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Consolidated Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 and Independent Auditors' Report REPRESENTATION LETTER

The entities that are required to be included in the combined financial statements of Taiwan Semiconductor

Manufacturing Company Limited as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, under the Criteria Governing

the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of

Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in

conformity with the International Financial Reporting Standards No. 10, "Consolidated Financial Statements."

In addition, the information required to be disclosed in the combined financial statements is included in the

consolidated financial statements. Consequently, Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

and Subsidiaries do not prepare a separate set of combined financial statements.

Very truly yours,

TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED

By

MORRIS CHANG

Chairman

February 2, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 and January 1, 2014 and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Those rules and standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 and January 1, 2014, and the results of their consolidated operations and their consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, interpretation as well as related guidance translated by Accounting Research and Development Foundation endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China with the effective dates.

We have also audited, in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, the parent company only financial statements of Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited as of and for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 and January 1, 2014 on which we have issued an unqualified opinion.

Deloito & Touch

February 2, 2016

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

	December 31, (Note 3)	2015	December 31, 2 (Adjusted) (No		January 1, 20 (Adjusted) (No	
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
ASSETS						
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	\$ 562,688,930	34	\$ 358,449,029	24	\$ 242,695,447	19
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note 7)	6,026	- 1	192,045	-	90,353	-
Available-for-sale financial assets (Note 8) Held-to-maturity financial assets (Note 9)	14,299,361 9,166,523	1 1	73,797,476 4,485,593	5	760,793 1,795,949	-
Hedging derivative financial assets (Note 10)	1,739	-	-	-	-	-
Notes and accounts receivable, net (Note 11) Receivables from related parties (Note 37)	85,059,675 505,722	5	114,734,743 312,955	8	71,649,926 291,708	6
Other receivables from related parties (Note 37)	125,018	-	178,625		291,708	-
Inventories (Notes 5 and 12)	67,052,270	4	66,337,971	5	37,494,893	3
Noncurrent assets held for sale (Note 34) Other financial assets (Note 38)	4,305,358	-	944,208 3,476,884	-	501,785	-
Other current assets (Note 36) Other current assets (Note 17)	3,533,369		3,656,110		2,984,224	
Total current assets	746,743,991	45	626,565,639	42	358,486,654	28
NONCURRENT ASSETS			020,505,055			
Available-for-sale financial assets (Note 8)	-	-	_		58,721,959	5
Held-to-maturity financial assets (Note 9)	6,910,873	-		-	-	-
Financial assets carried at cost (Notes 13 and 36) Investments accounted for using equity method (Notes 5 and 14)	3,990,882 24,091,828	2	1,800,542 28,255,737	2	2,145,591 28,321,241	2
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 5 and 15)	853,470,392	52	818,198,801	55	792,665,913	63
Intangible assets (Notes 5, 16 and 33)	14,065,880	1	13,531,510	1	11,490,383	1
Deferred income tax assets (Notes 5 and 30) Refundable deposits	6,384,974 430,802	-	5,138,782 356,069	-	7,145,004 2,519,031	1 -
Other noncurrent assets (Note 17)	1,428,676		1,202,006		1,469,577	
Total noncurrent assets	910,774,307	55	868,483,447	58	904,478,699	72
TOTAL	<u>\$ 1,657,518,298</u>	100	<u>\$ 1,495,049,086</u>	100	<u>\$ 1,262,965,353</u>	100
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Short-term loans (Note 18)	\$ 39,474,000	2	\$ 36,158,520	2	\$ 15,645,000	1
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Note 7)	72,610	-	486,214	-	33,750	-
Hedging derivative financial liabilities (Note 10) Accounts payable	18,575,286	1	16,364,241 21,878,934	1 2	14,670,260	1
Payables to related parties (Note 37)	1,149,988	-	1,491,490	-	1,688,456	-
Salary and bonus payable Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors and supervisors (Notes	11,702,042	1	10,573,922	1	8,330,956	1
23 and 32)	20,958,893	1	18,052,820	1	12,738,801	1
Payables to contractors and equipment suppliers	26,012,192	2	26,980,408	2	89,810,160	7
Income tax payable (Notes 5 and 30) Provisions (Notes 5 and 19)	32,901,106 10,163,536	2 1	28,616,574 10,445,452	2 1	22,563,286 7,603,781	2
Liabilities directly associated with noncurrent assets held for sale (Note 34)	-	-	219,043	-	7,005,761	-
Long-term liabilities - current portion (Note 20) Accrued expenses and other current liabilities (Note 22)	23,517,612	1	20.746.011	-	16 602 494	- 1
,	27,701,329	2	29,746,011	2	16,693,484	1
Total current liabilities	212,228,594	13	201,013,629	14	189,777,934	15
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Hedging derivative financial liabilities (Note 10)	_	_	_		5,481,616	_
Bonds payable (Note 20)	191,965,082	12	213,673,818	14	210,767,625	17
Long-term bank loans	32,500	-	40,000	-	40,000	-
Deferred income tax liabilities (Notes 5 and 30) Obligations under finance leases	31,271	-	199,750 802,108	-	776,230	-
Net defined benefit liability (Notes 5 and 21)	7,448,026	-	6,567,782	-	6,801,663	1
Guarantee deposits (Note 22) Others (Note 19)	21,564,801 1,613,545	1	25,538,475 885,192	2	151,660 694,901	-
				<u> </u>		
Total noncurrent liabilities	222,655,225	13	247,707,125	16	224,713,695	18
Total liabilities	434,883,819	26	448,720,754	30	414,491,629	33
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS OF THE PARENT Capital stock (Note 23)	250 202 905	16	250 207 724	17	250 207 171	21
Capital surplus (Note 23)	259,303,805 56,300,215	<u>16</u> 3	259,296,624 55,989,922	<u>17</u> 4	259,286,171 55,858,626	<u>21</u> 4
Retained earnings (Note 23)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Appropriated as legal capital reserve Appropriated as special capital reserve	177,640,561	11	151,250,682	10	132,436,003 2,785,741	11
Unappropriated as special capital reserve	716,653,025	43	553,914,592	37	383,670,168	30
21 27 40	894,293,586	54	705,165,274	<u>47</u>	518,891,912	41
Others (Note 23)	11,774,113	1	25,749,291	2	14,170,306	1
Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent	1,221,671,719	74	1,046,201,111	70	848,207,015	67
NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS (Note 23)	962,760		127,221		266,709	
Total equity	1,222,634,479	74	1,046,328,332	70	848,473,724	67
TOTAL	<u>\$ 1,657,518,298</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 1,495,049,086</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 1,262,965,353</u>	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2015 (Note 3)		2014 (Adjusted) (Not	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
NET REVENUE (Notes 5, 25, 37 and 42)	\$ 843,497,368	100	\$ 762,806,465	100
COST OF REVENUE (Notes 5, 12, 32 and 37)	433,117,601	51	385,113,005	50
GROSS PROFIT BEFORE REALIZED GROSS PROFIT ON SALES TO ASSOCIATES	410,379,767	49	377,693,460	50
REALIZED GROSS PROFIT ON SALES TO ASSOCIATES	15,126	-	28,556	
GROSS PROFIT	410,394,893	<u>49</u>	377,722,016	50
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 5, 32 and 37) Research and development General and administrative Marketing	65,544,579 17,257,237 5,664,684	8 2 1	56,828,815 18,933,335 5,087,420	8 2 1
Total operating expenses	88,466,500	<u>11</u>	80,849,570	11
OTHER OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES, NET (Notes 15, 16, 26 and 32)	(1,880,618)		(1,002,137)	_
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS (Note 42)	320,047,775	<u>38</u>	295,870,309	<u>39</u>
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES Share of profits of associates and joint venture (Notes 14 and 42) Other income (Note 27) Foreign exchange gain, net (Note 41) Finance costs (Note 28) Other gains and losses (Note 29)	4,132,128 4,750,829 2,481,446 (3,190,331) 22,207,064	1 3	3,950,469 3,380,407 2,111,310 (3,236,345) 2,207	1 - - -
Total non-operating income and expenses	30,381,136	4	6,208,048	1
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	350,428,911	42	302,078,357	40
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 5, 30 and 42)	43,872,744	6	38,314,399	5
NET INCOME	306,556,167	<u>36</u>	263,763,958	<u>35</u>
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Notes 23 and 30) Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation Share of other comprehensive loss of associate and joint	(827,703)	-	258,482	-
venture Income tax benefit (expense) related to items that will	(2,546)	-	(15,664)	-
not be reclassified subsequently	99,326	-	(31,952)	-
	(730,923)		<u>210,866</u> (Con	ntinued)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2015 (Note 3)		2014 (Adjusted) (Not	te 3)
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations Changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial	\$ 6,604,768	1	\$ 11,771,129	1
assets Share of other comprehensive loss of associates and	(20,489,015)	(2)	(36,559)	-
joint venture Income tax expense related to items that may be	(83,021)	-	(135,284)	-
reclassified subsequently	(15,991)	_	(5,131)	_
	(13,983,259)	(1)	11,594,155	1
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year, net of income tax	(14,714,182)	(1)	11,805,021	1
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	<u>\$ 291,841,985</u>	<u>35</u>	\$ 275,568,979	<u>36</u>
NET INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Shareholders of the parent Noncontrolling interests	\$ 306,573,837 (17,670)	36 	\$ 263,881,771 (117,813)	35
	\$ 306,556,167	<u>36</u>	\$ 263,763,958	<u>35</u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO:				
Shareholders of the parent Noncontrolling interests	\$ 291,867,757 (25,772)	35	\$ 275,670,991 (102,012)	36
	<u>\$ 291,841,985</u>	<u>35</u>	\$ 275,568,979	<u>36</u>
	2015		2014	
	Income Attributa		Income Attributa	
	Shareholders the Parent	_	Shareholders the Parent	01
EARNINGS PER SHARE (NT\$, Note 31)				
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	\$\frac{11.82}{11.82}		\$\frac{10.18}{\$10.18}	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Dividends Per Share)

					Equ	Equity Attributable to Sharcholders of the Parent	reholders of the Pare	=						
	Conited Steat Common Steat	Common Stool			Deteined Fourings	o de la companya de		Foreign	Unrealized Gain/Loss	2				
	Shares (In Thousands)	Amount	Capital Surplus	Legal Capital Reserve	Special Capital Reserve	Unappropriated Earnings	Total	Translation Reserve	for-sale Financial Assets	Cash Flow Hedges Reserve	Total	Total	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity
BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2014	25,928,617	\$ 259,286,171	\$ 55,858,626	\$ 132,436,003	\$ 2,785,741	\$ 382,971,408	\$ 518,193,152	\$ (7,140,362)	\$ 21,310,781	\$ (113)	\$ 14,170,306	\$ 847,508,255	\$ 266,830	\$ 847,775,085
Effect of retrospective application	1		1	'	1	698,760	698,760	1	1			098,760	(121)	698,639
ADJUSTED BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2014	25,928,617	259,286,171	55,858,626	132,436,003	2,785,741	383,670,168	518,891,912	(7,140,362)	21,310,781	(113)	14,170,306	848,207,015	266,709	848,473,724
Appropriations of prior year's earnings Legal capitin reserve Reversal of special capital reserve Cash dividents to startebolters - NTS3.0 per share				18,814,679	(2,785,741)	(18,814,679) 2,785,741 (77,785,851)	- - (77,785,851)	1 1 1		1 1 1	1 1 1	- (77.785.851)		
Total				18,814,679	(2,785,741)	(93,814,789)	(77,785,851)					(77,785,851)		(77,785,851)
Net income in 2014		•				263,881,771	263,881,771					263,881,771	(117,813)	263,763,958
Other comprehensive income in 2014, net of income tax						210,235	210,235	11,642,475	(63,298)	(192)	11,578,985	11,789,220	15,801	11,805,021
Total comprehensive income in 2014						264,092,006	264,092,006	11,642,475	(63,298)	(192)	11,578,985	275,670,991	(102,012)	275,568,979
Issuance of stock from exercise of employee stock options	1,045	10,453	36,602				٠					47,055	•	47,055
Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method		•	(2,273)									(2,273)	•	(2,273)
Adjustments to share of changes in equities of associates and joint venture		٠	93,459	•	٠	•	•	٠	٠	•		93,459	(26)	93,433
From differences between equity purchase price and carrying amount arising from actual acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries	•	•	(8)	•		(32,793)	(32,793)		•			(32,801)	32,801	•
From share of changes in equities of subsidiaries	•	•	3,516	•	٠	•	٠			•	•	3,516	(3,516)	
Decrease in noncontrolling interests	1	'	1		1								(66,735)	(66,735)
ADJUSTED BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2014	25,929,662	259,296,624	55,989,922	151,250,682	•	553,914,592	705,165,274	4,502,113	21,247,483	(305)	25,749,291	1,046,201,111	127,221	1,046,328,332
Appropriations of prior year's earnings Legal capital reserve Cash dividends to shareholders - NTS4.5 per share				26,389,879		(26,389,879) (116,683,481)	(116,683,481)					(116,683,481)		(116,683,481)
Total				26,389,879		(143,073,360)	(116,683,481)					(116,683,481)		(116,683,481)
Net income in 2015		•				306,573,837	306,573,837					306,573,837	(17,670)	306,556,167
Other comprehensive income in 2015, net of income tax						(730,902)	(730,902)	6,537,836	(20,512,712)	(302)	(13,975,178)	(14,706,080)	(8,102)	(14,714,182)
Total comprehensive income in 2015						305,842,935	305,842,935	6,537,836	(20,512,712)	(302)	(13,975,178)	291,867,757	(25,772)	291,841,985
Issuance of stock from exercise of employee stock options	718	7,181	130,974	•	•	ı				i	1	138,155	,	138,155
Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method	•	i	(47,850)	•	1	i				i	i	(47,850)	•	(47,850)
Adjustments to share of changes in equities of associates and joint venture	,	•	230,743	٠	٠	•	•	•	٠	٠	•	230,743	(4,230)	226,513
From differences between equity purchase price and carrying amount arising from actual acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries						(31,142)	(31,142)			•		(31,142)	31,142	
From share of changes in equities of subsidiaries	•	•	(3,574)	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	(3,574)	3,574	•
Decrease in noncontrolling interests	•	•	•	•		•							(50,218)	(50,218)
Effect of acquisition of subsidiary	•	•	•	•	•	,	1	•	•	•	•		923,683	923,683
Effect of disposal of subsidiary													(42,640)	(42,640)
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2015	25,930,380	\$ 259,303,805	\$ 56,300,215	S 177,640,561	8	\$ 716,653,025	\$ 894,293,586	\$ 11,039,949	S 734,771	\$ (607)	\$ 11,774,113	\$ 1,221,671,719	s 962,760	\$ 1,222,634,479

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2015	2014 (Adjusted)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income before income tax	\$ 350,428,911	\$ 302,078,357
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation expense	219,303,369	197,645,186
Amortization expense	3,202,200	2,606,349
Finance costs	3,190,331	3,236,345
Share of profits of associates and joint venture	(4,132,128)	(3,950,469)
Interest income	(4,129,316)	(2,730,674)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment and intangible		
assets, net	(433,559)	(14,518)
Impairment loss of noncurrent assets held for sale	-	735,466
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	2,545,584	239,864
Impairment loss on intangible assets	58,514	-
Impairment loss on financial assets	154,721	211,477
Gain on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets, net	(22,070,736)	(280,956)
Gain on disposal of financial assets carried at cost, net	(87,193)	(81,449)
Gain on disposal of investments accounted for using equity method,		
net	(2,507,707)	(2,028,643)
Loss from liquidation of subsidiaries	138,243	90
Realized gross profit on sales to associates	(15,126)	(28,556)
Loss on foreign exchange, net	2,563,439	3,615,493
Dividend income	(621,513)	(649,733)
Income from receipt of equity securities in settlement of trade		
receivables	-	(1,211)
Loss from hedging instruments	134,112	10,577,714
Loss (gain) arising from changes in fair value of available-for-sale		
financial assets in hedge effective portion	305,619	(10,088,628)
Gain from lease agreement modification	(430,041)	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Derivative financial instruments	(228,560)	342,853
Notes and accounts receivable, net	26,630,123	(43,090,068)
Receivables from related parties	(192,767)	(26,405)
Other receivables from related parties	53,607	(11,766)
Inventories	(655,249)	(28,871,597)
Other financial assets	720,301	(2,612,158)
Other current assets	263,384	(744,868)
Accounts payable	(2,693,358)	6,634,198
Payables to related parties	(369,134)	(194,866)
Salary and bonus payable	945,030	2,281,117
Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to		
directors and supervisors	2,860,250	5,314,019
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	(3,778,322)	8,432,511
		(Continued)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2015	2014 (Adjusted)
Provisions	\$ (382,774)	\$ 2,836,910
Net defined benefit liability	52,540	60,446
Cash generated from operations	570,822,795	451,441,830
Income taxes paid	(40,943,357)	(29,918,099)
Net cash generated by operating activities	529,879,438	421,523,731
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Acquisitions of:		
Available-for-sale financial assets	(13,392,330)	(91,909)
	(28,181,915)	
Held-to-maturity financial assets Financial assets carried at cost		(5,882,316)
	(2,586,169)	(23,151)
Property, plant and equipment	(257,516,835)	(288,540,028)
Intangible assets Proceeds from disposal or redemption of:	(4,283,870)	(3,859,486)
Available-for-sale financial assets	57 402 051	689,420
	57,493,051	-
Held-to-maturity financial assets Financial assets carried at cost	16,800,000	3,200,000
	368,778	87,501
Financial assets for hedging Investments accounted for using equity method	2,659 5,171,962	3,471,883
Property, plant and equipment	816,852	
1 1 1		200,263 (520,856)
Costs from entering into hedging transactions Interest received	(495,348)	
Other dividends received	3,641,920	2,578,663
	616,675	645,585
Dividends received from investments accounted for using equity method	2 407 126	2 222 000
	3,407,126	3,223,090
Refundable deposits paid Refundable deposits refunded	(404,458)	(57,988)
	348,434	2,296,872
Decrease in receivables for temporary payments	398,185	161 000
Cash received from other long-term receivables Not each outflow from acquisition of subsidiery (Note 22)	(51,601)	161,900
Net cash outflow from acquisition of subsidiary (Note 33) Net cash inflow from disposal of subsidiary (Note 34)	(51,601)	-
Net cash fillow from disposal of subsidiary (Note 34)	601,047	
Net cash used in investing activities	(217,245,837)	(282,420,557)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Increase in short-term loans	3,138,680	18,563,525
Interest paid	(3,156,218)	(3,192,971)
Guarantee deposits received	754,873	30,142,823
Guarantee deposits refunded	(742,458)	(7,704)
Decrease in obligations under finance leases	(29,098)	(28,426)
Proceeds from exercise of employee stock options	33,891	47,055
Cash dividends	(116,683,481)	(77,785,851)
Decrease in noncontrolling interests	(50,218)	(66,735)
-	, , , , , ,	
Net cash used in financing activities	(116,734,029)	(32,328,284)
		(Continued)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2015	2014 (Adjusted)
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	<u>\$ 8,258,851</u>	\$ 9,060,170
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	204,158,423	115,835,060
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS INCLUDED IN NONCURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	81,478	-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT ON CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET, BEGINNING OF YEAR	358,449,029	242,695,447
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	562,688,930	358,530,507
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS INCLUDED IN NONCURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE		(81,478)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT ON CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET	\$ 562,688,930	<u>\$ 358,449,029</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

1. GENERAL

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited (TSMC), a Republic of China (R.O.C.) corporation, was incorporated on February 21, 1987. TSMC is a dedicated foundry in the semiconductor industry which engages mainly in the manufacturing, selling, packaging, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices and the manufacturing of masks.

On September 5, 1994, TSMC's shares were listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE). On October 8, 1997, TSMC listed some of its shares of stock on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) in the form of American Depositary Shares (ADSs).

The address of its registered office and principal place of business is No. 8, Li-Hsin Rd. 6, Hsinchu Science Park, Taiwan. The principal operating activities and operating segments information of TSMC and its subsidiaries (collectively as the "Company") are described in Notes 4 and 42.

2. THE AUTHORIZATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on February 2, 2016.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

a. Initial application of the amendments to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the 2013 version of the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards (IASs), Interpretations of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRIC), and Interpretations of IASs (SIC) (collectively, "IFRSs") endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC) (collectively, "2013 Taiwan-IFRSs version")

According to Rule No. 1030029342 and Rule No. 1030010325 issued by the FSC, the 2013 Taiwan-IFRSs version and the related amendments to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers should be adopted by the Company starting 2015.

The Company believes that as a result of the adoption of aforementioned 2013 Taiwan-IFRSs version and the related amendments to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, the following items have impacted the Company's consolidated financial statements.

1) IFRS 12, "Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities"

IFRS 12 is a new disclosure standard and is applicable to entities that have interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and/or unconsolidated structured entities. The Company has included the new disclosure, as applicable, in Note 14.

2) IFRS 13, "Fair Value Measurement"

IFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance for fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurements. It defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. The disclosure requirements in IFRS 13 are more extensive than those required in the past standards. For example, quantitative and qualitative disclosures based on the three-level fair value hierarchy previously required for financial instruments only are extended by IFRS 13 to cover all assets and liabilities within its scope.

The measurement requirements of IFRS 13 have been applied prospectively from January 1, 2015. Please refer to Note 36 for related disclosures.

3) Amendments to IAS 1, "Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income"

According to the amendments to IAS 1, the items of other comprehensive income are grouped into two categories: (a) items that may not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss; and (b) items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met. In addition, income tax on items of other comprehensive income is also required to be allocated on the same basis.

The items that may not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss include remeasurement of defined benefit obligation, the share of remeasurement of defined benefit obligation of associates and joint venture as well as the related income tax on such items. Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss include exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations, changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets, cash flow hedges, the share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint venture (except the share of the remeasurement of defined benefit obligation) as well as the related income tax on items of other comprehensive income.

4) Amendments to IAS 19, "Employee Benefits"

The amendments to IAS 19 require the Company to calculate a "net interest" amount by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset to replace the interest cost and expected return on planned assets used in the old IAS 19. In addition, the amendments eliminate the accounting treatment of either corridor approach or the immediate recognition of actuarial gains and losses to profit or loss when it incurs, and instead, require to recognize all remeasurement of defined benefit obligation immediately through other comprehensive income. The past service cost, on the other hand, will be expensed immediately when it incurs and no longer be amortized over the average period before vested on a straight-line basis. In addition, the amendments also require a broader disclosure in defined benefit plans.

The impact on the current year is summarized as follows:

Impact on Assets, Liabilities and Equity	December 31, 2015
Increase in investments accounted for using equity method Increase in deferred income tax assets	\$ 616 <u>2,747</u>
Increase in assets	\$ 3,363 (Continued)

Impact on Assets, Liabilities and Equity	December 31, 2015
Increase in net defined benefit liability	<u>\$ 22,892</u>
Increase in liabilities	<u>\$ 22,892</u>
Decrease in retained earnings	<u>\$ (19,529</u>)
Decrease in equity	<u>\$ (19,529)</u> (Concluded)
Impact on Total Comprehensive Income	Year Ended December 31, 2015
Impact on Total Comprehensive Income Increase in cost of revenue Increase in operating expense Increase in share of profits of associates and joint venture Decrease in income tax expense	December 31,

The impact on the prior reporting year is summarized as follows:

As Originally Stated	Adjustments Arising from Initial Application	Adjusted
\$ 945,356	\$ (1,148)	\$ 944,208
28.251.002	4.735	28,255,737
	· ·	5,138,782
	<u>\$ (84,759)</u>	
220,191	\$ (1,148)	219,043
7,303,978	(736,196)	6,567,782
	\$ (737,344)	
704 512 664	\$ 652,610	705,165,274
127,246	(25)	127,221
	\$ 652,585	(Continued)
	\$ 945,356 28,251,002 5,227,128 220,191 7,303,978	Arising from Initial Application \$ 945,356 \$ (1,148) 28,251,002

Impact on Assets, Liabilities and Equity	As Originally Stated	Adjustments Arising from Initial Application	Adjusted
<u>January 1, 2014</u>			
Investments accounted for using the equity method Deferred income tax assets	\$ 28,316,260 7,239,609	\$ 4,981 (94,605)	\$ 28,321,241 7,145,004
Total effect on assets		\$ (89,624)	
Net defined benefit liability	7,589,926	<u>\$ (788,263)</u>	6,801,663
Total effect on liabilities		<u>\$ (788,263)</u>	
Retained earnings Noncontrolling interests	518,193,152 266,830	\$ 698,760 (121)	518,891,912 266,709
Total effect on equity		\$ 698,639	(Concluded)
Impact on Total Comprehensive Income	As Originally Stated	Adjustments Arising from Initial Application	Adjusted
Year ended December 31, 2014			
Cost of revenue Operating expense Other operating income and expenses Share of profits of associates and joint venture	\$ (385,100,646) (80,842,944) (1,001,138) 3,949,674	\$ (12,359) (6,626) (999) 795	\$(385,113,005) (80,849,570) (1,002,137) 3,950,469
Income tax expense Impact on net income for the year	(38,316,677)	<u>2,278</u> (16,911)	(38,314,399)
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Remeasurement of defined benefit			
obligation Share of other comprehensive loss of	290,416	(31,934)	258,482
associate and joint venture Income tax benefit (expense) related to	(14,623)	(1,041)	(15,664)
items that will not be reclassified subsequently Impact on other comprehensive income (loss) for the year, net of income tax	(35,784)	3,832 (29,143)	(31,952)
Impact on total comprehensive income for the year		<u>\$ (46,054)</u>	(Continued)

Impact on Total Comprehensive Income	As Originally Stated	Adjustments Arising from Initial Application	Adjusted
Impact on net income (loss) attributable to:			
Shareholders of the parent Noncontrolling interests	\$ 263,898,794 (117,925)	\$ (17,023) 112	\$ 263,881,771 (117,813)
	\$ 263,780,869	<u>\$ (16,911)</u>	\$ 263,763,958
Impact on total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:			
Shareholders of the parent Noncontrolling interests	\$ 275,717,141 (102,108)	\$ (46,150) <u>96</u>	\$ 275,670,991 (102,012)
	<u>\$ 275,615,033</u>	<u>\$ (46,054)</u>	\$ 275,568,979 (Concluded)

b. The IFRSs issued by IASB but not endorsed by FSC

The Company has not applied the following IFRSs issued by the IASB but not endorsed by the FSC. As of the date that the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the initial adoption to the following standards and interpretations is still subject to the effective date to be published by the FSC.

New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date Issued by IASB (Note 1)
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2010 - 2012 Cycle	July 1, 2014 or transactions on or after July 1, 2014
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2011 - 2013 Cycle	July 1, 2014
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2012 - 2014 Cycle	January 1, 2016 (Note 2)
IFRS 9 Financial Instruments	January 1, 2018
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 Mandatory Effective Date of IFRS 9 and Transition Disclosure	January 1, 2018
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 Sale or Contribution of Assets	Effective date to be
between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	determined by IASB
Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28 Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception	January 1, 2016
Amendment to IFRS 11 Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations	January 1, 2016
IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers	January 1, 2018
IFRS 16 Leases	January 1, 2019
Amendment to IAS 1 Disclosure Initiative	January 1, 2016
Amendment to IAS 7 Disclosure Initiative	January 1, 2017
Amendment to IAS 12 Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized Losses	January 1, 2017
Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38: Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization	January 1, 2016
Amendment to IAS 19 Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions	July 1, 2014
Amendment to IAS 27 Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements	January 1, 2016
	(Continued)

New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations	by IASB (Note 1)
Amendment to IAS 36 Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets	January 1, 2014
Amendment to IAS 39 Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting	January 1, 2014
	(Concluded)

- Note 1: The aforementioned new, revised or amended standards or interpretations are effective after fiscal year beginning on or after the effective dates, unless specified otherwise.
- Note 2: The amendment to IFRS 5 is applied prospectively to changes in a method of disposal that occur in annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016; the remaining amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016.

Except for the following, the initial application of the above new standards and interpretations has not had any material impact on the Company's accounting policies:

1) IFRS 9, "Financial Instruments"

All recognized financial assets currently in the scope of IAS 39, "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement," will be subsequently measured at either the amortized cost or the fair value. The classification and measurement requirements in IFRS 9 are stated as follows:

For the debt instruments invested by the Company, if the contractual cash flows that are solely for payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, the classification and measurement requirements are stated as follows:

- a) If the objective of the Company's business model is to hold the financial asset to collect the contractual cash flows, such assets are measured at the amortized cost. Interest revenue should be recognized in profit or loss by using the effective interest method, continuously assessed for impairment and the impairment loss or reversal of impairment loss should be recognized in profit and loss.
- b) If the objective of the Company's business model is to hold the financial asset both to collect the contractual cash flows and to sell the financial assets, such assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and are continuously assessed for impairment. Interest revenue should be recognized in profit or loss by using the effective interest method. A gain or loss on a financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income should be recognized in other comprehensive income, except for impairment gains or losses and foreign exchange gains and losses. When such financial asset is derecognized or reclassified, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

The other financial assets which do not meet the aforementioned criteria should be measured at the fair value through profit or loss. However, the Company may irrevocably designate an investment in equity instruments that is not held for trading as measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. All relevant gains and losses shall be recognized in other comprehensive income, except for dividends which are recognized in profit or loss. No subsequent impairment assessment is required, and the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income cannot be reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

IFRS 9 adds a new expected loss impairment model to measure the impairment of financial assets. A loss allowance for expected credit losses should be recognized on financial assets measured at amortized cost and financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. If the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company should measure the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. If the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition and is not deemed to be a low credit risk, the Company should measure the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses. The Company should always measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses for trade receivables.

The main change in IFRS 9 is the increase of the eligibility of hedge accounting. It allows reporters to reflect risk management activities in the financial statements more closely as it provides more opportunities to apply hedge accounting. A fundamental difference to IAS 39 is that IFRS 9 (a) increases the scope of hedged items eligible for hedge accounting. For example, the risk components of non-financial items may be designated as hedging accounting; (b) revises a new way to account for the gain or loss recognition arising from hedging derivative financial instruments, which results in a less volatility in profit or loss; and (c) is necessary for there to be an economic relationship between the hedged item and hedging instrument instead of performing the retrospective hedge effectiveness testing.

2) IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"

IFRS 15 establishes principles for recognizing revenue that apply to all contracts with customers, and will supersede IAS 18, "Revenue," IAS 11, "Construction Contracts," and a number of revenue-related interpretations.

When applying IFRS 15, the Company shall recognize revenue by applying the following steps:

- Identify the contract with the customer;
- Identify the performance obligations in the contract;
- Determine the transaction price;
- Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contracts; and
- Recognize revenue when the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

When IFRS 15 is effective, the Company may elect to apply this Standard either retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented or retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying this Standard recognized at the date of initial application.

3) IFRS 16, "Leases"

IFRS 16 sets out the accounting standards for leases that will supersede IAS 17 and a number of related interpretations.

Under IFRS 16, if the Company is a lessee, it shall recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases on the consolidated balance sheets except for low-value and short-term leases. The Company may elect to apply the accounting method similar to the accounting for operating lease under IAS 17 to the low-value and short-term leases. On the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, the Company should present the depreciation expense charged on the right-of-use asset separately from interest expense accrued on the lease liability; interest is computed by using effective interest method. On the consolidated statements of cash flows, cash payments for both the principal and interest portion of the lease liability are classified within financing activities.

When IFRS 16 becomes effective, the Company may elect to apply this Standard either retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented or retrospectively with the cumulative effect of the initial application of this Standard recognized at the date of initial application.

4) Amendments to IAS 36, "Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets"

The amendments to IAS 36 clarify that the Company is only required to disclose the recoverable amount in the year of impairment accrual or reversal. Moreover, if the recoverable amount of impaired assets is based on fair value less costs of disposal, the Company should also disclose the discount rate used. The Company expects the aforementioned amendments will result in a broader disclosure of recoverable amount for non-financial assets.

Except for the aforementioned impact, as of the date that the accompanying consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Company continues in evaluating the impact on its financial position and financial performance as a result of the initial adoption of the other standards or interpretations. The related impact will be disclosed when the Company completes the evaluation.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

For the convenience of readers, the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the R.O.C. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

Statement of Compliance

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, the IFRSs, IASs, interpretations as well as related guidance translated by the Accounting Research and Development Foundation (ARDF) endorsed by the FSC with the effective dates.

Basis of Preparation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments that are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for the assets.

Basis of Consolidation

The basis for the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of TSMC and entities controlled by TSMC (its subsidiaries).

Income and expenses of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition and up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the shareholders of the parent and to the noncontrolling interests even if this results in the noncontrolling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by the Company.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Changes in the Company's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Company losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Company's interests and the noncontrolling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the noncontrolling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity and attributed to shareholders of the parent.

When the Company loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between:

- a. the aggregate of the fair value of consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest at the date when control is lost; and
- b. the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any noncontrolling interest.

The Company shall account for all amounts recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary on the same basis as would be required if the Company had directly disposed of the related assets and liabilities.

The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate.

The subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements

The detail information of the subsidiaries at the end of reporting period was as follows:

			Establishment	Percentage o	of Ownership	
Name of Investor	Name of Investee	Main Businesses and Products	and Operating Location	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	Note
TSMC	TSMC North America	Selling and marketing of integrated circuits and semiconductor devices	San Jose, California, U.S.A.	100%	100%	-
	TSMC Japan Limited (TSMC Japan)	Marketing activities	Yokohama, Japan	100%	100%	a)
	TSMC Partners, Ltd. (TSMC Partners)	Investing in companies involved in the design, manufacture, and other related business in the semiconductor industry	Tortola, British Virgin Islands	100%	100%	a)
	TSMC Korea Limited (TSMC Korea)	Customer service and technical supporting activities	Seoul, Korea	100%	100%	a)
	TSMC Europe B.V. (TSMC Europe)	Marketing and engineering supporting activities	Amsterdam, the Netherlands	100%	100%	a)
	TSMC Global, Ltd. (TSMC Global)	Investment activities	Tortola, British Virgin Islands	100%	100%	-
	TSMC China Company Limited (TSMC China)	Manufacturing and selling of integrated circuits at the order of and pursuant to product design specifications provided by customers	Shanghai, China	100%	100%	-
	VentureTech Alliance Fund III, L.P. (VTAF III)	Investing in new start-up technology companies	Cayman Islands	98%	98%	a)
	VentureTech Alliance Fund II, L.P. (VTAF II)	Investing in new start-up technology companies	Cayman Islands	98%	98%	a)
	Emerging Alliance Fund, L.P. (Emerging Alliance)	Investing in new start-up technology companies	Cayman Islands	99.5%	99.5%	a), b)
	TSMC Solid State Lighting Ltd. (TSMC SSL)	Engaged in researching, developing, designing, manufacturing and selling solid state lighting devices and related applications products and systems	Hsin-Chu, Taiwan	-	92%	c)
	TSMC Solar Ltd. (TSMC Solar)	Engaged in researching, developing, designing, manufacturing and selling renewable energy and saving related technologies and products	Tai-Chung, Taiwan	-	99%	d)
	TSMC Guang Neng Investment, Ltd. (TSMC GN)	Investment activities	Taipei, Taiwan	-	100%	d)
	TSMC Solar Europe GmbH	Selling of solar related products and providing customer service	Hamburg, Germany	100%	-	a), d), e)
	Chi Cherng Investment Co., Ltd. (Chi Cherng)	Investment activities	Taipei, Taiwan	100%	-	f), g)

(Continued)

			Establishment	Percentage of	of Ownership	
Name of Investor	Name of Investee	Main Businesses and Products	and Operating Location	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	Note
TSMC Partners	TSMC Design Technology Canada Inc. (TSMC Canada)	Engineering support activities	Ontario, Canada	100%	100%	a)
	TSMC Technology, Inc. (TSMC Technology)	Engineering support activities	Delaware, U.S.A.	100%	100%	a)
	TSMC Development, Inc. (TSMC Development)	Investment activities	Delaware, U.S.A.	100%	100%	-
	InveStar Semiconductor Development Fund, Inc. (ISDF)	Investing in new start-up technology companies	Cayman Islands	97%	97%	a)
	InveStar Semiconductor Development Fund, Inc. (II) LDC. (ISDF II)	Investing in new start-up technology companies	Cayman Islands	97%	97%	a)
	VisEra Holding Company (VisEra Holding)	Investing in companies involved in the design, manufacturing and other related businesses in the semiconductor industry	Cayman Islands	98%	49%	a), f)
TSMC Development	WaferTech, LLC (WaferTech)	Manufacturing, selling, testing and computer-aided designing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices	Washington, U.S.A.	100%	100%	-
VTAF III	Mutual-Pak Technology Co., Ltd. (Mutual-Pak)	Manufacturing and selling of electronic parts and researching, developing, and testing of RFID	New Taipei, Taiwan	58%	58%	a)
	Growth Fund Limited (Growth Fund)	Investing in new start-up technology companies	Cayman Islands	100%	100%	a)
VTAF III, VTAF II and Emerging Alliance	VentureTech Alliance Holdings, LLC (VTA Holdings)	Investing in new start-up technology companies	Delaware, U.S.A.	100%	100%	a)
TSMC Solar	TSMC Solar North America, Inc. (TSMC Solar NA)	Selling and marketing of solar related products	Delaware, U.S.A.	-	100%	a), d)
	TSMC Solar Europe B.V. (TSMC Solar Europe)	Investing in solar related business	Amsterdam, the Netherlands	-	100%	a), e)
TSMC Solar Europe	TSMC Solar Europe GmbH	Selling of solar related products and providing customer service	Hamburg, Germany	-	100%	a), d), e)
VisEra Holding	VisEra Technologies Company Ltd. (VisEra Tech)	Engaged in manufacturing electronic spare parts and in researching, developing, designing, manufacturing and selling of color filter	Hsin-Chu, Taiwan	87%	87%	f)
						(Concluded)

Note a: This is an immaterial subsidiary for which the consolidated financial statements are not audited by the Company's independent accountants.

Note b: Due to the expiration of the investment agreement between Emerging Alliance and TSMC, Emerging Alliance has started their liquidation procedures

Note c: TSMC and TSMC GN aggregately had a controlling interest of 94% in TSMC SSL as of December 31, 2014. TSMC and TSMC GN completed the disposal of TSMC SSL in February 2015. Please refer to Note 34.

Note d: In August 2015, TSMC Solar ceased its manufacturing operations. TSMC Solar and TSMC GN were incorporated into TSMC in December 2015. After the incorporation, TSMC Solar Europe GmbH, the 100% owned subsidiary of TSMC Solar, is held directly by TSMC. TSMC Solar NA, the 100% owned subsidiary of TSMC Solar, completed the liquidation procedures in December 2015.

Note e: To simplify overseas investments structure, in the second quarter of 2014, the Board of Directors of TSMC Solar approved to file for the liquidation of TSMC Solar Europe. The liquidation procedure was completed in the second quarter of 2015 and TSMC Solar Europe GmbH, the 100% owned subsidiary of TSMC Solar Europe, was held directly by TSMC Solar.

Note f: The Company acquired OmniVision Technologies, Inc.'s ("OVT's") 49.1% ownership in VisEra Holding and 100% ownership in Taiwan OmniVision Investment Holding Co. ("OVT Taiwan") on November 20, 2015. As a result, the Company has obtained controls of VisEra Holding and OVT Taiwan; therefore the Company has consolidated VisEra Holding, OVT Taiwan and VisEra Tech, held directly by VisEra Holding, since November 20, 2015. Please refer to Note 33.

Note g: OVT Taiwan that originally acquired by the Company was renamed as Chi Cherng in December 2015

Foreign Currencies

The financial statements of each individual consolidated entity were expressed in the currency which reflected its primary economic environment (functional currency). The functional currency of TSMC and presentation currency of the consolidated financial statements are both New Taiwan Dollars (NT\$). In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the operating results and financial positions of each consolidated entity are translated into NT\$.

In preparing the financial statements of each individual consolidated entity, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Such exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss in the year in which they arise. Non-monetary items measured at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items are

included in profit or loss for the year except for exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognized directly in other comprehensive income. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currencies are not retranslated.

For the purposes of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Company's foreign operations are translated into NT\$ using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity (attributed to noncontrolling interests as appropriate).

Classification of Current and Noncurrent Assets and Liabilities

Current assets are assets held for trading purposes and assets expected to be converted to cash, sold or consumed within one year from the end of the reporting period. Current liabilities are obligations incurred for trading purposes and obligations expected to be settled within one year from the end of the reporting period. Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are noncurrent assets and liabilities, respectively.

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents, for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments, consist of highly liquid time deposits and investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities shall be recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized at fair values. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss. Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 36.

Financial Assets

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: Financial assets "at fair value through profit or loss" (FVTPL), "held-to-maturity" financial assets, "available-for-sale" financial assets and "loans and receivables". The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a settlement date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Derivative financial instruments that do not meet the criteria for hedge accounting are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss.

Held-to-maturity financial assets

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity dates that the Company has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity. Subsequent to initial recognition, held-to-maturity financial assets are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method less any impairment.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either designated as available-for-sale or are not classified as (a) loans and receivables, (b) held-to-maturity financial assets or (c) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value. Interest income from available-for-sale monetary financial assets and dividends on available-for-sale equity investments are recognized in profit or loss. Other changes in the carrying amount of available-for-sale financial assets are recognized in other comprehensive income. When the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognized in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive the dividends is established.

