 \\ \text { (US\$ } & 5,569) \end{array}$ | - |  |
| VisEra Tech | Xintec | Associate of TSMC | Sales | 787,702 | 9 | Net 60 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued | - | - | 112,607 | 15 |  |

Note: The tenor is determined by the payment terms granted to its clients by TSMC North America.
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees
RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20\% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

Note 1: The calculation of turnover days excludes other receivables from related parties.
Note 2: The ending balance is primarily consisted of other receivables, which is not applicable for the calculation of turnover days.
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees
NAMES, LOCATIONS, AND RELATED INFORMATION OF INVESTEES OVER WHICH THE COMPANY EXERCISES SIGNIFICANT INFLUENCE (EXCLUDING INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022
(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| Investor Company | Investee Company | Location | Main Businesses and Products | Original Investment Amount |  | Balance as of December 31, 2022 |  |  | Net Income (Losses) of the Investee (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Share of <br> Profits/Losses <br> of Investee <br> (Note 1) <br> (Foreign <br> Currencies in <br> Thousands) | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | December 31, 2022 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | December 31, 2021 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Shares (In <br> Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) |  |  |  |
| TSMC | TSMC Global TSMC Partners | Tortola, British Virgin Islands Tortola, British Virgin Islands | Investment activities <br> Investing in companies involved in the semiconductor design and manufacturing, and other investment activities | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 355,162,309 \\ 31,456,130 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} \$ 355,162,309 \\ 31,456,130 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11 \\ 988,268 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & 100 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 411,992,426 \\ 63,697,217 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$, 308,722 \\ 3,135,764 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{lr} \$ & 7,308,722 \\ 3,135,764 \end{array}$ | Subsidiary Subsidiary |
|  | TSMC Arizona | Phoenix, Arizona, U.S.A. | Manufacturing, sales and testing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | 37,015,800 | 21,643,300 | 1,270 | 100 | 25,639,079 | $(9,430,070)$ | (9,430,070) | Subsidiary |
|  | JASM | Kumamoto, Japan | Manufacturing, sales, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | 24,567,085 | 1,416,921 | 1,020 | 71 | 23,330,125 | $(593,429)$ | $(452,020)$ | Subsidiary |
|  | VIS | Hsin-Chu, Taiwan | Manufacturing, sales, packaging, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices and the manufacturing and design service of masks | 10,180,677 | 10,180,677 | 464,223 | 28 | 13,492,653 | 15,280,388 | 4,322,799 | Associate |
|  | VisEra Tech | Hsin-Chu, Taiwan | Research, design, development, manufacturing, sales, packaging and test of color filter | 4,224,082 | 4,224,082 | 213,619 | 68 | 11,467,860 | 1,765,796 | 1,253,986 | Subsidiary |
|  | SSMC | Singapore | Manufacturing and sales of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | 5,120,028 | 5,120,028 | 314 | 39 | 8,934,731 | 3,540,176 | 1,373,234 | Associate |