Available-for-sale equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of each reporting period. Such equity instruments are subsequently remeasured at fair value when their fair value can be reliably measured, and the difference between the carrying amount and fair value is recognized in profit or loss or other comprehensive income.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables including cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivable and other receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment, except for those loans and receivables with immaterial discounted effect.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those carried at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Those financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial assets, their estimated future cash flows have been affected.

For financial assets carried at amortized cost, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. The Company assesses the collectability of receivables by performing the account aging analysis and examining current trends in the credit quality of its customers.

For financial assets carried at amortized cost, the amount of the impairment loss is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets measured at amortized cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent

that the carrying amount of the financial assets at the date the impairment loss is reversed does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment loss not been recognized.

When an available-for-sale financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the year.

In respect of available-for-sale equity instruments, impairment losses previously recognized in profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to the recognition of an impairment loss is recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of unrealized gains or losses from available-for-sale financial assets.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the financial asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognized in profit or loss.

Financial Liabilities and Equity Instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured either at amortized cost using effective interest method or at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities measured at FVTPL are derivative financial instruments that do not meet the criteria for hedge accounting, and they are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities other than those held for trading purposes and designated as at FVTPL are subsequently measured at amortized cost at the end of each reporting period.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognized in profit or loss.

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its market risk exposure to foreign exchange rate, interest rate and equity price fluctuation, including forward exchange contracts, cross currency swap contracts, interest rate futures contracts and forward stock contracts.

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative financial instrument is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

Hedge Accounting

The Company designates certain hedging instruments, which include stock forward contracts and interest rate futures contracts in respect of foreign currency risk, as fair value hedge. Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognized in profit or loss immediately. Hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively when the Company revokes the designated hedging relationship, or when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated, or exercised, or when it no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting.

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of cash flow hedges reserve. Amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are reclassified to profit or loss in the period when the hedged item is recognized in profit or loss.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventories are recorded at standard cost and adjusted to approximate weighted-average cost at the end of the reporting period. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price of inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

Noncurrent Assets Held for Sale

Noncurrent assets or disposal groups are classified as noncurrent assets held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the noncurrent asset held for sale is available for immediate sale in its present condition. To meet the criteria for the sale being highly probable, the appropriate level of management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

When the committed sale plan involves loss of control of a subsidiary, all of the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary are classified as held for sale, regardless of whether a noncontrolling interest in its former subsidiary is retained after the sale.

Noncurrent assets classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Recognition of depreciation would cease.

Investments Accounted for Using Equity Method

Investments accounted for using the equity method include investments in associates and interests in joint venture.

An associate is an entity over which the Company has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the Company and other parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The operating results and assets and liabilities of associates and joint venture are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate or a joint venture is initially recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Company's share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate and joint venture as well as the distribution received. The Company also recognizes its share in the changes in the equities of associates and joint venture.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of an associate or a joint venture recognized at the date of acquisition is recognized as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognized forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognized to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

The Company discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the Company ceases to have significant influence over an associate. When the Company retains an interest in the former associate, the Company measures the retained interest at fair value at that date. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate at the date the equity method was discontinued, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of a part interest in the associate is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Company shall account for all amounts recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if the associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. If the Company's ownership interest in an associate is reduced as a result of disposal, but the investment continues to be an associate, the Company should reclassify to profit or loss only a proportionate amount of the gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income.

When the Company subscribes to additional shares in an associate or a joint venture at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment differs from the amount of the Company's proportionate interest in the net assets of the associate or joint venture. The Company records such a difference as an adjustment to investments with the corresponding amount charged or credited to capital surplus. If the Company's ownership interest is reduced due to the additional subscription to the shares of associate or joint venture by other investors, the proportionate amount of the gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that

associate or joint venture shall be reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the associate or joint venture had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

When a consolidated entity transacts with an associate or a joint venture, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate or joint venture are recognized in the Company's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate or joint venture that are not owned by the Company.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment. Costs include any incremental costs that are directly attributable to the construction or acquisition of the item of property, plant and equipment.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognized impairment loss. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Depreciation is recognized so as to write off the cost of the assets less their residual values over their useful lives, and it is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives: land improvements - 20 years; buildings - 5 to 20 years; machinery and equipment - 2 to 5 years; office equipment - 3 to 15 years; and leased assets - 20 years. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimates accounted for on a prospective basis. Land is not depreciated.

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets. However, when there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained by the end of the lease term, assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the assets. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in profit or loss.

Leases

Leases are classified as finance lease whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Company as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

The Company as lessee

Assets held under finance lease are initially recognized as assets of the Company at the fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the consolidated balance sheet as an obligation under finance lease.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance expense and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Intangible Assets

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Other intangible assets

Other separately acquired intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Amortization is recognized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives: Technology license fees - the estimated life of the technology or the term of the technology transfer contract; software and system design costs - 2 to 5 years; patent and others - the economic life or contract period. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Impairment of Tangible and Intangible Assets

Goodwill

Goodwill is not amortized and instead is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the cash generating unit may be impaired. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Company's cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. If the recoverable amount of a cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the difference is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to such cash generating unit and then to the other assets of the cash generating unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the cash generating unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognized directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

Other tangible and intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or a cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been

recognized for the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Provision

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the goods are delivered and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- The Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- The Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

In principle, payment term granted to customers is due 30 days from the invoice date or 30 days from the end of the month of when the invoice is issued. Due to the short term nature of the receivables from sale of goods with the immaterial discounted effect, the Company measures them at the original invoice amounts without discounting.

Royalties, dividend and interest income

Revenue from royalties is recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreement (provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably).

Dividend income from investments is recognized when the shareholder's right to receive payment has been established, provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

Employee Benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities recognized in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for service rendered by employees.

Retirement benefits

For defined contribution retirement benefit plans, payments to the benefit plan are recognized as an expense when the employees have rendered service entitling them to the contribution. For defined benefit retirement benefit plans, the cost of providing benefit is recognized based on actuarial calculations.

Defined benefit costs (including service cost, net interest and remeasurement) under the defined benefit retirement benefit plans are determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Service cost (including current service cost), and net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset) are recognized as employee benefits expense in the period they occur. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets (excluding interest), is recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Net defined benefit liability represents the actual deficit in the Company's defined benefit plan.

Share-based Payment Arrangements

The Company elected to take the optional exemption under IFRS 1 for the share-based payment transactions granted and vested before January 1, 2012, the date of transition to Taiwan-IFRSs. There were no stock options granted prior to but unvested at the date of transition.

The compensation costs of employee stock options that were granted after January 1, 2012 are measured at the fair value of the stock options at the grant date. The fair value of the stock option granted determined at the grant date of the stock options is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Company's estimate of the number of stock options that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in capital surplus - employee stock option. The estimate is revised if subsequent information indicates that the number of stock options expected to vest differs from original estimates.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

Income tax on unappropriated earnings (excluding earnings from foreign consolidated subsidiaries) at a rate of 10% is expensed in the year the shareholders approved the appropriation of earnings which is the year subsequent to the year the earnings are generated.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax provision.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences, net operating loss carryforwards and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint venture, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits

against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered. The deferred tax assets which originally not recognized is also reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year in which the liability is settled or the asset is realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Business Combinations

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any noncontrolling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed

Noncontrolling interests are initially measured at the noncontrolling interests' proportionate share of the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets.

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Company's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date, and the resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION AND UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in Note 4, the directors are required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of the revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

The following are the critical judgments, apart from those involving estimations, that the directors have made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when the conditions described in Note 4 are satisfied. The Company also records a provision for estimated future returns and other allowances in the same period the related revenue is recorded. Provision for estimated sales returns and other allowances is generally made and adjusted at a specific percentage based on historical experience and any known factors that would significantly affect the allowance, and our management periodically reviews the adequacy of the percentage used.

Impairment of Tangible and Intangible Assets Other than Goodwill

In the process of evaluating the potential impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill, the Company is required to make subjective judgments in determining the independent cash flows, useful lives, expected future revenue and expenses related to the specific asset groups with the consideration of the nature of semiconductor industry. Any changes in these estimates based on changed economic conditions or business strategies could result in significant impairment charges or reversal in future years.

Impairment of Goodwill

The assessment of impairment of goodwill requires the Company to make subjective judgment to determine the identified cash-generating units, allocate the goodwill to relevant cash-generating units and estimate the recoverable amount of relevant cash-generating units.

Impairment Assessment on Investment Using Equity Method

The Company assesses the impairment of investments accounted for using the equity method whenever triggering events or changes in circumstances indicate that an investment may be impaired and carrying value may not be recoverable. The Company measures the impairment based on a projected future cash flow of the investees, including the underlying assumptions of sales growth rate and capacity utilization rate formulated by such investees' internal management team. The Company also takes into account market conditions and the relevant industry trends to ensure the reasonableness of such assumptions.

Realization of Deferred Income Tax Assets

Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deferred tax assets can be utilized. Assessment of the realization of the deferred tax assets requires the Company's subjective judgment and estimate, including the future revenue growth and profitability, tax holidays, the amount of tax credits can be utilized and feasible tax planning strategies. Any changes in the global economic environment, the industry trends and relevant laws and regulations could result in significant adjustments to the deferred tax assets.

Valuation of Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, and the Company uses judgment and estimate to determine the net realizable value of inventory at the end of each reporting period.

Due to the rapid technological changes, the Company estimates the net realizable value of inventory for obsolescence and unmarketable items at the end of reporting period and then writes down the cost of inventories to net realizable value. The net realizable value of the inventory is mainly determined based on assumptions of future demand within a specific time horizon.

Recognition and Measurement of Defined Benefit Plans

Net defined benefit liability and the resulting defined benefit costs under defined benefit pension plans are calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Actuarial assumptions comprise the discount rate, rate of employee turnover, and future salary increase rate. Changes in economic circumstances and market

conditions will affect these assumptions and may have a material impact on the amount of the expense and the liability.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Cash and deposits in banks Repurchase agreements collateralized by corporate bonds	\$ 557,270,910 5,132,778	\$ 352,761,240 3,920,562
Repurchase agreements collateralized by government bonds Repurchase agreements collateralized by short-term commercial	285,242	158,722
paper	-	449,180
Commercial paper		1,159,325
	\$ 562,688,930	\$ 358,449,029

Deposits in banks consisted of highly liquid time deposits that were readily convertible to known amounts of cash and were subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

7. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Derivative financial assets		
Forward exchange contracts Cross currency swap contracts	\$ 6,026 <u>-</u> <u>\$ 6,026</u>	\$ 73,117 118,928 \$ 192,045
Derivative financial liabilities		
Forward exchange contracts Cross currency swap contracts	\$ 72,610 	\$ 126,607 <u>359,607</u>
	<u>\$ 72,610</u>	<u>\$ 486,214</u>

The Company entered into derivative contracts to manage exposures due to fluctuations of foreign exchange rates. The derivative contracts entered into by the Company did not meet the criteria for hedge accounting. Therefore, the Company did not apply hedge accounting treatment for derivative contracts.

Outstanding forward exchange contracts consisted of the following:

	Maturity Date	Contract Amount (In Thousands)
<u>December 31, 2015</u>		
Sell US\$/Buy JPY Sell US\$/Buy RMB Sell US\$/Buy NT\$	January 2016 January 2016 January 2016 to February 2016	US\$128,418/JPY15,449,355 US\$226,000/RMB1,464,472 US\$440,000/NT\$14,434,179 (Continued)

	Maturity Date	Contract Amount (In Thousands)
December 31, 2014		
Sell EUR/Buy US\$	January 2015	EUR4,550/US\$5,561
Sell NT\$/Buy US\$	January 2015	NT\$1,632,401/US\$51,900
Sell US\$/Buy EUR	January 2015	US\$29,450/EUR24,100
Sell US\$/Buy JPY	January 2015	US\$226,003/JPY27,150,983
Sell US\$/Buy NT\$	January 2015	US\$170,000/NT\$5,276,500
Sell US\$/Buy RMB	January 2015	US\$181,000/RMB1,129,243
-	•	(Concluded)

Outstanding cross currency swap contracts consisted of the following:

Maturity Date	Contract Amount (In Thousands)	Range of Interest Rates Paid	Range of Interest Rates Received
<u>December 31, 2014</u>			
January 2015 January 2015	NT\$2,511,905/ US\$80,080 US\$1,460,000/ NT\$45,974,755	- 0.16%-1.92%	0.05%-0.13%

8. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

	De	ecember 31, 2015	December 201	,
Corporate bonds	\$	6,267,768	\$	_
Corporate issued asset-backed securities		3,154,366		-
Agency bonds		2,627,367		-
Publicly traded stocks		1,371,483	73,79	97,085
Government bonds		878,377	•	-
Money market funds		_		391
	<u>\$</u>	14,299,361	\$ 73,79	97,476

In the second quarter of 2014, the Company reclassified some publicly traded stocks from non-current asset to current asset since the lock-up period ended within a year.

9. HELD-TO-MATURITY FINANCIAL ASSETS

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Corporate bonds/Bank debentures	\$ 8,143,146	\$ -
Negotiable certificate of deposit	4,934,250	-
Structured product	3,000,000	-
Commercial paper	-	4,485,593
	<u>\$ 16,077,396</u>	\$ 4,485,593 (Continued)

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ 9,166,523 6,910,873	\$ 4,485,593
	<u>\$ 16,077,396</u>	\$ 4,485,593 (Concluded)

10. HEDGING DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Financial assets- current		
Fair value hedges Interest rate futures contracts	<u>\$ 1,739</u>	<u>\$</u>
<u>Financial liabilities - current</u>		
Fair value hedges Stock forward contracts	<u>\$</u>	\$ 16,364,241

The Company entered into interest rate futures contracts, which are used to hedge against price risk caused by changes in interest rates in the Company's investments in fixed income securities.

The Company's investments in publicly traded stocks are exposed to the risk of market price fluctuations. Accordingly, the Company entered into stock forward contracts to sell shares at a contracted price determined by specific percentage of the spot price on the trade date in a specific future period in order to hedge the fair value risk caused by changes in equity prices.

The outstanding interest rate futures contracts consisted of the following:

Maturity Period	Units		act Amount Thousands)
March 2016	138	US\$	13,800
The outstanding stock forward contracts con	nsisted of the following:		
		aber 31, 015	December 31, 2014
Contract amount (US\$ in thousands)		\$ -	\$ 56,172,570 (US\$1,771,000)

11. NOTES AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Notes and accounts receivable Allowance for doubtful receivables	\$ 85,547,926 (488,251)	\$ 115,221,473 (486,730)
Notes and accounts receivable, net	<u>\$ 85,059,675</u>	<u>\$ 114,734,743</u>

In principle, the payment term granted to customers is due 30 days from the invoice date or 30 days from the end of the month of when the invoice is issued. The allowance for doubtful receivables is assessed by reference to the collectability of receivables by performing the account aging analysis, historical experience and current financial condition of customers.

Except for those impaired, for the rest of the notes and accounts receivable, the account aging analysis at the end of the reporting period is summarized in the following table. Notes and accounts receivable include amounts that are past due but for which the Company has not recognized a specific allowance for doubtful receivables after the assessment since there has not been a significant change in the credit quality of its customers and the amounts are still considered recoverable.

Aging analysis of notes and accounts receivable, net

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
	\$ 71,482,666	\$ 102,692,871
	13,577,009	12,041,872
	<u>\$ 85,059,675</u>	<u>\$ 114,734,743</u>
<u>es</u>		
Individually Assessed for Impairment	Collectively Assessed for Impairment	Total
\$ 8,093 28,593 (29,065) 1,847 	\$ 478,637 4,814 (4,737) - (704)	\$ 486,730 33,407 (33,802) 1,847
<u>\$ 10,241</u>	<u>\$ 478,010</u>	<u>\$ 488,251</u>
\$ 8,058 35 - - \$ 8,093	\$ 478,530 23,374 (23,409) 142 \$ 478,637	\$ 486,588 23,409 (23,409) 142 \$ 486,730
	***	2015 \$ 71,482,666

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Past due over 121 days	<u>\$ 10,241</u>	\$ 8,093

12. INVENTORIES

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Finished goods Work in process Raw materials Supplies and spare parts	\$ 7,974,902 53,632,056 3,038,756 	\$ 9,972,024 51,027,892 3,222,523 2,115,532
	<u>\$ 67,052,270</u>	\$ 66,337,971

Write-down of inventories to net realizable value in the amount of NT\$464,361 thousand and NT\$1,964,544 thousand, respectively, were included in the cost of revenue for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014.

13. FINANCIAL ASSETS CARRIED AT COST

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Non-publicly traded stocks Mutual funds	\$ 3,268,100 <u>722,782</u>	\$ 1,606,659 193,883
	<u>\$ 3,990,882</u>	\$ 1,800,542

Since there is a wide range of estimated fair values of the Company's investments in non-publicly traded stocks, the Company concludes that the fair value cannot be reliably measured and therefore should be measured at the cost less any impairment.

The common stocks of Richwave Technology Corp. and Alchip Technologies, Ltd. were listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation in November 2015 and October 2014, respectively. Thus, the Company reclassified the aforementioned investments from financial assets carried at cost to available-for-sale financial assets.

14. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING EQUITY METHOD

Investments accounted for using the equity method consisted of the following:

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Associates Joint venture	\$ 24,091,828 	\$ 24,968,071 3,287,666
	<u>\$ 24,091,828</u>	\$ 28,255,737

a. Investments in associates

Associates consisted of the following:

		Place of		Carrying	Amou	nt		nip and Voting of the Company
Name of Associate	Principal Activities	Incorporation and Operation	Dec	cember 31, 2015	Dec	ember 31, 2014	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Systems on Silicon Manufacturing Company Pte Ltd. (SSMC)	Fabrication and supply of integrated circuits	Singapore	\$	9,511,515	\$	8,296,955	39%	39%
Vanguard International Semiconductor Corporation (VIS)	Research, design, development, manufacture, packaging, testing and sale of memory integrated circuits, LSI, VLSI and related parts	Hsinchu, Taiwan		8,446,054	1	10,105,485	28%	33%
Xintec Inc. (Xintec)	Wafer level chip size packaging service	Taoyuan, Taiwan		2,928,362		2,053,982	41%	40%
Motech Industries, Inc. (Motech)	Manufacturing and sales of solar cells, crystalline silicon solar cell, and test and measurement instruments and design and construction of solar power systems	New Taipei, Taiwan		2,053,562		3,408,945	12%	20%
Global Unichip Corporation (GUC)	Researching, developing, manufacturing, testing and marketing of integrated circuits	Hsinchu, Taiwan		1,152,335		1,102,704	35%	35%
			\$	24,091,828	\$ 2	24,968,071		

The Company acquired OVT's 49.1% ownership in VisEra Holding on November 20, 2015. As a result, the Company has obtained control of VisEra Holding and consolidated VisEra Holding since November 20, 2015. The Company included the Xintec shares held by VisEra Holding and total percentage of ownership over Xintec increased to 41.4%.

In June 2015, Motech merged with Topcell Solar International Co., Ltd with exchange of shares. As a result, the Company's percentage of ownership over Motech decreased to 18.0%. In the fourth quarter of 2015, the Company sold 29,160 thousand common shares of Motech and recognized a disposal gain of NT\$202,384 thousand. After the sale, the Company's percentage of ownership over Motech decreased to 12.0%. Motech continues to be accounted for using equity method as the Company still retains significant influence over Motech.

In both of the second quarters of 2015 and 2014, the Company sold 82,000 thousand common shares of VIS and respectively recognized a disposal gain of NT\$2,263,539 thousand and NT\$2,028,643 thousand. After the sale, the Company owned approximately 28.3% and 33.7% of the equity interest in VIS.

In March 2015, Xintec listed its shares on the R.O.C. Over-the-Counter (Taipei Exchange). Consequently, the Company's percentage of ownership over Xintec was diluted to approximately 35.4%. In April 2015, the Company sold 2,172 thousand common shares of Xintec and recognized a disposal gain of NT\$43,017 thousand.

The summarized financial information in respect of each of the Company's material associates is set out below. The summarized financial information below represents amounts shown in the associate's financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRSs, IASs, interpretations as well as related guidance adjusted by the Company using the equity method of accounting.

1) SSMC

2)

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Current assets	<u>\$ 20,078,179</u>	<u>\$ 17,343,418</u>
Noncurrent assets	<u>\$ 6,144,263</u>	<u>\$ 6,347,615</u>
Current liabilities	\$ 1,954,057 \$ 202,217	\$ 1,963,794 \$ 402,048
Noncurrent liabilities	\$ 303,217	<u>\$ 402,948</u>
		December 31
	2015	2014
Net revenue	\$ 15,026,016	\$ 14,669,729
Income from operations	\$ 5,802,261	\$ 5,362,493
Net income	<u>\$ 5,904,586</u>	<u>\$ 5,317,601</u>
Total comprehensive income	\$ 5,904,586	\$ 5,317,601
Cash dividends received	<u>\$ 1,556,592</u>	<u>\$ 1,511,964</u>
Reconciliation of the above summarized financial information in the associate recognized in the consolidated balance sheets w		ount of the interest
	December 31,	December 31,
	2015	2014
Net assets	\$ 23,965,168	\$ 21,324,291
Percentage of ownership	39%	39%
The Company's share of net assets of the associate	9,296,089	8,271,692
Goodwill Other adjustments	213,984 1,442	213,984 (188,721)
Other adjustments	1,442	(188,721)
Carrying amount of the investment	<u>\$ 9,511,515</u>	<u>\$ 8,296,955</u>
VIS		
	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Current assets	<u>\$ 24,800,749</u>	<u>\$ 25,114,426</u>
Noncurrent assets	<u>\$ 7,785,093</u>	<u>\$ 8,861,228</u>
Current liabilities	\$ 4,262,001	\$ 5,391,799
Noncurrent liabilities	<u>\$ 712,611</u>	<u>\$ 816,655</u>
		December 31
	2015	2014
Net revenue	\$ 23,319,721	<u>\$ 23,931,479</u>
Income from operations	<u>\$ 4,593,430</u>	<u>\$ 6,181,972</u>
Net income	\$ 4,139,031 \$ (61,000)	\$ 5,415,594
Other comprehensive loss	\$ (61,886) \$ 4,077,145	\$ (68,552) \$ 5,247,042
Total comprehensive income Cash dividends received	\$ 4,077,145 \$ 1,206,414	\$ 5,347,042 \$ 959,975
Cash dividends received	<u>\$ 1,206,414</u>	<u>\$ 959,975</u>

Reconciliation of the above summarized financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in the associate recognized in the consolidated balance sheets was as follows:

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Net assets Percentage of ownership The Company's share of net assets of the associate Goodwill	\$ 27,611,230	\$ 27,767,200 33% 9,257,584 847,901
Carrying amount of the investment	<u>\$ 8,446,054</u>	<u>\$ 10,105,485</u>

Aggregate information of associates that are not individually material was summarized as follows:

	Years Ended December 31		
	2015	2014	
The Company's share of losses of associates	<u>\$ (171,358</u>)	<u>\$ (68,068)</u>	
The Company's share of other comprehensive income (loss) of associates	<u>\$ 7,880</u>	<u>\$ 24,011</u>	
The Company's share of total comprehensive income (loss) of associates	<u>\$ (163,478)</u>	<u>\$ (44,057)</u>	

The market prices of the investments accounted for using the equity method in publicly traded stocks calculated by the closing price at the end of the reporting period are summarized as follow. The closing price represents the quoted price in active markets, the level 1 fair value measurement.

Name of Associate	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
VIS	\$ 19,868,766	\$ 28,567,489
Xintec	\$ 3,605,534	
GUC	\$ 3,081,399	<u>\$ 4,327,965</u>
Motech	\$ 2,636,054	\$ 4,242,769

b. Investments in joint venture

Joint venture consisted of the following:

	Carrying	Amount	% of Ownership and Voting Rights Held by the Company			
Name of Joint Venture	Principal Activities	Incorporation and Operation	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
VisEra Holding	Investing in companies involved in the design, manufacturing and other related businesses in the semiconductor industry	Cayman Islands	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,287,666	-	49%

The Company acquired OVT's 49.1% ownership in VisEra Holding on November 20, 2015. As a result, the Company has obtained control of VisEra Holding and consolidated VisEra Holding since November 20, 2015. Please refer to Note 33 for related disclosures.

The summarized financial information in respect of the Company's joint venture is set out below. The summarized financial information below represents amounts shown in the joint venture's financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRSs, IASs, interpretations as well as related guidance adjusted by the Company using the equity method of accounting.

	December 31, 2014
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 4,427,167</u>
Current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payable and provisions)	\$ 548,848
Noncurrent financial liabilities (excluding trade and other	<u>Ψ 3 10,0 10</u>
payable and provisions)	\$ 1,142
Current assets	\$ 4,983,215 \$ 2,215,705
Noncurrent assets	\$ 3,315,705 \$ 701,333
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	\$ 791,332 \$ 1,142
Noncurrent natimities	$\frac{9}{1,142}$
	Year Ended December 31, 2014
Net revenue	December 31,
Net revenue Depreciation and amortization	December 31, 2014
- 10 1 - 2 1 1 - 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	December 31, 2014 \$ 3,552,813 \$ 773,283 \$ 44,372
Depreciation and amortization Interest income Income tax expense	December 31, 2014 \$ 3,552,813 \$ 773,283 \$ 44,372 \$ 30,530
Depreciation and amortization Interest income Income tax expense Net income	December 31, 2014 \$ 3,552,813 \$ 773,283 \$ 44,372 \$ 30,530 \$ 597,643
Depreciation and amortization Interest income Income tax expense Net income Other comprehensive loss	December 31, 2014 \$ 3,552,813 \$ 773,283 \$ 44,372 \$ 30,530 \$ 597,643 \$ (346,858)
Depreciation and amortization Interest income Income tax expense Net income	December 31, 2014 \$ 3,552,813 \$ 773,283 \$ 44,372 \$ 30,530 \$ 597,643

Reconciliation of the above summarized financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in the joint venture recognized in the consolidated balance sheet was as follows:

	December 31, 2014
Net assets Percentage of ownership The Company's share of net assets of the joint venture Other adjustments	\$ 7,506,446 <u>49%</u> 3,688,667 <u>(401,001)</u>
Carrying amount of the investment	\$ 3,287,666

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Land and Land Improvements	Buildings	Machinery and Equipment	Office Equipment	Assets under Finance Leases	Equipment under Installation and Construction in Progress	Total
Cost							
Balance at January 1, 2015 Additions Disposals or retirements Lease agreement modification Effect of acquisition of subsidiary Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ 4,036,785 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 269,163,850 26,960,460 (74,941) - 624,731 	\$ 1,754,170,227 142,090,400 (5,923,022) - 1,402,023 1,749,976	\$ 27,960,835 3,428,660 (1,170,037) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 841,154 - (824,129) - (9,912)	\$ 109,334,736 82,595,294 - - 176,549 4,969	\$ 2,165,507,587 255,074,814 (7,168,000) (824,129) 2,651,209 1,936,088
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ 4,067,391	\$ 296,801,864	\$ 1,893,489,604	\$ 30,700,049	\$ 7,113	\$ 192,111,548	\$ 2,417,177,569
							(Continued)

	Land and Land Improvements	Buildings	Machinery and Equipment	Office Equipment	Assets under Finance Leases	Equipment under Installation and Construction in Progress	Total
Accumulated depreciation and impairment							
Balance at January 1, 2015 Additions Disposals or retirements Lease agreement modification Impairment Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ 459,140 28,935 - - 18,110	\$ 141,245,913 16,312,589 (74,075) 278,057 147,671	\$ 1,188,388,402 199,184,992 (5,585,441) 2,256,785 1,612,917	\$ 16,767,934 3,751,643 (1,125,191) 10,742 20,941	\$ 447,397 25,210 - (460,380) - (5,114)	s - - - -	\$ 1,347,308,786 219,303,369 (6,784,707) (460,380) 2,545,584 1,794,525
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ 506,185	<u>\$ 157,910,155</u>	<u>\$ 1,385,857,655</u>	<u>\$ 19,426,069</u>	<u>\$ 7,113</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 1,563,707,177</u>
Carrying amounts at December 31, 2015	\$ 3,561,206	\$ 138,891,709	\$ 507,631,949	\$ 11,273,980	<u>s -</u>	\$ 192,111,548	<u>\$ 853,470,392</u>
Cost							
Balance at January 1, 2014 Additions (decrease) Disposals or retirements Reclassification Reclassification as held for sale Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ 3,986,909 - - - - 49,876	\$ 229,182,736 39,833,068 (108,660) (1,996) (854,949) 	\$ 1,413,919,794 340,660,987 (2,128,065) 1,996 (2,231,405) 3,946,920	\$ 22,062,032 6,499,009 (645,936) (67,820) 	\$ 804,430 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 272,173,793 (162,974,350) - (2,550) - 137,843	\$ 1,942,129,694 224,018,714 (2,882,661) (3,156,724)
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ 4,036,785	\$ 269,163,850	<u>\$ 1,754,170,227</u>	\$ 27,960,835	<u>\$ 841,154</u>	\$ 109,334,736	<u>\$.2,165,507,587</u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment							
Balance at January 1, 2014 Additions Disposals or retirements Impairment Reclassification Reclassification as held for sale Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ 404,192 27,628 - - - 27,320	\$ 125,234,166 15,589,023 (107,699) (532) (257,690) 788,645	\$ 1,009,213,689 178,850,625 (1,998,255) 239,864 532 (1,476,511) 3,558,458	\$ 14,225,771 3,135,825 (645,679) - - (43,358) 	\$ 385,963 42,085 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - - - - -	\$ 1,149,463,781 197,645,186 (2,751,633) 239,864 - (1,777,559) 4,489,147
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ 459,140	<u>\$ 141,245,913</u>	<u>\$_1,188,388,402</u>	<u>\$ 16,767,934</u>	<u>\$ 447,397</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 1,347,308,786</u>
Carrying amounts at December 31, 2014	<u>\$ 3,577,645</u>	<u>\$ 127,917,937</u>	<u>\$ 565,781,825</u>	<u>\$ 11,192,901</u>	<u>\$ 393,757</u>	<u>\$ 109,334,736</u>	<u>\$_818,198,801</u> Concluded)

The significant part of the Company's buildings includes main plants, mechanical and electrical power equipment and clean rooms, and the related depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful lives of 20 years, 10 years and 10 years, respectively.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company recognized impairment loss of NT\$259,568 thousand under foundry segment since the carrying amount of some of property, plant and equipment is expected to be unrecoverable. Such impairment loss was included in other operating income and expenses for the year ended December 31, 2015.

In August 2015, TSMC Solar ceased its manufacturing operations. In the third quarter of 2015, the Company recognized an impairment loss of NT\$2,286,016 thousand since the carrying amounts of some of machinery and equipment, office equipment and mechanical and electrical power equipment were expected to be unrecoverable. Such impairment loss was included in other operating income and expenses for the year ended December 31, 2015.

In the second quarter of 2014, the Company recognized impairment losses of NT\$239,864 thousand under other operating segments since the carrying amount of some of machinery and equipment is expected to be unrecoverable. Such impairment losses were included in other operating income and expenses for the year ended December 31, 2014.

The Company had a building lease agreement with leasing terms from December 2003 to November 2018 and such lease was accounted for as a finance lease. In August 2015, the lease was determined to be an operating lease due to a modification on lease conditions; as such, the Company recognized a gain of NT\$430,041 thousand from the modification. Such gain was included in other operating income and expenses for the year ended December 31, 2015.

16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Goodwill	Technology License Fees	Software and System Design Costs	Patent and Others	Total
Cost					
Balance at January 1, 2015 Additions Retirements Effect of acquisition of subsidiary Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ 5,888,813 - 52,669 163,302	\$ 6,350,253 2,112,572 - - (8,521)	\$ 18,697,098 867,774 (101,377) 12,111 (1,178)	\$ 4,292,555 587,754 - (1,283)	\$ 35,228,719 3,568,100 (101,377) 64,780 152,320
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ 6,104,784	<u>\$ 8,454,304</u>	\$ 19,474,428	<u>\$ 4,879,026</u>	\$ 38,912,542
Accumulated amortization and impairment					
Balance at January 1, 2015 Additions Retirements Impairment Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ - - - -	\$ 3,778,912 950,867 - 58,130 (8,521)	\$ 14,861,146 1,672,627 (101,377) 384 (1,114)	\$ 3,057,151 578,706 - (249)	\$ 21,697,209 3,202,200 (101,377) 58,514 (9,884)
Balance at December 31, 2015	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 4,779,388</u>	<u>\$ 16,431,666</u>	\$ 3,635,608	\$ 24,846,662
Carrying amounts at December 31, 2015	<u>\$ 6,104,784</u>	<u>\$ 3,674,916</u>	\$ 3,042,762	<u>\$ 1,243,418</u>	<u>\$ 14,065,880</u>
Cost					
Balance at January 1, 2014 Additions Retirements Reclassification as held for sale Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ 5,627,517 - - - 261,296	\$ 4,444,828 1,906,892 - - (1,467)	\$ 17,086,805 1,695,201 (51,405) (39,622) 6,119	\$ 3,729,396 826,223 - (269,174) 	\$ 30,888,546 4,428,316 (51,405) (308,796) 272,058
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ 5,888,813	<u>\$ 6,350,253</u>	\$ 18,697,098	<u>\$ 4,292,555</u>	<u>\$ 35,228,719</u>
Accumulated amortization					
Balance at January 1, 2014 Additions Retirements Reclassification as held for sale Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ - - - -	\$ 3,341,667 438,712 - (1,467)	\$ 13,439,135 1,499,677 (51,405) (32,009) 5,748	\$ 2,617,361 667,960 - (229,414) 1,244	\$ 19,398,163 2,606,349 (51,405) (261,423) 5,525
Balance at December 31, 2014	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 3,778,912</u>	<u>\$ 14,861,146</u>	\$ 3,057,151	\$ 21,697,209
Carrying amounts at December 31, 2014	\$ 5,888,813	<u>\$ 2,571,341</u>	\$ 3,835,952	<u>\$ 1,235,404</u>	<u>\$ 13,531,510</u>

The Company's goodwill has been tested for impairment at the end of the annual reporting period and the recoverable amount is determined based on the value in use. The value in use was calculated based on the cash flow forecast from the financial budgets covering the future five-year period, and the Company used annual discount rate of 8.40% in its test of impairment for both December 31, 2015 and 2014 to reflect the relevant specific risk in the cash-generating unit.

In August 2015, TSMC Solar ceased its manufacturing operation and the Company recognized an impairment loss of NT\$58,514 thousand in the third quarter of 2015 since the carrying amounts of technology license fees, software and system design costs were expected to be unrecoverable. Such impairment loss was included in other operating income and expenses for the year ended December 31, 2015.

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company did not recognize any impairment loss on goodwill.

17. OTHER ASSETS

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Tax receivable Prepaid expenses Long-term receivable Others	\$ 2,026,509 1,457,044 360,000 	\$ 2,187,136 1,399,810 385,700 885,470
	<u>\$ 4,962,045</u>	<u>\$ 4,858,116</u>
Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ 3,533,369 	\$ 3,656,110
	<u>\$ 4,962,045</u>	<u>\$ 4,858,116</u>
18. SHORT-TERM LOANS		
	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Unsecured loans Amount Original loan content US\$ (in thousands) Annual interest rate Maturity date	\$ 39,474,000 \$ 1,200,000 0.50%-0.77% Due by February 2016	\$ 36,158,520 \$ 1,140,000 0.38%-0.50% Due in January 2015
19. PROVISIONS		
	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Sales returns and allowances Warranties	\$ 10,163,536 46,304	\$ 10,445,452 19,828
	<u>\$ 10,209,840</u>	\$ 10,465,280
Current portion Noncurrent portion (classified under other noncurrent liabilities)	\$ 10,163,536 46,304	\$ 10,445,452 19,828
	<u>\$ 10,209,840</u>	\$ 10,465,280

	Sales Returns and Allowances	Warranties	Total
Year ended December 31, 2015			
Balance, beginning of year Provision Payment Effect of acquisition of subsidiary Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ 10,445,452 17,723,154 (18,133,061) 126,049 	\$ 19,828 41,831 (14,698) - (657)	\$ 10,465,280 17,764,985 (18,147,759) 126,049 1,285
Balance, end of year	\$ 10,163,536	<u>\$ 46,304</u>	<u>\$ 10,209,840</u>
Year ended December 31, 2014			
Balance, beginning of year Provision Payment Reclassification as held for sale Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ 7,603,781 10,506,398 (7,679,321) (7,601) 22,195	\$ 10,452 11,365 (1,532) - (457)	\$ 7,614,233 10,517,763 (7,680,853) (7,601) 21,738
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ 10,445,452</u>	<u>\$ 19,828</u>	<u>\$ 10,465,280</u>

Provisions for sales returns and allowances are estimated based on historical experience, management judgment, and any known factors that would significantly affect the returns and allowances, and are recognized as a reduction of revenue in the same year of the related product sales.

The provision for warranties represents the present value of the Company's best estimate of the future outflow of the economic benefits that will be required under the Company's obligations for warranties. The best estimate has been made on the basis of historical warranty trends of business.

20. BONDS PAYABLE

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Noncurrent portion		
Domestic unsecured bonds	\$ 166,200,000	\$ 166,200,000
Overseas unsecured bonds	49,342,500	47,577,000
	215,542,500	213,777,000
Less: Discounts on bonds payable	(67,306)	(103,182)
Less: Current portion	(23,510,112)	
	<u>\$ 191,965,082</u>	<u>\$ 213,673,818</u>

The major terms of domestic unsecured bonds are as follows:

Issuance	Tranche	Issuance Period	Total Amount	Coupon Rate	Repayment and Interest Payment
100-1	A	September 2011 to September 2016	\$ 10,500,000	1.40%	Bullet repayment; interest payable annually
	В	September 2011 to September 2018	7,500,000	1.63%	The same as above
100-2	A	January 2012 to January 2017	10,000,000	1.29%	The same as above
	В	January 2012 to January 2019	7,000,000	1.46%	The same as above
101-1	A	August 2012 to August 2017	9,900,000	1.28%	The same as above
	В	August 2012 to August 2019	9,000,000	1.40%	The same as above
101-2	Α	September 2012 to September 2017	12,700,000	1.28%	The same as above
	В	September 2012 to September 2019	9,000,000	1.39%	The same as above
101-3	-	October 2012 to October 2022	4,400,000	1.53%	The same as above
101-4	A	January 2013 to January 2018	10,600,000	1.23%	The same as above
	В	January 2013 to January 2020	10,000,000	1.35%	The same as above
	C	January 2013 to January 2023	3,000,000	1.49%	The same as above
102-1	A	February 2013 to February 2018	6,200,000	1.23%	The same as above
	В	February 2013 to February 2020	11,600,000	1.38%	The same as above
	C	February 2013 to February 2023	3,600,000	1.50%	The same as above
102-2	A	July 2013 to July 2020	10,200,000	1.50%	The same as above
102 2	В	July 2013 to July 2023	3,500,000	1.70%	The same as above
102-3	A	August 2013 to August 2017	4,000,000	1.34%	The same as above
	В	August 2013 to August 2019	8,500,000	1.52%	The same as above
102-4	A	September 2013 to September 2016	1,500,000	1.35%	The same as above
	В	September 2013 to September 2017	1,500,000	1.45%	The same as above
					(Continued)

Issuance	Tranche	Issuance Period	Total Amount	Coupon Rate	Repayment and Interest Payment
102-4	C	September 2013 to March 2019	\$ 1,400,000	1.60%	Bullet repayment; interest payable annually (interest for the six months prior to maturity will accrue on the basis of actual days and be repayable at maturity)
	D	September 2013 to March 2021	2,600,000	1.85%	The same as above
	Е	September 2013 to March 2023	5,400,000	2.05%	The same as above
	F	September 2013 to September 2023	2,600,000	2.10%	Bullet repayment; interest payable annually (Concluded)

The major terms of overseas unsecured bonds are as follows:

Issuance Period	Total Amount (US\$ in Thousands)	Coupon Rate	Repayment and Interest Payment
April 2013 to April 2016	\$ 350,000	0.95%	Bullet repayment; interest payable semi-annually
April 2013 to April 2018	1,150,000	1.625%	The same as above

21. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

a. Defined contribution plans

The plan under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act") is deemed a defined contribution plan. Pursuant to the Act, TSMC, Mutual-Pak, TSMC SSL, TSMC Solar and VisEra Tech have made monthly contributions equal to 6% of each employee's monthly salary to employees' pension accounts. Furthermore, TSMC North America, TSMC China, TSMC Europe, TSMC Canada, TSMC Technology, TSMC Solar NA and TSMC Solar Europe GmbH also make monthly contributions at certain percentages of the basic salary of their employees. Accordingly, the Company recognized expenses of NT\$2,002,639 thousand and NT\$1,743,626 thousand in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

b. Defined benefit plans

TSMC, TSMC SSL and TSMC Solar have defined benefit plans under the Labor Standards Law that provide benefits based on an employee's length of service and average monthly salary for the six-month period prior to retirement. The aforementioned companies contribute an amount equal to 2% of salaries paid each month to their respective pension funds (the Funds), which are administered by the Labor Pension Fund Supervisory Committee (the Committee) and deposited in the Committee's name in the Bank of Taiwan. Before the end of each year, the Company assesses the balance in the Funds. If the amount of the balance in the Funds is inadequate to pay retirement benefits for employees who conform to retirement requirements in the next year, the Company is required to fund the difference in

one appropriation that should be made before the end of March of the next year. The Funds are operated and managed by the government's designated authorities; as such, the Company does not have any right to intervene in the investments of the Funds.

Amounts recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income in respect of these defined benefit plans were as follows:

	Years Ended December 31		
	2015	2014	
Current service cost	\$ 134,541	\$ 161,854	
Net interest expense	144,389	143,833	
Components of defined benefit costs recognized in profit or loss	<u>278,930</u>	305,687	
Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability:			
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net			
interest expense)	(13,707)	(6,996)	
Actuarial loss (gain) arising from experience adjustments	297,077	(101,499)	
Actuarial loss (gain) arising from changes in financial	•	, , ,	
assumptions	544,333	(149,987)	
Components of defined benefit costs recognized in other			
comprehensive income	827,703	(258,482)	
Total	\$ 1.106.633	\$ 47.205	
Total	<u>\$ 1,100,033</u>	<u>\$ 47,203</u>	

The pension costs of the aforementioned defined benefit plans were recognized in profit or loss by the following categories:

	Years Ended December 31		
	2015	2014	
Cost of revenue	\$ 189,523	\$ 198,414	
Research and development expenses	81,333	80,679	
General and administrative expenses	3,102	21,094	
Marketing expenses	4,972	5,500	
	<u>\$ 278,930</u>	\$ 305,687	

The amounts arising from the defined benefit obligation of the Company in the consolidated balance sheets were as follows:

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets	\$ 11,318,174 (3,870,148)	\$ 10,265,284 (3,697,502)
Net defined benefit liability	\$ 7,448,026	\$ 6,567,782

Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligation were as follows:

	Years Ended December 31			
		2015		2014
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 10	0,265,284	\$	10,329,510
Current service cost		134,541		161,854
Interest expense		228,444		220,121
Remeasurement losses/(gains):				-
Actuarial loss (gain) arising from experience adjustments		297,077		(101,499)
Actuarial loss (gain) arising from changes in financial				
assumptions		544,333		(149,987)
Benefits paid from plan assets		(146, 136)		(104,980)
Benefits paid directly by the Company		(5,369)		(23,247)
Reclassification as held for sale		<u> </u>		(66,488)
Balance, end of year	\$ 1	1,318,174	\$	10,265,284

Movements in the fair value of the plan assets were as follows:

	Years Ended December 31		
	2015	2014	
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 3,697,502	\$ 3,527,847	
Interest income	84,055	76,288	
Remeasurement gains:			
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net			
interest expense)	13,707	6,996	
Contributions from employer	221,020	221,994	
Benefits paid from plan assets	(146, 136)	(104,980)	
Reclassification as held for sale		(30,643)	
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ 3,870,148</u>	\$ 3,697,502	

The fair value of the plan assets by major categories at the end of reporting period was as follows:

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Cash Equity instruments Debt instruments	\$ 690,821 2,070,142 	\$ 702,525 1,848,751 1,146,226
	<u>\$ 3,870,148</u>	\$ 3,697,502

The actuarial valuations of the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out by qualified actuaries. The principal assumptions of the actuarial valuation were as follows:

	Measurer	nent Date
	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Discount rate Future salary increase rate	1.90% 3.00%	2.25% 3.00%

Through the defined benefit plans under the Labor Standards Law, the Company is exposed to the following risks:

- 1) Investment risk: The pension funds are invested in equity and debt securities, bank deposits, etc. The investment is conducted at the discretion of the government's designated authorities or under the mandated management. However, under the Labor Standards Law, the rate of return on assets shall not be less than the average interest rate on a two-year time deposit published by the local banks and the government is responsible for any shortfall in the event that the rate of return is less than the required rate of return.
- 2) Interest risk: A decrease in the government bond interest rate will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the debt investments of the plan assets.
 - Assuming a hypothetical decrease in interest rate at the end of the reporting period contributed to a decrease of 0.5% in the discount rate and all other assumptions were held constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation would increase by NT\$844,058 thousand and NT\$767,146 thousand as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.
- 3) Salary risk: The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

Assuming the expected salary rate increases by 0.5% at the end of the reporting period and all other assumptions were held constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation would increase by NT\$830,699 thousand and NT\$756,186 thousand as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation liability recognized in the consolidated balance sheets.

The Company expects to make contributions of NT\$227,111 thousand to the defined benefit plans in the next year starting from December 31, 2015. The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 14 years.

22. GUARANTEE DEPOSITS

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Capacity guarantee Others	\$ 27,549,563 <u>183,051</u>	\$ 30,132,100 <u>164,075</u>
	\$ 27,732,614	\$ 30,296,175
Current portion (classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities) Noncurrent portion	\$ 6,167,813 21,564,801	\$ 4,757,700 25,538,475
	\$ 27,732,614	\$ 30,296,175

Starting from the second quarter of 2015, some of guarantee deposits were refunded to customers by offsetting related accounts receivable.

23. EQUITY

a. Capital stock

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Authorized shares (in thousands)	28,050,000	28,050,000
Authorized capital	<u>\$ 280,500,000</u>	<u>\$ 280,500,000</u>
Issued and paid shares (in thousands)	<u>25,930,380</u>	<u>25,929,662</u>
Issued capital	<u>\$ 259,303,805</u>	<u>\$ 259,296,624</u>

A holder of issued common shares with par value of NT\$10 per share is entitled to vote and to receive dividends.

The authorized shares include 500,000 thousand shares allocated for the exercise of employee stock options.

As of December 31, 2015, 1,072,635 thousand ADSs of TSMC were traded on the NYSE. The number of common shares represented by the ADSs was 5,363,175 thousand shares (one ADS represents five common shares).

b. Capital surplus

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Additional paid-in capital From merger From convertible bonds From share of changes in equities of subsidiaries From share of changes in equities of associates and joint venture Donations	\$ 24,184,939 22,804,510 8,892,847 100,761 317,103 55	\$ 24,053,965 22,804,510 8,892,847 104,335 134,210 55
	\$ 56,300,215	\$ 55,989,922

Under the Company Law, the capital surplus generated from donations and the excess of the issuance price over the par value of capital stock (including the stock issued for new capital, mergers and convertible bonds) may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Company has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or stock dividends up to a certain percentage of TSMC's paid-in capital. The capital surplus from share of changes in equities of subsidiaries may be used to offset a deficit.

c. Retained earnings and dividend policy

TSMC's Articles of Incorporation provide that, when allocating the net profits for each fiscal year, TSMC shall first offset its losses in previous years and then set aside the following items accordingly:

1) Legal capital reserve at 10% of the profits left over, until the accumulated legal capital reserve equals TSMC's paid-in capital;

- 2) Special capital reserve in accordance with relevant laws or regulations or as requested by the authorities in charge;
- 3) Bonus to directors and profit sharing to employees of TSMC of not more than 0.3% and not less than 1% of the remainder, respectively. Directors who also serve as executive officers of TSMC are not entitled to receive the bonus to directors. TSMC may issue profit sharing to employees in stock of an affiliated company meeting the conditions set by the Board of Directors or, by the person duly authorized by the Board of Directors;
- 4) Any balance left over shall be allocated according to the resolution of the shareholders' meeting.

TSMC's Articles of Incorporation also provide that profits of TSMC may be distributed by way of cash dividend and/or stock dividend. However, distribution of profits shall be made preferably by way of cash dividend. Distribution of profits may also be made by way of stock dividend; provided that the ratio for stock dividend shall not exceed 50% of the total distribution.

Any appropriations of the profits are subject to shareholders' approval in the following year.

In accordance with the amendments to the Company Act in May 2015, the recipients of dividends and bonuses are limited to shareholders and do not include employees. Accordingly, the Company expects to make amendments to the Company's Articles of Incorporation to be approved during the 2016 annual shareholders' meeting. For information about the accrual basis of profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the actual appropriations for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, please refer to employee benefits expense in Note 32.

The appropriation for legal capital reserve shall be made until the reserve equals the Company's paid-in capital. The reserve may be used to offset a deficit, or be distributed as dividends in cash or stocks for the portion in excess of 25% of the paid-in capital if the Company incurs no loss.

Pursuant to existing regulations, the Company is required to set aside additional special capital reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of the other components of stockholders' equity, such as the accumulated balance of foreign currency translation reserve, unrealized valuation gain/loss from available-for-sale financial assets, gain/loss from changes in fair value of hedging instruments in cash flow hedges, etc. For the subsequent decrease in the deduction amount to stockholders' equity, any special reserve appropriated may be reversed to the extent that the net debit balance reverses.

The appropriations of 2014 and 2013 earnings have been approved by TSMC's shareholders in its meetings held on June 9, 2015 and on June 24, 2014, respectively. The appropriations and dividends per share were as follows:

	Appropriatio	n of Earnings		Per Share T\$)
	For Fiscal Year 2014	For Fiscal Year 2013	For Fiscal Year 2014	For Fiscal Year 2013
Legal capital reserve Special capital reserve Cash dividends to shareholders	\$ 26,389,879 - 	\$ 18,814,679 (2,785,741) 	\$4.5	\$3.0
	\$143,073,360	<u>\$ 93,814,789</u>		

TSMC's appropriations of earnings for 2015 had been approved in the meeting of the Board of Directors held on February 2, 2016. The appropriations and dividends per share were as follows:

	Appropriation of Earnings For Fiscal Year	Divider Share For Fisc	(NT\$)
	2015	20	
Legal capital reserve Cash dividends to shareholders	\$ 30,657,384 	\$	6.0
	<u>\$186,239,667</u>		

The appropriations of earnings for 2015 are to be presented for approval in the TSMC's shareholders' meeting to be held on June 7, 2016 (expected).

Under the Integrated Income Tax System that became effective on January 1, 1998, the R.O.C. resident shareholders are allowed a tax credit for their proportionate share of the income tax paid by TSMC on earnings generated since January 1, 1998.

d. Others

Changes in others were as follows:

	Year Ended December 31, 2015			
	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Unrealized Gain/Loss from Available-for- sale Financial Assets	Cash Flow Hedges Reserve	Total
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 4,502,113	\$ 21,247,483	\$ (305)	\$ 25,749,291
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations Other comprehensive income/losses reclassified to profit or loss upon disposal of	8,061,882	-	-	8,061,882
subsidiaries	138,087	_	_	138,087
Changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets Cumulative (gain)/loss reclassified to profit or loss upon disposal of available-for-sale financial	-	(5,543)	-	(5,543)
assets	(1,595,413)	(20,475,233)	-	(22,070,646)
Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint venture	(60,642)	(17,006)	(212)	(79.051)
The proportionate share of other comprehensive income/losses reclassified to profit or loss upon partial disposal of	(60,642)	(17,996)	(313)	(78,951)
associates	(6,078)	2,051	11	(4,016)
Income tax effect		(15,991)		(15,991)
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ 11,039,949</u>	<u>\$ 734,771</u>	<u>\$ (607)</u>	\$ 11,774,113

	Year Ended December 31, 2014				
	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Unrealized Gain/Loss from Available-for- sale Financial Assets		sh Flow es Reserve	Total
Balance, beginning of year	\$ (7,140,362)	\$ 21,310,781	\$	(113)	\$ 14,170,306
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations Other comprehensive	11,769,466	-		-	11,769,466
income/losses reclassified to profit or loss upon disposal of subsidiaries Changes in fair value of	84	-		-	84
available-for-sale financial assets	-	229,571		-	229,571
Cumulative (gain)/loss reclassified to profit or loss upon disposal of available-for-sale financial					
assets	-	(279,531)		-	(279,531)
Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint venture	(130,092)	(5,287)		(192)	(135,571)
The proportionate share of other comprehensive income/losses reclassified to profit or loss upon partial disposal of					
associates	3,017	(2,920)		-	97
Income tax effect	_	(5,131)		<u> </u>	(5,131)
Balance, end of year	\$ 4,502,113	\$ 21,247,483	\$	(305)	\$ 25,749,291

The exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operation's net assets from its functional currency to TSMC's presentation currency are recognized directly in other comprehensive income and also accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve.

Unrealized gain/loss on available-for-sale financial assets represents the cumulative gains or losses arising from the fair value measurement on available-for-sale financial assets that are recognized in other comprehensive income, excluding the amounts recognized in profit or loss for the effective portion from changes in fair value of the hedging instruments. When those available-for-sale financial assets have been disposed of or are determined to be impaired subsequently, the related cumulative gains or losses in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

The cash flow hedges reserve represents the cumulative effective portion of gains or losses arising on changes in fair value of the hedging instruments entered into as cash flow hedges. The cumulative gains or losses arising on changes in fair value of the hedging instruments that are recognized and accumulated in cash flow hedges reserve will be reclassified to profit or loss only when the hedge transaction affects profit or loss.

e. Noncontrolling interests

	Years Ended December 31	
	2015	2014
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 127,221	\$ 266,709
Share of noncontrolling interests		
Net loss	(17,670)	(117,813)
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign		
operations	56	1,573
Other comprehensive income/losses reclassified to profit or		
loss upon disposal of subsidiaries	156	6
Changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets	(8,149)	14,827
Cumulative (gain)/loss reclassified to profit or loss upon		
disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	(90)	(1,426)
Share of other comprehensive income/(loss) of associates		
and joint venture	(41)	190
The proportionate share of other comprehensive		
income/losses reclassified to profit or loss upon partial		
disposal of associates	(13)	-
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation	(23)	727
Income tax expense related to remeasurement	2	(96)
Adjustments to share of changes in equities of associates		
and joint venture	(4,230)	(26)
From differences between equity purchase price and		
carrying amount arising from actual acquisition or		
disposal of subsidiaries	31,142	32,801
From share of changes in equities of subsidiaries	3,574	(3,516)
Decrease in noncontrolling interests	(50,218)	(66,735)
Effect of acquisition of subsidiary	923,683	-
Effect of disposal of subsidiary	<u>(42,640</u>)	
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ 962,760</u>	<u>\$ 127,221</u>

24. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT

The Company did not issue employee stock option plans for years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014. Information about the TSMC's outstanding employee stock options is described as follows:

	Number of Stock Options (In Thousands)	Weighted- average Exercise Price (NT\$)
Year ended December 31, 2015		
Balance, beginning of year Options exercised	718 (718)	\$47.2 47.2
Balance, end of year Balance exercisable, end of year	<u>-</u>	- - (Continued)

	Number of Stock Options (In Thousands)	Weighted- average Exercise Price (NT\$)
Year ended December 31, 2014		
Balance, beginning of year Options exercised	1,763 (1,045)	\$45.9 45.0
Balance, end of year Balance exercisable, end of year	<u>718</u> 718	47.2 47.2 (Concluded)

The numbers of outstanding stock options and exercise prices have been adjusted to reflect the distribution of earnings by TSMC in accordance with the plans.

The employee stock options have been fully exercised in the second quarter of 2015.

Information about TSMC's outstanding stock options was as follows:

December 31, 2014		
	Weighted-average	
Range of Exercise	Remaining	
Price	Contractual Life	
(NT\$)	(Years)	
\$47.2	0.4	

25. NET REVENUE

The analysis of the Company's net revenue was as follows:

	Years Ended December 31		
	2015	2014	
Net revenue from sale of goods Net revenue from royalties	\$ 842,997,542 499,826	\$ 762,176,835 629,630	
	<u>\$ 843,497,368</u>	<u>\$ 762,806,465</u>	

26. OTHER OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES, NET

	Years Ended December 31	
	2015	2014
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	\$ (2,545,584)	\$ (239,864)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, net Gain from lease agreement modification	433,559 430,041	14,518
Impairment loss on noncurrent assets held for sale Others	(198,634)	(735,466) (41,325)
	\$ (1,880,618)	\$ (1,002,137)

27. OTHER INCOME

	Years Ended December 31		
	2015	2014	
Interest income			
Bank deposits	\$ 3,928,030	\$ 2,705,082	
Structured product	88,657	14,644	
Held-to-maturity financial assets	76,818	8,233	
Available-for-sale financial assets	35,811	2,715	
	4,129,316	2,730,674	
Dividend income	621,513	649,733	
	<u>\$ 4,750,829</u>	<u>\$ 3,380,407</u>	

28. FINANCE COSTS

	Years Ended December 31		
	2015	2014	
Interest expense			
Corporate bonds	\$ 3,103,702	\$ 3,082,885	
Bank loans	74,664	133,524	
Finance leases	11,666	19,678	
Others	299	258	
	<u>\$ 3,190,331</u>	\$ 3,236,345	

29. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

	Years Ended December 31			
	2015	2014		
Gain on disposal of financial assets, net				
Available-for-sale financial assets	\$ 22,070,736	\$ 280,956		
Financial assets carried at cost	87,193	81,449		
Gain on disposal of investments accounted for using equity method,	,	,		
net	2,507,707	2,028,643		
Loss on disposal of subsidiary	(138,243)	(90)		
Other gains	189,330	356,854		
Net loss on financial instruments at FVTPL				
Held for trading	(1,769,253)	(1,889,510)		
Impairment loss of financial assets	, , ,	, , ,		
Financial assets carried at cost	(154,721)	(211,477)		
Fair value hedges		,		
Loss from hedging instruments	(134,112)	(10,577,714)		
Gain/loss arising from changes in fair value of available-for-sale		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
financial assets in hedge effective portion	(305,619)	10,088,628		
Other losses	(145,954)	(155,532)		
	<u>\$ 22,207,064</u>	<u>\$ 2,207</u>		

30. INCOME TAX

a. Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss

Income tax expense consisted of the following:

	Years Ended December 31		
	2015	2014	
Current income tax expense			
Current tax expense recognized in the current year	\$ 45,857,504	\$ 35,381,469	
Income tax adjustments on prior years	(992,995)	404,566	
Other income tax adjustments	247,835	230,013	
·	45,112,344	36,016,048	
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)			
The origination and reversal of temporary differences	(1,542,786)	(427,459)	
Investment tax credits and operating loss carryforward	303,186	2,725,810	
, ,	(1,239,600)	2,298,351	
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ 43,872,744</u>	\$ 38,314,399	

A reconciliation of income before income tax and income tax expense recognized in profit or loss was as follows:

	Years Ended December 31		
	2015	2014	
Income before tax	<u>\$ 350,428,911</u>	\$ 302,078,357	
Income tax expense at the statutory rate	\$ 60,666,157	\$ 52,767,220	
Tax effect of adjusting items:			
Deductible items in determining taxable income	(6,332,097)	(1,133,641)	
Tax-exempt income	(22,144,303)	(20,415,775)	
Additional income tax under the Alternative Minimum Tax Act	6,041,603	4,081,153	
Additional income tax on unappropriated earnings	12,103,356	9,374,020	
The origination and reversal of temporary differences	(1,542,786)	(427,459)	
Income tax credits	(4,243,661)	(3,275,093)	
Remeasurement of investment tax credits	-	(3,188,343)	
Remeasurement of operating loss carryforward	69,635	(102,262)	
	44,617,904	37,679,820	
Income tax adjustments on prior years	(992,995)	404,566	
Other income tax adjustments	<u>247,835</u>	230,013	
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	\$ 43,872,744	\$ 38,314,399	

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company applied a tax rate of 17% for entities subject to the Income Tax Law of the Republic of China; for other jurisdictions, the Company measures taxes by using the applicable tax rate for each individual jurisdiction.

b. Income tax expense recognized in other comprehensive income

	Years Ended December 31		
	2015	2014	
Deferred income tax benefit (expense)			
Related to remeasurement of defined benefit obligation	\$ 99,326	\$ (31,952)	
Related to unrealized gain/loss on available-for-sale financial assets	(15,991)	<u>(5,131</u>)	
	<u>\$ 83,335</u>	<u>\$ (37,083)</u>	

c. Deferred income tax balance

The analysis of deferred income tax assets and liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets was as follows:

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
<u>Deferred income tax assets</u>		
Temporary differences Depreciation Provision for sales returns and allowance Net defined benefit liability Unrealized loss on inventories Deferred compensation cost Goodwill from business combination Others Operating loss carryforward	\$ 2,852,961 1,141,511 895,486 622,741 316,283 10,025 531,449 14,518	\$ 1,011,065 1,230,752 787,391 591,871 255,621 195,453 749,678 316,951
	<u>\$ 6,384,974</u>	\$ 5,138,782
Deferred income tax liabilities		
Temporary differences Available-for-sale financial assets Unrealized exchange gains	\$ (31,271) -	\$ (15,280) (184,470)
	<u>\$ (31,271)</u>	<u>\$ (199,750)</u>

	Year Ended December 31, 2015											
				Recogn	ized in							
		Balance, eginning of Year	Pr	ofit or Loss	Com	Other prehensive ncome	Acq	ffect of uisition of bsidiary	Exch	ffect of lange Rate hanges	Bal	ance, End of Year
Deferred income tax assets												
Temporary differences												
Depreciation	\$	1,011,065	\$	1,808,736	\$	-	\$	11,899	\$	21,261	\$	2,852,961
Provision for sales returns and												
allowance		1,230,752		(104,428)		-		13,815		1,372		1,141,511
Net defined benefit liability		787,391		8,769		99,326		-		-		895,486
Unrealized loss on inventories		591,871		25,088		-		4,081		1,701		622,741
Deferred compensation cost Goodwill from business		255,621		49,348		-		-		11,314		316,283
combination		195,453		(185,799)		-		-		371		10,025
Others		749,678		(243,398)		-		148		25,021		531,449
Operating loss carryforward		316,951	_	(303,186)						753		14,518
	\$	5,138,782	\$	1,055,130	\$	99,326	<u>\$</u>	29,943	\$	61,793	(<u>S</u>	6,384,974 ontinued)

	Year Ended December 31, 2015							
		Recogn	nized in	,				
	Balance, Beginning of Year	Profit or Loss	Other Comprehensive Income	Effect of Acquisition of Subsidiary	Effect of Exchange Rate Changes	Balance, End of Year		
Deferred income tax liabilities								
Temporary differences Available-for-sale financial assets Unrealized exchange gains	\$ (15,280) (184,470) \$ (199,750)	\$ <u>184,470</u> \$ 184,470	\$ (15,991) 	\$ - -	\$ - 	\$ (31,271) 		
	<u>\$ (199,750)</u>	<u>5 184,470</u>	<u>\$ (13,991)</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>3 -</u>	$\frac{3 - (31,271)}{\text{(Concluded)}}$		
				cember 31, 2014				
		Recogn	nized in					
	Balance, Beginning of Year	Profit or Loss	Other Comprehensive Income	Effect of Deconsolidation of Subsidiary	Effect of Exchange Rate Changes	Balance, End of Year		
Deferred income tax assets								
Investment tax credits Temporary differences Provision for sales returns and	\$ 1,955,980	\$ (1,955,980)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
allowance	900,354	328,232	-	-	2,166	1,230,752		
Depreciation	644,824	339,272	-	20,069	6,900	1,011,065		
Net defined benefit liability	813,417	4,466	(31,952)	1,460	-	787,391		
Unrealized loss on inventories	438,423	150,850	-	-	2,598	591,871		
Deferred compensation cost Goodwill from business	267,416	(27,699)	-	-	15,904	255,621		
combination Available-for-sale financial	373,682	(193,160)	-	-	14,931	195,453		
assets	6,154	(6,154)	-	-	-	-		
Others	684,585	26,271	-	455	38,367	749,678		
Operating loss carryforward	1,060,169	(769,830)		(22,500)	49,112	316,951		
	\$ 7,145,004	<u>\$ (2,103,732)</u>	<u>\$ (31,952)</u>	<u>\$ (516)</u>	<u>\$ 129,978</u>	\$ 5,138,782		
<u>Deferred income tax liabilities</u>								
Temporary differences Unrealized exchange gains	\$ -	\$ (184,470)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (184,470)		

d. The investment operating loss carryforward and deductible temporary differences for which no deferred income tax assets have been recognized in the consolidated financial statements

(10,149)

(194,619)

(5,131)

(5,131)

(15,280)

(199,750)

Available-for-sale financial

assets

The information of the operating loss carryforward for which no deferred tax assets have been recognized was as follows:

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	
Expiry year 2016 - 2019 2020 - 2025	\$ 85,402 97,831	\$ 41,894 	
	<u>\$ 183,233</u>	<u>\$ 7,544,099</u>	

As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the aggregate deductible temporary differences for which no deferred income tax assets have been recognized amounted to NT\$1,972,286 thousand and NT\$2,088,394 thousand, respectively.

e. Unused operating loss carryforward and tax-exemption information

As of December 31, 2015, operating loss carryforward of Mutual-Pak consisted of the following:

Remaining Creditable Amount

Expiry Year	
2016 - 2019	\$ 85,402
2020 - 2025	183,234
	.
	<u>\$ 268,636</u>

As of December 31, 2015, the profits generated from the following projects of TSMC are exempt from income tax for a five-year period:

Tax-exemption Period

Construction and expansion of 2006 by TSMC	2011 to 2015
Construction and expansion of 2007 by TSMC	2014 to 2018
Construction and expansion of 2008 by TSMC	2015 to 2019
Construction and expansion of 2009 by TSMC	2018 to 2022

f. The information of unrecognized deferred income tax liabilities associated with investments

As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the aggregate taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries not unrecognized as deferred income tax liabilities amounted to NT\$80,919,309 thousand and NT\$41,365,515 thousand, respectively.

g. Integrated income tax information

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Balance of the Imputation Credit Account - TSMC	<u>\$ 59,973,516</u>	\$ 35,353,150

The estimated and actual creditable ratio for distribution of TSMC's earnings of 2015 and 2014 were 12.71% and 11.13%, respectively; however, effective from January 1, 2015, the creditable ratio for individual shareholders residing in the Republic of China will be half of the original creditable ratio according to the revised Article 66 - 6 of the Income Tax Law.

The imputation credit allocated to shareholders is based on its balance as of the date of the dividend distribution. The estimated creditable ratio may change when the actual distribution of the imputation credit is made.

All of TSMC's earnings generated prior to December 31, 1997 have been appropriated.

h. Income tax examination

The tax authorities have examined income tax returns of TSMC through 2012. All investment tax credit adjustments assessed by the tax authorities have been recognized accordingly.

31. EARNINGS PER SHARE

		Years Ended December 31		
		2015	2014	
Basic EPS Diluted EPS		\$11.82 \$11.82	\$10.18 \$10.18	
EPS is computed as follows:				
	Amounts (Numerator)	Number of Shares (Denominator) (In Thousands)	EPS (NT\$)	
Year ended December 31, 2015				
Basic EPS Net income available to common shareholders of the parent Effect of dilutive potential common shares	\$ 306,573,837	25,930,288 <u>92</u>	<u>\$11.82</u>	
Diluted EPS Net income available to common shareholders of the parent (including effect of dilutive potential common shares)	\$306,573,837	25,930,380	<u>\$11.82</u>	
Year ended December 31, 2014				
Basic EPS Net income available to common shareholders of the parent Effect of dilutive potential common shares	\$ 263,881,771 	25,929,273 <u>831</u>	<u>\$10.18</u>	
Diluted EPS Net income available to common shareholders of the parent (including effect of dilutive potential common shares)	<u>\$ 263,881,771</u>	25,930,104	<u>\$10.18</u>	

If the Company may settle the obligation by cash, by issuing shares, or in combination of both cash and shares, profit sharing bonus to employees which will be settled in shares should be included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding in calculation of diluted EPS, if the shares have a dilutive effect. The number of shares is estimated by dividing the amount of profit sharing bonus to employees in stock by the closing price (after considering the dilutive effect of dividends) of the common shares at the end of the reporting period. Such dilutive effect of the potential shares needs to be included in the calculation of diluted EPS until profit sharing bonus to employees to be settled in the form of common stocks are approved in the following year.

32. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION OF EXPENSES BY NATURE

		Years Ended December 31			
		2015	2014		
a.	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment				
	Recognized in cost of revenue Recognized in operating expenses Recognized in other operating income and expenses	\$ 204,126,243 15,152,174 24,952 \$ 219,303,369	\$ 183,750,945 13,869,354 24,887 \$ 197,645,186		
b.	Amortization of intangible assets				
	Recognized in cost of revenue Recognized in operating expenses	\$ 1,642,051 1,560,149	\$ 1,356,858 1,249,491		
		\$ 3,202,200	<u>\$ 2,606,349</u>		
c.	Research and development costs expensed as incurred	\$ 65,544,579	<u>\$ 56,828,815</u>		
d.	Employee benefits expenses				
	Post-employment benefits (Note 21) Defined contribution plans Defined benefit plans Other employee benefits	\$ 2,002,639	\$ 1,743,626 305,687 2,049,313 79,385,093		
		<u>\$ 91,210,942</u>	<u>\$ 81,434,406</u>		
	Employee benefits expense summarized by function Recognized in cost of revenue Recognized in operating expenses	\$ 52,983,173 38,227,769 \$ 91,210,942	\$ 48,199,797 33,234,609 \$ 81,434,406		

Under the Company Act as amended in May 2015, the Company's Articles of Incorporation should stipulate a fixed amount or ratio of annual profit to be distributed as profit sharing bonus to employees. The Company expects to make amendments to the Company's Articles of Incorporation to be approved during the 2016 annual shareholders' meeting.

TSMC accrued profit sharing bonus to employees based on a percentage of net income before income tax, profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors during the period, which amounted to NT\$20,556,888 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2015. TSMC accrued profit sharing bonus to employees based on certain percentage of net income during the period, which amounted to NT\$17,645,966 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2014. Compensation to directors was expensed based on estimated amount payable. If there is a change in the proposed amounts after the annual consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in accounting estimate.

The Board of Directors of TSMC held on February 2, 2016 approved the profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors in the amounts of NT\$20,556,888 thousand and NT\$356,186 thousand in cash for payment in 2015, respectively. There is no significant difference between the aforementioned approved amounts and the amounts charged against earnings of 2015. The appropriations of profit sharing

bonus to employees and compensation to directors for 2015 are to be presented for approval in the TSMC's shareholders' meeting to be held on June 7, 2016 (expected).

TSMC's profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors in the amounts of NT\$17,645,966 thousand and NT\$406,854 thousand in cash for 2014, respectively, and profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors in the amounts of NT\$12,634,665 thousand and NT\$104,136 thousand in cash for 2013, respectively, had been approved by the shareholders in its meetings held on June 9, 2015 and June 24, 2014, respectively. The aforementioned approved amount has no difference with the one approved by the Board of Directors in its meetings held on February 10, 2015 and February 18, 2014 and the same amount had been charged against earnings of 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The information about the appropriations of TSMC's profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors is available at the Market Observation Post System website.

33. CONSOLIDATION OF SUBSIDIARY

Due to a Chinese consortium's acquisition of OVT, major shareholders of VisEra Holding and OVT Taiwan, the Company acquired OVT's 49.1% ownership in VisEra Holding and 100% ownership in OVT Taiwan on November 20, 2015. The related information is as follows:

a. Subsidiaries acquired

		Principal Activity	Date of Acquisition	Proportion of Voting Equity Interests Acquired (%)	Consideration Transferred
	VisEra Holding	Investing in companies involved in the design, manufacturing and other related businesses in the semiconductor industry	November 20, 2015	49.1	<u>\$ 3,536,119</u>
	OVT Taiwan	Investment activities	November 20, 2015	100	<u>\$ 394,674</u>
b.	Considerations tran	nsferred			
				VisEra Holding	OVT Taiwan
	Cash			\$ 3,536,119	\$ 394,674
c.	Assets acquired an	d liabilities assumed at	the date of acquisition		
				VisEra Holding	OVT Taiwan
	Current assets Cash and cash e Accounts receiv Inventories Other financial a Other current as	able assets		\$ 3,858,482 511,999 59,050 706,500 26,441	\$ 20,710 - 373,813 155 (Continued)

	VisEra Holding	OVT Taiwan
Non-current assets		
Investments accounted for using equity method	\$ 721,641	\$ -
Property, plant and equipment	2,651,209	-
Intangible assets	12,111	-
Deferred income tax assets	29,943	-
Refundable deposits	<u> 15,611</u>	
	<u>8,592,987</u>	394,678
Current liabilities		
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	975	-
Accounts payable	87,480	-
Salary and bonus payable	183,090	-
Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation		
to directors and supervisors	45,819	4
Payables to contractors and equipment suppliers	132,305	-
Income tax payable	47,860	-
Provisions	126,049	-
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	102,851	-
Non-current liabilities	4.4-0	
Guarantee deposits	1,279	
	727,708	4
Net assets	\$ 7,865,279	\$ 394,674 (Concluded)

d. Goodwill arising on acquisition

	VisEra Holding
Consideration transferred	\$ 3,536,119
Fair value of investments previously owned Less: Fair value of identifiable net assets acquired	3,458,146 (7,865,279)
Noncontrolling interests	923,683
Goodwill arising on acquisition	<u>\$ 52,669</u>

e. Net cash outflow on acquisition of subsidiaries

	VisEra Holding	OVT Taiwan		
Consideration paid in cash Less: Cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	\$ 3,536,119 (3,858,482)	\$ 394,674 (20,710)		
	<u>\$ (322,363)</u>	\$ 373,964		

f. Impact of acquisitions on the results of the Company

The results of VisEra Holding since the acquisition date included in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income were as follows:

	VisEra Holding
Net revenue	\$ 254,319
Net income	\$ 16,264

Had the business combination of VisEra Holding been in effect on January 1, 2015, the Company's net revenue and net income for the year ended December 31, 2015 would have been NT\$846,401,819 thousand and NT\$306,687,674 thousand, respectively. This pro-forma information is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of revenue and results of operations of the Company that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition been completed on January 1, 2015, nor is it intended to be a projection of future results. The aforementioned pro-forma net revenue and net income were calculated based on the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition.

34. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARY

In January 2015, the Board of Directors of TSMC approved a sale of TSMC SSL common shares of 565,480 thousand held by TSMC and TSMC Guang Neng to Epistar Corporation. Accordingly, the Company reclassified TSMC SSL as a disposal group held for sale in its consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2014. The expected fair value less costs to sell is substantially lower than the carrying amount of the related net assets of TSMC SSL; as such, impairment losses of NT\$734,467 thousand were recognized under other operating gains and losses in the Company's consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2014. The transaction was completed in February 2015.

a. Consideration received from the disposal

	Total consideration received	\$ 825,000
	Expenditure associated with consideration received	(142,475)
	Net consideration received	<u>\$ 682,525</u>
b.	Analysis of assets and liabilities over which the control was lost	
	Assets	
	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 81,478
	Inventories	28,519
	Other current assets	91,331
	Property, plant and equipment	643,699
	Intangible assets	47,373
	Others	51,808
		944,208
	Liabilities	
	Salary and bonus payable	38,151
	Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	68,132
	Net defined benefit liability	35,845
	Others	76,915
		219,043
	Net assets disposed of	<u>\$ 725,165</u>

c. Gain/loss on disposal of subsidiary

	Net consideration received Net assets disposed of Noncontrolling interests	\$ 682,525 (725,165) 42,640
	Gain/loss on disposal of subsidiary	<u>\$</u>
d.	Net cash inflow arising from disposal of subsidiary	
	Net consideration received Less: Balance of cash and cash equivalents disposed of	\$ 682,525 81,478
		\$ 601,047

35. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company requires significant amounts of capital to build and expand its production facilities and acquire additional equipment. In consideration of the industry dynamics, the Company manages its capital in a manner to ensure that it has sufficient and necessary financial resources to fund its working capital needs, capital asset purchases, research and development activities, dividend payments, debt service requirements and other business requirements associated with its existing operations over the next 12 months.

36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Categories of financial instruments

	Note	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Financial assets			
FVTPL			
Held for trading derivatives	a)	\$ 6,026	\$ 200,364
Available-for-sale financial assets	b)	18,290,243	75,598,018
Held-to-maturity financial assets	-	16,077,396	4,485,593
Derivative financial instruments in designated			
hedge accounting relationships	-	1,739	-
Loans and receivables			
Cash and cash equivalents	a)	562,688,930	358,530,507
Notes and accounts receivables (including related	ŕ		
parties)	a)	85,565,397	115,057,965
Other receivables	a)	4,790,376	4,051,452
Refundable deposits	a)	430,802	356,582
		\$ 687,850,909	\$ 558,280,481 (Continued)

	Note December 31			December 31, 2014	
Financial liabilities					
FVTPL					
Held for trading derivatives	a)	\$	72,610	\$	486,614
Derivative financial instruments in designated					
hedge accounting relationships	-		-]	16,364,241
Amortized cost					
Short-term loans	-	3	9,474,000	3	36,158,520
Accounts payable (including related parties)	a)	1	9,725,274	2	23,379,762
Payables to contractors and equipment suppliers	a)	2	26,012,192	2	26,983,424
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	a)	1	8,900,123	2	22,248,135
Bonds payable (including long-term					
liabilities-current portion)	-	21	5,475,194	2	13,673,818
Long-term bank loans (including long-term					
liabilities-current portion)	-		40,000		40,000
Other long-term payables (classified under					
accrued expenses and other current liabilities					
and other noncurrent liabilities)	-		18,000		36,000
Guarantee deposits (including those classified					
under accrued expenses and other current					
liabilities)	a)	2	27,732,614		30,297,600
,					
		<u>\$ 34</u>	17,450,007	<u>\$ 36</u>	69,668,114
				((Concluded)

Note a: Including those classified to noncurrent assets held for sale or liabilities directly associated with noncurrent assets held for sale as of December 31, 2014.

Note b: Including financial assets carried at cost.

b. Financial risk management objectives

The Company seeks to ensure sufficient cost-efficient funding readily available when needed. The Company manages its exposure to foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, equity price risk, credit risk and liquidity risk with the objective to reduce the potentially adverse effects the market uncertainties may have on its financial performance.

The plans for material treasury activities are reviewed by Audit Committees and/or Board of Directors in accordance with procedures required by relevant regulations or internal controls. During the implementation of such plans, Corporate Treasury function must comply with certain treasury procedures that provide guiding principles for overall financial risk management and segregation of duties.

c. Market risk

The Company is exposed to the market risks arising from changes in foreign exchange rates, interest rates and the prices in equity investments, and utilizes some derivative financial instruments to reduce the related risks.

Foreign currency risk

Most of the Company's operating activities are denominated in foreign currencies. Consequently, the Company is exposed to foreign currency risk. To protect against reductions in value and the volatility of future cash flows caused by changes in foreign exchange rates, the Company utilizes derivative financial instruments, including currency forward contracts and cross currency swaps, to hedge its currency exposure. These instruments help to reduce, but do not eliminate, the impact of foreign currency exchange rate movements.

The Company also holds short-term borrowings in foreign currencies in proportion to its expected future cash flows. This allows foreign-currency-denominated borrowings to be serviced with expected future cash flows and provides a partial hedge against transaction translation exposure.

The Company's sensitivity analysis to foreign currency risk mainly focuses on the foreign currency monetary items at the end of the reporting period. Assuming an unfavorable 10% movement in the levels of foreign exchanges against the New Taiwan dollar, the net income for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 would have decreased by NT\$902,083 thousand and NT\$331,517 thousand, respectively, after taking into consideration of the hedging contracts and the hedged items.

Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk arising from borrowing at both fixed and floating interest rates and from fixed income securities. All of the Company's long-term bonds have fixed interest rates and are measured at amortized cost. As such, changes in interest rates would not affect the future cash flows. On the other hand, because interest rates of the Company's long-term bank loans are floating, changes in interest rates would affect the future cash flows but not the fair value.

Assuming the amount of floating interest rate bank loans at the end of the reporting period had been outstanding for the entire period and all other variables were held constant, a hypothetical increase in interest rates of 100 basis point (1%) would have resulted in an increase in the interest expense, net of tax, by approximately NT\$332 thousand for both the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014.

The Company classified fixed income securities as held-to-maturity and available-for-sale financial assets. Because held-to-maturity fixed income securities are measured at amortized cost, changes in interest rates would not affect the fair value. On the other hand, available-for-sale fixed income securities are exposed to fair value fluctuations caused by changes in interest rates. To manage its exposure to the fair value fluctuations, the Company enters into interest rate futures contract to hedge against price risk caused by changes in risk-free interest rates in the Company's investments in available-for-sale fixed income securities.

Assuming a hypothetical increase of 100 basis point (1%) in interest rates of available-for-sale fixed income securities at the end of the reporting period, the net income for the year ended December 31, 2015 would have been unaffected as they were classified as available-for-sale; however, the other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2015 would have decreased by NT\$271,547 thousand.

Other price risk

The Company is exposed to equity price risk arising from available-for-sale equity investments. To reduce the equity price risk, the Company utilizes some stock forward contracts to partially hedge its exposure.

Assuming a hypothetical decrease of 5% in equity prices of the equity investments at the end of the reporting period, the net income for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 would have been unaffected as they were classified as available-for-sale; however, the other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 would have decreased by NT\$259,996 thousand and NT\$148,712 thousand, respectively.

d. Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The Company is exposed to credit risk from operating activities, primarily trade receivables, and from financing activities, primarily deposits, fixed-income investments and other financial instruments with banks. Credit risk is managed separately for business related and financial related exposures. As of the end of the reporting period, the Company's maximum credit risk exposure is mainly from the carrying amount of financial assets recognized in the consolidated balance sheet.