|  | TSMC North America | San Jose, California, U.S.A | Sales and marketing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | 333,718 | 333,718 | 11,000 | 100 | 5,449,755 | 62,213 | 62,213 | Subsidiary |
|  | Xintec | Taoyuan, Taiwan | Wafer level chip size packaging and wafer level post passivation interconnection service | 1,988,317 | 1,988,317 | 111,282 | 41 | 3,528,417 | 1,983,736 | 813,516 | Associate |
|  | Emerging Fund | Cayman Islands | Investing in technology start-up companies | 1,269,425 | 298,618 | - | 99.9 | 1,760,885 | $(6,917)$ | $(6,910)$ | Subsidiary |
|  | GUC | Hsin-Chu, Taiwan | Researching, developing, manufacturing, testing and marketing of integrated circuits | 386,568 | 386,568 | 46,688 | 35 | 1,666,651 | 3,710,442 | 1,292,705 | Associate |
|  | TSMC 3DIC | Yokohama, Japan | Engineering support activities | 1,144,356 | 278,986 | 49 | 100 | 1,172,706 | 27,950 | 27,950 | Subsidiary |
|  | TSMC Europe | Amsterdam, the Netherlands | Customer service and supporting activities | 15,749 | 15,749 |  | 100 | 527,693 | $(4,926)$ | $(4,926)$ | Subsidiary |
|  | TSMC JDC | Yokohama, Japan | Engineering support activities | 410,680 | 410,680 | 15 | 100 | 376,176 | 20,303 | 20,303 | Subsidiary |
|  | VTAF III | Cayman Islands | Investing in technology start-up companies | 1,239,621 | 1,321,594 | 6 | 98 | 246,702 | $(6,700)$ | $(6,566)$ | Subsidiary |
|  | TSTAF II | Yokohama, Japan Cayman Islands | Customer service and supporting activities Investing in technology start-up companies | 83,760 260,300 | 83,760 260,300 | 6 | 100 98 | 134,560 71,429 | 6,559 319 | 6,559 313 | Subsidiary Subsidiary |
|  | TSMC Korea | Seoul, Korea | Customer service and supporting activities | 13,656 | 13,656 | 80 | 100 | 44,082 | 1,408 | 1,408 | Subsidiary |
| TSMC Partners | TSMC Development | Delaware, U.S.A | Investing in companies involved in semiconductor manufacturing | $\begin{array}{r} 18,026,652 \\ \text { (US\$ 586,939) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 18,026,652 \\ \text { (US\$ 586,939) } \end{array}$ | - | 100 | $\begin{gathered} 36,609,536 \\ \text { (US } \$ 1,191,988) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,620,596 \\ \text { (US\$ } 87,795 \text { ) } \end{array}$ | Note 2 | Subsidiary |
|  | TSMC Technology | Delaware, U.S.A | Engineering support activities | 438,644 | 438,644 | - | 100 | -993,700 | 66,998 | Note 2 | Subsidiary |
|  | TSMC Canada | Ontario, Canada | Engineering support activities | (US\$ $\begin{array}{ll}14,282) \\ & 70,640\end{array}$ | (US\$ $\begin{array}{ll}14,282) \\ & 70,640\end{array}$ | 2,300 | 100 | (US\$ 32,354$)$ | (US\$2,150  <br>  31,997 | Note 2 | Subsidiary |
|  |  |  |  | (US\$ 2,300) | (US\$ 2,300) |  |  | (US\$ 10,454) | (US\$ 1,071) |  |  |
| VTAF III |  | Cayman Islands | Investing in technology start-up companies | $\begin{array}{ll} & 67,429 \\ \text { (US\$ } & 2,195)\end{array}$ | (US\$ 79,970 | - | 100 | (US\$ 166,549 <br> , 423$)$  | (US\$ $\begin{aligned} & \text { (609) } \\ & (21)\end{aligned}$ | Note 2 | Subsidiary |
|  | Mutual-Pak | New Taipei, Taiwan | Manufacturing of electronic parts, wholesaling and retailing of electronic materials, and researching, developing and testing of RFID | $\left\|\begin{array}{cc}  & 48,937 \\ \text { (US\$ } & 1,593) \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{cc}  & 48,937 \\ \text { (US\$ } & 1,593) \end{array}\right\|$ | 4,693 | 28 | $\left.\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{cc}  & 19,053 \\ \text { (US\$ } & 620 \end{array}\right.\right)$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{cc}  & (13,738) \\ \text { (USS } & (464)) \end{array}\right.$ | Note 2 | Associate |