Business related credit risk

The Company has considerable trade receivables outstanding with its customers worldwide. A substantial majority of the Company's outstanding trade receivables are not covered by collateral or credit insurance. While the Company has procedures to monitor and limit exposure to credit risk on trade receivables, there can be no assurance such procedures will effectively limit its credit risk and avoid losses. This risk is heightened during periods when economic conditions worsen.

As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company's ten largest customers accounted for 68% and 76% of accounts receivable, respectively. The Company believes the concentration of credit risk is insignificant for the remaining accounts receivable.

Financial credit risk

The Company regularly monitors and reviews the transaction limit applied to counterparties and adjusts the concentration limit according to market conditions and the credit standing of the counterparties. The Company mitigates its exposure by selecting counterparties with investment-grade credit ratings.

e. Liquidity risk management

The objective of liquidity risk management is to ensure the Company has sufficient liquidity to fund its business requirements associated with existing operations over the next 12 months. The Company manages its liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments, including principal and interest.

	Less Than 1 Year				4-5 Years		5+ Years		Total	
December 31, 2015										
Non-derivative financial liabilities										
Short-term loans Accounts payable (including related	\$	39,488,957	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	39,488,957
parties)		19,725,274		-		-		-		19,725,274
Payables to contractors and equipment suppliers Accrued expenses and other current		26,012,192		-		-		-		26,012,192
liabilities		18,900,123		-		-		-	((18,900,123 Continued)

	Less Than 1 Year	2-3 Years	4-5 Years	5+ Years	Total
Bonds payable Long-term bank loans Other long-term payables (classified	\$ 26,494,990 8,800	\$ 104,462,371 21,540	\$ 68,378,787 12,741	\$ 25,981,316	\$ 225,317,464 43,081
under accrued expenses and other current liabilities) Guarantee deposits (including those classified under accrued expense	18,000	-	-	-	18,000
and other current liabilities)	6,167,813 136,816,149	13,341,051 117,824,962	8,223,750 76,615,278	25,981,316	27,732,614 357,237,705
Derivative financial instruments					
Forward exchange contracts Outflows Inflows	23,192,477 (23,135,579) 56,898 \$ 136,873,047	\$ 117,824,962	- - - - \$ 76,615,278		23,192,477 (23,135,579) 56,898 \$ 357,294,603
December 31, 2014	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Non-derivative financial liabilities	0.06164016	0			0.06161016
Short-term loans Accounts payable (including related parties)	\$ 36,164,316 23,370,424	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 36,164,316 23,370,424
Payables to contractors and equipment suppliers	26,980,408	-	-	-	26,980,408
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	22,177,901	-	-	-	22,177,901
Bonds payable Long-term bank loans Other long-term payables (classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities and other	3,079,862 1,450	66,720,514 19,792	98,460,598 20,846	58,320,169 2,504	226,581,143 44,592
noncurrent liabilities) Obligations under finance leases Guarantee deposits (including those classified under accrued expense	18,000 29,667	18,000 59,335	800,409	-	36,000 889,411
and other current liabilities)	4,757,700 116,579,728	12,851,275 79,668,916	12,687,200 111,969,053	58,322,673	30,296,175 366,540,370
Derivative financial instruments					
Forward exchange contracts					
Outflows Inflows	17,327,250 (17,283,079)	-	- -	-	17,327,250 (17,283,079)
Cross currency swap contracts	44,171				44,171
Outflows	47,291,943	-	-	-	47,291,943
Inflows	<u>(46,970,942)</u> 321,001	- <u>-</u>		-	<u>(46,970,942)</u> 321,001
Stock forward contracts				_	
Outflows Inflows	56,172,570 (56,172,570)		<u>-</u>		56,172,570 (56,172,570)
	<u>\$ 116,944,900</u>	\$ 79,668,916	<u>\$ 111,969,053</u>	\$ 58,322,673	\$ 366,905,542 (Concluded)

f. Fair value of financial instruments

1) Fair value of financial instruments carried at amortized cost

Except as detailed in the following table, the Company considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at amortized cost recognized in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

	December 31, 2015		December 31, 2014			2014		
	Carrying Amount		Fair Value		Carrying Amount		Fair Value	
Financial assets								
Held-to-maturity financial assets Corporate bonds/Bank debentures Negotiable certificate of deposit Structured product Commercial paper	\$	8,143,146 4,934,250 3,000,000	\$	8,146,756 4,945,878 2,995,731	\$	- - - 4,485,593	\$	- - - 4,486,541
Financial liabilities								
Measured at amortized cost Bonds payable	21	15,475,194	2	16,223,736	21	3,673,818	21	13,177,122

2) Valuation techniques and assumptions used in fair value measurement

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions
 and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market prices
 (includes interest rate futures contracts, publicly traded stocks, money market funds,
 government bonds, agency bonds and corporate bonds).
- Forward exchange contracts and cross currency swap contracts are measured using quoted
 forward exchange rates and yield curves derived from quoted interest rates matching maturities
 of the contracts; and stock forward contracts are measured at the difference between the present
 value of stock forward price discounted based on the applicable yield curve derived from quoted
 interest rates and the stock spot price. For investments in corporate issued asset-backed
 securities, the fair value is determined using quoted market prices or the present value of future
 cash flows based on the observable yield curves.
- The fair values of other financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

3) Fair value measurements recognized in the consolidated balance sheets

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The following table presents the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	December 31, 2015					
·	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Financial assets at FVTPL						
Derivative financial instruments	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 6,026</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 6,026</u>		
Available-for-sale financial assets						
Corporate bonds Corporate issued asset-backed securities Agency bonds Publicly traded stocks Government bonds	\$ 6,267,768 	\$ - 3,154,366 - -	\$ - - - - -	\$ 6,267,768 3,154,366 2,627,367 1,371,483 878,377		
Hedging derivative financial	<u>\$ 11,144,995</u>	<u>\$ 3,154,366</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 14,299,361</u>		
assets						
Interest rate futures contracts	<u>\$ 1,739</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,739</u>		
Financial liabilities at FVTPL						
Derivative financial instruments	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 72,610</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 72,610</u>		
		December	31, 2014			
·	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Financial assets at FVTPL						
Derivative financial instruments (Note)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 200,364</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 200,364		
Available-for-sale financial assets						
Publicly traded stocks Money market funds	\$ 73,797,085 391	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 73,797,085 391		
	<u>\$ 73,797,476</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 73,797,476</u>		
Financial liabilities at FVTPL						
Derivative financial instruments (Note)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 486,614</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 486,614</u>		
Hedging derivative financial liabilities						
Stock forward contract	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 16,364,241</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 16,364,241</u>		

Note: Including those classified to noncurrent assets held for sale or liabilities directly associated with noncurrent assets held for sale.

For assets and liabilities held as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

There were no purchases and disposals for assets on Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis

The Company measures certain financial assets at fair value on a nonrecurring basis when they are deemed to be impaired. The valuation processes include controls that are designed to ensure appropriate fair values are recorded. These controls include valuation technique validation, review of key inputs, and analysis of period-over-period fluctuations where appropriate. Due to significant unobservable inputs used, the Company classified these measurements as Level 3.

The Company reviews investments in non-publicly traded stocks and mutual funds for impairment quarterly and records an impairment charge when the Company believes an investment has experienced a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value and carrying value may not be recovered. The Company recognized impairment loss on financial assets carried at cost in the amount of NT\$154,721 thousand and NT\$211,477 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Determining whether a significant or prolonged decline in fair value of the investment below its carrying amount has occurred is highly subjective. Factors the Company considers include the fair value of the investment in relation to its carrying amount and the duration of the decline in fair value below the carrying amount of the investment. Due to the absence of quoted market prices, the fair values are determined significantly based on management judgment with the best information available. The Company calculates these fair values using the market approach which includes recent financing activities, valuation of comparable companies, technology development stage, market condition and other economic factors as their inputs.

Financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value but for which the fair value is disclosed

For investments in bonds, the fair value is determined using active market prices.

For investments in negotiable certificate of deposit and structured product, the fair value is determined using the present value of future cash flows based on the observable yield curves.

The fair value of the Company's bonds payable is determined using active market prices.

The table below sets out the balances for the Company's assets and liabilities at amortized cost but for which the fair value is disclosed as of December 31, 2015:

	December 31, 2015				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Assets					
Held-to-maturity securities Corporate bonds/Bank debentures	\$ 8,146,756	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,146,756	
Negotiable certificate of	\$ 0,140,730	ψ -	ψ -	\$ 0,140,730	
deposit	-	4,945,878	-	4,945,878	
Structured product	_	2,995,731		2,995,731	
	<u>\$ 8,146,756</u>	\$ 7,941,609	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 16,088,365	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Measured at amortized cost Bonds payable	<u>\$ 216,223,736</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 216,223,736</u>	

37. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Intercompany balances and transactions between TSMC and its subsidiaries, which are related parties of TSMC, have been eliminated upon consolidation; therefore those items are not disclosed in this note. The following is a summary of transactions between the Company and other related parties:

a. Net revenue

			Years Ended December 31	
			2015	2014
	<u>Item</u>	Related Party Categories		
	Net revenue from sale of goods	Associates Joint venture	\$ 4,253,961 1,206	\$ 4,009,270 1,325
			<u>\$ 4,255,167</u>	<u>\$ 4,010,595</u>
	Net revenue from royalties	Associates	<u>\$ 489,420</u>	<u>\$ 521,975</u>
b.	Purchases			
			Years Ended	December 31
			2015	2014
	Related Party Categories			
	Associates		<u>\$ 11,126,415</u>	<u>\$ 11,644,177</u>
c.	Receivables from related parties			
			December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
	<u>Item</u>	Related Party Categories		
	Receivables from related parties	Associates Joint venture	\$ 505,722	\$ 312,641 314
			\$ 505,722	<u>\$ 312,955</u>
	Other receivables from related parties	Associates	<u>\$ 125,018</u>	<u>\$ 178,625</u>
d.	Payables to related parties			
			December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
	<u>Item</u>	Related Party Categories		
	Payables to related parties	Associates Joint venture	\$ 1,149,988 	\$ 1,490,997 493
			<u>\$ 1,149,988</u>	<u>\$ 1,491,490</u>

e. Acquisition of property, plant and equipment

			Acquisition Price	
			Years Ended	
			2015	2014
	Related Party Categories			
	Associates		\$ 26,207	<u>\$ -</u>
f.	Disposal of property, plant and	equipment		
			Proc	
			Years Ended	
			2015	2014
	Related Party Categories			
	Associates		\$ -	\$ 23,447
	Joint venture		<u> </u>	18,000
			<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 41,447</u>
			Ga	
			Years Ended 2015	2014
			2015	2014
	Related Party Categories			
	Associates		\$ -	\$ 20,010
	Joint venture		Ψ -	17,441
			<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 37,451</u>
g.	Others			
			Years Ended	December 31
			2015	2014
	<u>Item</u>	Related Party Categories		
	Manufacturing expenses	Associates	\$ 2,321,858	\$ 2,437,366
	Manufacturing expenses	Joint venture	12,819	7,926
		Joint Venture		7,520
			<u>\$ 2,334,677</u>	<u>\$ 2,445,292</u>
	Research and development	Associates	\$ 142,833	\$ 87,848
	expenses	Joint venture	1,398	1,116
			<u>\$ 144,231</u>	<u>\$ 88,964</u>
		.	Φ (040	ď.
	General and administrative expenses	Associates	<u>\$ 6,049</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The sales prices and payment terms to related parties were not significantly different from those of sales to third parties. For other related party transactions, price and terms were determined in accordance with mutual agreements.

The Company leased machinery and equipment from Xintec and office from VIS, respectively. The lease terms and prices were both determined in accordance with mutual agreements. The rental expenses were paid to Xintec and VIS quarterly and monthly, respectively; the related expenses were both classified under manufacturing expenses.

The Company deferred the disposal gain/loss derived from sales of property, plant and equipment to related parties (transactions with associates and joint venture), and then recognized such gain/loss over the depreciable lives of the disposed assets.

h. Compensation of key management personnel

The compensation to directors and other key management personnel for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

	Years Ended December 31			
	2015	2014		
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	\$ 1,883,013 10,926	\$ 1,787,813 46,758		
	<u>\$ 1,893,939</u>	<u>\$ 1,834,571</u>		

The compensation to directors and other key management personnel were determined by the Compensation Committee of TSMC in accordance with the individual performance and the market trends

38. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Company provided certificate of deposits recorded in other financial assets as collateral mainly for litigation and building lease agreements. As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the aforementioned other financial assets amounted to NT\$177,229 thousand and NT\$293,409 thousand, respectively.

39. SIGNIFICANT OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

The Company leases several parcels of land, factory and office premises from the Science Park Administration and entered into lease agreements for its office premises and certain office equipment located in the United States, Europe, Japan, Shanghai and Taiwan. These operating leases expire between February 2016 and March 2035 and can be renewed upon expiration.

The Company expensed the lease payments as follows:

	Years Ended	December 31
	2015	2014
Minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 995,983</u>	\$ 901,219

Future minimum lease payments under the above non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Not later than 1 year Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years Later than 5 years	\$ 1,099,017 3,635,180 6,921,891	\$ 891,767 3,490,783 6,576,218
	<u>\$ 11,656,088</u>	<u>\$ 10,958,768</u>

40. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED COMMITMENTS

Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized commitments of the Company as of the end of the reporting period, excluding those disclosed in other notes, were as follows:

- a. Under a technical cooperation agreement with Industrial Technology Research Institute, the R.O.C. Government or its designee approved by TSMC can use up to 35% of TSMC's capacity provided TSMC's outstanding commitments to its customers are not prejudiced. The term of this agreement is for five years beginning from January 1, 1987 and is automatically renewed for successive periods of five years unless otherwise terminated by either party with one year prior notice. As of December 31, 2015, the R.O.C. Government did not invoke such right.
- b. Under a Shareholders Agreement entered into with Philips and EDB Investments Pte Ltd. on March 30, 1999, the parties formed a joint venture company, SSMC, which is an integrated circuit foundry in Singapore. TSMC's equity interest in SSMC was 32%. Nevertheless, in September 2006, Philips spun-off its semiconductor subsidiary which was renamed as NXP B.V. Further, TSMC and NXP B.V. purchased all the SSMC shares owned by EDB Investments Pte Ltd. pro rata according to the Shareholders Agreement on November 15, 2006. After the purchase, TSMC and NXP B.V. currently own approximately 39% and 61% of the SSMC shares, respectively. TSMC and NXP B.V. are required, in the aggregate, to purchase at least 70% of SSMC's capacity, but TSMC alone is not required to purchase more than 28% of the capacity. If any party defaults on the commitment and the capacity utilization of SSMC falls below a specific percentage of its capacity, the defaulting party is required to compensate SSMC for all related unavoidable costs. There was no default from the aforementioned commitment as of December 31, 2015.
- c. In June 2010, Keranos, LLC. filed a complaint in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Texas alleging that TSMC, TSMC North America, and several other leading technology companies infringe three expired U.S. patents. In response, TSMC, TSMC North America, and several co-defendants in the Texas case filed a lawsuit against Keranos in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California in November 2010, seeking a judgment declaring that they did not infringe the asserted patents, and that those patents were invalid. These two litigations have been consolidated into a single lawsuit in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Texas. In February 2014, the Court entered a final judgment in favor of TSMC, dismissing all of Keranos' claims against TSMC with prejudice. Keranos appealed the final judgment to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit, and in August 2015, the Federal Circuit remanded the case back to the Texas court for further proceedings. The outcome cannot be determined and the Company cannot make a reliable estimate of the contingent liability at this time.
- d. In December 2010, Ziptronix, Inc. filed a complaint in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California accusing TSMC, TSMC North America and one other company of infringing several U.S. patents. In September 2014, the Court granted summary judgment of noninfringement in favor of TSMC and TSMC North America. Ziptronix, Inc. can appeal the Court's order. In August 2015, Tessera Technologies, Inc. announced it had acquired Ziptronix. The outcome cannot be determined and the Company cannot make a reliable estimate of the contingent liability at this time.

e. TSMC joined the Customer Co-Investment Program of ASML and entered into the investment agreement in August 2012. The agreement includes an investment of EUR837,816 thousand by TSMC Global to acquire 5% of ASML's equity with a lock-up period of 2.5 years. TSMC Global has acquired the aforementioned equity on October 31, 2012. The lock-up period expired on May 1, 2015 and as of October 8, 2015, all ASML shares had been disposed.

Both parties also signed the research and development funding agreement whereby TSMC shall provide EUR276,000 thousand to ASML's research and development programs from 2013 to 2017. As of December 31, 2015, TSMC has paid EUR166,386 thousand to ASML under the research and development funding agreement.

- f. In September 2013, Zond Inc. filed a complaint in U.S. District Court for the District of Massachusetts against TSMC, certain TSMC subsidiaries and other companies alleging infringing of several U.S. patents. Subsequently, TSMC and Zond initiated additional legal actions in the U.S. District Courts for the District of Delaware and the District of Massachusetts over several additional patents owned by Zond. In March 2015, all pending litigations between the parties in the U.S. District Courts for the District of Massachusetts and the District of Delaware were dismissed.
- g. In March 2014, DSS Technology Management, Inc. (DSS) filed a complaint in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Texas alleging that TSMC, TSMC North America, TSMC Development and several other companies infringe one U.S. patent. TSMC Development has subsequently been dismissed. In May 2015, the Court entered a final judgment of noninfringement in favor of TSMC and TSMC North America. DSS has appealed the final judgment to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit. In November 2015, the Patent Trial and Appeal Board (PTAB) determined after concluding an Inter Partes Review that the patent claims asserted by DSS in the District Court litigation are unpatentable. DSS can appeal the PTAB's decision. The outcome cannot be determined and the Company cannot make a reliable estimate of the contingent liability at this time.
- h. Amounts available under unused letters of credit as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 were NT\$144,738 thousand and NT\$222,026 thousand, respectively.

41. EXCHANGE RATE INFORMATION OF FOREIGN-CURRENCY FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The following information was summarized according to the foreign currencies other than the functional currency of the Company. The exchange rates disclosed were used to translate the foreign currencies into the functional currency. The significant financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

	Foreig Currenc (In Thous	cies Exchange	
<u>December 31, 2015</u>			
Financial assets			
Monetary items			
USD	\$ 3,089	9,634 32.895	\$ 101,633,497
USD	251	,824 6.494(N	Note 2) 8,283,759
EUR	43	36.00	1,581,571
JPY	9,717	7,089 0.2733	2,655,680
Non-monetary items			
HKD	166	5,727 4.24	706,924 (Continued)

	Foreign Currencies (In Thousands)	Exchange Rate (Note 1)	Carrying Amount (In Thousands)
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items USD EUR JPY	\$ 2,952,404 44,174 26,416,113	32.895 36.00 0.2733	\$ 97,119,331 1,590,264 7,219,524
<u>December 31, 2014</u>			
Financial assets			
Monetary items USD EUR JPY Non-monetary items HKD	5,002,082 22,887 704,925 149,844	31.718 38.57 0.2652 4.09	158,656,051 882,741 186,946 612,860
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items USD EUR JPY	3,348,306 44,152 28,734,248	31.718 38.57 0.2652	106,201,584 1,702,926 7,620,323 (Concluded)

Note 1: Except as otherwise noted, exchange rate represents the number of N.T. dollars for which one foreign currency could be exchanged.

Note 2: The exchange rate represents the number of RMB for which one USD dollars could be exchanged.

The realized and unrealized foreign exchange gain and loss was a net gain of NT\$2,481,446 thousand and NT\$2,111,310 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Since there were varieties of foreign currency transactions and functional currencies within the subsidiaries of the Company, the Company was unable to disclose foreign exchange gain (loss) towards each foreign currency with significant impact.

42. OPERATING SEGMENTS INFORMATION

a. Operating segments

The Company's only reportable segment is the foundry segment. The foundry segment engages mainly in the manufacturing, selling, packaging, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices and the manufacturing of masks. The Company also had other operating segments that did not exceed the quantitative threshold for separate reporting. These segments mainly engage in the researching, developing, designing, manufacturing and selling of solid state lighting devices and renewable energy and efficiency related technologies and products.

The Company uses the income from operations as the measurement for segment profit and the basis of performance assessment. There was no material differences between the accounting policies of the operating segment and the accounting policies described in Note 4.

b. Segment revenue and operating results

	Foundry	Others	Elimination	Total
Year ended December 31, 2015				
Net revenue from external customers Income (loss) from operations Share of profits of associates and	\$ 842,690,157 320,833,219	\$ 807,211 (785,444)	\$ -	\$ 843,497,368 320,047,775
joint venture Income tax expense (benefit)	4,517,699 43,874,515	(385,571) (1,771)	-	4,132,128 43,872,744
Year ended December 31, 2014				
Net revenue from external customers Net revenue from sales among	\$ 762,120,792	\$ 685,673	\$ -	\$ 762,806,465
intersegments Income (loss) from operations	298,634,587	38,082 (2,764,278)	(38,082)	295,870,309
Share of profits of associates and joint venture Income tax expense	4,405,878 38,314,378	(455,409) 21	-	3,950,469 38,314,399

c. Geographic information

		from External omers	Non-curr	ent Assets
	Years Ended	December 31	December 31,	December 31,
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Taiwan	\$ 90,169,543	\$ 88,856,586	\$ 844,173,826	\$ 809,437,793
United States	566,600,178	524,983,953	8,892,851	8,105,381
Asia	123,705,876	99,916,635	15,889,993	15,380,799
Europe, the Middle East				
and Africa	57,064,965	46,776,647	8,278	8,344
Others	<u>5,956,806</u>	2,272,644		
	<u>\$ 843,497,368</u>	<u>\$ 762,806,465</u>	<u>\$ 868,964,948</u>	\$ 832,932,317

The Company categorized the net revenue mainly based on the country in which the customer is headquartered. Non-current assets include property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and other noncurrent assets.

d. Production information

	Years Ended	December 31
Production	2015	2014
Wafer Others	\$ 802,937,969 40,559,399	\$ 723,747,536 39,058,929
	<u>\$ 843,497,368</u>	<u>\$ 762,806,465</u>

e. Major customers representing at least 10% of net revenue

	Year	s Ended	December 31	
	2015		2014	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Customer A	\$ 134,158,421	16	\$ 157,631,427	21
Customer B	134,117,206	16	71,184,627	9

43. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

Following are the additional disclosures required by the Securities and Futures Bureau for TSMC:

- a. Financings provided: Please see Table 1 attached;
- b. Endorsement/guarantee provided: Please see Table 2 attached;
- c. Marketable securities held (excluding investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint venture): Please see Table 3 attached;
- d. Marketable securities acquired and disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Please see Table 4 attached;
- e. Acquisition of individual real estate properties at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Please see Table 5 attached;
- f. Disposal of individual real estate properties at prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None;
- g. Total purchases from or sales to related parties of at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Please see Table 6 attached;
- h. Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Please see Table 7 attached;
- i. Information about the derivative financial instruments transaction: Please see Notes 7 and 10;
- j. Others: The business relationship between the parent and the subsidiaries and significant transactions between them: Please see Table 8 attached;
- k. Names, locations, and related information of investees over which TSMC exercises significant influence (excluding information on investment in Mainland China): Please see Table 9 attached;
- 1. Information on investment in Mainland China
 - 1) The name of the investee in Mainland China, the main businesses and products, its issued capital, method of investment, information on inflow or outflow of capital, percentage of ownership, income (losses) of the investee, share of profits/losses of investee, ending balance, amount received as dividends from the investee, and the limitation on investee: Please see Table 10 attached.
 - 2) Significant direct or indirect transactions with the investee, its prices and terms of payment, unrealized gain or loss, and other related information which is helpful to understand the impact of investment in Mainland China on financial reports: Please see Table 8 attached.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries

FINANCINGS PROVIDED
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015
(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

					Maximum	Fading Belence	Amount						Co	Collateral	Linonoina	Financing
N ₀ .	Financing Company	Counter-party	Counter-party Financial Statement Related E Account Party	Related Party	Salance for the Period (USS in Thousands) (Note 4)	(USS in housands)	Actually Drawn (US\$ in Thousands)	Interest Rate	Interest Rate Nature for Financing	Transaction Amounts	Reason for Financing	Allowance for Bad Debt	Item	Value	Limits for Each Borrowing Company	Limits for Each Borrowing Company's Amount Limits Company (Note 3)
_	TSMC Partners TSMC Solar		Other receivables	Yes	\$ 5,592,150	S	s	0.38%	The need for short-term	· ·	Operating capital	s		s	\$ 20,353,878	\$ 50,884,696
			from related parties Other receivables	Yes	(US\$ 170,000) 1,644,750	•	-	0.38%	financing The need for short-term	,	Operating capital	'	'		(Note 1) 20,353,878	٠,
7	TSMC Solar	TSMC Solar	from related parties Other receivables	Yes	(US\$ 50,000) 19,737	•	-		financing The need for short-term	,	Operating capital	•	'		(Note 1)	
	(Note 5)	NA	from related parties		(009 \$SD)		_		financing						(Note 2)	

The total amount for lending to a company for funding for a short-term period shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the net worth of TSMC Partners. In addition, the total amount lendable to any one borrower shall be no more than thirty percent (30%) of the borrower's net worth. The above restriction does not apply to the subsidiaries whose voting shares are 90% and up owned, directly, or indirectly, by TSMC (90% and up owned subsidiaries). However, the aggregate amounts lendable to 90% and up owned subsidiaries and the total amount lendable to one such borrower of 90% and up owned subsidiaries shall not exceed forty percent (40%) of the net worth of TSMC Partners. Note 1:

The total amount for lending to a company for funding for a short-term period shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the net worth of TSMC Solar. In addition, the total amount lendable to any one borrower shall be no more than thirty percent (30%) of the borrower's net worth; however, this restriction does not apply to the subsidiaries whose voting shares are 100% owned, directly or indirectly, by TSMC Solar.

The total amount available for lending purpose shall not exceed the net worth of TSMC Partners and twenty percent (20%) of the net worth of TSMC Solar.

Note 2:

Note 4: The maximum balance for the period and ending balance represent the amounts approved by the Board of Directors.

Note 5: TSMC Solar was merged into TSMC on December 14, 2015, and the intercompany loan from TSMC Partners had been assumed and repaid by TSMC.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries

ENDORSEMENTS/GUARANTEES PROVIDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

	Guarantee Provided to Subsidiaries in Mainland China	No	°Z
	Guarantee Provided by A Subsidiary	No	No
	Guarantee Provided by Parent Company	Yes	Yes
	Maximum Endorsement/ Guarantee Amount Allowable (Note 2)	\$ 305,417,930	305,417,930
Dation	Amount of Accumulated Endorsement Guarantee Guarantee to Net Ollateralized by Equity per Properties Latest Financial Statements	4.04%	0.22%
	r S	\$	'
	inding Balance Amount Actually (USS in Drawn Thousands) (USS in (Note 3) Thousands)	\$ 49,342,500	(US\$ 1,500,000) 2,737,302 (US\$ 83,213)
	Ending Balance (US\$ in Thousands) (Note 3)	\$ 49,342,500 \$ 49,342,500	(US\$ 1,500,000) (US\$ 1,500,000) 2,737,302 2,737,302 (US\$ 83,213) (US\$ 83,213)
	Maximum Balance for the Period (US\$ in Thousands)	500	305,417,930 (US\$ 1,500,000) (US\$ 2,737,302 (US\$ 83,213) (
Limits on	Endorsement/ Guarantee Amount Provided to Each Guaranteed Party (Notes 1 and 2)	\$ 305,417,930 \$ 49,342	305,417,930
Guaranteed Party	Nature of Relationship	Subsidiary	Subsidiary
Guaran	r Name	TSMC Global Subsidiary	TSMC North America
	No. Guarantee Provider	0 TSMC	
	No.	I 0	
<u></u>	H		

Note 1: The total amount of the guarantee provided by TSMC to any individual entity shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of TSMC's net worth, or the net worth of such entity. However, subsidiaries whose voting shares are 100% owned, directly or indirectly, by TSMC are not subject to the above restrictions after the approval of the Board of Directors.

Note 2: The total amount of guarantee shall not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of TSMC's net worth.

Note 3: The maximum balance for the period and ending balance represent the amounts approved by the Board of Directors.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries

MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD
December 31,2015
(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

					Decem	December 31 2015		
Held Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Name	Relationship with the Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Note
TSMC	Bank debentures HSBC Bank (Tâiwan) Limited The Export-Import Bank of the ROC		Held-to-maturity financial assets		\$ 3,305,475	N/A N/A	\$ 3,306,576 149,999	
	Corporate bond CPC Corporation · Taiwan Taiwan Power Company Hon Hai precision Ind. Co., Ltd. Formosa Petrochemical Corporation Formosa Plastics Corporation China Steel Corporation		Held-to-maturity financial assets " " " " "		1,543,723 1,207,601 1,003,858 301,097 175,742	X	1,544,319 1,008,248 1,005,406 301,093 176,239	
	Structure deposit Hua Nan Commercial Bank Cathay United Bank		Held-to-maturity financial assets	1 1	2,000,000 1,000,000	N/A N/A	1,996,032	
	Stock Semiconductor Manufacturing International Corporation United Industrial Gases Co., Ltd. Shin-Eisu Handotai Taiwan Co., Ltd. W.K. Technology Fund IV		Available-for-sale financial assets Financial assets carried at cost "	211,047 21,230 10,500 3,200	706,924 193,584 105,000 24,521	10 7 7 7 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	706,924 193,584 105,000 24,521	
	Fund Horizon Ventures Fund Crimson Asia Capital		Financial assets carried at cost		11,259	12	11,259	
TSMC Partners	Stock Tela Innovations Mcube inc.		Financial assets carried at cost	13,919 6,333	. 000°59 \$SIN	25 14	US\$ 65,000	
	Fund Shanghai Walden Venture Capital Enterprise China Walden Venture Investments II, L.P.		Financial assets carried at cost		US\$ 5,000 US\$ 4,329	9 6	US\$ 5,000 US\$ 4,329	
TSMC Global	Corporate bond Bank of America Corp. BB&T Corporation Verizon Communications JP Morgan Chase & Co. KIW Bank of Ny Mellon Corp. A sian Development Bank		Available-for-sale financial assets " " " " " " " " "			<u> </u>		
	Goldman Sachs Group Inc. State Street Corp. Fifth Third Bancorp Medtronic Inc.		: : : :		US\$ 3,430 US\$ 3,430 US\$ 3,373 US\$ 3,309	₹ ₹ ₹ ₹ Ż Ż Ż Ż	US\$ 3,430 US\$ 3,430 US\$ 3,373 US\$ 3,309	
						_	-	(Continued)

						December 31, 2015	31, 2015			
Held Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Name	Relationship with the Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	g Value urrencies sands)	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair (Foreign (in Tho	Fair Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Note
TSMC Global	Unitedhealth Group Inc.		Available-for-sale financial assets	,	SSO	3,119	N/A	\$SD	3,119	
	Citigroup Inc. Burlingto North Santa Fe		"		SSO	2,986	V /V	SSO I	2,986	
	PNC Bank NA				SSO	2,635	K K	SSO	2,635	
	CVS Health Corp.		*	•	\$SO	2,595	N/A	\$SO	2,595	
	Morgan Stanley		"	•	\$SO	2,492	N/A	\$SO	2,492	
	Wells Fargo & Company		11	•	SSO.	2,475	Y /Z :	SSD.	2,475	
	Merck & Co Inc.		"	•	\$50	2,441 907 C	K / X	\$50	2,441	
	Citizans Bank NA/BI				3511	07470	V/N	1156	074,7	
	Cutzens Daim in Vini Comeast Corp		: =		SSI	2,230	C A	SSI	2,730	
	Stanley Black & Decker Inc	ı		•	SSI	2,176	Y X	SSI	2,176	
	Visa Inc.	1		•	\$SO	1,998	A/X	\$SD	1.998	
	Intercontinentalexchange		"	•	\$SO	1,997	N/A	\$SO	1,997	
	Intl Bk Recon & Develop		"	•	\$SO	1,996	N/A	SSO	1,996	
	Royal Bank of Canada		"	•	\$SO	1,994	N/A	SSO	1,994	
	Nordic Investment Bank		"	•	\$SO	1,993	N/A	SSO	1,993	
	Ameren Corp.	•	"	•	\$SO	1,990	N/A	SSO	1,990	
	Toronto Dominion Bank		"	•	\$SO	1,990	N/A	\$SO	1,990	
	FMS Wertmanagement		"	•	SSO	1,989	K/Z	SSO	1,989	
	WEC Energy Group Inc.	•	ll ll	•	SSO	1,988	Α/Χ Υ	SSO	1,988	
	Atrican Development Bank	•	#		SSO	1,986	Ψ/X X	SSO	1,986	
	AstraZeneca PIc.	•	" :	'	SSO 1Es	1,983	4 %	SSO SSI	1,983	
	ACE INA HOldings	•		•	951	1,905	A/N	1166	1,965	
	Daimler Finance NA 1.1c		: :		\$S11	1 978	€ <u></u>	\$S1	1,762	
	Pricoa Global Funding 144A	ı		•	SSI	1.978	Y X	SSI	1,978	
	Enel Finance Intl N.V.	•			SSn	1,964	N/A	SSn	1,964	
	HSBC Usa Inc.		"	•	\$SO	1,898	N/A	\$SO	1,898	
	Oncor Electric Delivery		"	•	\$SO	1,892	N/A	SSO.	1,892	
	Procter & Gamble Co/The		"	•	SSO .	1,892	V/N	SSO .	1,892	
	National Rural Util Coop	ı	"	•	SSO	1,879	Α/Χ ;	SSO	1,879	
	Caterpillar Financial SE	•	" :	'	SSO	1,803	V (N)	SSO	1,803	
	Pepsico IIIC. Dantecha Bank A.G. London				9511	1,787	4/N	1756	1,787	
	Electricite de France SA		: =		SSI	1,770	Y X	SSI	1,704	
	Orange S.A.	•	"		SSn	1,748	N/A	NSS NSS	1,748	
	Public Service Colorado		"	•	\$SO	1,651	N/A	SSO	1,651	
	JP Morgan Chase & Co.	•	"	•	\$SO	1,592	N/A	\$SO	1,592	
	Heineken N.V.	ı	li li	•	SSO .	1,588	V /N	SO	1,588	
	Capital One Bank (USA), NA		"	'	SSO 1	1,535	K / X	\$50	1,535	
	W.m. wngley Jr. Co.		"	•	\$50 115	200,1	Y/A	660	1,500	
	Toyota motor Credit Corp. Bk of England Euro Note		= =		\$SD	1,500	4	SSI SI	1,500	
	Becton Dickinson and Co.		: "	•	\$SO	1,406	A/N	\$SO	1,406	
	Pfizer Inc.		"	•	\$SO	1,399	N/A	\$SO	1,399	
	Biogen Inc.		"	•	\$SO	1,391	N/A	SSO	1,391	
	Express Scripts Holding		THE STATE OF THE S	•	\$SO	1,390	N/A	\$SO	1,390	
	Santander UK Group Hldgs		"	•	\$SO	1,389	N/A	\$SO	1,389	
	General Elec Cap Corp.		u u	•	SSO .	1,348	N/A	SSO	1,348	
	CSX Corp.	1	"	•	\$SD	1,322	4 /2 2	SSD	1,322	
	Chevron Corp.		" :	•	\$50	1,247	V \\	200	1,247	
	Shell intelnational fill.			'	200	1,245	Y/N	e co	1,243	
						=				(Continued)

Noticing Particular Parti	Principal Líchamerican In Trans Canada Pacificorp UBS AG Sus Pacificorp UBS AG Sus Pacificorp Glada Scien Corporation of the Calgene Calgene Corporation of the Calgene		Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units	Carryin Poreign C		Percentage of	Fair V	'alue urrencies	Moto
Principal Legibility Available footing framework and the content f				(In Thousands)	in Thou		Ownership (%)	(Foreign C	sands)	Note
The control of the co	American Ind Group Trans Canada Pipelines Pacificop UIBS AG Stantiord CT Philip Morris Ind Inc. Morgan Stanley Summars Banks Inc. Morgan Stanley Met Life Glob Funding I Gilead Sciences Inc. Coggene Corp. Rebobank Nederland NY Keycorp Credit Suises New York Bank of America N.A. AIG Global Funding HSBC USA Inc. Time Warmer Inc. Eaton Corp. Incekheed Marin Corp. Schlumberger Hidgs Corp. Marsh & Meleman Cos Inc. Coming Inc. Amgen Inc. Amgen Inc. Swedbank AB Eaton Corp. Fifth Third Bank Manuf & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth Bk Auser NY Hyundai Capital America Bayer Us Finance Lic. Coca Colla Co/The Medonald S Corp. Refer System Inc. American Ind Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancory Rolls Royce PLC Photogan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury NIB Firma Pool AL7671 Firma Pool AL7671 Firma Pool AL7637	•	Available-for-sale financial assets	•	\$SO	1,195	N/A	\$SO	1,195	
Total Control	Practificon 1 UBS AG Stanford CT Philip Morris Intl Inc. Morgan Stanley Suntrust Banks Inc. Morgan Stanley Met Life Glob Funding I Glieda Sciences Inc. Celgene Corp. Rabobank Nederland NY Keycorp Credit Suisse New York Bank of America N.A. AIG Global Funding HSBC USA Inc. Time Warner Inc. Eaton Corp. IBM Corp. Lockheed Martin Corp. Schlumberger Hidgs Corp. Marsterard Inc. Corning Inc. Mastercard Inc. Mastercard Inc. Swedbank AB Eaton Corp. Fifth Third Bank Manuf & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth Bk Austr NY Hyundai Capital America Bayer 15 Finance LLc. Coca Cola Co/The Medonald S Corp. Rydis System Inc. American Ind Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancon		"	•	\$SO	1,172	N/A	\$SO	1,172	
CCT CCT CCT CCT CCT CCT CCT CCT	USA SO Stamford CT Philip Morris Intl Inc. Morgan Stanley Suntrust Banks Inc. Morgan Stanley Suntrust Banks Inc. Morgan Stanley Met Life Glob Funding I Gilead Sciences Inc. Celgene Corp. Rabobank Nederland NY Keycorp Credit Suisse New York Bank of America N.A. AIG Global Funding HSBC USA Inc. Time Warner Inc. Eaton Corp. Bank of America N.A. AIG Global Funding HSBC USA Inc. Time Warner Inc. Eaton Corp. Bank Corp. Bank Corp. Coming Inc. Anagen Inc. Anagen Inc. Anagen Inc. Anagen Inc. Swedbank AB Eaton Corp. Fifth Third Bank Manuf & Traders Trust Co. Commonweath Bk Austr NY Hyundai Capital America Bayer Us Finance Lic. Coca Cola Corfre Materican Ind Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC Photogan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agenesc bond AL7191 Frima Pool AL7671 Frima Pool AL7611 Frima Pool AL7611 Frima Pool AL7611 Frima Pool AN4013 Frima Pool AN4013		"	•	\$SO	1,140	A/A	\$SO	1,140	
Ing. 1 Ing. 1	Puls Avo Saminoto C.1 Puls Avo Saminoto C.1 Rugan Stanley Sunturst Banks Inc. Morgan Stanley Met Life Glob Funding I Gledd Sciences Inc. Celgene Corp. Rabobank Nederland NY Keycorp Gredi Suisse New York Bank of Annerica N.A. AIG Global Funding HSBC USA Inc. Time Warner Inc. Eaton Corp. BMM Corp. Lockheed Martin Corp. Schlumberger Hidgs Corp. Marsh & Mcleman Cos Inc. Cooming Inc. Amgen Inc. Amgen Inc. Amgen Inc. Mastercard Inc. Swedbank AB Eaton Corp. Fifth Third Bank Manuf & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth Bk Austr NY Hyundia Capital America Bayer Us Finance Lic. Coca Cola Co/The Mcdonald S Corp. Ryder System Inc. American Intl Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancop Rolls Royce PLC JPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury NB Agenets bond AL7191 Fruma Pool AL7611 Fruma Pool AL7611 Fruma Pool AL7611 Fruma Pool AV3015 Fruma Pool AV3015		#	•	SSO LESS	1,089	V.A	SSO SE	1,089	
Part	Morgan Stanley Suntrust Banks Inc. Morgan Stanley Met Life Glob Funding I Gilead Sciences Inc. Celgene Corp. Rabobank Nederland NY Keycorp Credit Suisse New York Bank of America N.A. AIG Global Funding HSBC USA Inc. Time Warner Inc. Faton Corp. Coming Inc. Amgen Inc. Amgen Inc. Amgen Inc. Swedbank AB Eaton Corp. Fifth Third Bank Mastercard Inc. Swedbank AB Eaton Corp. Fifth Third Bank Manuf & Treast Trust Co. Commonwealth Bk Austr NY Hyundai Capital America Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola Corf. Ryder System Inc. American Ind Group Duke Energy Corp. Ryder System Inc. American Ind Group Duke Energy Corp. Ryder System Inc. American Ind Group Duke Energy Corp. Ryder System Inc. American Ind Group Duke Energy Corp. Ryder System Inc. American Ind Group Duke Energy Corp. Ryder System Inc. American Ind Group Duke Energy Corp. Ryder System Inc. American Ind Group Duke Energy Corp. Ryder Oo A.T.191 Finna Pool A.T.191 Finna Pool A.T.191 Finna Pool A.T.471 Finna Pool A.T.471 Finna Pool A.T.471 Finna Pool A.T.471 Finna Pool A.T.491			•	951	1,000	K/N	951	1,000	
1997 1994 1995 1996 1997	Sunfrats Banks Inc. Morgan Stanley Morgan Stanley Met Life Glob Funding I Gleled Sciences Inc. Celgene Corp. Rabobank Nederland NY Keyory Gredi Suisse New York Bank of America N.A. AIG Global Funding HSBC USA Inc. Time Warner Inc. Eaton Corp. Schlumberger Hdgs Corp. Lockheed Martin Corp. Schlumberger Hdgs Corp. Marsh & Mcleman Cos Inc. Corning Inc. Amgen Inc. Amgen Inc. Amgen Inc. Mastercard Inc. Swedbank AB Eaton Corp. Fifth Third Bank Manuf & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth Bk Austr NY Hyundai Capital America Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola CorThe Mcdonald Sc Corp. Ryder System Inc. American Intl Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC JPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond AT 791 Frima Pool AL 7671		: =		\$S11	1,000	K A/N	\$S1	1,000	
1979 1970	Morgan Stanley Met Life Glob Funding I Gilada Sciences Inc. Celgene Com. Rabobank Nederland NY Keycorp Credit Suisse New York Bank of America N.A. AIG Global Funding HSBC USA Inc. Time Warner Inc. Eaton Corp. Lockheed Martin Corp. Lockheed Martin Corp. Coming Inc. Angen Inc. Angen Inc. Mastercard Inc. Swedbank AB Eaton Corp. Fifth Third Bank Mantif & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth Bk Austr NY Hyundai Capital America Bayer US Finance Llc. Coca Cola Co/The Medonald S Corp. Ryder System Inc. American Intl Group Duke Energy Corp. Ryder System Inc. American Intl Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC JPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Ageney bond Firma Pool AL/7191 Firma Pool AL/7191 Firma Pool AL/701			•	SSI	1.004	. V	SSI	1.004	
17 17 17 18 18 18 18 18	Met Life Glob Funding I Gilead Sciences Inc. Celgene Coon. Repene Coon. Repene Coon. Repene Coon. Reycorp Credit Suisse New York Bank of America N.A. AIG Global Funding HSBC USA Inc. Time Warner Inc. Earon Corp. BM Corp. Schlumberger HIdgs Corp. Marsh & Meleman Cos Inc. Coming Inc. Amgen Inc. Coming Inc. Mastercard Inc. Sweedbank AB Eaton Corp. Fith Third Bank Manuf & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth Bk Austr NY Hyundai Captial America Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola Co/The Medonald SCorp. Ryder System Inc. American Intl Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC JPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Firma Pool AL7191 Firma Pool AL7191 Firma Pool AL7671 Firma Pool AL7671 Firma Pool AL7611		: "	•	\$SO	1,001	N/A	\$SD	1,001	
A	Gilead Sciences Inc. Celgene Cop. Rabobark Nederland NY Keycorp Credit Suisse New York Bank of America N.A. AIG Global Funding HSBC USA Inc. Time Warner Inc. Faton Corp. IBM Corp. Lockheed Martin Corp. Schlumberger Hldgs Corp. Marsh & Mcleman Cos Inc. Coming Inc. Amgen Inc. Amgen Inc. Swedbank AB Eaton Corp. Swedbank AB Eaton Corp. Fith Third Bank Manuf & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth BK Austr NY Hyundai Capital America Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola Co/The Mcdonald S Corp. Ryder System Inc. American Ind Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rols Royce PLC IPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond Finna Pool AL7191 Finna Pool AL7191 Finna Pool AL7671 Finna Pool AL7015		#		SSO	1,000	N/A	SSN	1,000	
A	Celgene Cop. Rabobank Nederland NY Keycorp Credit Suisse New York Bank of America N.A. AfG Global Funding HSBC USA Inc. Time Warner Inc. Eaton Corp. IBM Corp. Lockheed Martin Corp. Schlumberger Hidgs Corp. Marsh & Mcleman Cos Inc. Coming Inc. Amgen Inc. Nastercard Inc. Swedbank AB Eaton Corp. Fifth Third Bank Manuf & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth BK Austr NY Hyundai Gaptial America Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola Co/The Mcdonald S Corp. Ryder System Inc. American Intl Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC IPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond Firma Pool AL7191 Firma Pool AL7191 Firma Pool AL7671 Firma Pool AL7015		"	•	\$SO	1,000	N/A	\$SO	1,000	
A	Rabobank Nederland NY Keycorp Credit Suisse New York Bank of America N.A. AIG Global Funding HSBC USA Inc. Time Warner Inc. Eaton Corp. BM Corp. Lockheed Martin Corp. Schlinuberger Hidgs Corp. Marsh & Mcleman Cos Inc. Coming Inc. Angen Inc. Masslercard Inc. Masslercard Inc. Swedbank AB Eaton Corp. Fifth Third Bank Manuf & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth Bk Austr NY Hyundai Capital America Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola Co/The Mconald S Corp. Ryder Systen Inc. American Ind Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC JPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond Firma Pool AL7191 Firma Pool AL7671 Firma Pool AL7611 Firma Pool AL7611 Firma Pool AL9013 Firma Pool AL9013 Firma Pool AV3015		"	•	\$SO	666	N/A	\$SO	666	
Cos Inc. Cos In	Keycopp Credit Suisse New York Bank of America N.A. AIG Global Funding HSBC USA Inc. Time Warner Inc. Eaton Corp. IlaM Corp. Schlumberger Hidgs Corp. Schlumberger Hidgs Corp. Marstereard Inc. Coming Inc. Amgen Inc. Masstereard Inc. Swedbank AB Eaton Corp. Fifth Third Bank Manuf & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth Bk Austr NY Hyundai Capital America Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola Co/The Mochaid S Corp. Ryder System Inc. American Ind Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC JPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Finna Pool AL7191 Finna Pool AL7671 Finna Pool AL7611		"	•	\$SO	666	N/A	\$SO	666	
Column C	Credit Suisse New York Bank of America N.A. AIG Global Funding HSBC USA Inc. Time Warner Inc. Eaton Corp. BM Corp. Schlumberger Hldgs Corp. Marsh & Melennan Cos Inc. Coming Inc. Amgen Inc. Amgen Inc. Sweebank AB Eaton Corp. Fith Third Bank Manuf & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth Bk Austr NY Hyundai Captial America Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola Co/The Medonald SCorp. Ryder System Inc. American Intl Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC IP Morgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Firma Pool AL7191 Firma Pool AL7191 Firma Pool AL7671		#	•	\$SO	666	N/A	\$SO	666	
A. A	Bank of America N.A. AGGlobal Funding HSBC USA Inc. Time Warner Inc. Eaton Corp. IBM Corp. Lockheed Martin Corp. Schlumberger Hidgs Corp. Marsh & Mcleman Cos Inc. Comming Inc. Amgen Inc. Mastereard Inc. Sweebank AB Eaton Corp. Firth Third Bank Manuf & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth Bk Austr NY Hyundai Gaptial America Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola Co/The Mcdonald S Corp. Ryder System Inc. American Intl Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC JPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond Finna Pool AL7191 Finna Pool AL7191 Finna Pool AL7671 Finna Pool AL7015 Finna Pool AL7015 Finna Pool AL7015		"	•	\$SO	266	N/A	\$SO	266	
Part	AIG Global Funding HSBC USA Inc. Time Warner Inc. Eaton Corp. Lockheed Martin Corp. Schlumberger Hldgs Corp. Marsh & Mcleman Cos Inc. Coming Inc. Amgen Inc. Masterard Inc. Masterard Inc. Swedbank AB Eaton Corp. Fifth Third Bank Manuf & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth Bk Austr NY Hyundai Capital America Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola Co/The Mcondal & Corp. Ryder Systen Inc. American Ind Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancopp Rolls Royce PLC JPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond Finna Pool AL7191 Finna Pool AL7671 Finna Pool AL7671 Finna Pool AL7671 Finna Pool AL7611 Finna Pool AL7611 Finna Pool AL7611 Finna Pool AL7611		"	•	\$SO	966	N/A	\$SO	966	
Cohe hic.	HSBC USA Inc. Time Warner Inc. Eaton Corp. Schlumberger Hidge Corp. Marsh & Mcleman Cos Inc. Coming Inc. Amgen Inc. Masstercard Inc. Swedbank AB Eaton Corp. Fifth Third Bank Mannf & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth Bk Austr NY Hyundai Capital America Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola Co/The Mcoond S Corp. Ryder System Inc. American Ind Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC JPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Finna Pool AL7191 Finna Pool AL7671 Finna Pool AL7611		"	•	\$SO	995	N/A	\$SO	966	
THE CO. CO. CO. CO. CO. CO. CO. CO.	Time Warner Inc. Eaton Corp. 1BM Corp. Schlumberger Hldgs Corp. Marsh & Mcleman Cos Inc. Coming Inc. Amgen Inc. Sweebank AB Eaton Corp. Fith Third Bank Manuf & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth Bk Austr NY Hyundai Captial America Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola Co/The Mcdonald SCorp. Ryder System Inc. American Intl Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC IPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Finma Pool AL7191 Finma Pool AL7191 Finma Pool AL7671 Finma Pool AU3015		#	•	\$SO	995	N/A	\$SO	995	
Cos Inc. Cos In	Eaton Corp. IBM Corp. Lockheed Martin Corp. Schlumberger Hldgs Corp. Marsh & Mcleman Cos Inc. Coming Inc. Amgen Inc. Swedbank AB Eaton Corp. Fith Third Bank Manuf & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth Bk Austr NY Hyundai Capital America Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola Co/The Mcdonald S Corp. Ryder System Inc. American Ind Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC IPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond Finna Pool AL7191 Finna Pool AL7671 Finna Pool AL7611		"	•	\$SO	994	N/A	\$SO	994	
Control Cont	Lockheed Martin Corp. Schlumberger Hldgs Corp. Marsh & Meleman Cos Inc. Corning Inc. Angen Inc. Masterard Inc. Swedbank AB Eaton Corp. Fifth Third Bank Mandar & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth Bk Austr NY Hyundai Capital America Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola Co/The Mcoand S Corp. Ryder Systen Inc. American Ind Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC JPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond Finna Pool AL7191 Finna Pool AL7671 Finna Pool AL7671 Finna Pool AL7671 Finna Pool AL7671 Finna Pool AL7611 Finna Pool AL7611 Finna Pool AL7611	•	"	•	\$SO	994	N/A	\$SO	994	
Cos Inc. Cos In	Lockheed Martin Corp. Schlimbreger Hidgs Corp. Marsh & Mcleman Cos Inc. Coming Inc. Mastereard Inc. Swedbank AB Eaton Corp. Fifth Third Bank Mannt & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth Bk Austr NY Hyundai Capital America Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola Co/The Mcdond & SCorp. Ryder Systen Inc. American Ind Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC JPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond Finna Pool AL7191 Finna Pool AL7671 Finna Pool AL7671 Finna Pool AL7611		#	•	\$SO	993	N/A	\$SO	993	
Copp	Schlumberger Hidgs Corp. Marsh & Mclennan Cos Inc. Coming Inc. Angen Inc. Sweebank AB Eaton Corp. Fith Third Bank Manuf & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth Bk Austr NY Hyundai Captial America Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola Co/The Mcdonald SCorp. Ryder System Inc. American Intl Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC JPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond Finna Pool AL7191 Finna Pool AL701 Finna Pool AL701 Finna Pool AL701 Finna Pool AL7015	•	"	•	\$SO	993	N/A	\$SO	993	
Cost Dec.	Marsh & Meleman Cos Inc. Coming Inc. Amgen Inc. Sweebank AB Eston Cop. Fith Third Bank Manuf & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth Bk Austr NY Hyundai Capital America Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola Co/The Mcdonald S Corp. Ryden's System Inc. American Ind Group Duke Energy Corp. Ryder System Inc. American Ind Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC IPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond Finan Pool AL7191 Finan Pool AL701		"	•	\$SO	993	N/A	\$SO	993	
1.05 2.05	Coming Inc. Mager and Inc. Swedbank AB Eaton Corp. Fifth Third Bank Manuf & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth Bk Austr NY Hyundai Capital America Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola Co/The Mcdonald Sorp. Ryder System Inc. American Intl Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC JPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond Finna Pool AL7191 Finna Pool AL7671		"	•	\$SO	924	N/A	\$SO	924	
1.00 1.00	Amgen Inc. Mastereard Inc. Swedbank AB Eaton Corp. Fifth Third Bank Manair & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth Bk Austr NY Hyundair Capital America Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola Co/The Mcdonald S Corp. Ryder Systen Inc. American Intl Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC JPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond US Treasury N/B Finna Pool AL791 Finna Pool AL791 Finna Pool AL791 Finna Pool AL791 Finna Pool AL91591		"		SSO	688	N/A	SSO.	688	
1	Mastereard Inc. Sweedbank AB Eaton Cop. Fifth Third Bank Manuf & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth Bk Austr NY Hyundai Capital America Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola Co/The Mcdond 8 Coop. Ryder System Inc. American Ind Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancopp Rolls Royce PLC JPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond Finna Pool AL7191 Finna Pool AL7671		"	•	SSO.	865	Y /Y	ns\$	865	
Lust Co. Lust C	Sweedbank AB Eaton Corp. Fifth Third Bank Manuf & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth Bk Austr NY Hyundai Captial America Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola Co/The Medonald S Corp. Ryder System Inc. American Intl Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC IPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond Finna Pool AL7191 Finna Pool AL7671		"	•	SSO	853	V/A	SSO .	853	
Nation N	Fifth Third Bank Manuf & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth Bk Austr NV Hyundri Gaptial America Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola CoThe Mcdonald S Corp. Ryder System Inc. American Ind Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC JPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond Finna Pool AL7191 Finna Pool AL7191 Finna Pool AL7671		11	•	SSO I	840	V /V	SSO I	840	
Nation N	Fruit infu Dam Manuf & Traders Trust Co. Commonwealth Bk Austr NY Hyundai Capital America Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola Co/The Mcdonald S Corp. Ryder System Inc. American Inf Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC JPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond Finna Pool AL7191 Finna Pool AL7671 Finna Pool AL7671 Finna Pool AL7671 Finna Pool AL7671 Finna Pool AL9135	•	# :	•	\$50	83/	V X	\$20	83/	
Abart V. C.	Commonwealth BK Austr NY Hyundai Capital America Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola Co'The Mcdonda S Corp. Ryder System Inc. American Intl Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC JP Morgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond Finna Pool AL7191 Finna Pool AL7791 Finna Pool AL7791 Finna Pool AL7671		" "	•	951	277	K/N	951	777	
Co.	Hyundai Capital America Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola Co'The Medonald S Corp. Ryder System Inc. American Intl Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancop Rolls Royce PLC JPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond Finna Pool AL7191 Finna Pool AL7191 Finna Pool AL7671				\$S11	545	V V	\$S11	545	
Co.	Andrea Capture Andreas Bayer Us Finance Llc. Coca Cola Co/The Medonald S Corp. Rydeonald S Corp. Rydeonald S Corp. Ryde Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC JPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond Finan Pool AL/191 Finan Pool AL/191 Finan Pool AL/301 Finan Pool AL/301 Finan Pool AL/301 Finan Pool AL/3015 Finan Pool AL/3015 Finan Pool AL/3015				3511	819	V/N	351	218	
Part	Coca Cola Co/The Medonald S Corp. Ryder System Inc. American Ind Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC JP Rolls Royce PLC JP Rolls Royce ALC JP Rolls Royce ALC JP Rolls Royce ALC JP Rolls Royce ALZ Finna Pool ALZ 191 Finna Pool ALZ 191 Finna Pool ALZ 104 Finna Pool ALZ 104 Finna Pool ALZ 104 Finna Pool ALZ 104 Finna Pool ALZ 101 Finna Pool ALZ 10104		: =		\$S1	009	K A/N	\$S1	009	
Parameter Para	Medonald S Corp. Ryder System Inc. American Intl Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC JP Morgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond US Treasury N/B Finna Pool AL7191 Finna Pool AL7671 Finna Pool AL9037 Finna Pool AD4037 Finna Pool AV3015	•		•	\$SO	588	Z Z	SSO	288	
Parameter Para	Ryder System Inc. American Intl Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royee PLC JPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond Inma Pool AL7191 Funa Pool AL7671 Funa Pool AL9037 Funa Pool AJ0164 Funa Pool AV3015	•	"	•	nss	547	N/A	NSS	547	
Parameter Para	American Intl Group Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC JP Morgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond Finna Pool AL7191 Finna Pool AL7191 Finna Pool AL7671 Finna Pool AL9137 Finna Pool AL9137 Finna Pool AL9137		"	•	\$SO	503	N/A	\$SO	503	
Co. Co. Available-for-sale financial assets - USS 425 N/A USS USS USS USS USS USS USS USS USS US	Duke Energy Corp. US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC JPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond Fuma Pool AL7191 Fuma Pool AL701 Fuma Pool AD4037 Fuma Pool AU0437 Fuma Pool AV3015		"	•	\$SO	495	N/A	\$SO	495	
Co. Co. Held-to-maturity financial assets - USS 220 N/A USS 10.798	US Bancorp Rolls Royce PLC JPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond Fuma Pool AL7191 Fuma Pool AL7191 Fuma Pool AL91771 Fuma Pool AU37 Fuma Pool AV3015 Fuma Pool AV3015		11	•	\$SO	425	N/A	\$SO	425	
Co. Co. Held-to-maturity financial assets - USS 10,798 N/A USS 10,798 N/A USS - USS 10,798 N/A U	Rolls Royce PLC JPMorgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond Fruma Pool AL7191 Fruma Pool AL7671 Fruma Pool AL4037 Fruma Pool AD4037 Fruma Pool AD4037 Fruma Pool AV3015		"	•	\$SO	262	N/A	\$SO	262	
Held-to-maturity financial assets	JP Morgan Chase & Co. Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond Fruma Pool AL7191 Fruma Pool AL7671 Fruma Pool AD4037 Fruma Pool AD4037 Fruma Pool AV3015			•	SSO	220	V/A	ns\$	220	
Available-for-sale financial assets - USS 26,702 N/A USS Available-for-sale financial assets - USS 5,864 N/A USS - USS 5,003 N/A USS - USS 4,220 N/A USS - USS 4,220 N/A USS - USS 4,064 N	Government bond US Treasury N/B Agency bond Frma Pool AL7191 Frma Pool AL7671 Frma Pool AD4037 Frma Pool AD4037 Frma Pool AV3015	•	Held-to-maturity financial assets	•	\$\$O	10,798	N/A	\$20	10,772	
Available-for-sale financial assets - USS 5,864 N/A USS - USS 5,003 N/A USS - USS 5,003 N/A USS - USS 4,228 N/A USS - USS 4,231 N/A USS - USS 4,004 N/A USS - USS 3,964 N/A USS - USS 1,004 N/A USS	<u>Agency bond</u> Fuma Pool AL.7191 Fuma Pool AL.7671 Fuma Pool AD4037 Fuma Pool AD10104 Fuma Pool AV3015		Available-for-sale financial assets	'	\$SO	26,702	N/A	NS\$	26,702	
Available-for-sale financial assets - USS 5,864 N/A USS - USS - OSS N/A USS N/A USS - OSS N/A USS - OSS N/A USS N/A USS - OSS N/A USS N/A USS - OSS N/A USS	Fund Pool AL/191 Fund Pool AL/791 Fund Pool AL/671 Fund Pool Al/0437 Fund Pool Al/0437 Fund Pool Al/0404									
- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Finna Pool AL7671 Finna Pool AD4037 Finna Pool 310104 Finna Pool AV3015		Available-for-sale financial assets	•	SSO	5,864	N/A	SSO .	5,864	
- 1 0.85 4,928 N/A USS - 1 0.85 4,220 N/A USS - 1 0.85 4,031 N/A USS	Finna Pool AD4037 Finna Pool 310104 Finna Pool AV3015		"	'	\$SO	5,003	N/A	\$SO	5,003	
	Fmma Pool 310104 Fmma Pool AV3015		"	•	\$SO	4,928	N/A	\$SO	4,928	
- " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	Fnma Pool AV3015		"		SSO	4,220	N/A	SSO.	4,220	
			*	•	\$SO	4,064	V/A	SSO	4,064	
	Fnma Pool AS3460		"	•	SSO	4,031	Α/Χ :	SSO.	4,031	
	Fnma 1ba 15 Yr 2.5		#	•	SSO	3,964	N/A	SSO	3,964	

Figure Mitchelbk securin Np and Name Right make the the company Accordance	Particular Par	Actain but by with the Company Financial Statement Account Clin Throspands Clin Throspands Chrysolog Chrysolog Chr							December 31, 2015	1, 2015			
Figure 1969 1963351	Franch to MSST31 Franch to M	Figure 10 both MSCST Figure 20 both MSCST	Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Name	Relationship with the Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Carryin (Foreign C in Thou	g Value Jurrencies Isands)	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair (Foreign (in Tho	Value Currencies usands)	Note
1983 3,140	1883 3,340 1884 3,440 1885 3,440 188	Held-te-munity financial assets 1988 1989 1		na Pool AS6275		Available-for-sale financial assets	•	\$SD	3,952	N/A	NS\$	3,952	
1985 2361 2465	Held-contactly financial stocks 1985 2095 1987 1985 1	1982 1984 1985 1984 1985	FILE	na Foot Artsots Hm I n Pc Pool 132520				820	3 107	∀	\$S11	3.107	
1.00 2.98 NA	1.00 1.00	1,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,0	Fhli	mc Tba 30 Yr 5.5	,		•	\$SO	3,034	V/N	\$SO	3,034	
188 2458 NAA	1.05 2.958 NAA O.058	1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	Fan	nie Mae		"	•	\$SO	2,988	N/A	\$SO	2,988	
188	187 2-457 NAA USS US	## (188 2-47] ## (188 2-47] ## (188 2-47) ## (188 2-47) ## (188 2-47) ## (188 2-47) ## (188 2-47) ## (188 2-47) ## (188 2-47) ## (188 2-47) ## (188 1-984) ## (188 1-984) ## (188 1-984) ## (188 1-984) ## (188 2-47) ## (188 1-984) ## (188 2-47) #	Fnn	na Pool 725423		"	•	\$SO	2,958	N/A	SSO	2,958	
1982 2.346 NA	1982 2.346 NAA O.88	1.5 2.465	Fms	na Pool 995024		"	•	SSO	2,471	N/A	SSO	2,471	
1,000, 1,000,	1,000, 1,000,	1,000 1,00	Fed	I Hm Ln Pc Pool 849787		"	•	SSO.	2,465	V/A	SSO	2,465	
Held-to-maturity financial areets 155 m NA 155 m	Color	1.00	Fin	na Pool AL6818		# :	•	SSO SE	2,296	N/A	CSS	2,296	
1975 1975	1982 2023 1984 1985	10.85 2.0.70	Fni	na Pool AL 7485		" "	1	\$20	2,118	N/A	\$20	2,118	
1.55 1.564 N/A 1.55	1981 1981	1981 1981	FIII	na Pool AL/421				820	2,030	K/N	1156	2,030	
1,000 1,00	1982 1990 N/A	1,000	FIII.	na root Aroirs				3511	1 984	V/N	351	1 984	
1.55 1.688 N/A 1.685	Held-to-mannity finnedia assets Available for-sale francia assets Available for-sale	Held-to-maturity financial assets (1988 1994)	Tu'll	unic mac				3311	1,784	V/N	351	1,284	
February francial assets	Held-to-maturity franceial assets	Held-to-maturity financial assets 1985 1,266	FILL	na root 020.234	1		•	9511	1,930	V/N	1166	1,930	
Held-to-murrity financial assets	Page 1, 25	Held-to-maturity financial assets	r III.	na F001 930289	1			9511	1,000	Y/N	1166	1,000	
Held-to-maturity financial assets	Held-to-matrity financial assets	Held-to-maturity financial assets	Find	and Four Codit Don't		" "		921	1,334	N/A	951	1,334	
1,240 NA 1,050 1,240 NA 1,050 1,240 NA 1,050 1,240 NA 1,050	1,240	1,240 1,24	Fed	leral Farm Credit Bank		"	•	200	1,246	N/A	\$20	1,246	
1994 NA 1995 1994 NA 1995	1994 1994 1994 1995	1.05 1.094	Fed	Hm Ln Pc Pool 849872		"		SSO I	1,240	V/A	SSO	1,240	
1.05 787 NAA 1.05	1.05 2.57 1.05	Held-te-maturity financial assets USS S81	Fnn	na Pool AX5630		"	•	SSO	1,094	N/A	SSO	1,094	
1.85 777 NA 1.85 1.8	Held-to-maurity financial assets	1.05	Fed	I Hm Ln Pc Pool J32972		"	•	\$SO	851	N/A	\$SO	851	
Held-to-maturity financial assets	1.05 674 N/A 1.05	Held-to-maturity financial assets USS 674	Fed	Hm Ln Pc Pool V60841		"	,	\$SO	787	N/A	SSO	787	
Held-to-maturity financial assets Available-for-sale financial assets Available-for	Held-to-maturity financial assets	Held-to-maturity financial assets	Fan	nie Mae		"		SSO OS	674	N/A	NS\$	674	
Held-to-maturity financial assets	Held-to-maturity financial assets	Held-to-maturity financial assets 188 644	Exp	oort Developmnt Canada			'	SSO	647	A/N	SSO	647	
Held-to-maturity financial assets	Held-to-maturity financial assets	Held-to-maturity financial assets	Fun	na Pool AI 6302		: "	•	SSII	644	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	SSII	544	
Held-to-maturity financial assets	Held-to-maturity financial assets	Held-to-maturity financial assets	Fad	Hm I m Bo Bool 122012				3511	360	N/A	3511	300	
Held-to-maturity financial assets	Held-to-maturity financial assets	Held-to-maturity financial assets	red - r	THILLIP F F 1001051		"	•	600	390	A/V	600	390	
Held-to-maturity financial assets	Held-to-maturity financial assets Available-for-sale financial assets Available-for	Held-to-maturity financial assets	Fed	1 Hm Ln Pc Pool C91834	•	"	•	CSS CISS	138	N/A	SSO .	138	
Held-to-maturity financial assets	Held-to-maturity financial assets	Held-to-maturity financial assets	Fnn	na Pool 995018		"	•	SSO	8 4	N/A	\$\$ 	8 4	
Held-to-maturity financial assets	Held-to-maturity financial assets	Held-to-maturity financial assets	Fed	Hm Ln Pc Pool 849506		"	•	SSO	84	N/A	SS _O	84	
Held-to-maturity financial assets	Held-to-maturity financial assets	Held-to-maturity financial assets - USS 50,000 - USS 50,000 - USS 50,000 - USS 15,507 - USS 15,507 - USS 12,126 - USS 12,126 - USS 14,433 - USS 3,903 - USS 3,001 - USS 3,001 - USS 2,004 - USS 2,004 - USS 1,997	Fed	Hm Ln Pc Pool C91845		"	•	\$SO	27	N/A	SSO	27	
Held-to-maturity financial assets - USS 50,000 N/A USS - USS 50,000 N/A USS - USS 12,000 N/A USS - USS 12,126 N/A USS - USS 12,97 N/A USS - USS 12,97 N/A USS - USS 12,97 N/A USS	Held-to-maturity financial assets - USS 50,000 N/A USS - USS 50,000 N/A USS - USS 12,126 N/A USS - USS 12,	Held-to-maturity financial assets	Fnn	na Pool 745516		"		\$SO	56	N/A	\$SO	56	
Held-to-maturity financial assets	Held-to-maturity financial assets	Held-to-maturity financial assets - Held-to-maturity financial assets - USS 50,000 - USS 50,000 - USS 50,000 - USS 15,507 - USS 15,507 - USS 8,961 - USS 3,993 - USS 3,993 - USS 3,993 - USS 2,074 - USS 1,994 - USS 1,994 - USS 1,986	;										
- Held-to-maturity Innancial assets - USS 50,000 N/A USS 1,000 N/A USS 1	Available-for-sale financial assets 1	Held-to-maturity infancial assets 105,000 - Available-for-sale financial assets 10,000 - Available-for-sale	Nex	gotiable certificate of deposit		8		-	000		901	0	
Available-for-sale financial assets - USS 50,000 N/A USS - USS 15,507 N/A USS - USS 12,126 N/A USS - USS 8,961 N/A USS - USS 8,941 N/A USS - USS 8,941 N/A USS - USS 8,942 N/A USS - USS 8,943 N/A USS - USS 8,944 N/A USS - USS 2,074 N/A USS - USS 1,997 N/A USS - USS 1,997 N/A USS - USS 1,997 N/A USS - USS 1,994 N/A USS - USS 1,997 N/A USS - USS 1,994 N/A USS - USS 1,994 N/A USS - USS 1,994 N/A USS - USS 1,995 N/A USS - USS 1,995 N/A USS - USS 1,996 N/A USS - USS 1,996 N/A USS - USS 1,996 N/A USS	Available-for-sale financial assets	Available-for-sale financial assets	Chi	na Development Bank		Held-to-maturity financial assets		SSO	20,000	V/A	SSO	50,206	
Available-for-sale financial assets - USS 15,507 N/A USS - USS 9,756 N/A USS - USS 8,961 N/A USS - USS 8,961 N/A USS - USS 8,962 N/A USS - USS 3,993 N/A USS - USS 3,993 N/A USS - USS 3,994 N/A USS - USS 2,074 N/A USS - USS 1,994 N/A USS - USS 1,995 N/A USS - USS 1,992 N/A USS	Available-for-sale financial assets - USS 15,507 N/A USS 1,000 N/A USS	Available-for-sale financial assets	Dal	IN OI CHILIA	•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	'	660	50,000	N/A	951	50,002	
Available-for-sale financial assets	Available-for-sale financial assets - USS 15.507 N/A USS 1.507 N/A USS	Available-for-sale financial assets	3	na Consulction Dailn	1		•	900	20,000	W/NI	20	200,005	
- Available-for-sale financial assets	Available-for-sale financial assets - LOSS 15,507 N/A USS 1 USS 1,126 N/A USS 1 USS 1 USS 1,126 N/A USS 1 USS 1,126 N/A USS 1 USS 1,126 N/A U	Available-for-sale financial assets . USS 15,507 . USS 15,507 . USS 15,126 . USS 15	Cor	porate issued asset-backed securities									
1.00	1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	1,126 1,13	Cha	ase Issuance Trust		Available-for-sale financial assets	•	\$SO	15,507	N/A	SSO	15,507	
1.05 9,756 N/A USS U	- 1	1	Dis	cover Card Execution Note Trust		"	•	\$SO	12,126	N/A	\$SO	12,126	
1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05	1	1	Citi	bank Credit Card Issuance Trust	•	"	•	\$SO	9,756	N/A	\$SO	9,756	
1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1	Cap	oital One Multi Asset Execution Trust		"	•	\$SO	8,961	N/A	\$SO	8,961	
1	- 1	1	For	d Credit Floorplan Master Owner Trust		"	'	\$SO	5,922	N/A	\$SO	5,922	
1.00 1.00	1	1	Ban	nk Of America Credit Card Trust		"		SSO	4,433	N/A	SSO	4,433	
- 1	- 1	1	Am	erican Express Credit Account Master Trust		"	,	\$SO	3,993	N/A	SSO	3,993	
1	- 1	1	Meı	rcedes Benz Master Owner Trust		"	•	\$SO	3,984	N/A	SSO	3,984	
- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- 1	. USS 2,078 . USS 2,078 . USS 2,074 . USS 2,074 . USS 2,001 . USS 2,000 . USS 1,997 . USS 1,997 . USS 1,996 . USS 1,996	Mei	rcedes Benz Auto Lease Trust	•	"		SSO	3,001	N/A	SSO	3,001	
- 1	- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	. USS 2,074 . USS 2,074 . USS 2,001 . USS 2,001 . USS 2,001 . USS 1,997 . USS 1,994 . USS 1,986	For	d Credit Auto Lease Trust	•	"		SSN	2.078	N/A	SSO.	2,078	
- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- USS 2,001 N/A USS 2,000 N/A	. USS 2,001 . USS 2,001 . USS 2,000 . USS 1,997 . USS 1,994 . USS 1,994 . USS 1,986	Tov	vota Auto Receivables Owner Trust	1	"		SSO	2,074	N/A	SSO	2.074	
- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- USS 2,000 N/A	. USS 2,000 . USS 1,997 . USS 1,994 . USS 1,994 . USS 1,995 . USS 1,995	.SI.Z	san Auto Lease Trust	•	"	•	SSII	2.001	Y/Z	SSII	2.001	
	. USS 1,994 N/A USS	. USS 1,997	A M	arican Evarage Cradit Account Master Trust	,	: "		3511	2000	V/N	3511	2000	
			Am	terican Express Credit Account Master Trust			1	3511	1 907	V/N	9511	1 997	
	- USS 1,994 N/A USS 1,992 N/A USS - USS 1,986 N/A USS - USS USS - USS 1,986 N/A USS - USS USS - USS USS - USS USS - USS USS	. USS 1,992	All	refleating Express Credit Account Master 110st		"	•	907	1,997	W.A	600	1,997	
. USS 1,992 N/A USS 5 Owner Trust . USS 1,986 N/A USS USS 1,986 N/A USS USS USS USS USS USS USS USS USS US	S Owner Trust - USS 1,992 N/A USS	. USS 1,992 USS 1,992 USS 1,986 USS 1,986	E CE	ysler Capital Auto Receivables Trust	•	"		SSO	1,994	N/A	CSS C	1,994	
. US\$ 1,986 N/A US\$	- USS 1,986 N/A USS	. " . USS 1,986	Usa	a Auto Owner Trust		"	•	SSO	1,992	N/A	\$SO	1,992	
			Nis	san Auto Receivables Owner Trust	•	"	•	\$SO	1,986	N/A	\$SO	1,986	

				i		December 51, 2015			
Marketable Securities Type and Name	Relationship with the Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Carryin (Foreign C in Thor	Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Value Jurrencies Isands)	Note
Carmax Auto Owner Trust Erred Credit Auto Owner Trust		Available-for-sale financial assets		\$SO	1,985	N/A	\$SO	1,985	
Golden Credit Card Trust				SSO	1,794	N/A	SSO	1,797	
Mercedes Benz Auto Receivables Trust		"	•	\$SO	1,691	N/A	SSO	1,691	
Honda Auto Receivables Owner Trust		"	•	\$SO	1,686	N/A	SSO	1,686	
Hyundai Auto Receivables Trust	1	"	'	\$20	866	V/A	SSO	866	
Nissan Auto Lease Trust Hynndai Auto Lease Securitizat Trust				SSI	551	K K	eso 11SS	551	
Bmw Floorplan Master Owner Trust	•	"	'	\$SO	434	N/A	\$SO	434	
Fun <u>d</u> Primavera Capital Fund II L.P.	,	Financial assets carried at cost	,	\$SO	12,017	\$	\$SO	12,017	
Common stock Accton Wireless Broadband Corp.	,	Financial assets carried at cost	2,249	NS\$	315	9	\$SO	315	
Preferred stock BridgeLux, Inc. GTBF, Inc.		Financial assets carried at cost	7,522 1,154 1,600	SSO SSO SSO	5,177 1,500 800	3 N/A 11	US\$ US\$ US\$	5,177 1,500 800	
Neoconix, Inc.		"	4,147	\$SO	170		SSO	170	
Common stock RichWave Technology Corp. Sentelic Aether Systems, Inc.		Available-for-sale financial assets Financial assets carried at cost	1,267 1,806 3,100	\$SO NSS US\$	3,194 2,607 2,429	3 8 30	\$SO OSS OSS	3,194 2,607 2,429	
Preferred stock Aquantia SV Technologies, Inc. Impini, Inc. QST Holdings, LLC Cresta Technology Corporation		Financial assets carried at cost " " " "	4,643 963 711 92	USS USS USS USS	4,441 2,168 1,100 588 28	2 - 2 - 13	0.88 0.88 0.88 0.88 0.88	4,441 2,168 1,100 588 28	
Common stock RichWave Technology Corp. Global Investment Holding Inc.		Available-for-sale financial assets Financial assets carried at cost	4,034 11,124	\$SO OS\$	10,167	ο o	\$SO OS\$	10,167	
Preferred stock QST Holdings, LLC		Financial assets carried at cost	1	\$SO	141	4	\$SO	141	
Preferred stock Sonics, Inc.	,	Financial assets carried at cost	230		1	ĸ		1	
Common stock Alchip Technologies Limited Goyatek Technology, Corp. Sonics, Inc.		Available-for-sale financial assets Financial assets carried at cost "	6,581 745 278	NS\$	6,842	11 9 4	NS\$	6,842	
Preferred stock Sonics, Inc.	,	Financial assets carried at cost	264		ı	4		1	

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries

MARKETABLE SECURITIES ACQUIRED AND DISPOSED OF AT COSTS OR PRICES OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,2015 (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

	M1-4-11-6	1		3	Beginning Balance	Balance	Acquisition	sition		Disposal	osal		Ending Balance (Note 1)	ınce (Note	91)
Company Name		Account	Counter-party	Relationship	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Amount	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Amount	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Amount	Carrying Value	Gain/Loss on Disposal	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Amount	unt
TSMC	Bank debentures HSBC Bank (Taiwan) Limited	Held-to-maturity financial assets		,	,	·	1	\$ 3,316,906		· ·	<i>⇔</i>			8 3,3	3,305,475
	Corporate bond CPC Corporation, Taiwan	Held-to-maturity financial			ı	•	•	1,771,413	•	225,000	225,000	,	'	1,5	1,543,723
	Taiwan Power Company Hon Hai Precision Ind Co. 11d	// // // // // // // // // // // // //						1,209,903				' '	' '	1,2	1,207,601
	Formosa Petrochemical							301,625				' '	' '	3, 6	301,097
	Formosa Plastics Corporation	N.				1	,	351,464	1	175,000	175,000	'	'	_	175,742
	Structure deposit Hua Nan Commercial Bank	Held-to-maturity financial				1	1	2,000,000		1		'	'	2,0	2,000,000
	Cathay United Bank	assets "				1	•	1,000,000	•	•		'	'	1,0	1,000,000
	Commercial paper Taiwan Power Company	Held-to-maturity financial			220	2,192,014	1,080	10,768,924	1,300	13,000,000	12,960,938	39,062	'		1
	CPC Corporation, Taiwan	assets "			230	2,293,579	100	662,766	330	3,300,000	3,291,378	8,622	'		'
	Stock TSMC SSL	Noncurrent assets held for	EPISTAR	Subsidary	554,674	669,472	1	1	554,674	782,701	669,472	113,229	'		1
	TSMC Global	Investments accounted for		Subsidary	3	132,330,833	2	64,640,368	1	(Note 2)		'	5	203,4	203,425,723
	VIS Chi Chemg	using equity method "	Public Market OVT	Associate Subsidary	546,223	10,105,485	36,600	394,674	82,000	3,871,910	1,608,371	2,263,539	464,223 36,600	8,8 3	8,446,054 394,364
TSMC Partner	<u>Stock</u> VisEra Holding	Investments accounted for	DVT	Subsidary	43,000	US\$ 103,653	43,000	US\$ 108,204	•	•		,	86,000	US\$ 2	213,347
	Tela Innovations	using equity method Financial assets carried at cost			•	1	13,919	US\$ 65,000	1	•		'	13,919	\$SO	65,000
TSMC Global	Corporate bond JPMorgan Chase & Co.	Held-to-maturity financial assets			,	1	1	US\$ 11,002	1	1		1	,	\$SO	10,798
	Government bond US Treasury N/B	Available-for-sale financial assets	1		ı		T.	US\$ 51,037	1	US\$ 24,113	US\$ 24,194	US\$ (81)	ı	NS%	26,702

					Beginning Balance	Balance	Acquisition	sition		Dis	Disposal		Ending Balance (Note 1)	nce (Note	(1)
Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Name	Financial Statement Account	Counter-party	Nature of Relationship	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Amount	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Amount	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Amount	Carrying Value	Gain/Loss on Disposal	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Amount	unt
TSMC Global	leposits	I i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i				6				6	6	6			000
	China Development Bank	neid-to-maturity innancial			1	-	•	000,00	'	•	•	-	•	220	000,000
	Bank of China	"	,	,	•	•	•	US\$ 50,000	1	1	,	•	•	\$SO	50,000
	China Construction Bank	"		1	1	1	•	US\$ 50,000	1	1	1	•	•	\$SO	50,000
	Corporate issued asset-backed														
	Securities Chase Issuance Trust	Available-for-sale financial				•	1	US\$ 16,048	•	US\$ 497	US\$ 497	•		\$SO	15,507
	Discover Card Execution Note	assets "				•	•	US\$ 12,142	1	•	•	•		\$SO	12,126
	Litust Citibank Credit Card Issuance Trust	"	1	,	1	ı	1	0.5778 US\$	•	•	•	1	1	\$SO	9,756
		Available-for-sale financial assets			20,993	US\$2,284,919	•	•	20,993	US\$1,780,940	US\$1,085,474 US\$ 695,466	US\$ 695,466	1		'
	Fund Primavera Capital Fund II L.P.	Financial assets carried at cost		1			1	US\$ 12,017	•			•	1	\$SO	12,017
TSMC Solar	<u>Stock</u> Motech	Investments accounted for using equity method	Public Market	Associate	87,480	3,408,945	1	ı	29,160	1,209,114	1,006,730	202,384	Note 3	Note 3	8

Note 1: The ending balance includes the amortization of premium/discount on bonds investments, share of profits/losses of investees and other related adjustment.