| Investor Company | Investee Company | Location | Main Businesses and Products | Original Investment Amount |  | Balance as of December 31, 2022 |  |  | Net Income (Losses) of the Investee (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Share of <br> Profits/Losses <br> of Investee <br> (Note 1) <br> (Foreign <br> Currencies in <br> Thousands) | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | December 31, 2022 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | December 31, 2021 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Shares (In Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) |  |  |  |
| TSMC Development | WaferTech | Washington, U.S.A | Manufacturing, sales and testing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | \$ - | \$ | 293,637 | 100 | $\begin{array}{cc} \$ & 6,251,109 \\ \text { (US\$ } & 203,533) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|lr\|} \hline \$ & 2,299,054 \\ \text { (USS } & 77,303) \end{array}$ | Note 2 | Subsidiary |

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees
INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA
(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| Investee Company | Main Businesses and Products | Total Amount of Paid-in Capital (RMB in Thousands) |  | Method of Investment | Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2022 (US\$ in Thousands) |  | Investment Flows |  | Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2022 (US\$ in Thousands) | Net Income (Losses) of the Investee Company | Percentage of Ownership | Share of Profits/Losses | $\begin{gathered} \text { Carrying } \\ \text { Amount } \\ \text { as of } \\ \text { Balance as of } \\ \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | Accumulated Inward Remittance of Earnings as of December 31, 2022 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Outflow (US\$ in Thousands) |  |  | Inflow |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TSMC China | Manufacturing, sales, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | $\begin{aligned} & \$ \\ & \text { (RMB } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 18,939,667 \\ 4,502,080) \end{gathered}$ |  | Note 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ \\ & \text { (US\$ } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 18,939,667 \\ 596,000) \end{array}$ | \$ | \$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \$ & 18,939,667 \\ \text { (US\$ } & 596,000) \end{array}$ | \$ 12,411,290 | 100\% | \$ $12,223,165$ $($ Note 2$)$ | \$ 87,028,722 | \$ |
| TSMC Nanjing | Manufacturing, sales, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | (RMB | $\begin{gathered} 30,521,412 \\ 6,650,119) \end{gathered}$ | Note 1 | (US\$ | $\begin{gathered} 30,521,412 \\ 1,000,000) \end{gathered}$ | - |  | $\begin{gathered} 30,521,412 \\ \text { (US\$ } 1,000,000 \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | 20,486,591 | 100\% | $\begin{array}{r} 20,473,263 \\ \text { (Note 2) } \end{array}$ | 67,385,300 | - |


| Accumulated Investment in Mainland China <br> as of S December 31, 2022 <br> (US\$ in Thousands) | Investment Amounts Authorized by <br> Investment Commission, MOEA <br> (US\$ in Thousands) | Upper Limit on Investment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 49,461,079$ <br> (US\$ 1,596,000) | $\$ 119,412,667$ <br> (US\$ 3,596,000) | \$ 1,776,293,320 <br> (Note 3) |

Note 1: TSMC directly invested US\$596,000 thousand in TSMC China and US\$ 1,000,000 thousand in TSMC Nanjing.
Note 2: Amount was recognized based on the audited financial statements.
Note 3: The upper limit on investment in mainland China is determined by sixty percent $(60 \%)$ of the Company's consolidated net worth.
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited
INFORMATION ON MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS

| Shareholders (Note) | Shares |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Shares Owned | Ownership Percentage |
| ADR-Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company, Ltd. National Development Fund, Executive Yuan | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 5,319,233,558 } \\ & 1,653,709,980 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 20.51 \% \\ 6.38 \% \end{gathered}$ |

Note: Major shareholders shows the list of all shareholders with ownership of 5 percent or greater.

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## Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

## STATEMENT OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS <br> DECEMBER 31, 2022 <br> (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

Item Description Amount
Cash
Petty cash \$ ..... 280
Cash in banks
Checking accounts and demand deposits ..... 8,043,873Foreign currency deposits
Time deposits
Including US\$2,463,043 thousand ..... 104,742,973
@30.713, JPY123,900,844 thousand@0.2331 and EUR6,524 thousand@32.838From 2022.01.12 to 2023.03.30, interest505,662,377
rates at $0.76 \%-4.65 \%$, includingNT\$385,064,635 thousand andUS\$3,926,603 thousand @30.713
Cash equivalents
Commercial paper
Expired by 2023.01.16, interest rates at ..... 9,566,430
1.455\%-1.540\%
Repurchase agreements
Expired by 2023.01.12, interest rates at ..... 859,964
Total ..... \$ 628,875,897

# Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited <br> STATEMENT OF NOTES AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET <br> DECEMBER 31, 2022 <br> (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars) 

Client Name Amount
Client A ..... \$ 7,847,666
Client B ..... 4,112,546
Client C ..... 2,570,139
Client D ..... 2,264,267
Client E ..... 2,237,477
Client F ..... 2,186,979
Client G ..... 2,108,254
Others (Note) ..... 18,315,194
41,642,522
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts ..... $(330,686)$
Total$\$ 41,311,836$
Note: The amount of individual client included in others does not exceed 5\% of the account balance.
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited
STATEMENT OF RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIESDECEMBER 31, 2022(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)
Client Name Amount
TSMC North America ..... \$ 171,738,863
Others (Note) ..... 1,305,949
Total ..... \$173,044,812

Note: The amount of individual client included in others does not exceed 5\% of the account balance.

## Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF INVENTORIES
DECEMBER 31, 2022
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| Item | Amount |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cost | Net Realizable Value |
| Finished goods | \$ 52,318,299 | \$ 187,696,734 |
| Work in process | 120,893,772 | 499,205,556 |
| Raw materials | 19,750,618 | 19,750,618 |
| Supplies and spare parts | 15,320,206 | 15,320,206 |
| Total | \$ 208,282,895 | \$ 721,973,114 |

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING EQUITY METHOD
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,2022
Note 1: The unit price is calculated by closing price of the Taipei Exchange or the TWSE as of December 30,2022.
Note 2: Mainly including share of profit or loss of subsidiaries and associates, share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries and associates, cash dividends received from subsidiaries and associates, etc.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited
STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| Item | Land | Buildings | Office <br> Equipment | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

## STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS PAYABLES DECEMBER 31, 2022 <br> (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Vendor Name Amount
Vendor A ..... \$ 4,194,602
Vendor B ..... 2,914,140
Others (Note) ..... 41,623,800
Total\$48,732,542

Note: The amount of individual vendor included in others does not exceed 5\% of the account balance.
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited
STATEMENT OF PAYABLES TO RELATED PARTIES
DECEMBER 31, 2022
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)
Vendor Name Amount
TSMC Nanjing ..... \$ 4,105,919
TSMC China ..... 2,296,083
Xintec ..... 1,047,374
WaferTech ..... 855,952
TSMC Technology ..... 744,620
Others (Note) ..... 1,001,096
Total ..... $\$ 10,051,044$
Note: The amount of individual vendor in others does not exceed $5 \%$ of the account balance.

## Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited <br> STATEMENT OF PAYABLES TO CONTRACTORS AND EQUIPMENT SUPPLIERS DECEMBER 31, 2022 <br> (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Vendor Name Amount
Vendor A ..... \$ 68,126,719
Vendor B ..... 23,307,326
Vendor C ..... 12,817,271
Vendor D ..... 12,757,447
Vendor E ..... 10,621,411
Others (Note) ..... 72,415,844
Total ..... \$200,046,018

Note: The amount of individual vendor included in others does not exceed $5 \%$ of the account balance.

## Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited <br> STATEMENT OF ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES <br> DECEMBER 31, 2022 <br> (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item Amount
Temporary receipts from customers ..... \$ 107,723,580
Contract liabilities ..... 62,380,554
Refund liability ..... 50,980,669
Others (Note) ..... 45,818,270
Total ..... \$ 266,903,073Note: The amount of each item in others does not exceed 5\% of the account balance.
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited
STATEMENT OF RONDS PAYABLE
DEEMBER 31, 2022
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| Bonds Name | Trustee | Issuance Date | $\begin{gathered} \text { Interest } \\ \text { Payment Date } \end{gathered}$ | Coupon Rate (\%) | Amount |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Unamortized Repayment | Collateral |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total Amount |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Repayment } \\ \text { Paid } \end{gathered}$ |  | Balance, End of Year |  | Premiums <br> (Discounts) |  | Carrying Value |  |  |
| Domestic unsecured bonds-101-3 | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2012.10.09 | On 10.09 annually | 1.53 | \$ | 4,400,000 | \$ | 4,400,000 | s | - | \$ | - | \$ - | Bullet repayment | Nil |
| Domestic unsecured bonds-101-4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic unsecured bonds-102-1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -C | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2013.02.06 | On 02.06 annually | 1.50 |  | 3,600,000 |  | - |  | 3,600,000 |  | - | 3,600,000 | Bullet repayment | Nil |
| Domestic unsecured bonds-102-2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -B | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2013.07.16 | On 07.16 annually | 1.70 |  | 3,500,000 |  | - |  | 3,500,000 |  | - | 3,500,000 | Bullet repayment | Nil |
| Domestic unsecured bonds-102-4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -E | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2013.09.25 | On 09.25 annually | 2.05 |  | 5,400,000 |  | - |  | 5,400,000 |  | - | 5,400,000 | Bullet repayment | Nil |
| -F | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co,, Ltd. | 2013.09.25 | On 09.25 annually | 2.10 |  | 2,600,000 |  | - |  | 2,600,000 |  | - | 2,600,000 | Bullet repayment | Nil |
| Domestic unsecured bonds-109-1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -A | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2020.03.23 | On 03.23 annually | 0.58 |  | 3,000,000 |  | - |  | 3,000,000 |  | $(1,394)$ | 2,998,606 | Bullet repayment | Nil |
| -B | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2020.03.23 | On 03.23 annually | 0.62 |  | 10,500,000 |  | - |  | 10,500,000 |  | $(6,634)$ | 10,493,366 | Bullet repayment | Nil |
| -C | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2020.03.23 | On 03.23 annually | 0.64 |  | 10,500,000 |  | - |  | 10,500,000 |  | $(7,929)$ | 10,492,071 | Bullet repayment | Nil |
| Domestic unsecured bonds-109-2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -A | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2020.04.15 | On 04.15 annually | 0.52 |  | 5,900,000 |  | - |  | 5,900,000 |  | $(2,785)$ | 5,897,215 | Bullet repayment | Nil |
| -B | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2020.04.15 | On 04.15 annually | 0.58 |  | 10,400,000 |  | - |  | 10,400,000 |  | $(6,562)$ | 10,393,438 | Bullet repayment | Nil |
| -C | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2020.04.15 | On 04.15 annually | 0.60 |  | 5,300,000 |  | - |  | 5,300,000 |  | $(3,986)$ | 5,296,014 | Bullet repayment | Nil |
| Domestic unsecured bonds-109-3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -A | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2020.05.29 | On 05.29 annually | 0.55 |  | 4,500,000 |  | - |  | 4,500,000 |  | $(2,277)$ | 4,497,723 | Bullet repayment | Nil |
| -B | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2020.05.29 | On 05.29 annually | 0.60 |  | 7,500,000 |  | - |  | 7,500,000 |  | $(4,953)$ | 7,495,047 | Bullet repayment | Nil |