Note 2: The amount of disposal is the selling price less associated expenditure.

Note 3: TSMC Solar was merged into TSMC on December 14, 2015. After the incorporation, Motech's shares previously owned by TSMC Solar were directly held by TSMC.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries

ACQUISITION OF INDIVIDUAL REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES AT COSTS OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

	Other Terms	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
	Purpose of Acquisition	Manufacturing purpose	Manufacturing purpose	Manufacturing purpose	Manufacturing purpose	Manufacturing purpose	Manufacturing purpose	Manufacturing purpose
	Price Reference	Bidding, price comparison and price	negotiation Bidding, price comparison and price	negotiation Bidding, price comparison and price	negotiation Bidding, price comparison and price	negotiation Bidding, price comparison and price	negotiation Bidding, price comparison and price	negotiation Bidding, price comparison and price negotiation
party	Amount	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
elated Counter-	Relationships Transfer Date	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Prior Transaction of Related Counter-party	Relationships	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Prior	Owner	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Nature of Relationships	1	1	ı	ı	1	1	ı
	Counter-party	DA CIN Construction Co., Ltd.	Fu Tsu Construction Co., Ltd.	MandarTech Interiors Inc.	China Steel Structure Co., Ltd.	Kedge Construction Co., Ltd.	Lead Fu Industrials Corp.	Chun Yuan Steel Industry Co., Ltd.
	Payment Term	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and	acceptance Monthly settlement by the construction progress and	nent by ion	nent by ion	nent by ion	nent by ion	nent by
Transaction	Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	\$ 3,222,693	3,245,091	323,819	1,371,031	1,327,000	349,823	870,000
	Transaction Date	July 09, 2014 to July 06, \$ 3,222,693 Monthly settlement by the construction progress and	August 13, 2014 to July 15, 2015	September 26, 2014 to July 17, 2015	November 03, 2014 to June 18, 2015	October 02, 2015 to October 05, 2015	November 20, 2015 to November 23, 2015	December 10, 2015 to December 11, 2015
	Types of Property	Fab J	Fab J	Fab S	Fab D	Fab	Fab I	Fab I
	Company Types of Name Property	TSMC						

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries

TOTAL PURCHASES FROM OR SALES TO RELATED PARTIES OF AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015
(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

					Transac	Transaction Details	tails	Abnorm	Abnormal Transaction	Notes/Accounts Payable or Receivable	able or	
Company Name	Related Party	Nature of Relationships	Purchases/ Sales	A (Foreig in T	Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	% to Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Unit Price Payment Terms (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	% to Total	Note
TSMC	TSMC North America	Subsidiary	Sales	\$	564,715,542	99	Net 30 days from invoice date	-	Note	\$ 56,728,022	89	
	GUC	Associate	Sales		3,252,282	1	Net 30 days from the end of the			483,576	-	
	TSMC China	Subsidiary	Purchases		22,459,951	31	Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	1	ı	(1,541,231)	∞	
	WaferTech	Indirect subsidiary	Purchases		8,611,590	12	Net 30 days from the end of the	1	ı	(683,473)	3	
	VIS	Associate	Purchases		7,148,777	10	Net 30 days from the end of the			(532,097)	8	
	SSMC	Associate	Purchases		3,977,638	9	Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	1		(301,108)	-	
TSMC North America	GUC	Associate of TSMC	Sales	(US\$	894,408 28,197)	1	Net 30 days from invoice date			20,735 (US\$ 630)	ı	
TSMC Solar	TSMC Solar Europe GmbH Subsidiary	Subsidiary	Sales		436,074	61	Net 90 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	1	ı	ı	1	

Note: The tenor is 30 days from TSMC's invoice date or determined by the payment terms granted to its clients by TSMC North America.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries

RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL December 31, 2015

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

						Overdue		
Company Name	Related Party	Nature of Relationships	Ending Balance (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Turnover Days (Note 1)	Amount	Action Taken	Amounts Received in Subsequent Period	Allowance for Bad Debts
TSMC	TSMC North America GUC	Subsidiary Associate	\$ 57,057,694 483,576	47	\$ 5,268,560 201,377		\$ 13,076,307 209,847	· · ·
TSMC China	TSMC	Parent company	1,541,231 (RMB 304,245)	29	1		1	1
TSMC Technology TSMC	TSMC	Parent company	227,511 (US\$ 6,916)	Note 2	ı		ı	1
WaferTech	TSMC	Parent company	(US\$ 20,777)	29	1	-	1	1

Note 1: The calculation of turnover days excludes other receivables from related parties.

Note 2: The ending balance is primarily consisted of other receivables, which is not applicable for the calculation of turnover days.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries

INTERCOMPANY RELATIONSHIPS AND SIGNIFICANT INTERCOMPANY TRANSACTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Percentage of Consolidated Net Revenue or Total Assets 3% Terms (Note 2) 405,608 22,459,951 120,715 1,541,231 227,661 1,783,414 227,511 8,611,590 Intercompany Transactions 121,743 564,715,542 329,672 230,499 436,074 56,728,022 683,473 Amount Financial Statements Item Disposal of property, plant and equipment Other receivables from related parties Research and development expenses Payables to related parties Purchases Research and development expenses Purchases
Marketing expenses - commission Marketing expenses - commission Marketing expenses - commission Receivables from related parties Net revenue from sale of goods Net revenue from sale of goods Payables to related parties Payables to related parties Nature of Relationship (Note 1) TSMC Solar Europe GmbH Counter Party **FSMC North America** TSMC Canada TSMC Technology TSMC Japan TSMC Europe TSMC China WaferTech Company Name TSMC Solar TSMC Š. 0

Note 1: No. 1 represents the transactions from parent company to subsidiary.

Note 2: The sales prices and payment terms of intercompany sales are not significantly different from those to third parties. For other intercompany transactions, prices and terms are determined in accordance with mutual agreements.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries

NAMES, LOCATIONS, AND RELATED INFORMATION OF INVESTEES OVER WHICH THE COMPANY EXERCISES SIGNIFICANT INFLUENCE (EXCLUDING INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA) FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015
(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	December 31, 2015 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	December 31, 2014 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Shares (In Thousands)	Percentage of Ownership	Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	(Losses) of the Investee (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Profits/Losses of Investee (Note 1) (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Note
	TSMC Global TSMC Partners	Tortola, British Virgin Islands Tortola, British Virgin Islands		\$ 167,755,236 31,456,130	\$ 103,114,868 31,456,130	\$ 988,268	100	\$ 203,425,723 \$ 50,827,318	\$ 22,522,263 2,009,702	\$ 22,522,263 2,009,969	Subsidiary Subsidiary
			manufacture, and other related business in the								
	SSMC	Singapore Hsin-Chu Taiwan	Semiconductor industry Fabrication and supply of integrated circuits Research design development manufacture	5,120,028	5,120,028	314	39	9,511,515	6,372,459	2,471,877	Associate
			packaging, testing and sale of memory integrated circuits, LSI, VLSI and related parts	,			i ş				: ·
	I SMC North America	San Jose, California, USA	semiconductor devices	333,/18	333,718	11,000	100	4,234,685	708,805	98,802	Subsidiary
	Xintec Motech	Taoyuan, Taiwan New Taipei, Taiwan	Wafer level chip size packaging service Manufacturing and sales of solar cells, crystalline	1,309,969 5,221,931	1,357,890	92,778 58,320	35 12	2,209,785 2,053,562	146,799 (686,132)	54,113 (9,066)	(9,066) Associate
			silicon solar cell, and test and measurement instruments and design and construction of								
	GIIC	Hein-Chu Taiwan	solar power systems Recearching developing manufacturing tecting	895 988	335 988	889 97	35	1 152 335	464 240	173 960	73 060 Associate
		Hall-Chu, Laiwan	and marketing of integrated circuits	000,000	200,200	990,01	ì	000,701,1	0+7,47	17,700	Associate
	VTAFII	Cayman Islands	Investing in new start-up technology companies	608,562	605,479	1	86	554,240	(5,358)	(5,251)	(5,251) Subsidiary
	Emerging Alliance	Cayman Islands	Investing in new start-up technology companies	394 674	844,775	36 600	99.5	394364	(2,575)	(2,562)	(2,562) Subsidiary
	VTAF III	Laipei, Taiwan Cayman Islands	Investing in new start-in technology companies	1 499 452	1 850 782	000,00	86	385 834	(93,631)	(91 864)	(311) Subsidiary (91 864) Subsidiary
	TSMC Europe	Amsterdam, the Netherlands	Marketing and engineering supporting activities	15.749	15.749	•	100	330.664	38.825	38.825	Subsidiary
	TSMC Japan	Yokohama, Japan	Marketing activities	83,760	83,760	9	100	127,453	3,533	3,533	Subsidiary
	TSMC Korea	Seoul, Korea	Customer service and technical supporting	13,656	13,656	80	100	35,231	3,090	3,090	Subsidiary
	TSMC Solar Europe GmbH	Hamburg, Germany	Selling of solar related products and providing	25,266	,	-	100	1,186	(35,666)	(1,730)	(1,730) Subsidiary
	TSMC Solar	Tai-Chung, Taiwan	customer service Engaged in researching, developing, designing,	'	11,180,000	,		•	(3,500,638)	(3,479,224) Subsidiary	Subsidiary
			manufacturing and selling renewable energy and saving related technologies and products								
	TSMC GN	Taipei, Taiwan	Investment activities	•	200,000	•		•	(101,697)	(101,697)	(101,697) Subsidiary
TSMC Partners	TSMC Development	Delaware, U.S.A	Investment activities	0.03	0.03	,	100	,	1,312,315	Note 2	Subsidiary
	VisEra Holding	Cayman Islands	Investing in companies involved in the design, manufacturing, and other related businesses in		(US\$ 4	86,000	86	7,018,048 (US\$ 213,347)	(US\$ 41,572) 1,115,859 (US\$ 35,178)	Note 2	Subsidiary
	TOMO Topland	A SIT construction	the semiconductor industry				901			Cotoli	Corkeidiem
	1 SIMC Technology	Delawale, O.S.A	Engineering support activities	_) SSD)	'	001	$\overline{}$	49,392 US\$ 1,557)	7 aloni	Subsidialy
	ISDF II	Cayman Islands	Investing in new start-up technology companies	305,891	3	9,299	26	344,453		Note 2	Subsidiary
	TSMC Canada	Ontario Canada	Engineering support activities	(US\$ 9,299) 75,659	(US\$	2.300	100	(US\$ 10,471) (US\$ 105)	Note 2	Subsidiary
				(US\$ 2,300) (US\$	(US\$ 2,300)			(US\$ 4,638) (US\$			

				Original Investment Amount	ment Amount	Balance a	Balance as of December 31, 2015	31, 2015	M. J. T.	Share of	
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	December 31, 2015 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	December 31, 2014 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Shares (In Thousands)	Percentage of Ownership	Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	(Losses) of the Investee (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Profits/Losses of Investee (Note 1) (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Note
ISMC Partners	ISDF	Cayman Islands	Investing in new start-up technology companies	\$ 19,178 \$ (US\$ (US\$	\$ 19,178 (US\$ 583)	583	26	\$ 4,114 (US\$ 125)	\$ (414) (US\$ (13))	Note 2	Note 2 Subsidiary
	Growth Fund	Cayman Islands	Investing in new start-up technology companies	48,085	71,711	1	100	26,148	30,617	Note 2	Subsidiary
	Mutual-Pak	New Taipei, Taiwan	Manufacturing and selling of electronic parts and	2	(158	15,643	58	20	(15	Note 2	Subsidiary
	VTA Holdings	Delaware, U.S.A	researching, developing, and testing of KFID (Investing in new start-up technology companies	(0.05) (0.05)	(212,5 &80)	1	62	(c79 (c7)		Note 2	Subsidiary
	VTA Holdings	Delaware, U.S.A.	Investing in new start-up technology companies	'	,	1	31	,	1	Note 2	Subsidiary
Emerging Alliance	VTA Holdings	Delaware, U.S.A.	Investing in new start-up technology companies	1	1	1	7	1	1	Note 2	Subsidiary
TSMC Solar	Motech	New Taipei, Taiwan	Manufacturing and sales of solar cells, crystalline silicon solar cell, and test and measurement	ı	6,228,661	1		1	(686,132)	Note 2	Note 2 Associate
	TSMC Solar Europe TSMC Solar NA TSMC Solar Europe GmbH	Amsterdam, the Netherlands Delaware, U.S.A Hamburg, Germany	instruments and design and construction of solar power systems in solar related business Selling and marketing of solar related products Selling of solar related products and providing customer service		504,107 236,025	1 1 1	1 1 1		(5,127) (7,857) (35,666)	Note 2 Note 2 Note 2	Subsidiary Subsidiary Subsidiary
	TSMC Solar	Tai-Chung, Taiwan	Engaged in researching, developing, designing, manufacturing and selling renewable energy and saving related technologies and products	1	53,092	,		1	(3,500,638)	Note 2	Associate
TSMC Development	WaferTech	Washington, U.S.A.	Manufacturing, selling, testing and computer-aided designing of integrated circuits	ī	•	293,637	100	(US\$ 193,714) (US\$ 39,139)	1,241,489 US\$ 39,139)	Note 2	Note 2 Subsidiary
ISMC Solar Europe	TSMC Solar Europe GmbH	Hamburg, Germany	Selling of solar related products and providing	1	446,400	1	,	1	(27,182)	Note 2	Subsidiary
VisEra Holding	VisEra Tech	Hsin-Chu, Taiwan		3,094,388	3,094,388	253,120	87	5,365,288	3	Note 2	Subsidiary
	Xintec	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Varier semiconductor maintractum ing and service Wafer level chip size packaging service	(4	4	18,504	9	(US\$ 103,103) 718,577 (US\$ 21,845)	-	Note 2	Note 2 Associate

Note 1: The share of profits/losses of investee includes the effect of unrealized gross profit on intercompany transactions.

Note 2: The share of profits/losses of the investee company is not reflected herein as such amount is already included in the share of profits/losses of the investor company.

(Concluded)

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries

INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

Accumulated	Inward Remittance of Earnings as of December 31, 2015	
	Carrying Amount as of December 31, 2015	8,729,966 \$ 40,234,742 (Note 2)
	Share of Profits/Losses	\$ 8,729,966 (Note 2)
	Net Income (Losses) of the Investee Ownership Company	100%
	Net Income (Losses) of the Investee Company	\$ 8,709,986
Accumulated	Cuttlow of Investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2015 (USS in Thousands)	\$ 18,939,667 \$ 8,709,986 (US\$ 596,000)
nt Flows	Inflow	· ••
Investment Flows	Outflow	· •
	Cutthow of Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2015 (US\$ in Thousands)	Note I \$ 18,939,667 (US\$ 596,000)
	Method of Investment	Note 1
	Total Amount of Paid-in Capital Method of Investment from Foreign Currencies Investment January 1, 2015 in Thousands) (USS in Thousands)	\$ 18,939,667 (RMB 4,502,080)
	Main Businesses and Products	Manufacturing and selling of \$ 18,939,667 integrated circuits at the order of and pursuant to product design specifications provided by customers
	Investee Company	TSMC China

Upper Limit on Investment (USS in Thousands)	\$ 18,939,667 (US\$ 596,000)
Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA (USS in Thousands)	\$ 18,939,667 (US\$ 596,000)
Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of December 31, 2015 (US\$ in Thousands)	\$ 18,939,667 (US\$ 596,000)

Note 1: TSMC directly invested US\$596,000 thousand in TSMC China.

Note 2: Amount was recognized based on the audited financial statements.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

Parent Company Only Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 and Independent Auditors' Report

Deloitte。 勤業眾信

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

We have audited the accompanying parent company only balance sheets of Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 and January 1, 2014 and the related parent company only statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014. These parent company only financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Those rules and standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the parent company only financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the parent company only financial position of Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 and January 1, 2014, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

The statements of major accounting items listed in the parent company only financial statements of Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015 are presented for the purpose of additional analysis. Such statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audits of the financial statements mentioned above. In our opinion, such statements are consistent in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Deloito & Touch

February 2, 2016

Notice to Readers

The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

	December 31, (Note 3)	2015	December 31, (Adjusted) (No		January 1, 20 (Adjusted) (No	
ASSETS	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	\$ 264,493,583	16	\$ 184,859,232	13	\$ 146,438,768	12
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note 7)	6,026	-	134,824	-	64,030	-
Available-for-sale financial assets	706,924	-	612,860	-	646,402	-
Held-to-maturity financial assets (Note 8)	9,166,523	1	4,485,593	-	1,795,949	-
Notes and accounts receivable, net (Note 9)	25,636,123	2	22,806,184	2	17,445,877	2
Receivables from related parties (Note 31)	57,282,682	4	88,419,913	6	52,969,803	4
Other receivables from related parties (Note 31)	455,327	-	576,592	-	572,000	-
Inventories (Notes 5 and 10)	64,338,188	4	63,523,287	5	35,243,061	3
Noncurrent assets held for sale (Note 11) Other financial assets (Note 32)	1 766 572	-	669,472 2,069,874	-	61,842	-
Other current assets (Note 14)	1,766,573 3,061,131	-	2,791,666	-	2,386,031	-
Other current assets (Note 14)	3,001,131		2,771,000		2,500,051	
Total current assets	426,913,080	27	370,949,497	<u>26</u>	257,623,763	21
NONCURRENT ASSETS						
Held-to-maturity financial assets (Note 8)	1,621,424	_	_	_	_	_
Financial assets carried at cost	343,721	_	373,158	-	469,378	_
Investments accounted for using equity method (Notes 5 and 11)	324,365,592	20	242,022,438	17	165,082,697	14
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 5 and 12)	831,784,912	52	796,684,361	56	770,443,494	64
Intangible assets (Notes 5 and 13)	9,391,418	1	8,996,810	1	7,069,456	1
Deferred income tax assets (Notes 5 and 26)	4,506,675	-	3,209,679	-	4,486,126	-
Refundable deposits	398,693	-	340,010	-	2,496,663	-
Other noncurrent assets (Note 14)	360,000		385,700		820,000	
Total noncurrent assets	1,172,772,435	73	1,052,012,156	74	950,867,814	79
TOTAL	<u>\$ 1,599,685,515</u>	100	<u>\$ 1,422,961,653</u>	100	<u>\$ 1,208,491,577</u>	100
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
CHIRD FINE LLA DAL IERES						
CURRENT LIABILITIES	e 20.474.000	2	0 26 150 520	2	0 15 (45 000	1
Short-term loans (Note 15) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Note 7)	\$ 39,474,000 45,254	2	\$ 36,158,520 477,268	2	\$ 15,645,000 25,404	1
Accounts payable	16,702,970	1	19,310,737	1	13,628,675	1
Payables to related parties (Note 31)	3,759,631	-	4,756,426	-	4,183,979	-
Salary and bonus payable	9,603,908	1	8,983,879	1	6,834,181	1
Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors (Notes 20 and	,,,,,,,,	-	2,, 22,27	-	0,00 0,000	_
28)	20,913,074	1	18,052,820	1	12,738,801	1
Payables to contractors and equipment suppliers	25,346,206	2	25,911,719	2	89,555,814	8
Income tax payable (Note 26)	32,975,435	2	28,616,392	2	22,567,331	2
Provisions (Notes 5 and 16)	9,011,863	1	9,959,817	1	7,217,331	1
Long-term liabilities - current portion (Note 17)	12,000,000	1	-	-	-	-
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities (Note 19)	24,466,937	2	26,033,514	2	14,799,228	1
Total current liabilities	194,299,278	13	178,261,092	12	187,195,744	16
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES						
Bonds payable (Note 17)	154,200,000	10	166,200,000	12	166,200,000	14
Deferred income tax liabilities (Note 26)	31,271	-	199,750	-	-	-
Net defined benefit liability (Notes 5 and 18)	7,448,026	-	6,546,849	-	6,704,854	-
Guarantee deposits (Note 19)	21,554,374	1	25,534,851	2	147,964	-
Others (Note 16)	480,847		18,000		36,000	
Total noncurrent liabilities	183,714,518	11	198,499,450	14	173,088,818	14
Total liabilities	378,013,796	24	376,760,542	26	360,284,562	30
FOLHEW ATTRIBUTABLE TO OUT DEVICE DEBG OF THE STREET						
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS OF THE PARENT	250 202 005	17	250 207 724	10	250 207 171	21
Capital stock (Note 20) Capital surplus (Note 20)	259,303,805 56,300,215	$\frac{16}{3}$	259,296,624 55,989,922	<u>18</u>	259,286,171	<u>21</u> <u>5</u>
Retained earnings (Note 20)	50,300,413		33,707,744		55,858,626	
Appropriated as legal capital reserve	177,640,561	11	151,250,682	11	132,436,003	11
Appropriated as regar capital reserve		-		-	2,785,741	-
Unappropriated earnings	716,653,025	45	553,914,592	39	383,670,168	32
	894,293,586	56	705,165,274	50	518,891,912	43
Others (Note 20)	11,774,113	1	25,749,291	2	14,170,306	1
Total equity	1,221,671,719	76	1,046,201,111	74	848,207,015	70
TOTAL	\$ 1,599,685,515	100	\$ 1,422,961,653	100	\$ 1,208,491,577	100
	2 1,0//,000,010	-00	<u>_ 1, .==,/01,000</u>	-00	<u>~ 1,000,171,077</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2015 (Note 3)		2014 (Adjusted) (No	te 3)
	Amount	%	Amount	%
NET REVENUE (Notes 5, 22 and 31)	\$ 837,046,888	100	\$ 757,152,389	100
COST OF REVENUE (Notes 10, 28 and 31)	439,356,165	52	390,284,816	_52
GROSS PROFIT BEFORE REALIZED GROSS PROFIT ON SALES TO SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES	397,690,723	48	366,867,573	48
REALIZED GROSS PROFIT ON SALES TO SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES	<u> 18,117</u>		31,547	-
GROSS PROFIT	397,708,840	48	366,899,120	48
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 5, 28 and 31) Research and development General and administrative Marketing	64,831,860 16,138,095 2,983,080	8 2 	55,818,708 17,763,094 2,686,065	7 2 —-
Total operating expenses	83,953,035	<u>10</u>	76,267,867	9
OTHER OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES, NET (Notes 12 and 28)	(347,107)	-	9,049	=
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	313,408,698	38	290,640,302	<u>39</u>
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES Share of profits of subsidiaries and associates				
(Note 11) Other income (Note 23) Foreign exchange gain, net (Note 35) Finance costs (Note 24) Other gains and losses (Note 25)	33,694,186 1,839,862 2,698,396 (2,440,459) 787,985	4 - - - -	9,292,160 1,141,884 2,142,565 (2,512,231) 299,137	1 - - -
Total non-operating income and expenses	36,579,970	4	10,363,515	1
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	349,988,668	42	301,003,817	40
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 5 and 26)	43,414,831	5	37,122,046	5
NET INCOME	306,573,837	<u>37</u>	<u>263,881,771</u> (Cor	35 ntinued)

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2015 (Note 3)		2014 (Adjusted) (No	te 3)
	Amount	%	Amount	%
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Notes 11, 18, 20 and 26) Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of	\$ (827,703)	-	\$ 237,233	-
subsidiaries and associates Income tax benefit (expense) related to items that	(2,523)	-	1,470	-
will not be reclassified subsequently	99,324	_	(28,468)	
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	(730,902)	-	210,235	_
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations Changes in fair value of available-for-sale	6,525,608	1	11,784,245	1
financial assets Share of other comprehensive loss of subsidiaries	94,064	-	30,183	-
and associates Income tax expense related to items that may be	(20,578,859)	(3)	(230,312)	-
reclassified subsequently	(15,991)		(5,131)	
	(13,975,178)	<u>(2</u>)	11,578,985	1
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year, net of income tax	(14,706,080)	<u>(2</u>)	11,789,220	1
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	<u>\$ 291,867,757</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>\$ 275,670,991</u>	<u>36</u>
EARNINGS PER SHARE (NT\$, Note 27) Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	\$ 11.82 \$ 11.82		\$ 10.18 \$ 10.18	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements. (Co

(Concluded)

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Dividends Per Share)

									Others	ers		
	Capital Stock - Common Stock	Common Stock			Retained	Retained Earnings		Foreign Currency	Unrealized Gain/Loss from Available-			
	Shares (In Thousands)	Amount	Capital Surplus	Legal Capital Reserve	Special Capital Reserve	Unappropriated Earnings	Total	Translation Reserve	for-sale Financial Assets	Cash Flow Hedges Reserve	Total	Total Equity
BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2014	25,928,617	\$ 259,286,171	\$ 55,858,626	\$ 132,436,003	\$ 2,785,741	\$ 382,971,408	\$ 518,193,152	\$ (7,140,362)	\$ 21,310,781	\$ (113)	\$ 14,170,306	\$ 847,508,255
Effect of retrospective application						098,760	098,760					098,760
ADJUSTED BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2014	25,928,617	259,286,171	55,858,626	132,436,003	2,785,741	383,670,168	518,891,912	(7,140,362)	21,310,781	(113)	14,170,306	848,207,015
Appropriations of prior year's earnings Legal expiral reserve Reversal of special capital reserve Cash dividends to shareholders - NT\$3.0 per share				18,814,679	(2,785,741)	(18,814,679) 2,785,741 (77,785,851)	- (77,785,851)	1 1 1	1 1 1			-
Total				18,814,679	(2,785,741)	(93,814,789)	(77,785,851)					(77,785,851)
Net income in 2014	•		•	•	•	263,881,771	263,881,771					263,881,771
Other comprehensive income in 2014, net of income tax						210,235	210,235	11,642,475	(63,298)	(192)	11,578,985	11,789,220
Total comprehensive income in 2014						264,092,006	264,092,006	11,642,475	(63,298)	(192)	11,578,985	275,670,991
Issuance of stock from exercise of employee stock options	1,045	10,453	36,602	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	47,055
Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method	•		(2,273)									(2,273)
Adjustments to share of changes in equities of associates	•		93,459									93,459
From differences between equity purchase price and carrying amount arising from actual acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries	1	1	(8)	•	1	(32,793)	(32,793)	•	•	1	1	(32,801)
From share of changes in equities of subsidiaries			3,516			1						3,516
ADJUSTED BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2014	25,929,662	259,296,624	55,989,922	151,250,682	•	553,914,592	705,165,274	4,502,113	21,247,483	(305)	25,749,291	1,046,201,111
Appropriations of prior year's earnings Legal capital reserve Cash dividends to shareholders - NT\$4.5 per share	1 1			26,389,879		(26,389,879)	(116,683,481)		1 1			(116,683,481)
Total				26,389,879		(143,073,360)	(116,683,481)					(116,683,481)
Net income in 2015	•				•	306,573,837	306,573,837			•	•	306,573,837
Other comprehensive income in 2015, net of income tax	'					(730,902)	(730,902)	6,537,836	(20,512,712)	(302)	(13,975,178)	(14,706,080)
Total comprehensive income in 2015						305,842,935	305,842,935	6,537,836	(20,512,712)	(302)	(13,975,178)	291,867,757
Issuance of stock from exercise of employee stock options	718	7,181	130,974		•	•		•	•		•	138,155
Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method	1	•	(26,537)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	(26,537)
Adjustments to share of changes in equities of associates	ı	•	209,430	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	209,430
From differences between equity purchase price and carrying amount arising from actual acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries		•	•	•	٠	(31,142)	(31,142)	٠	٠	•	•	(31,142)
From share of changes in equities of subsidiaries			(3,574)									(3,574)
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2015	25,930,380	\$ 259,303,805	\$ 56,300,215	\$ 177,640,561	S	\$ 716,653,025	\$ 894,293,586	\$ 11,039,949	\$ 734,771	(Z09) \$	\$ 11,774,113	\$ 1,221,671,719

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2015	2014 (Adjusted)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income before income tax	\$ 349,988,668	\$ 301,003,817
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation expense	213,293,810	191,590,059
Amortization expense	3,159,437	2,487,860
Finance costs	2,440,459	2,512,231
Share of profits of subsidiaries and associates	(33,694,186)	(9,292,160)
Interest income	(1,726,503)	(1,029,508)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net	(21,569)	(21,331)
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	228,037	-
Impairment loss on financial assets	21,437	90,774
Gain on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets, net	(51)	(127,161)
Gain on disposal of financial assets carried at cost, net	-	(5,397)
Gain on disposal of investments accounted for using equity method,		
net	(2,419,785)	(2,028,643)
Realized gross profit on sales to subsidiaries and associates	(18,117)	(31,547)
Loss on foreign exchange, net	2,548,291	3,615,493
Dividend income	(113,359)	(112,376)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Derivative financial instruments	(249,322)	381,070
Notes and accounts receivable, net	(6,375,554)	(5,360,307)
Receivables from related parties	31,322,516	(35,450,110)
Other receivables from related parties	108,834	(44,800)
Inventories	(759,653)	(28,280,226)
Other financial assets	823,847	(1,797,351)
Other current assets	(142,763)	(399,739)
Accounts payable	(1,916,970)	5,095,232
Payables to related parties	(1,024,427)	596,749
Salary and bonus payable	595,592	2,149,698
Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to		
directors	2,860,254	5,314,019
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	(2,788,099)	6,469,226
Provisions	(948,176)	2,742,486
Net defined benefit liability	73,473	79,228
Cash generated from operations	555,266,121	440,147,286
Income taxes paid	(40,493,290)	(29,636,283)
Net cash generated by operating activities	514,772,831	410,511,003
		(Continued)

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2015	2014 (Adjusted)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisitions of:		
Available-for-sale financial assets	\$ (3,628)	\$ -
Held to maturity financial assets	(23,074,925)	(5,882,316)
Equity interest in subsidiary	(394,674)	-
Property, plant and equipment	(249,921,656)	(283,231,097)
Intangible assets	(4,269,815)	(3,846,384)
Proceeds from disposal or redemption of:		
Available-for-sale financial assets	3,679	190,886
Held-to-maturity financial assets	16,800,000	3,200,000
Financial assets carried at cost	8,000	10,843
Investments accounted for using equity method	3,962,848	3,471,883
Equity interest in subsidiary	806,807	-
Property, plant and equipment	347,840	117,578
Interest received	1,636,497	1,043,898
Other dividends received	113,359	112,376
Dividends received from investments accounted for using equity		
method	3,001,834	2,664,207
Refundable deposits paid	(404,253)	(57,351)
Refundable deposits refunded	348,283	2,290,791
Increase in receivables for temporary payments	(47,924)	-
Cash received from other long-term receivables	· · ·	161,900
Cash outflow from incorporation of subsidiary	(3,725,916)	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(254,813,644)	(279,752,786)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Increase in short-term loans	3,138,680	18,563,525
Interest paid	(2,456,299)	(2,504,871)
Guarantee deposits received	747,108	30,140,940
Guarantee deposits refunded	(740,829)	(7,075)
Proceeds from exercise of employee stock options	33,891	47,055
Payment of partial acquisition of interests in subsidiaries	(64,744,242)	(60,904,793)
Proceeds from partial disposal of interests in subsidiaries	380,336	113,317
Cash dividends	(116,683,481)	(77,785,851)
Net cash used in financing activities	(180,324,836)	(92,337,753)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	79,634,351	38,420,464
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	184,859,232	146,438,768
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 264,493,583	<u>\$ 184,859,232</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

NOTES TO PARENT COMPANY ONLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

1. GENERAL

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited (the "Company" or "TSMC"), a Republic of China (R.O.C.) corporation, was incorporated on February 21, 1987. The Company is a dedicated foundry in the semiconductor industry which engages mainly in the manufacturing, selling, packaging, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices and the manufacturing of masks.

On September 5, 1994, the Company's shares were listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE). On October 8, 1997, the Company listed some of its shares of stock on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) in the form of American Depositary Shares (ADSs).

The address of its registered office and principal place of business is No. 8, Li-Hsin Rd. 6, Hsinchu Science Park, Taiwan.

2. THE AUTHORIZATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying parent company only financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on February 2, 2016.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

a. Initial application of the amendments to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the 2013 version of the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards (IASs), Interpretations of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRIC), and Interpretations of IASs (SIC) (collectively, "IFRSs") endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC) (collectively, "2013 Taiwan-IFRSs version")

According to Rule No. 1030029342 and Rule No. 1030010325 issued by the FSC, the 2013 Taiwan-IFRSs version and the related amendments to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers should be adopted by the Company starting 2015.

The Company believes that as a result of the adoption of aforementioned 2013 Taiwan-IFRSs version and the related amendments to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, the following items have impacted the Company's parent company only financial statements.

1) IFRS 12, "Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities"

IFRS 12 is a new disclosure standard and is applicable to entities that have interests in subsidiaries and associates. The Company has included the new disclosure, as applicable, in Note 11.

2) IFRS 13, "Fair Value Measurement"

IFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance for fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurements. It defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. The disclosure requirements in IFRS 13 are more extensive than those required in the past standards. For example, quantitative and qualitative disclosures based on the three-level fair value hierarchy previously required for financial instruments only are extended by IFRS 13 to cover all assets and liabilities within its scope.

The measurement requirements of IFRS 13 have been applied prospectively from January 1, 2015. Please refer to Note 30 for related disclosures.

3) Amendments to IAS 1, "Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income"

According to the amendments to IAS 1, the items of other comprehensive income are grouped into two categories: (a) items that may not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss; and (b) items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met. In addition, income tax on items of other comprehensive income is also required to be allocated on the same basis

The items that may not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss include remeasurement of defined benefit obligation, the share of remeasurement of defined benefit obligation of subsidiaries and associates as well as the related income tax on such items. Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss include exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations, changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets, cash flow hedges, the share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries and associates (except the share of the remeasurement of defined benefit obligation) as well as the related income tax on items of other comprehensive income.

4) Amendments to IAS 19, "Employee Benefits"

The amendments to IAS 19 require the Company to calculate a "net interest" amount by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset to replace the interest cost and expected return on planned assets used in the old IAS 19. In addition, the amendments eliminate the accounting treatment of either corridor approach or the immediate recognition of actuarial gains and losses to profit or loss when it incurs, and instead, require to recognize all remeasurement of defined benefit obligation immediately through other comprehensive income. The past service cost, on the other hand, will be expensed immediately when it incurs and no longer be amortized over the average period before vested on a straight-line basis. In addition, the amendments also require a broader disclosure in defined benefit plans.

The impact on the current year is summarized as follows:

Impact on Assets, Liabilities and Equity	December 31, 2015
Increase in investments accounted for using equity method Increase in deferred income tax assets	\$ 630 2,749
Increase in assets	<u>\$ 3,379</u>
Increase in net defined benefit liability	<u>\$ 22,908</u>
Increase in liabilities	<u>\$ 22,908</u> (Continued)

Impact on Assets, Liabilities and Equity	December 31, 2015
Decrease in retained earnings	<u>\$ (19,529</u>)
Decrease in equity	\$ (19,529) (Concluded)
Impact on Total Comprehensive Income	Year Ended December 31, 2015
Increase in cost of revenue Increase in operating expense Increase in share of profits of subsidiaries and associates Decrease in income tax expense	\$ (14,711) (8,197) 630
Decrease in net income and other comprehensive income	<u>\$ (19,529)</u>

The impact on the prior reporting year is summarized as follows:

Impact on Assets, Liabilities and Equity	As Originally Stated	Adjustments Arising from Initial Application	Adjusted
<u>December 31, 2014</u>			
Investments accounted for using equity method	\$ 242,016,964	\$ 5,474	\$ 242,022,438
Deferred income tax assets	3,297,924	(88,245)	3,209,679
Total effect on assets		\$ (82,771)	
Net defined benefit liability	7,282,230	\$ (735,381)	6,546,849
Total effect on liabilities		\$ (735,381)	
Retained earnings	704,512,664	\$ 652,610	705,165,274
Total effect on equity		\$ 652,610	
<u>January 1, 2014</u>			
Investments accounted for using the equity method Deferred income tax assets	165,075,781 4,580,468	\$ 6,916 (94,342)	165,082,697 4,486,126
Total effect on assets		<u>\$ (87,426)</u>	(Continued)

Impact on Assets, Liabilities and Equity	As Originally Stated	Adjustments Arising from Initial Application	Adjusted
Net defined benefit liability	\$ 7,491,040	\$ (786,186)	\$ 6,704,854
Total effect on liabilities		<u>\$ (786,186)</u>	
Retained earnings	518,193,152	\$ 698,760	518,891,912
Total effect on equity		\$ 698,760	(Concluded)
Impact on Total Comprehensive Income	As Originally Stated	Adjustments Arising from Initial Application	Adjusted
Year ended December 31, 2014			
Cost of revenue Operating expense Share of profits of subsidiaries and associates Income tax expense Impact on net income for the year Items that will not be reclassified	\$(390,272,233) (76,261,094) 9,292,150 (37,124,369)	$ \begin{array}{c} \$ & (12,583) \\ & (6,773) \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} 10 \\ & 2,323 \\ \hline & (17,023) \end{array} $	\$(390,284,816) (76,267,867) 9,292,160 (37,122,046)
subsequently to profit or loss: Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation Share of other comprehensive income	268,682	(31,449)	237,233
(loss) of subsidiaries and associates Income tax benefit (expense) related to items that will not be reclassified	2,922	(1,452)	1,470
subsequently Impact on other comprehensive income (loss) for the year, net of income tax	(32,242)	<u>3,774</u> (29,127)	(28,468)
Impact on total comprehensive income for the year		<u>\$ (46,150)</u>	

b. The IFRSs issued by IASB but not endorsed by FSC

The Company has not applied the following IFRSs issued by the IASB but not endorsed by the FSC. As of the date that the parent company only financial statements were authorized for issue, the initial adoption to the following standards and interpretations is still subject to the effective date to be published by the FSC.

New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations	by IASB (Note 1)	
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2010 - 2012 Cycle	July 1, 2014 or transactions	
Allitual Improvements to IPRSS 2010 - 2012 Cycle	on or after July 1, 2014	
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2011 - 2013 Cycle	July 1, 2014	
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2012 - 2014 Cycle	January 1, 2016 (Note 2)	
IFRS 9 Financial Instruments	January 1, 2018	
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 Mandatory Effective Date of IFRS 9 and Transition Disclosure	January 1, 2018	
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 Sale or Contribution of Assets	Effective date to be	
between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	determined by IASB	
Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28 Investment Entities:	January 1, 2016	
Applying the Consolidation Exception		
Amendment to IFRS 11 Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations	January 1, 2016	
IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers	January 1, 2018	
IFRS 16 Leases	January 1, 2019	
Amendment to IAS 1 Disclosure Initiative	January 1, 2016	
Amendment to IAS 7 Disclosure Initiative	January 1, 2017	
Amendment to IAS 12 Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized	January 1, 2017	
Losses		
Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38: Clarification of Acceptable	January 1, 2016	
Methods of Depreciation and Amortization		
Amendment to IAS 19 Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions	July 1, 2014	
Amendment to IAS 27 Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements	January 1, 2016	
Amendment to IAS 36 Recoverable Amount Disclosures for	January 1, 2014	
Non-Financial Assets		
Amendment to IAS 39 Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of	January 1, 2014	
Hedge Accounting		

Effective Date Issued

- Note 1: The aforementioned new, revised or amended standards or interpretations are effective after fiscal year beginning on or after the effective dates, unless specified otherwise.
- Note 2: The amendment to IFRS 5 is applied prospectively to changes in a method of disposal that occur in annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016; the remaining amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016.

Except for the following, the initial application of the above new standards and interpretations has not had any material impact on the Company's accounting policies:

1) IFRS 9, "Financial Instruments"

All recognized financial assets currently in the scope of IAS 39, "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement," will be subsequently measured at either the amortized cost or the fair value. The classification and measurement requirements in IFRS 9 are stated as follows:

For the debt instruments invested by the Company, if the contractual cash flows that are solely for payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, the classification and measurement requirements are stated as follows:

a) If the objective of the Company's business model is to hold the financial asset to collect the contractual cash flows, such assets are measured at the amortized cost. Interest revenue should be recognized in profit or loss by using the effective interest method, continuously assessed for

impairment and the impairment loss or reversal of impairment loss should be recognized in profit and loss.

b) If the objective of the Company's business model is to hold the financial asset both to collect the contractual cash flows and to sell the financial assets, such assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and are continuously assessed for impairment. Interest revenue should be recognized in profit or loss by using the effective interest method. A gain or loss on a financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income should be recognized in other comprehensive income, except for impairment gains or losses and foreign exchange gains and losses. When such financial asset is derecognized or reclassified, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

The other financial assets which do not meet the aforementioned criteria should be measured at the fair value through profit or loss. However, the Company may irrevocably designate an investment in equity instruments that is not held for trading as measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. All relevant gains and losses shall be recognized in other comprehensive income, except for dividends which are recognized in profit or loss. No subsequent impairment assessment is required, and the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income cannot be reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

IFRS 9 adds a new expected loss impairment model to measure the impairment of financial assets. A loss allowance for expected credit losses should be recognized on financial assets measured at amortized cost and financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. If the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company should measure the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. If the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition and is not deemed to be a low credit risk, the Company should measure the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses. The Company should always measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses for trade receivables.

2) IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"

IFRS 15 establishes principles for recognizing revenue that apply to all contracts with customers, and will supersede IAS 18, "Revenue," IAS 11, "Construction Contracts," and a number of revenue-related interpretations.

When applying IFRS 15, the Company shall recognize revenue by applying the following steps:

- Identify the contract with the customer;
- Identify the performance obligations in the contract;
- Determine the transaction price;
- Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contracts; and
- Recognize revenue when the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

When IFRS 15 is effective, the Company may elect to apply this Standard either retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented or retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying this Standard recognized at the date of initial application.

3) IFRS 16, "Leases"

IFRS 16 sets out the accounting standards for leases that will supersede IAS 17 and a number of related interpretations.

Under IFRS 16, if the Company is a lessee, it shall recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases on the parent company only balance sheets except for low-value and short-term leases. The Company may elect to apply the accounting method similar to the accounting for operating lease under IAS 17 to the low-value and short-term leases. On the parent company only statements of comprehensive income, the Company should present the depreciation expense charged on the right-of-use asset separately from interest expense accrued on the lease liability; interest is computed by using effective interest method. On the parent company only statements of cash flows, cash payments for both the principal and interest portion of the lease liability are classified within financing activities.

When IFRS 16 becomes effective, the Company may elect to apply this Standard either retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented or retrospectively with the cumulative effect of the initial application of this Standard recognized at the date of initial application.

4) Amendments to IAS 36, "Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets"

The amendments to IAS 36 clarify that the Company is only required to disclose the recoverable amount in the year of impairment accrual or reversal. Moreover, if the recoverable amount of impaired assets is based on fair value less costs of disposal, the Company should also disclose the discount rate used. The Company expects the aforementioned amendments will result in a broader disclosure of recoverable amount for non-financial assets.

Except for the aforementioned impact, as of the date that the accompanying parent company only financial statements were authorized for issue, the Company continues in evaluating the impact on its financial position and financial performance as a result of the initial adoption of the other standards or interpretations. The related impact will be disclosed when the Company completes the evaluation.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

For the convenience of readers, the accompanying parent company only financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the R.O.C. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language parent company only financial statements shall prevail.

Statement of Compliance

The accompanying parent company only financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers (the "Accounting Standards Used in Preparation of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements").

Basis of Preparation

The accompanying parent company only financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments that are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for the assets.

When preparing the parent company only financial statements, the Company account for subsidiaries and associates by using the equity method. In order to agree with the amount of net income, other comprehensive income and equity attributable to shareholders of the parent in the consolidated financial statements, the differences of the accounting treatment between the parent company only basis and the consolidated basis are adjusted under the heading of investments accounted for using equity method, share of profits of subsidiaries and associates and share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries and associates in the parent company only financial statements.

Foreign Currencies

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Such exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss in the year in which they arise. Non-monetary items measured at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items are included in profit or loss for the year except for exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognized directly in other comprehensive income. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currencies are not retranslated.

For the purposes of presenting parent company only financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Company's foreign operations are translated into NT\$ using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity.

Classification of Current and Noncurrent Assets and Liabilities

Current assets are assets held for trading purposes and assets expected to be converted to cash, sold or consumed within one year from the end of the reporting period. Current liabilities are obligations incurred for trading purposes and obligations expected to be settled within one year from the end of the reporting period. Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are noncurrent assets and liabilities, respectively.

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents, for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments, consist of highly liquid time deposits and investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities shall be recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized at fair values. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss. Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 30.

Financial Assets

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: Financial assets "at fair value through profit or loss" (FVTPL), "held-to-maturity" financial assets, "available-for-sale" financial assets and "loans and receivables". The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a settlement date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Derivative financial instruments that do not meet the criteria for hedge accounting are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss.

Held-to-maturity financial assets

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity dates that the Company has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity. Subsequent to initial recognition, held-to-maturity financial assets are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method less any impairment.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either designated as available-for-sale or are not classified as (a) loans and receivables, (b) held-to-maturity financial assets or (c) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value. Dividends on available-for-sale equity investments are recognized in profit or loss. Other changes in the carrying amount of available-for-sale financial assets are recognized in other comprehensive income. When the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognized in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive the dividends is established.

Available-for-sale equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of each reporting period. Such equity instruments are subsequently remeasured at fair value when their fair value can be reliably measured, and the difference between the carrying amount and fair value is recognized in profit or loss or other comprehensive income.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables including cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivable and other receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment, except for those loans and receivables with immaterial discounted effect.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those carried at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Those financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial assets, their estimated future cash flows have been affected.

For financial assets carried at amortized cost, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. The Company assesses the collectability of receivables by performing the account aging analysis and examining current trends in the credit quality of its customers.

For financial assets carried at amortized cost, the amount of the impairment loss is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. For financial assets measured at amortized cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the financial assets at the date the impairment loss is reversed does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment loss not been recognized.

When an available-for-sale financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the year.

In respect of available-for-sale equity instruments, impairment losses previously recognized in profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to the recognition of an impairment loss is recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of unrealized gains or losses from available-for-sale financial assets.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the financial asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognized in profit or loss.

Financial Liabilities and Equity Instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured either at amortized cost using effective interest method or at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities measured at FVTPL are derivative financial instruments that do not meet the criteria for hedge accounting, and they are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities other than those held for trading purposes and designated as at FVTPL are subsequently measured at amortized cost at the end of each reporting period.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognized in profit or loss.

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its market risk exposure to foreign exchange rate and interest rate, including forward exchange contracts and cross currency swap contracts.

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss immediately.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventories are recorded at standard cost and adjusted to approximate weighted-average cost at the end of the reporting period. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price of inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

Noncurrent Assets Held for Sale

Noncurrent assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the noncurrent asset held for sale is available for immediate sale in its present condition. To meet the criteria for the sale being highly probable, the appropriate level of management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

When the committed sale plan involves loss of control of a subsidiary, all of the investments of that subsidiary are classified as held for sale and still using equity methods, regardless of whether investments in its former subsidiary is retained after the sale.

Noncurrent assets classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Recognition of depreciation would cease.

Investments Accounted for Using Equity Method

Investments accounted for using the equity method include investments in subsidiaries and associates.

Investment in subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity that is controlled by the Company.

Under the equity method, an investment in a subsidiary is initially recognized at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Company's share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the subsidiary as

well as the distribution received. The Company also recognized its share in the changes in the equity of subsidiaries.

Changes in the Company's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Company losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. Any difference between the carrying amount of the subsidiary and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.

When the Company loses control of a subsidiary, any retained investment of the former subsidiary is measured at the fair value at that date. A gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss and calculated as the difference between (a) the aggregate of the fair value of consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest at the date when control is lost; and (b) the previous carrying amount of the investments in such subsidiary. In addition, the Company shall account for all amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary on the same basis as would be required if the subsidiary had directly disposed of the related assets and liabilities.

When the Company transacts with its subsidiaries, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the subsidiaries are recognized in the Company's parent company only financial statements only to the extent of interests in the subsidiaries that are not owned by the Company.

Investment in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Company has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The operating results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these parent company only financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognized in the statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Company's share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate as well as the distribution received. The Company also recognizes its share in the changes in the equities of associates.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of an associate recognized at the date of acquisition is recognized as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognized forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognized to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

If the Company's ownership interest in an associate is reduced as a result of disposal, but the investment continues to be an associate, the Company should account for the investments on the same basis as would be required if the associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities; in addition, the Company should reclassify to profit or loss only a proportionate amount of the gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income.

When the Company subscribes to additional shares in an associate at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment differs from the amount of the Company's proportionate interest in the net assets of the associate. The Company records such a difference as an adjustment to investments with the corresponding amount charged or credited to capital surplus. If the Company's ownership interest is reduced due to the additional subscription to the shares of associate, the proportionate amount of the gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate shall be reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the associate or jointly controlled entity had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

When the Company transacts with an associate, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognized in the Company' parent company only financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not owned by the Company.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment. Costs include any incremental costs that are directly attributable to the construction or acquisition of the item of property, plant and equipment.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognized impairment loss. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Depreciation is recognized so as to write off the cost of the assets less their residual values over their useful lives, and it is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives: buildings - 10 to 20 years; machinery and equipment - 2 to 5 years; and office equipment - 3 to 5 years. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimates accounted for on a prospective basis. Land is not depreciated.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the assets. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in profit or loss.

Leases

Leases are classified as finance lease whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Company as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

The Company as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Intangible Assets

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Other intangible assets

Other separately acquired intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Amortization is recognized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives: Technology license fees - the estimated life of the technology or the term of the technology transfer contract; software and system design costs - 3 years; patent and others - the economic life or contract period. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Impairment of Tangible and Intangible Assets

Goodwill

Goodwill is not amortized and instead is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the cash-generating unit may be impaired. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Company's cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit. If the recoverable amount of a cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the difference is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to such cash-generating unit and then to the other assets of the cash-generating unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the cash-generating unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognized directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

Other tangible and intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or a cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Provision

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the goods are delivered and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- The Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- The Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

In principle, payment term granted to customers is due 30 days from the invoice date or 30 days from the end of the month of when the invoice is issued. Due to the short term nature of the receivables from sale of goods with the immaterial discounted effect, the Company measures them at the original invoice amounts without discounting.

Royalties, dividend and interest income

Revenue from royalties is recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreement (provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably).

Dividend income from investments is recognized when the shareholder's right to receive payment has been established, provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

Employee Benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities recognized in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for service rendered by employees.

Retirement benefits

For defined contribution retirement benefit plans, payments to the benefit plan are recognized as an expense when the employees have rendered service entitling them to the contribution. For defined benefit retirement benefit plans, the cost of providing benefit is recognized based on actuarial calculations.

Defined benefit costs (including service cost, net interest and remeasurement) under the defined benefit retirement benefit plans are determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Service cost (including current service cost), and net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset) are recognized as employee benefits expense in the period they occur. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets (excluding interest), is recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Net defined benefit liability represents the actual deficit in the Company's defined benefit plan.

Share-based Payment Arrangements

The Company elected to take the optional exemption according to related guidance for the share-based payment transactions granted and vested before January 1, 2012, the date of transition to Accounting Standards Used in Preparation of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements. There were no stock options granted prior to but unvested at the date of transition.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

Income tax on unappropriated earnings at a rate of 10% is expensed in the year the shareholders approved the appropriation of earnings which is the year subsequent to the year the earnings are generated.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax provision.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the parent company only financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered. The deferred tax assets which originally not recognized is also reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year in which the liability is settled or the asset is realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Business Combinations

Business combination involving group reorganization is not accounted for by acquisition method but accounted for at the carrying amounts of the entity.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION AND UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in Note 4, the directors are required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of the revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

The following are the critical judgments, apart from those involving estimations, that the directors have made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the parent company only financial statements.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when the conditions described in Note 4 are satisfied. The Company also records a provision for estimated future returns and other allowances in the same period the related revenue is recorded. Provision for estimated sales returns and other allowances is generally made and adjusted at a specific percentage based on historical experience and any known factors that would significantly affect the allowance, and our management periodically reviews the adequacy of the percentage used.

Impairment of Tangible and Intangible Assets Other than Goodwill

In the process of evaluating the potential impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill, the Company is required to make subjective judgments in determining the independent cash flows, useful lives, expected future revenue and expenses related to the specific asset groups with the consideration of the nature of semiconductor industry. Any changes in these estimates based on changed economic conditions or business strategies could result in significant impairment charges or reversal in future years.

Impairment of Goodwill

The assessment of impairment of goodwill requires the Company to make subjective judgment to determine the identified cash-generating units, allocate the goodwill to relevant cash-generating units and estimate the recoverable amount of relevant cash-generating units.

Impairment Assessment on Investment Using Equity Method

The Company assesses the impairment of investments accounted for using the equity method whenever triggering events or changes in circumstances indicate that an investment may be impaired and carrying value may not be recoverable. The Company measures the impairment based on a projected future cash flow of the investees, including the underlying assumptions of sales growth rate and capacity utilization rate formulated by such investees' internal management team. The Company also takes into account market conditions and the relevant industry trends to ensure the reasonableness of such assumptions.

Realization of Deferred Income Tax Assets

Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deferred tax assets can be utilized. Assessment of the realization of the deferred tax assets requires the Company's subjective judgment and estimate, including the future revenue growth and profitability, tax holidays, the amount of tax credits can be utilized and feasible tax planning strategies. Any changes in the global economic environment, the industry trends and relevant laws and regulations could result in significant adjustments to the deferred tax assets.

Valuation of Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, and the Company uses judgment and estimate to determine the net realizable value of inventory at the end of each reporting period.

Due to the rapid technological changes, the Company estimates the net realizable value of inventory for obsolescence and unmarketable items at the end of reporting period and then writes down the cost of inventories to net realizable value. The net realizable value of the inventory is mainly determined based on assumptions of future demand within a specific time horizon.

Recognition and Measurement of Defined Benefit Plans

Net defined benefit liability and the resulting defined benefit costs under defined benefit pension plans are calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Actuarial assumptions comprise the discount rate, rate of employee turnover, and future salary increase rate. Changes in economic circumstances and market conditions will affect these assumptions and may have a material impact on the amount of the expense and the liability.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Cash and deposits in banks	\$ 259,075,563	\$ 179,181,443
Repurchase agreements collateralized by corporate bonds	5,132,778	3,920,562
Repurchase agreements collateralized by government bonds	285,242	148,722
Commercial paper	-	1,159,325
Repurchase agreements collateralized by short-term commercial		
paper		449,180
	<u>\$ 264,493,583</u>	<u>\$ 184,859,232</u>

Deposits in banks consisted of highly liquid time deposits that were readily convertible to known amounts of cash and were subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

7. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
<u>Derivative financial assets</u>		
Forward exchange contracts Cross currency swap contracts	\$ 6,026 <u> </u>	\$ 40,159 94,665 \$ 134,824
<u>Derivative financial liabilities</u>		
Forward exchange contracts Cross currency swap contracts	\$ 45,254 	\$ 120,033 <u>357,235</u>
	<u>\$ 45,254</u>	<u>\$ 477,268</u>

The Company entered into derivative contracts to manage exposures due to fluctuations of foreign exchange rates. The derivative contracts entered into by the Company did not meet the criteria for hedge accounting. Therefore, the Company did not apply hedge accounting treatment for derivative contracts.

Outstanding forward exchange contracts consisted of the following:

	Maturity Date	Contract Amount (In Thousands)
<u>December 31, 2015</u>		
Sell US\$/Buy JPY Sell US\$/Buy NT\$	January 2016 January 2016	US\$126,944/JPY15,272,035 US\$430,000/NT\$14,106,892
<u>December 31, 2014</u>		
Sell US\$/Buy EUR Sell US\$/Buy JPY Sell US\$/Buy NT\$	January 2015 January 2015 January 2015	US\$29,450/EUR24,100 US\$225,167/JPY27,050,983 US\$170,000/NT\$5,276,500

Outstanding cross currency swap contracts consisted of the following:

Maturity Date	Contract Amount (In Thousands)	Range of Interest Rates Paid	Range of Interest Rates Received
<u>December 31, 2014</u>			
January 2015	US\$1,460,000/NT\$45,974,755	0.16%-1.92%	-

8. HELD-TO-MATURITY FINANCIAL ASSETS

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Corporate bonds/Bank debentures Structured product Commercial paper	\$ 7,787,947 3,000,000	\$ - - 4,485,593
	<u>\$ 10,787,947</u>	<u>\$ 4,485,593</u>
Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ 9,166,523 1,621,424	\$ 4,485,593
	<u>\$ 10,787,947</u>	<u>\$ 4,485,593</u>

9. NOTES AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Notes and accounts receivable Allowance for doubtful receivables	\$ 26,119,625 (483,502)	\$ 23,289,686 (483,502)
Notes and accounts receivable, net	\$ 25,636,123	<u>\$ 22,806,184</u>

In principle, the payment term granted to customers is due 30 days from the invoice date or 30 days from the end of the month of when the invoice is issued. The allowance for doubtful receivables is assessed by reference to the collectability of receivables by performing the account aging analysis, historical experience and current financial condition of customers.

Except for those impaired, for the rest of the notes and accounts receivable, the account aging analysis at the end of the reporting period is summarized in the following table. Notes and accounts receivable include amounts that are past due but for which the Company has not recognized a specific allowance for doubtful receivables after the assessment since there has not been a significant change in the credit quality of its customers and the amounts are still considered recoverable.

Aging analysis of notes and accounts receivable, net

		December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Neither past due nor impaired		\$ 20,024,433	\$ 21,586,900
Past due but not impaired Past due within 30 days		5,611,690	1,219,284
		\$ 25,636,123	\$ 22,806,184
Movements of the allowance for doubtful receivable	<u>s</u>		
	Individually Assessed for Impairment	Collectively Assessed for Impairment	Total
Balance at January 1, 2015 Provision Reversal	\$ 8,093 300	\$ 475,409 4,803 (5,103)	\$ 483,502 5,103 (5,103)
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ 8,393	<u>\$ 475,109</u>	\$ 483,502
Balance at January 1, 2014 Provision Reversal	\$ 8,058 35	\$ 475,444 23,221 (23,256)	\$ 483,502 23,256 (23,256)
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ 8,093	<u>\$ 475,409</u>	<u>\$ 483,502</u>
Aging analysis of accounts receivable that is individ	ually determined a	s impaired	
		December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Past due over 121 days		<u>\$ 8,393</u>	<u>\$ 8,093</u>

10. INVENTORIES

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	
Finished goods Work in process Raw materials Supplies and spare parts	\$ 7,733,331 52,251,863 2,813,029 	\$ 9,443,538 49,701,123 3,014,795 1,363,831	
	<u>\$ 64,338,188</u>	\$ 63,523,287	

Write-down of inventories to net realizable value in the amount of NT\$466,825 thousand and NT\$1,810,449 thousand, respectively, were included in the cost of revenue for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014.

11. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING EQUITY METHOD

Investments accounted for using the equity method consisted of the following:

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Subsidiaries Associates	\$ 300,992,341 23,373,251	\$ 220,463,312 21,559,126
	<u>\$ 324,365,592</u>	\$ 242,022,438

a. Investments in subsidiaries

Subsidiaries consisted of the following:

		Place of	Carrying	Amount		nip and Voting
Subsidiaries	Principal Activities	Incorporation and Operation	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
TSMC Global Ltd. (TSMC Global)	Investment activities	Tortola, British Virgin Islands	\$ 203,425,723	\$ 132,330,833	100%	100%
TSMC Partners, Ltd. (TSMC Partners)	Investing in companies involved in the design, manufacture, and other related business in the semiconductor industry	Tortola, British Virgin Islands	50,827,318	47,449,368	100%	100%
TSMC China Company Limited (TSMC China)	Manufacturing and selling of integrated circuits at the order of and pursuant to product design specifications provided by customers	Shanghai, China	40,234,742	31,853,813	100%	100%
TSMC North America	Selling and marketing of integrated circuits and semiconductor devices	San Jose, California, U.S.A.	4,234,685	3,984,370	100%	100%
VentureTech Alliance Fund II, L.P. (VTAF II)	Investing in new start-up technology companies	Cayman Islands	554,240	469,709	98%	98%
Emerging Alliance Fund, L.P. (Emerging Alliance)	Investing in new start-up technology companies	Cayman Islands	440,901	155,122	99.5%	99.5%
Chi Cherng Investment Co., Ltd.(Chi Cherng)	Investment activities	Taipei, Taiwan	394,364	-	100%	-
VentureTech Alliance Fund III, L.P. (VTAF III)	Investing in new start-up technology companies	Cayman Islands	385,834	810,958	98%	98%
TSMC Europe B.V. (TSMC Europe)	Marketing and engineering supporting activities	Amsterdam, the Netherlands	330,664	312,052	100%	100%
TSMC Japan Limited (TSMC Japan)	Marketing activities	Yokohama, Japan	127,453	120,116	100%	100%
TSMC Korea Limited	Customer service and technical supporting activities	Seoul, Korea	35,231	33,427	100%	100%
(TSMC Korea) TSMC Solar Europe GmbH	Selling of solar related products and providing customer service	Hamburg, Germany	1,186	-	100%	-
TSMC Solar Ltd. (TSMC Solar)	Engaged in researching, developing, designing, manufacturing and selling renewable energy and saving related technologies and products	Tai-Chung, Taiwan	-	2,877,984	-	99%
TSMC Guang Neng Investment, Ltd. (TSMC GN)	Investment activities	Taipei, Taiwan	-	65,560	-	100%
TSMC Solid State Lighting Ltd. (TSMC SSL)	Engaged in researching, developing, designing, manufacturing and selling solid state lighting devices and related applications products and systems	Hsin-Chu, Taiwan			-	92%
			\$ 300,992,341	\$ 220,463,312		

In August 2015, TSMC Solar ceased its manufacturing operations. TSMC Solar and TSMC GN were incorporated into the Company in December 2015, pursuant to the Company's board approval in November 2015. After the incorporation, TSMC Solar Europe GmbH, the 100% owned subsidiary of TSMC Solar, is held directly by the Company.

The Company acquired OmniVision Technologies, Inc.'s ("OVT's") 100% ownership in OVT Taiwan (changed to Chi Cherng) on November 20, 2015, pursuant to TSMC's board approval in August 2015. As a result, the Company obtained control of OVT Taiwan. For more information on acquisition of subsidiary, please refer to Note 33 to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015.

To lower the hedging cost, in both of the second half of 2015 and 2014, the Company continually increased its investment in TSMC Global for the amount of NT\$64,640,368 thousand and NT\$60,787,623 thousand, respectively. This project was approved by the Investment Commission, MOEA.

In January 2015, the Board of Directors of the Company approved a sale of TSMC SSL common shares of 565,480 thousand held by the Company and TSMC Guang Neng to Epistar Corporation (EPISTAR). Accordingly, the Company reclassified TSMC SSL as a disposal group held for sale by using equity methods with NT\$669,472 thousand in the parent company only balance sheet as of December 31, 2014. The transaction was completed in February 2015. For more information on disposal of subsidiary, please refer to Note 34 to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015.

According to the agreement among the Company, TSMC Solar and VTAF III, each of the investment held by VTAF III is separately owned by the Company and TSMC Solar. As the investment owned by VTAF III, which is indirectly owned by TSMC Solar, has entered into liquidation process due to bankruptcy and the bankruptcy trustee confirmed that no residual assets could be reimbursed to the shareholders, in the second quarter of 2014, TSMC Solar's percentage of ownership over VTAF III has decreased to nil. Consequently, the Company's percentage of ownership over VTAF III has been adjusted to 98%.

b. Investments in associates

Associates consisted of the following:

		Place of		Carrying	Amo	ount	% of Ownersh Rights Held by	
Name of Associate	Principal Activities	Incorporation and Operation	Dec	cember 31, 2015	De	ecember 31, 2014	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Systems on Silicon Manufacturing Company Pte Ltd. (SSMC)	Fabrication and supply of integrated circuits	Singapore	\$	9,511,515	\$	8,296,955	39%	39%
Vanguard International Semiconductor Corporation (VIS)	Research, design, development, manufacture, packaging, testing and sale of memory integrated circuits, LSI, VLSI and related parts	Hsinchu, Taiwan		8,446,054		10,105,485	28%	33%
Xintec Inc. (Xintec)	Wafer level chip size packaging service	Taoyuan, Taiwan		2,209,785		2,053,982	35%	40%
Motech Industries, Inc. (Motech)	Manufacturing and sales of solar cells, crystalline silicon solar cell, and test and measurement instruments and design and construction of solar power systems	New Taipei, Taiwan		2,053,562		-	12%	-
Global Unichip Corporation (GUC)	Researching, developing, manufacturing, testing and marketing of integrated circuits	Hsinchu, Taiwan		1,152,335		1,102,704	35%	35%
			<u>\$</u>	23,373,251	\$	21,559,126		

After TSMC Solar incorporated into the Company in December 2015, the Company directly owned 12% of the equity interest in Motech previously held by TSMC Solar.

In both of the second quarters of 2015 and 2014, the Company sold 82,000 thousand common shares of VIS and respectively recognized a disposal gain of NT\$2,263,539 thousand and NT\$2,028,643 thousand. After the sale, the Company owned approximately 28.3% and 33.7% of the equity interest in VIS.

In March 2015, Xintec listed its shares on the R.O.C. Over-the-Counter (Taipei Exchange). Consequently, the Company's percentage of ownership over Xintec was diluted to approximately 35.4%. In April 2015, the Company sold 2,172 thousand common shares of Xintec and recognized a disposal gain of NT\$43,017 thousand. After the sale, the Company owned approximately 34.6% of the equity interest in Xintec.

The summarized financial information in respect of each of the Company's material associates is set out below. The summarized financial information below represents amounts shown in the associate's financial statements prepared in accordance with the Accounting Standards Used in Preparation of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements, which is also adjusted by the Company using the equity method of accounting.

1) SSMC

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Current assets Noncurrent assets Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	\$\text{20,078,179}\\ \begin{array}{c}\$\text{6,144,263}\\ \begin{array}{c}\$\text{1,954,057}\\ \begin{array}{c}\$\text{303,217}\end{array}	\$ 17,343,418 \$ 6,347,615 \$ 1,963,794 \$ 402,948
	37 E 1 1	D 1 01
	Years Ended	December 31
	Years Ended 2015	2014

Reconciliation of the above summarized financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in the associate recognized in the parent company only balance sheets was as follows:

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Net assets	\$ 23,965,168	\$ 21,324,291
Percentage of ownership	39%	39%
The Company's share of net assets of the associate	9,296,089	8,271,692
Goodwill	213,984	213,984
Other adjustments	1,442	(188,721)
Carrying amount of the investment	<u>\$ 9,511,515</u>	<u>\$ 8,296,955</u>

2) VIS

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Current assets Noncurrent assets Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	\$ 24,800,749 \$ 7,785,093 \$ 4,262,001 \$ 712,611	\$ 25,114,426 \$ 8,861,228 \$ 5,391,799 \$ 816,655
	Years Ended I	December 31
-	2015	2014
Net revenue Income from operations Net income Other comprehensive loss Total comprehensive income Cash dividends received	\$ 23,319,721 \$ 4,593,430 \$ 4,139,031 \$ (61,886) \$ 4,077,145 \$ 1,206,414	\$ 23,931,479 \$ 6,181,972 \$ 5,415,594 \$ (68,552) \$ 5,347,042 \$ 959,975

Reconciliation of the above summarized financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in the associate recognized in the parent company only balance sheets was as follows:

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Net assets Percentage of ownership The Company's share of net assets of the associate Goodwill	\$ 27,611,230	\$ 27,767,200 33% 9,257,584 847,901
Carrying amount of the investment	<u>\$ 8,446,054</u>	<u>\$ 10,105,485</u>

Aggregate information of associates that are not individually material was summarized as follows:

	Years Ended December 31		
	2015	2014	
The Company's share of profits of associates	<u>\$ 219,007</u>	<u>\$ 388,136</u>	
The Company's share of other comprehensive income (loss) of associates	<u>\$ (855)</u>	<u>\$ 3,467</u>	
The Company's share of total comprehensive income of associates	<u>\$ 218,152</u>	<u>\$ 391,603</u>	

The market prices of the investments accounted for using the equity method in publicly traded stocks calculated by the closing price at the end of the reporting period are summarized as follow. The closing price represents the quoted price in active markets, the level 1 fair value measurement.

Name of Associate	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
VIS	\$ 19,868,766	\$ 28,567,489
GUC	\$ 3,081,399	\$ 4,327,965
Xintec	\$ 3,006,017	
Motech	<u>\$ 2,636,054</u>	

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Land	Buildings	Machinery and Equipment	Office Equipment	Equipment under Installation and Construction in Progress	Total
Cost						
Balance at January 1, 2015 Additions (Deductions) Disposals or retirements Effect of merger of subsidiary	\$ 3,212,000	\$ 244,902,026 26,671,505 (74,721) 	\$ 1,676,843,858 133,048,817 (2,109,856) 172,812	\$ 25,494,170 2,958,321 (675,443) 32,528	\$ 105,716,759 85,335,999 - -	\$ 2,056,168,813 248,014,642 (2,860,020)
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ 3,212,000	\$ 272,949,721	\$ 1,807,955,631	\$ 27,809,576	\$ 191,052,758	\$ 2,302,979,686
Accumulated depreciation and impairment						
Balance at January 1, 2015 Additions Disposals or retirements Impairment Effect of merger of subsidiary	\$ - - -	\$ 124,864,919 15,032,971 (73,855) 669,361	\$ 1,119,908,770 194,722,607 (1,936,928) 228,037 172,812	\$ 14,710,763 3,538,232 (675,443) 32,528	\$ - - - -	\$ 1,259,484,452 213,293,810 (2,686,226) 228,037 874,701
Balance at December 31, 2015	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 140,493,396</u>	\$ 1,313,095,298	<u>\$ 17,606,080</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,471,194,774</u>
Carrying amounts at December 31, 2015	\$ 3,212,000	<u>\$ 132,456,325</u>	\$ 494,860,333	\$ 10,203,496	<u>\$ 191,052,758</u>	<u>\$ 831,784,912</u>
Cost						
Balance at January 1, 2014 Additions (Deductions) Disposals or retirements	\$ 3,212,000	\$ 205,258,852 39,751,834 (108,660)	\$ 1,340,527,340 337,877,675 (1,561,157)	\$ 19,806,369 6,304,092 (616,291)	\$ 271,779,222 (166,062,463)	\$ 1,840,583,783 217,871,138 (2,286,108)
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ 3,212,000	\$ 244,902,026	<u>\$ 1,676,843,858</u>	\$ 25,494,170	<u>\$ 105,716,759</u>	\$ 2,056,168,813
Accumulated depreciation and impairment						
Balance at January 1, 2014 Additions Disposals or retirements	\$ - - -	\$ 111,137,344 13,835,274 (107,699)	\$ 946,619,776 174,810,943 (1,521,949)	\$ 12,383,169 2,943,842 (616,248)	\$ - - -	\$ 1,070,140,289 191,590,059 (2,245,896)
Balance at December 31, 2014	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 124,864,919</u>	<u>\$ 1,119,908,770</u>	<u>\$ 14,710,763</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,259,484,452</u>
Carrying amounts at December 31, 2014	\$ 3,212,000	<u>\$ 120,037,107</u>	\$ 556,935,088	<u>\$ 10,783,407</u>	<u>\$ 105,716,759</u>	\$ 796,684,361

The significant part of the Company's buildings includes main plants, mechanical and electrical power equipment and clean rooms, and the related depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful lives of 20 years, 10 years and 10 years, respectively.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company recognized impairment loss of NT\$228,037 thousand under foundry segment since the carrying amount of some of property, plant and equipment is expected to be unrecoverable. Such impairment loss was included in other operating income and expenses for the year ended December 31, 2015.

13. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Goodwill	Technology License Fees	Software and System Design Costs	Patent and Others	Total
Cost					
Balance at January 1, 2015 Additions Retirements Effect of merger of subsidiary	\$ 1,567,756 - -	\$ 6,093,450 2,112,572 	\$ 18,532,060 854,962 (101,218) 1,730	\$ 4,136,156 586,511	\$ 30,329,422 3,554,045 (101,218) 204,767
Balance at December 31, 2015	<u>\$ 1,567,756</u>	<u>\$ 8,399,059</u>	<u>\$ 19,297,534</u>	\$ 4,722,667	\$ 33,987,016 (Continued)

	Goodwill	Technology License Fees	Software and System Design Costs	Patent and Others	Total
Accumulated amortization					
Balance at January 1, 2015 Additions Retirements Effect of merger of subsidiary	\$ - - -	\$ 3,605,977 925,129 - 193,037	\$ 14,706,168 1,662,771 (101,218) 1,730	\$ 3,020,467 571,537	\$ 21,332,612 3,159,437 (101,218) 204,767
Balance at December 31, 2015	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 4,724,143</u>	<u>\$ 16,279,451</u>	<u>\$ 3,592,004</u>	<u>\$ 24,595,598</u>
Carrying amounts at December 31, 2015	<u>\$ 1,567,756</u>	<u>\$ 3,674,916</u>	\$ 3,018,083	<u>\$ 1,130,663</u>	<u>\$ 9,391,418</u>
Cost					
Balance at January 1, 2014 Additions Retirements	\$ 1,567,756 - -	\$ 4,186,558 1,906,892	\$ 16,897,653 1,685,812 (51,405)	\$ 3,313,646 822,510	\$ 25,965,613 4,415,214 (51,405)
Balance at December 31, 2014	<u>\$ 1,567,756</u>	\$ 6,093,450	\$ 18,532,060	<u>\$ 4,136,156</u>	\$ 30,329,422
Accumulated amortization					
Balance at January 1, 2014 Additions Retirements	\$ - - -	\$ 3,205,873 400,104	\$ 13,277,625 1,479,948 (51,405)	\$ 2,412,659 607,808	\$ 18,896,157 2,487,860 (51,405)
Balance at December 31, 2014	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,605,977	<u>\$ 14,706,168</u>	\$ 3,020,467	\$ 21,332,612
Carrying amounts at December 31, 2014	<u>\$ 1,567,756</u>	<u>\$ 2,487,473</u>	\$ 3,825,892	<u>\$ 1,115,689</u>	\$ 8,996,810 (Concluded)

The Company's goodwill has been tested for impairment at the end of the annual reporting period and the recoverable amount is determined based on the value in use. The value in use was calculated based on the cash flow forecast from the financial budgets covering the future five-year period, and the Company used annual discount rate of 8.40% in its test of impairment for both December 31, 2015 and 2014 to reflect the relevant specific risk in the cash-generating unit.

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company did not recognize any impairment loss on goodwill.

14. OTHER ASSETS

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Tax receivable Prepaid expenses Long-term receivable Others	\$ 1,875,772 1,185,194 360,000 165	\$ 1,647,278 1,144,385 385,700 3
	<u>\$ 3,421,131</u>	\$ 3,177,366
Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ 3,061,131 <u>360,000</u>	\$ 2,791,666 <u>385,700</u>
	<u>\$ 3,421,131</u>	\$ 3,177,366

15. SHORT-TERM LOANS

			December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
	Unsecured loans Amount		<u>\$ 39,474,000</u>	<u>\$ 36,158,520</u>
	Original loan content US\$ (in thousands) Annual interest rate Maturity date		\$ 1,200,000 0.50%-0.77% Due by February 2016	\$ 1,140,000 0.38%-0.50% Due in January 2015
16.	PROVISIONS			
			December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
	Sales returns and allowances Warranties		\$ 9,011,863 46,304	\$ 9,959,817
			<u>\$ 9,058,167</u>	<u>\$ 9,959,817</u>
	Current portion Noncurrent portion (classified under other noncur	rrent liabilities)	\$ 9,011,863 46,304	\$ 9,959,817
			<u>\$ 9,058,167</u>	\$ 9,959,817
		Sales Returns and Allowances	Warranties	Total
	Year ended December 31, 2015			
	Balance, beginning of year Provision (Reversal) Payment Effect of merger of subsidiary	\$ 9,959,817 16,811,021 (17,758,975)	\$ - (222) - 46,526	\$ 9,959,817 16,810,799 (17,758,975) 46,526
	Balance, end of year	\$ 9,011,863	<u>\$ 46,304</u>	\$ 9,058,167
	Year ended December 31, 2014			
	Balance, beginning of year Provision Payment	\$ 7,217,331 9,864,651 (7,122,165)	\$ - - -	\$ 7,217,331 9,864,651 (7,122,165)
	Balance, end of year	<u>\$ 9,959,817</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 9,959,817</u>

Provisions for sales returns and allowances are estimated based on historical experience, management judgment, and any known factors that would significantly affect the returns and allowances, and are recognized as a reduction of revenue in the same year of the related product sales.

The provision for warranties represents the present value of the Company's best estimate of the future outflow of the economic benefits that will be required under the Company's obligations for warranties. The best estimate has been made on the basis of historical warranty trends of business.

17. BONDS PAYABLE

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Domestic unsecured bonds	\$ 166,200,000	\$ 166,200,000
Less: Current portion	(12,000,000) \$ 154,200,000	\$ 166,200,000

The major terms of domestic unsecured bonds are as follows:

Issuance	Tranche	Issuance Period	Total Amount	Coupon Rate	Repayment and Interest Payment
100-1	A	September 2011 to September 2016	\$ 10,500,000	1.40%	Bullet repayment; interest payable annually
	В	September 2011 to September 2018	7,500,000	1.63%	The same as above
100-2	A	January 2012 to January 2017	10,000,000	1.29%	The same as above
	В	January 2012 to January 2019	7,000,000	1.46%	The same as above
101-1	A	August 2012 to August 2017	9,900,000	1.28%	The same as above
	В	August 2012 to August 2019	9,000,000	1.40%	The same as above
101-2	A	September 2012 to September 2017	12,700,000	1.28%	The same as above
	В	September 2012 to September 2019	9,000,000	1.39%	The same as above
101-3	-	October 2012 to October 2022	4,400,000	1.53%	The same as above
101-4	A	January 2013 to January 2018	10,600,000	1.23%	The same as above
	В	January 2013 to January 2020	10,000,000	1.35%	The same as above
	C	January 2013 to January 2023	3,000,000	1.49%	The same as above
102-1	A	February 2013 to February 2018	6,200,000	1.23%	The same as above
	В	February 2013 to February 2020	11,600,000	1.38%	The same as above
	C	February 2013 to February 2023	3,600,000	1.50%	The same as above
102-2	A	July 2013 to July 2020	10,200,000	1.50%	The same as above
- -	В	July 2013 to July 2023	3,500,000	1.70%	The same as above (Continued)

Issuance	Tranche	Issuance Period	Total Amount	Coupon Rate	Repayment and Interest Payment
102-3	A	August 2013 to August 2017	\$ 4,000,000	1.34%	Bullet repayment; interest payable annually
	В	August 2013 to August 2019	8,500,000	1.52%	The same as above
102-4	A	September 2013 to September 2016	1,500,000	1.35%	The same as above
	В	September 2013 to September 2017	1,500,000	1.45%	The same as above
	C	September 2013 to March 2019	1,400,000	1.60%	Bullet repayment; interest payable annually (interest for the six months prior to maturity will accrue on the basis of actual days and be repayable at maturity)
	D	September 2013 to March 2021	2,600,000	1.85%	The same as above
	E	September 2013 to March 2023	5,400,000	2.05%	The same as above
	F	September 2013 to September 2023	2,600,000	2.10%	Bullet repayment; interest payable annually (Concluded)

18. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

a. Defined contribution plans

The plan under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act") is deemed a defined contribution plan. Pursuant to the Act, the Company has made monthly contributions equal to 6% of each employee's monthly salary to employees' pension accounts. Accordingly, the Company recognized expenses of NT\$1,621,480 thousand and NT\$1,465,336 thousand in the parent company only statements of comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

b. Defined benefit plans

The Company has defined benefit plans under the Labor Standards Law that provide benefits based on an employee's length of service and average monthly salary for the six-month period prior to retirement. The Company contributes an amount equal to 2% of salaries paid each month to their respective pension funds (the Funds), which are administered by the Labor Pension Fund Supervisory Committee (the Committee) and deposited in the Committee's name in the Bank of Taiwan. Before the end of each year, the Company assesses the balance in the Funds. If the amount of the balance in the Funds is inadequate to pay retirement benefits for employees who conform to retirement requirements in the next year, the Company is required to fund the difference in one appropriation that should be made before the end of March of the next year. The Funds are operated and managed by the government's designated authorities; as such, the Company does not have any right to intervene in the investments of the Funds.