| -C | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2020.05.29 | On 05.29 annually | 0.64 |  | 2,400,000 |  | - |  | 2,400,000 |  | $(1,872)$ | 2,398,128 | Bullet repayment | Nil |
| Domestic unsecured bonds-109-4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -A | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2020.07.14 | On 07.14 annually | 0.58 |  | 5,700,000 |  | - |  | 5,700,000 |  | $(2,706)$ | 5,697,294 | Two equal installments in last two years | Nil |
| -в | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2020.07.14 | On 07.14 annually | 0.65 |  | 6,300,000 |  | - |  | 6,300,000 |  | $(4,108)$ | 6,295,892 | Two equal installments in last two years | Nil |
| -c | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2020.07.14 | On 07.14 annually | 0.67 |  | 1,900,000 |  | - |  | 1,900,000 |  | $(1,484)$ | 1,898,516 | Two equal installments in last two years | Nil |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -A | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2020.09.03 | On 09.03 annually | 0.50 |  | 4,800,000 |  | - |  | 4,800,000 |  | $(2,426)$ | 4,797,574 | Two equal installments in last two years | Nil |
| -B | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2020.09.03 | On 09.03 annually | 0.58 |  | 8,000,000 |  | - |  | 8,000,000 |  | $(5,361)$ | 7,994,639 | Two equal installments in last two years | Nil |
| -C | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2020.09.03 | On 09.03 annually | 0.60 |  | 2,800,000 |  | - |  | 2,800,000 |  | $(2,215)$ | 2,797,785 | Two equal installments in last two years | Nil |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -A | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2020.12.02 | On 12.02 annually | 0.40 |  | 1,600,000 |  | - |  | 1,600,000 |  | (978) | 1,599,022 | Two equal installments in last two years | Nil |
| -B | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2020.12.02 | On 12.02 annually | 0.44 |  | 5,600,000 |  | - |  | 5,600,000 |  | $(4,316)$ | 5,595,684 | Two equal installments in last two years | Nil |
| -C | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Coo, Ltd. | 2020.12.02 | On 12.02 annually | 0.48 |  | 4,800,000 |  | - |  | 4,800,000 |  | $(4,254)$ | 4,795,746 | Two equal installments in last two years | Nil |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -A | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2020.12.29 | On 12.29 annually | 0.36 |  | 1,900,000 |  | - |  | 1,900,000 |  | $(1,091)$ | 1,898,909 | Two equal installments in last two years | Nil |
| -B | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2020.12.29 | On 12.29 annually | 0.41 |  | 10,200,000 |  | - |  | 10,200,000 |  | $(7,302)$ | 10,192,698 | Two equal installments in last two years | Nil |
| -C | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2020.12.29 | On 12.29 annually | 0.45 |  | 6,400,000 |  | - |  | 6,400,000 |  | $(5,245)$ | 6,394,755 | Two equal installments in last two years | Nil |
| Domestic USS unsecured bonds-109-1 | Mega International Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2020.09.22 | On 09.22 annually | 2.70 |  | 30,713,000 |  | - |  | 30,713,000 |  | $(30,824)$ | 30,682,176 | Bullet repayment (callable on the 5th anniversary of the issue date and every anniversary thereafter) | Nil |
| Domestic unsecured bonds-110-1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2021.03.30 | On 03.30 annually | 0.50 |  | 4,800,000 |  | - |  | 4,800,000 |  | (3,218) | 4,796,782 | Bullet repayment | $\mathrm{Nil}^{\text {Nil }}$ |
| - ${ }^{-1}$ | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2021.03.30 | On 03.30 annually | 0.55 |  | 11,400,000 |  | - |  | 11,400,000 |  | $(8,828)$ | 11,391,172 | Bullet repayment | $\mathrm{Nil}^{\text {Nil }}$ |
| -C | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | 2021.03.30 | On 03.30 annually | 0.60 |  | 4,900,000 |  | - |  | 4,900,000 |  | $(4,181)$ | 4,895,819 | Bullet repayment | $\begin{gathered} \text { Nil } \\ \text { (Continued) } \end{gathered}$ |







## Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

## STATEMENT OF LEASE LIABILITIES

DECEMBER 31, 2022
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| Item | Description | Lease Term | Discount <br> Rate (\%) | Balance, End of Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Land | Mainly for the use of plants and offices | 1 to 22 years | 0.39-2.30 | \$ 28,728,579 |
| Buildings | Mainly for the use of offices | 2 to 12 years | 0.39-1.76 | 875,258 |
| Office equipment | For operation use | 3 to 5 years | 0.28-1.73 | 19,425 |
|  |  |  |  | 29,623,262 |
| Less: Current portion |  |  |  | $(2,029,362)$ |
| Noncurrent portion |  |  |  | \$ 27,593,900 |

## Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF NET REVENUE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

|  | Item | Shipments <br> (Piece) (Note) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Wafer | $15,252,882$ | Amount |
| Other |  | $\$ 1,989,174,117$ |
| Net revenue |  | $\underline{263,146,444}$ |
|  |  |  |

Note: 12-inch equivalent wafers.

## Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

## STATEMENT OF COST OF REVENUE <br> FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 <br> (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

ItemRaw materials used
Balance, beginning of year ..... \$ 10,368,446
Raw material purchased ..... 76,596,173
Raw materials, end of year ..... $(19,750,618)$
Transferred to manufacturing or operating expenses ..... $(11,776,664)$$(281,987)$
Subtotal55,155,350
Direct labor ..... 23,183,318
Manufacturing expenses ..... 845,383,788
Manufacturing cost ..... 923,722,456
Work in process, beginning of year ..... 134,097,879
Work in process, end of year ..... (120,893,772)
Transferred to manufacturing or operating expenses ..... $(54,417,005)$
Cost of finished goods ..... 882,509,558
Finished goods, beginning of year ..... 32,290,346
Finished goods purchased ..... 90,043,394
Finished goods, end of year ..... $(52,318,299)$
Transferred to manufacturing or operating expenses ..... $(23,135,990)$
Scrapped ..... $(294,302)$
Subtotal ..... 929,094,707
Others ..... 22,832,966
Total ..... \$ 951,927,673

## Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF OPERATING EXPENSES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| Item | Research and Development Expenses | General and Administrative Expenses |  | Selling Expenses |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Payroll and related expense | \$ 61,119,834 | \$ 19,188,325 | \$ | 4,560,001 |
| Consumables | 49,628,294 | 657,200 |  | 12 |
| Depreciation expense | 25,971,756 | 1,940,529 |  | 27,393 |
| Repair and maintenance expense | 6,645,607 | 3,770,902 |  | 3,695 |
| Management fees of the Science Park Administration | - | 4,162,547 |  | - |
| Patents | - | 2,937,121 |  | - |
| Commission | - | - |  | 1,160,080 |
| Others (Note) | 17,448,142 | 10,108,018 |  | 308,468 |
| Total | \$ 160,813,633 | \$ 42,764,642 | \$ | 6,059,649 |

Note: The amount of each item in others does not exceed 5\% of the account balance.
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited
STATEMENT OF LABOR, DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION BY FUNCTION FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)
Note 1: As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company had 61,777 and 54,193 employees, respectively. There were both 9 non-employee directors.
Note 2: Average labor cost for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were NT\$3,446 thousand and 2,706 thousand, respectively.
-

|  | Year Ended December 31, 2022 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

\section*{Labor cost

Salary and
Labor and h
Pension
Board comp
Others

Depreciation
Amortization <br> Salary and bonus
Labor and health insurance <br> Pension <br> Board compensation <br> Labor cost}

|  |  | Year Ended December 31, 2021 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

$$
\text { Note 4: The Company did not have supervisors for the years ended December 31, } 2022 \text { and 2021. Therefore, there was no compensation to the supervisor. }
$$


 rewards are based on each employee's job responsibility, contribution and performance. 8) then submitted to the Board of Directors for approval.



 $\begin{array}{ll} & \text { the charter of each committee; and (3) the compensation for overseas independent directors may be higher than domestic independent directors. } \\ \text { Note 8: } & \text { Compensation Committee renamed to Compensation and People Development Committee from February 14, } 2023 . \\ \text { Note 9: } & \text { Audit Committee renamed to Audit and Risk Committee from February 14, } 2023 .\end{array}$
 Note 7:

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Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company, Ltd.


[^0]:    Note 1: The aggregate amount available for lending to TSMC Nanjing from TSMC China shall not exceed the net worth of TSMC China.
    Note 2: The maximum balance for the period and ending balance represent the amounts approved by the Board of Directors.

[^1]:    Note 1: The total amount of the endorsement/guarantee provided by TSMC to TSMC North America, TSMC Global and TSMC Arizona shall not exceed twenty-five percent (25\%) of TSMC's net worth

[^2]:    Note: The ending balance includes the realized gain/loss on equity investment, the amortization of premium/discount on bonds investments and other related adjustment.