Amounts recognized in the parent company only statements of comprehensive income in respect of these defined benefit plans were as follows:

	Years Ended December 31		
	2015	2014	
Current service cost Net interest expense Components of defined benefit costs recognized in profit or loss Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability.	\$ 149,216	\$ 157,514	
Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability: Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest expense) Actuarial loss (gain) arising from experience adjustments	(13,707) 297,077	(6,932) (81,309)	
Actuarial loss (gain) arising from changes in financial assumptions Components of defined benefit costs recognized in other comprehensive income	544,333 827,703	(148,992)	
Total	\$ 1,121,673	(237,233) \$ 62,056	

The pension costs of the aforementioned defined benefit plans were recognized in profit or loss by the following categories:

	Years Ended December 31		
	2015	2014	
Cost of revenue	\$ 188,761	\$ 194,545	
Research and development expenses	81,203	79,578	
General and administrative expenses	19,091	20,054	
Marketing expenses	4,915	5,112	
	<u>\$ 293,970</u>	\$ 299,289	

The amounts arising from the defined benefit obligation of the Company in the parent company only balance sheets were as follows:

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets	\$ 11,318,174 (3,870,148)	\$ 10,236,262 (3,689,413)
Net defined benefit liability	<u>\$ 7,448,026</u>	<u>\$ 6,546,849</u>

Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligation were as follows:

	Years Ended December 31		
	2015	2014	
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 10,236,262	\$ 10,176,332	
Current service cost	149,216	157,514	
Interest expense	228,444	216,903	
Remeasurement losses/(gains):			
Actuarial loss (gain) arising from experience adjustments	297,077	(81,309)	
Actuarial loss (gain) arising from changes in financial			
assumptions	544,333	(148,992)	
Benefits paid from plan assets	(146, 136)	(84,186)	
Effect of merger of subsidiary	8,978		
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ 11,318,174</u>	\$ 10,236,262	

Movements in the fair value of the plan assets were as follows:

	Years Ended December 31		
	2015	2014	
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 3,689,413	\$ 3,471,478	
Interest income	83,690	75,128	
Remeasurement gains:			
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net			
interest expense)	13,707	6,932	
Contributions from employer	220,496	220,061	
Benefits paid from plan assets	(146, 136)	(84,186)	
Effect of merger of subsidiary	8,978		
Balance, end of year	\$ 3,870,148	\$ 3,689,413	

The fair value of the plan assets by major categories at the end of reporting period was as follows:

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Cash Equity instruments Debt instruments	\$ 690,821 2,070,142 	\$ 700,988 1,844,707
	<u>\$ 3,870,148</u>	\$ 3,689,413

The actuarial valuations of the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out by qualified actuaries. The principal assumptions of the actuarial valuation were as follows:

	Measurer	Measurement Date	
	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	
Discount rate	1.90%	2.25%	
Future salary increase rate	3.00%	3.00%	

Through the defined benefit plans under the Labor Standards Law, the Company is exposed to the following risks:

- 1) Investment risk: The pension funds are invested in equity and debt securities, bank deposits, etc. The investment is conducted at the discretion of the government's designated authorities or under the mandated management. However, under the Labor Standards Law, the rate of return on assets shall not be less than the average interest rate on a two-year time deposit published by the local banks and the government is responsible for any shortfall in the event that the rate of return is less than the required rate of return.
- 2) Interest risk: A decrease in the government bond interest rate will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the debt investments of the plan assets.
 - Assuming a hypothetical decrease in interest rate at the end of the reporting period contributed to a decrease of 0.5% in the discount rate and all other assumptions were held constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation would increase by NT\$844,058 thousand and NT\$762,098 thousand as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.
- 3) Salary risk: The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

Assuming the expected salary rate increases by 0.5% at the end of the reporting period and all other assumptions were held constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation would increase by NT\$830,699 thousand and NT\$751,125 thousand as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation liability recognized in the parent company only balance sheets.

The Company expects to make contributions of NT\$227,111 thousand to the defined benefit plans in the next year starting from December 31, 2015. The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 14 years.

19. GUARANTEE DEPOSITS

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Capacity guarantee Others	\$ 27,549,563 172,624	\$ 30,132,100 160,451
	<u>\$ 27,722,187</u>	\$ 30,292,551 (Continued)

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Current portion (classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities) Noncurrent portion	\$ 6,167,813 21,554,374	\$ 4,757,700 25,534,851
	<u>\$ 27,722,187</u>	\$ 30,292,551 (Concluded)

Starting from the second quarter of 2015, some of guarantee deposits were refunded to customers by offsetting related accounts receivable.

20. EQUITY

a. Capital stock

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Authorized shares (in thousands) Authorized capital	28,050,000 \$ 280,500,000	28,050,000 \$ 280,500,000
Issued and paid shares (in thousands) Issued capital	25,930,380 \$ 259,303,805	25,929,662 \$ 259,296,624

A holder of issued common shares with par value of NT\$10 per share is entitled to vote and to receive dividends.

The authorized shares include 500,000 thousand shares allocated for the exercise of employee stock options.

As of December 31, 2015, 1,072,635 thousand ADSs of the Company were traded on the NYSE. The number of common shares represented by the ADSs was 5,363,175 thousand shares (one ADS represents five common shares).

b. Capital surplus

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Additional paid-in capital	\$ 24,184,939	\$ 24,053,965
From merger	22,804,510	22,804,510
From convertible bonds	8,892,847	8,892,847
From share of changes in equities of subsidiaries	100,761	104,335
From share of changes in equities of associates	317,103	134,210
Donations	55	55
	\$ 56,300,215	\$ 55,989,922

Under the Company Law, the capital surplus generated from donations and the excess of the issuance price over the par value of capital stock (including the stock issued for new capital, mergers and convertible bonds) may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Company has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or stock dividends up to a certain percentage of the

Company's paid-in capital. The capital surplus from share of changes in equities of subsidiaries may be used to offset a deficit.

c. Retained earnings and dividend policy

The Company's Articles of Incorporation provide that, when allocating the net profits for each fiscal year, the Company shall first offset its losses in previous years and then set aside the following items accordingly:

- 1) Legal capital reserve at 10% of the profits left over, until the accumulated legal capital reserve equals the Company's paid-in capital;
- 2) Special capital reserve in accordance with relevant laws or regulations or as requested by the authorities in charge;
- 3) Bonus to directors and profit sharing to employees of the Company of not more than 0.3% and not less than 1% of the remainder, respectively. Directors who also serve as executive officers of the Company are not entitled to receive the bonus to directors. The Company may issue profit sharing to employees in stock of an affiliated company meeting the conditions set by the Board of Directors or, by the person duly authorized by the Board of Directors;
- 4) Any balance left over shall be allocated according to the resolution of the shareholders' meeting.

The Company's Articles of Incorporation also provide that profits of the Company may be distributed by way of cash dividend and/or stock dividend. However, distribution of profits shall be made preferably by way of cash dividend. Distribution of profits may also be made by way of stock dividend; provided that the ratio for stock dividend shall not exceed 50% of the total distribution.

Any appropriations of the profits are subject to shareholders' approval in the following year.

In accordance with the amendments to the Company Act in May 2015, the recipients of dividends and bonuses are limited to shareholders and do not include employees. Accordingly, the Company expects to make amendments to the Company's Articles of Incorporation to be approved during the 2016 annual shareholders' meeting. For information about the accrual basis of profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 and the actual appropriations for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, please refer to employee benefits expense in Note 28.

The appropriation for legal capital reserve shall be made until the reserve equals the Company's paid-in capital. The reserve may be used to offset a deficit, or be distributed as dividends in cash or stocks for the portion in excess of 25% of the paid-in capital if the Company incurs no loss.

Pursuant to existing regulations, the Company is required to set aside additional special capital reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of the other components of stockholders' equity, such as the accumulated balance of foreign currency translation reserve, unrealized valuation gain/loss from available-for-sale financial assets, gain/loss from changes in fair value of hedging instruments in cash flow hedges, etc. For the subsequent decrease in the deduction amount to stockholders' equity, any special reserve appropriated may be reversed to the extent that the net debit balance reverses.

The appropriations of 2014 and 2013 earnings have been approved by the Company's shareholders in its meetings held on June 9, 2015 and on June 24, 2014, respectively. The appropriations and dividends per share were as follows:

	Appropriatio	on of Earnings		Per Share T\$)
	For Fiscal Year 2014	For Fiscal Year 2013	For Fiscal Year 2014	For Fiscal Year 2013
Legal capital reserve Special capital reserve Cash dividends to shareholders	\$ 26,389,879 - 	\$ 18,814,679 (2,785,741) 77,785,851	\$4.5	\$3.0
	\$ 143,073,360	\$ 93,814,789		

The Company's appropriations of earnings for 2015 had been approved in the meeting of the Board of Directors held on February 2, 2016. The appropriations and dividends per share were as follows:

Appropriation of Earnings For Fiscal Year 2015	Share For Fis	e (NT\$) cal Year
\$ 30,657,384 <u>155,582,283</u> \$ 186,230,667	\$	6.0
	of Earnings For Fiscal Year 2015 \$ 30,657,384	of Earnings Share For Fiscal Year For Fis 2015 20 \$ 30,657,384 \$ 155,582,283 \$

The appropriations of earnings for 2015 are to be presented for approval in the Company's shareholders' meeting to be held on June 7, 2016 (expected).

Under the Integrated Income Tax System that became effective on January 1, 1998, the R.O.C. resident shareholders are allowed a tax credit for their proportionate share of the income tax paid by the Company on earnings generated since January 1, 1998.

d. Others

Changes in others were as follows:

	Year Ended December 31, 2015				
	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Unrealized Gain/Loss from Available-for- sale Financial Assets		sh Flow es Reserve	Total
Balance, beginning of year Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign	\$ 4,502,113	\$ 21,247,483	\$	(305)	\$ 25,749,291
operations Changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial	6,525,608	-		-	6,525,608
assets	-	94,115		-	94,115 (Continued)

	Year Ended December 31, 2015			
	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Unrealized Gain/Loss from Available-for- sale Financial Assets	Cash Flow Hedges Reserve	Total
Cumulative (gain)/loss reclassified to profit or loss upon disposal of available-for-sale financial assets Share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries and associates The proportionate share of other comprehensive income/losses reclassified to profit or loss	\$ - 9,102	\$ (51) (20,592,836)	\$ - (313)	\$ (51) (20,584,047)
upon partial disposal of associates Income tax effect	3,126	2,051 (15,991)	11 -	5,188 (15,991)
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ 11,039,949</u>	<u>\$ 734,771</u>	\$ (607)	\$ 11,774,113 (Concluded)
	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Year Ended De Unrealized Gain/Loss from Available-for- sale Financial Assets	Cash Flow Hedges Reserve	Total
Balance, beginning of year Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations Changes in fair value of	\$ (7,140,362) 11,784,245	\$ 21,310,781	\$ (113)	\$ 14,170,306 11,784,245
available-for-sale financial assets Cumulative (gain)/loss reclassified to profit or loss upon disposal of	-	157,344	-	157,344
available-for-sale financial assets Share of other comprehensive	-	(127,161)	-	(127,161)
income of subsidiaries and associates The proportionate share of other comprehensive income/losses reclassified to profit or loss	(144,787)	(85,430)	(192)	(230,409)
upon partial disposal of associates Income tax effect	3,017	(2,920) (5,131)	- 	97 (5,131)
Balance, end of year	\$ 4,502,113	<u>\$ 21,247,483</u>	<u>\$ (305)</u>	\$ 25,749,291

The exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operation's net assets from its functional currency to the Company's presentation currency are recognized directly in other comprehensive income and also accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve.

Unrealized gain/loss on available-for-sale financial assets represents the cumulative gains or losses arising from the fair value measurement on available-for-sale financial assets that are recognized in other comprehensive income. When those available-for-sale financial assets have been disposed of or are determined to be impaired subsequently, the related cumulative gains or losses in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

The cash flow hedges reserve represents the cumulative effective portion of gains or losses arising on changes in fair value of the hedging instruments entered into as cash flow hedges. The cumulative gains or losses arising on changes in fair value of the hedging instruments that are recognized and accumulated in cash flow hedges reserve will be reclassified to profit or loss only when the hedge transaction affects profit or loss.

21. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT

The Company did not issue employee stock option plans for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014. Information about the Company's outstanding employee stock options is described as follows:

	Number of Stock Options (In Thousands)	Weighted- average Exercise Price (NT\$)
Year ended December 31, 2015		
Balance, beginning of year Options exercised	718 (718)	\$47.2 47.2
Balance, end of year Balance exercisable, end of year	<u>-</u>	- -
Year ended December 31, 2014		
Balance, beginning of year Options exercised	1,763 (1,045)	\$45.9 45.0
Balance, end of year Balance exercisable, end of year	<u>718</u> <u>718</u>	47.2 47.2

The numbers of outstanding stock options and exercise prices have been adjusted to reflect the distribution of earnings by the Company in accordance with the plans.

The employee stock options have been fully exercised in the second quarter of 2015.

Information about the Company's outstanding stock options was as follows:

December 31, 2014		
	Weighted-average	
Range of Exercise	Remaining	
Price	Contractual Life	
(NT\$)	(Years)	
\$47.2	0.4	

22. NET REVENUE

The analysis of the Company's net revenue was as follows:

	Years Ended December 31		
	2015	2014	
Net revenue from sale of goods Net revenue from royalties	\$ 836,546,605 500,283	\$ 756,522,002 630,387	
	<u>\$ 837,046,888</u>	<u>\$ 757,152,389</u>	

23. OTHER INCOME

	Years Ended December 31		
	2015	2014	
Interest income			
Bank deposits	\$ 1,655,118	\$ 1,021,275	
Held-to-maturity financial assets	71,385	8,233	
•	1,726,503	1,029,508	
Dividend income	113,359	112,376	
	<u>\$ 1,839,862</u>	<u>\$ 1,141,884</u>	

24. FINANCE COSTS

	Years Ended December 31		
	2015	2014	
Interest expense			
Corporate bonds	\$ 2,367,179	\$ 2,380,157	
Bank loans	<u>73,280</u>	132,074	
	<u>\$ 2,440,459</u>	\$ 2,512,231	

25. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

	Years Ended December 31			mber 31
	2015		2014	
Gain on disposal of financial assets, net				
Available-for-sale financial assets	\$	51	\$	127,161
Financial assets carried at cost		-		5,397
Gain on disposal of investments accounted for using equity method,				
net	2,4	419,785		2,028,643
Other gains	123,920 238		238,628	
Net loss on financial instruments at FVTPL				
Held for trading	(1, 7)	719,106)	(1,996,908)
Impairment loss of financial assets	Ì	,		
Financial assets carried at cost		(21,437)		(90,774)
Other losses		(15,228)		(13,010)
	\$	<u> 787,985</u>	\$	299,137

26. INCOME TAX

a. Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss

Income tax expense consisted of the following:

	Years Ended December 31		
	2015	2014	
Current income tax expense			
Current tax expense recognized in the current year	\$ 45,633,743	\$ 35,138,634	
Income tax adjustments on prior years	(979,196)	404,566	
Other income tax adjustments	142,426	136,248	
v	44,796,973	35,679,448	
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)			
The origination and reversal of temporary differences	(1,382,142)	(513,382)	
Investment tax credits	<u> </u>	1,955,980	
	(1,382,142)	1,442,598	
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ 43,414,831</u>	<u>\$ 37,122,046</u>	

A reconciliation of income before income tax and income tax expense recognized in profit or loss was as follows:

	Years Ended December 31		
	2015	2014	
Income before tax	<u>\$ 349,988,668</u>	<u>\$ 301,003,817</u>	
Income tax expense at the statutory rate (17%) Tax effect of adjusting items:	\$ 59,498,074	\$ 51,170,649	
Deductible items in determining taxable income	(6,011,617)	(1,213,840)	
Tax-exempt income	(21,760,175)	(19,854,275)	
Additional income tax under the Alternative Minimum Tax Act	6,041,603	4,081,153	
Additional income tax on unappropriated earnings	12,103,200	9,374,020	
Income tax credits	(4,237,342)	(3,275,093)	
The origination and reversal of temporary differences	(1,382,142)	(513,382)	
Remeasurement of investment tax credits	<u>-</u>	(3,188,000)	
	44,251,601	36,581,232	
Income tax adjustments on prior years	(979,196)	404,566	
Other income tax adjustments	142,426	136,248	
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	\$ 43,414,831	<u>\$ 37,122,046</u>	

b. Income tax expense recognized in other comprehensive income

	Years Ended December 31		
	2015	2014	
Deferred income tax benefit (expense) Related to remeasurement of defined benefit obligation Related to unrealized gain/loss on available-for-sale financial assets	\$ 99,324 (15.991)	\$ (28,468) (5,131)	
assets	(13,991)	(3,131)	
	\$ 83,333	<u>\$ (33,599)</u>	

c. Deferred income tax balance

The analysis of deferred income tax assets and liabilities in the parent company only balance sheets was as follows:

			December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Deferred income tax assets Temporary differences Depreciation Provision for sales returns at Net defined benefit liability Unrealized loss on inventori Others	\$ 1,874,632 1,081,423 895,486 573,243 81,891 \$ 4,506,675	\$ 610,819 1,195,178 787,492 547,249 68,941 \$ 3,209,679		
Deferred income tax liabilities Temporary differences Available-for-sale financial Unrealized exchange gains	assets		\$ (31,271) <u> </u>	\$ (15,280) (184,470) \$ (199,750)
		Recog	nized in	
	Balance,	Other		
	Beginning of Year	Profit or Loss	Comprehensive Income	Balance, End of Year
Year Ended December 31, 2015				
Deferred income tax assets Temporary differences Depreciation Provision for sales returns and allowance Net defined benefit liability Unrealized loss on inventories Others	\$ 610,819 1,195,178 787,492 547,249 68,941 \$ 3,209,679	\$ 1,263,813 (113,755) 8,670 25,994 12,950 \$ 1,197,672	\$ - 99,324 - - \$ 99,324	\$ 1,874,632 1,081,423 895,486 573,243 81,891 \$ 4,506,675
Deferred income tax liabilities Temporary differences Available-for-sale financial assets Unrealized exchange gains	\$ (15,280)	\$ - 184,470 \$ 184,470	\$ (15,991) 	\$ (31,271)

		Recogn		
	Balance, Beginning of Year	Profit or Loss	Other Comprehensive Income	Balance, End of Year
Year Ended December 31, 2014				
Deferred income tax assets				
Investment tax credits	\$ 1,955,980	\$ (1,955,980)	\$ -	\$ -
Temporary differences				
Depreciation	366,912	243,907	-	610,819
Provision for sales returns and				
allowance	866,080	329,098	-	1,195,178
Net defined benefit liability	806,453	9,507	(28,468)	787,492
Unrealized loss on inventories	387,227	160,022	-	547,249
Others	103,474	(34,533)	_	68,941
	<u>\$ 4,486,126</u>	<u>\$ (1,247,979)</u>	<u>\$ (28,468)</u>	<u>\$ 3,209,679</u>
Deferred income tax liabilities Temporary differences Available-for-sale financial				
assets	\$ -	\$ (10,149)	\$ (5,131)	\$ (15,280)
Unrealized exchange gains	_	(184,470)	_	(184,470)
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (194,619)</u>	\$ (5,131)	\$ (199,750) (Concluded)

d. The deductible temporary differences for which no deferred income tax assets have been recognized in the parent company only financial statements

As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the aggregate deductible temporary differences for which no deferred income tax assets have been recognized amounted to NT\$1,972,286 thousand and NT\$2,088,394 thousand, respectively.

e. Unused tax-exemption information

As of December 31, 2015, the profits generated from the following projects of the Company are exempt from income tax for a five-year period:

Tax-exemption Period

Construction and expansion of 2006	2011 to 2015
Construction and expansion of 2007	2014 to 2018
Construction and expansion of 2008	2015 to 2019
Construction and expansion of 2009	2018 to 2022

f. The information of unrecognized deferred income tax liabilities associated with investments

As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the aggregate taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries not unrecognized as deferred income tax liabilities amounted to NT\$80,919,309 thousand and NT\$41,365,515 thousand, respectively.

g. Integrated income tax information

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Balance of the Imputation		
Credit Account	<u>\$ 59,973,516</u>	<u>\$ 35,353,150</u>

The estimated and actual creditable ratio for distribution of the Company's earnings of 2015 and 2014 were 12.71% and 11.13%, respectively; however, effective from January 1, 2015, the creditable ratio for individual shareholders residing in the Republic of China will be half of the original creditable ratio according to the revised Article 66 - 6 of the Income Tax Law.

The imputation credit allocated to shareholders is based on its balance as of the date of the dividend distribution. The estimated creditable ratio may change when the actual distribution of the imputation credit is made.

All earnings generated prior to December 31, 1997 have been appropriated.

h. Income tax examination

The tax authorities have examined income tax returns of the Company through 2012. All investment tax credit adjustments assessed by the tax authorities have been recognized accordingly.

27. EARNINGS PER SHARE

		Years Ended December 31	
		2015	2014
Basic EPS Diluted EPS		\$11.82 \$11.82	\$10.18 \$10.18
EPS is computed as follows:			
	Amounts (Numerator)	Number of Shares (Denominator) (In Thousands)	EPS (NT\$)
Year ended December 31, 2015			
Basic EPS Net income available to common shareholders Effect of dilutive potential common shares	\$ 306,573,837	25,930,288 <u>92</u>	<u>\$11.82</u>
Diluted EPS Net income available to common shareholders (including effect of dilutive potential common shares)	\$ 306,573,837	25,930,380	\$11.82 (Continued)

	Amounts (Numerator)	Number of Shares (Denominator) (In Thousands)	EPS (NT\$)
Year ended December 31, 2014			
Basic EPS Net income available to common shareholders Effect of dilutive potential common shares	\$ 263,881,771 	25,929,273 831	<u>\$10.18</u>
Diluted EPS Net income available to common shareholders (including effect of dilutive potential common shares)	<u>\$ 263,881,771</u>	25,930,104	<u>\$10.18</u>
			(Concluded)

If the Company may settle the obligation by cash, by issuing shares, or in combination of both cash and shares, profit sharing bonus to employees which will be settled in shares should be included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding in calculation of diluted EPS, if the shares have a dilutive effect. The number of shares is estimated by dividing the amount of profit sharing bonus to employees in stock by the closing price (after considering the dilutive effect of dividends) of the common shares at the end of the reporting period. Such dilutive effect of the potential shares needs to be included in the calculation of diluted EPS until profit sharing bonus to employees to be settled in the form of common stocks are approved in the following year.

28. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION OF EXPENSES BY NATURE

		Years Ended December 31		
		2015	2014	
a.	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment			
	Recognized in cost of revenue Recognized in operating expenses Recognized in other operating income and expenses	\$ 198,343,742 14,925,181 24,887 \$ 213,293,810	\$ 177,957,340 13,607,832 24,887 \$ 191,590,059	
b.	Amortization of intangible assets			
	Recognized in cost of revenue Recognized in operating expenses	\$ 1,605,572 1,553,865	\$ 1,304,885 1,182,975	
		\$ 3,159,437	\$ 2,487,860	
c.	Research and development costs expensed as incurred	\$ 64,831,860	<u>\$ 55,818,708</u>	

	Years Ended December 31		
	2015	2014	
Employee benefits expenses			
Post-employment benefits (Note 18)			
Defined contribution plans	\$ 1,621,480	\$ 1,465,336	
Defined benefit plans	293,970	299,289	
	1,915,450	1,764,625	
Other employee benefits	78,860,730	70,240,842	
0			
	\$ 80,776,180	\$ 72,005,467	
		 	
Employee benefits expense summarized by function			
Recognized in cost of revenue	\$ 48,246,789	\$ 43,776,851	
Recognized in operating expenses	32,529,391	28,228,616	
8		= 5,==0,010	
	\$ 80,776,180	\$ 72,005,467	
	 	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	

d.

Under the Company Act as amended in May 2015, the Company's Articles of Incorporation should stipulate a fixed amount or ratio of annual profit to be distributed as profit sharing bonus to employees. The Company expects to make amendments to the Company's Articles of Incorporation to be approved during the 2016 annual shareholders' meeting.

The Company accrued profit sharing bonus to employees based on a percentage of net income before income tax, profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors during the period, which amounted to NT\$20,556,888 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2015. The Company accrued profit sharing bonus to employees based on certain percentage of net income during the period, which amounted to NT\$17,645,966 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2014. Compensation to directors was expensed based on estimated amount payable. If there is a change in the proposed amounts after the annual parent company only financial statements are authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in accounting estimate.

The Board of Directors of the Company held on February 2, 2016 approved the profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors in the amounts of NT\$20,556,888 thousand and NT\$356,186 thousand in cash for payment in 2015, respectively. There is no significant difference between the aforementioned approved amounts and the amounts charged against earnings of 2015. The appropriations of profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors for 2015 are to be presented for approval in the Company's shareholders' meeting to be held on June 7, 2016 (expected).

The Company's profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors in the amounts of NT\$17,645,966 thousand and NT\$406,854 thousand in cash for 2014, respectively, and profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors in the amounts of NT\$12,634,665 thousand and NT\$104,136 thousand in cash for 2013, respectively, had been approved by the shareholders in its meetings held on June 9, 2015 and June 24, 2014, respectively. The aforementioned approved amount has no difference with the one approved by the Board of Directors in its meetings held on February 10, 2015 and February 18, 2014 and the same amount had been charged against earnings of 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The information about the appropriations of the Company's profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors is available at the Market Observation Post System website.

29. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company requires significant amounts of capital to build and expand its production facilities and acquire additional equipment. In consideration of the industry dynamics, the Company manages its capital in a manner to ensure that it has sufficient and necessary financial resources to fund its working capital needs, capital asset purchases, research and development activities, dividend payments, debt service requirements and other business requirements associated with its existing operations over the next 12 months.

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Categories of financial instruments

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Financial assets		
FVTPL		
Held for trading derivatives	\$ 6,026	\$ 134,824
Available-for-sale financial assets (Note)	1,050,645	986,018
Held-to-maturity financial assets	10,787,947	4,485,593
Loans and receivables		
Cash and cash equivalents	264,493,583	184,859,232
Notes and accounts receivables (including related parties)	82,918,805	111,226,097
Other receivables	2,581,900	3,032,166
Refundable deposits	398,693	340,010
	\$ 362,237,599	\$ 305,063,940
Financial liabilities		
FVTPL		
Held for trading derivatives	\$ 45,254	\$ 477,268
Amortized cost	Ψ 15,251	Ψ 177,200
Short-term loans	39,474,000	36,158,520
Accounts payable (including related parties)	20,462,601	24,067,163
Payables to contractors and equipment suppliers	25,346,206	25,911,719
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	16,797,935	20,165,084
Bonds payable (including long-term liabilities - current		
portion)	166,200,000	166,200,000
Other long-term payables (classified under accrued		
expenses and other current liabilities and other noncurrent		
liabilities)	18,000	36,000
Guarantee deposits (including those classified under		
accrued expenses and other current liabilities)	27,722,187	30,292,551
	<u>\$ 296,066,183</u>	<u>\$ 303,308,305</u>

Note: Including financial assets carried at cost.

b. Financial risk management objectives

The Company seeks to ensure sufficient cost-efficient funding readily available when needed. The Company manages its exposure to foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, equity price risk, credit risk and liquidity risk with the objective to reduce the potentially adverse effects the market uncertainties may have on its financial performance.

The plans for material treasury activities are reviewed by Audit Committees and/or Board of Directors in accordance with procedures required by relevant regulations or internal controls. During the implementation of such plans, Corporate Treasury function must comply with certain treasury procedures that provide guiding principles for overall financial risk management and segregation of duties.

c. Market risk

The Company is exposed to the market risks arising from changes in foreign exchange rates, interest rates and the prices in equity investments, and utilizes some derivative financial instruments to reduce the related risks.

Foreign currency risk

Most of the Company's operating activities are denominated in foreign currencies. Consequently, the Company is exposed to foreign currency risk. To protect against reductions in value and the volatility of future cash flows caused by changes in foreign exchange rates, the Company utilizes derivative financial instruments, including currency forward contracts and cross currency swaps, to hedge its currency exposure. These instruments help to reduce, but do not eliminate, the impact of foreign currency exchange rate movements.

The Company also holds short-term borrowings in foreign currencies in proportion to its expected future cash flows. This allows foreign-currency-denominated borrowings to be serviced with expected future cash flows and provides a partial hedge against transaction translation exposure.

The Company's sensitivity analysis to foreign currency risk mainly focuses on the foreign currency monetary items at the end of the reporting period. Assuming an unfavorable 10% movement in the levels of foreign exchanges against the New Taiwan dollar, the net income for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 would have decreased by NT\$902,173 thousand and NT\$324,058 thousand, respectively, after taking into consideration of the hedging contracts and the hedged items.

Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk arising from borrowing at fixed interest rates. All of the Company's long-term bonds have fixed interest rates and are measured at amortized cost. As such, changes in interest rates would not affect the future cash flows.

Other price risk

The Company is exposed to equity price risk arising from available-for-sale equity investments.

Assuming a hypothetical decrease of 5% in equity prices of the equity investments at the end of the reporting period, the net income for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 would have been unaffected as they were classified as available-for-sale; however, the other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 would have decreased by NT\$44,410 thousand and NT\$41,764 thousand, respectively.

d. Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The Company is exposed to credit risk from operating activities, primarily trade receivables, and from financing activities, primarily deposits, fixed-income investments and other financial instruments with banks. Credit risk is managed separately for business related and financial related exposures. As of the end of the reporting period, the Company's maximum credit

risk exposure is mainly from the carrying amount of financial assets recognized in the parent company only balance sheet.

Business related credit risk

The Company has considerable trade receivables outstanding with its customers worldwide. A substantial majority of the Company's outstanding trade receivables are not covered by collateral or credit insurance. While the Company has procedures to monitor and limit exposure to credit risk on trade receivables, there can be no assurance such procedures will effectively limit its credit risk and avoid losses. This risk is heightened during periods when economic conditions worsen.

As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company's ten largest customers accounted for 67% and 57% of accounts receivable, respectively. The Company believes the concentration of credit risk is insignificant for the remaining accounts receivable.

Financial credit risk

The Company regularly monitors and reviews the transaction limit applied to counterparties and adjusts the concentration limit according to market conditions and the credit standing of the counterparties. The Company mitigates its exposure by selecting counterparties with investment-grade credit ratings.

e. Liquidity risk management

The objective of liquidity risk management is to ensure the Company has sufficient liquidity to fund its business requirements associated with existing operations over the next 12 months. The Company manages its liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments, including principal and interest.

	Less Than 1 Year	2-3 Years	4-5 Years	5+ Years	Total
<u>December 31, 2015</u>					
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Short-term loans Accounts payable (including related	\$ 39,488,957	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 39,488,957
parties) Payables to contractors and	20,462,601	-	-	-	20,462,601
equipment suppliers Accrued expenses and other current	25,346,206	-	-	-	25,346,206
liabilities	16,797,935	-	-	-	16,797,935
Bonds payable Other long-term payables (classified under accrued expenses and other	14,338,760	65,859,591	68,378,787	25,981,316	174,558,454
current liabilities) Guarantee deposits (including those classified under accrued expenses	18,000	-	-	-	18,000
and other current liabilities)	6,167,813 122,620,272	13,330,624 79,190,215	8,223,750 76,602,537	25,981,316	27,722,187 304,394,340
Derivative financial instruments					
Forward exchange contracts					
Outflows	15,380,767	=	-	-	15,380,767
Inflows	(15,341,109) 39,658				(15,341,109) 39,658
	<u>\$ 122,659,930</u>	<u>\$ 79,190,215</u>	\$ 76,602,537	<u>\$ 25,981,316</u>	\$ 304,433,998 (Continued)

	Less Than 1 Year	2-3 Years	4-5 Years	5+ Years	Total
<u>December 31, 2014</u>					
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Short-term loans Accounts payable (including related	\$ 36,164,316	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36,164,316
parties) Payables to contractors and	24,067,163	-	-	-	24,067,163
equipment suppliers Accrued expenses and other current	25,911,719	-	-	-	25,911,719
liabilities	20,165,084	-	-	-	20,165,084
Bonds payable Other long-term payables (classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities and other	2,381,670	54,406,509	61,831,777	58,320,169	176,940,125
noncurrent liabilities) Guarantee deposits (including those classified under accrued expenses	18,000	18,000	-	-	36,000
and other current liabilities)	4,757,700	12,847,651	12,687,200		30,292,551
	113,465,652	67,272,160	<u>74,518,977</u>	58,320,169	313,576,958
Derivative financial instruments					
Forward exchange contracts					
Outflows	9,751,873	-	-	-	9,751,873
Inflows	(9,660,768) 91,105	_	_	<u>-</u>	(9,660,768) 91,105
Cross currency swap contracts					
Outflows	44,780,038	-	-	-	44,780,038
Inflows	(44,430,805) 349,233				(44,430,805) 349,233
F: 1 00 :1: 4	<u>\$ 113,905,990</u>	<u>\$ 67,272,160</u>	<u>\$ 74,518,977</u>	<u>\$ 58,320,169</u>	\$\\\\314,017,296\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\

f. Fair value of financial instruments

1) Fair value of financial instruments carried at amortized cost

Except as detailed in the following table, the Company considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at amortized cost recognized in the parent company only financial statements approximate their fair values.

	December 31, 2015		December 31, 2014	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
<u>Financial assets</u>				
Held-to-maturity financial assets Corporate bonds/Bank debentures Structured product Commercial paper	\$ 7,787,947 3,000,000	\$ 7,792,428 2,995,731	\$ - 4,485,593	\$ - 4,486,541
Financial liabilities				
Measured at amortized cost Bonds payable	166,200,000	167,709,976	166,200,000	166,357,405

2) Valuation techniques and assumptions used in fair value measurement

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market prices (includes publicly traded stocks).
- Forward exchange contracts and cross currency swap contracts are measured using quoted forward exchange rates and yield curves derived from quoted interest rates matching maturities of the contracts.
- The fair values of other financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

3) Fair value measurements recognized in the parent company only balance sheets

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The following table presents the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	December 31, 2015			
-	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL				
Derivative financial instruments	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,026</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 6,026</u>
Available-for-sale financial assets				
Publicly traded stocks	\$ 706,924	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 706,924</u>
Financial liabilities at FVTPL				
Derivative financial instruments	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 45,254</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ 45,254</u>

	December 31, 2014			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL				
Derivative financial instruments	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 134,824</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 134,824</u>
Available-for-sale financial assets				
Publicly traded stocks	<u>\$ 612,860</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 612,860
Financial liabilities at FVTPL				
Derivative financial instruments	\$ -	<u>\$ 477,268</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 477,268

For assets and liabilities held as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

There were no purchases and disposals for assets on Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis

The Company measures certain financial assets at fair value on a nonrecurring basis when they are deemed to be impaired. The valuation processes include controls that are designed to ensure appropriate fair values are recorded. These controls include valuation technique validation, review of key inputs, and analysis of period-over-period fluctuations where appropriate. Due to significant unobservable inputs used, the Company classified these measurements as Level 3.

The Company reviews investments in non-publicly traded stocks and mutual funds for impairment quarterly and records an impairment charge when the Company believes an investment has experienced a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value and carrying value may not be recovered. The Company recognized impairment loss on financial assets carried at cost in the amount of NT\$21,437 thousand and NT\$90,774 thousand for years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Determining whether a significant or prolonged decline in fair value of the investment below its carrying amount has occurred is highly subjective. Factors the Company considers include the fair value of the investment in relation to its carrying amount and the duration of the decline in fair value below the carrying amount of the investment. Due to the absence of quoted market prices, the fair values are determined significantly based on management judgment with the best information available. The Company calculates these fair values using the market approach which includes recent financing activities, valuation of comparable companies, technology development stage, market condition and other economic factors as their inputs.

Financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value but for which the fair value is disclosed

For investments in bonds and structured product, the fair value is determined using active market prices and the present value of future cash flows based on the observable yield curves, respectively.

The fair value of the Company's bonds payable is determined using active market prices.

The table below sets out the balances for the Company's assets and liabilities at amortized cost but for which the fair value is disclosed as of December 31, 2015:

	December 31, 2015			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<u>Assets</u>				
Held-to-maturity securities Corporate bonds/Bank debentures Structured product	\$ 7,792,428 	\$ - - 2,995,731	\$ - -	\$ 7,792,428 2,995,731
	<u>\$ 7,792,428</u>	\$ 2,995,731	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 10,788,159</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Measured at amortized cost Bonds payable	<u>\$ 167,709,976</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 167,709,976</u>

31. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The significant transactions between the Company and its related parties, other than those disclosed in other notes, are summarized as follows:

a. Net revenue

		Years Ended December 31	
<u>Item</u>	Related Party Categories	2015	2014
Net revenue from sale of goods	Subsidiaries Associates Joint venture of the Company's	\$ 564,722,352 3,356,734	\$ 523,445,156 2,754,460
	subsidiaries	1,206 \$ 568,080,292	1,325 \$ 526,200,941
Net revenue from royalties	Subsidiaries Associates	\$ 457 489,420	\$ 757 521,975
		<u>\$ 489,877</u>	<u>\$ 522,732</u>

b. Purchases

	Years Ended December 31		
Related Party Categories	2015	2014	
Subsidiaries Associates	\$ 31,090,925 11,126,415	\$ 28,130,353 11,644,093	
	<u>\$ 42,217,340</u>	\$ 39,774,446	

c. Receivables from related parties

	<u>Item</u>	Related Party Categories	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
	Receivables from related parties	Subsidiaries Associates	\$ 56,798,070 484,612	\$ 88,149,347 270,252
		Joint venture of the Company's subsidiaries		314
			\$ 57,282,682	<u>\$ 88,419,913</u>
	Other receivables from related parties	Subsidiaries Associates	\$ 330,456 124,871	\$ 397,967 178,625
			<u>\$ 455,327</u>	<u>\$ 576,592</u>
d.	Payables to related parties			
	<u>Item</u>	Related Party Categories	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
	Payables to related parties	Subsidiaries Associates Lint control of the Common 'a	\$ 2,609,731 1,149,900	\$ 3,264,936 1,490,997
		Joint venture of the Company's subsidiaries	-	493
			\$ 3.759.631	\$ 4.756.426

e. Acquisition of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

	Acquisition Price Years Ended December 31		
Related Party Categories	2015	2014	
Subsidiaries Associates	\$ 41,146 26,207	\$ 63,555	
	<u>\$ 67,353</u>	<u>\$ 63,555</u>	

f. Disposal of property, plant and equipment

	Proceeds		
	Years Ended	December 31	
Related Party Categories	2015	2014	
Subsidiaries	\$ 183,838	\$ 27,580	
Associates	-	23,447	
Joint venture of the Company's subsidiaries		<u> 18,000</u>	
	<u>\$ 183,838</u>	\$ 69,027	

	Gains Years Ended December 31	
Related Party Categories	2015	2014
Subsidiaries	\$ 41,583	\$ 15,191
Associates	-	20,010
Joint venture of the Company's subsidiaries		<u>17,441</u>
	<u>\$ 41,583</u>	<u>\$ 52,642</u>
	Deferred Gains : Property, Plant	-
	December 31,	December 31,
Related Party Categories	2015	2014
Subsidiaries	<u>\$ 183,175</u>	<u>\$ 43,722</u>
g. Others		

g.

		Years Ended	December 31
<u>Item</u>	Related Party Categories	2015	2014
Manufacturing expenses	Subsidiaries Associates Joint venture of the Company's subsidiaries	\$ 806 2,321,774 12,819	\$ 36,938 2,437,366 7,926
		\$ 2,335,399	<u>\$ 2,482,230</u>
Research and development expenses	Subsidiaries Associates Joint venture of the Company's	\$ 2,070,611 142,833	\$ 1,569,020 87,848
	subsidiaries	1,398	1,116
		\$ 2,214,842	<u>\$ 1,657,984</u>
Marking expenses - commission	Subsidiaries	<u>\$ 782,254</u>	\$ 778,064

The sales prices and payment terms to related parties were not significantly different from those of sales to third parties. For other related party transactions, price and terms were determined in accordance with mutual agreements.

The Company leased machinery and equipment from Xintec and office from VIS, respectively. The lease terms and prices were both determined in accordance with mutual agreements. The rental expenses were paid to Xintec and VIS quarterly and monthly, respectively; the related expenses were both classified under manufacturing expenses.

The Company deferred the disposal gain/loss derived from sales of property, plant and equipment to related parties using equity method, and then recognized such gain/loss over the depreciable lives of the disposed assets.

h. Compensation of key management personnel

The compensation to directors and other key management personnel for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

	Years Ended December 31	
	2015	2014
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	\$ 1,798,390 10,567	\$ 1,720,766 <u>14,401</u>
	<u>\$ 1,808,957</u>	<u>\$ 1,735,167</u>

The compensation to directors and other key management personnel were determined by the Compensation Committee of the Company in accordance with the individual performance and the market trends.

32. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Company provided certificate of deposits recorded in other financial assets as collateral mainly for litigation. As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the aforementioned other financial assets amounted to nil and NT\$39,100 thousand, respectively.

33. SIGNIFICANT OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

The Company leases several parcels of land from the Science Park Administration. These operating leases expire between February 2016 and March 2035 and can be renewed upon expiration.

The Company expensed the lease payments as follows:

	Years Ended	December 31
	2015	2014
Minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 720,494</u>	<u>\$ 666,448</u>

Future minimum lease payments under the above non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Not later than 1 year Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years Later than 5 years	\$ 742,592 2,574,330 5,398,730	\$ 648,556 2,301,599 4,601,926
	<u>\$ 8,715,652</u>	\$ 7,552,081

34. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED COMMITMENTS

Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized commitments of the Company as of the end of the reporting period, excluding those disclosed in other notes, were as follows:

- a. Under a technical cooperation agreement with Industrial Technology Research Institute, the R.O.C. Government or its designee approved by the Company can use up to 35% of the Company's capacity provided the Company's outstanding commitments to its customers are not prejudiced. The term of this agreement is for five years beginning from January 1, 1987 and is automatically renewed for successive periods of five years unless otherwise terminated by either party with one year prior notice. As of December 31, 2015, the R.O.C. Government did not invoke such right.
- b. Under a Shareholders Agreement entered into with Philips and EDB Investments Pte Ltd. on March 30, 1999, the parties formed a joint venture company, SSMC, which is an integrated circuit foundry in Singapore. The Company's equity interest in SSMC was 32%. Nevertheless, in September 2006, Philips spun-off its semiconductor subsidiary which was renamed as NXP B.V. Further, the Company and NXP B.V. purchased all the SSMC shares owned by EDB Investments Pte Ltd. pro rata according to the Shareholders Agreement on November 15, 2006. After the purchase, the Company and NXP B.V. currently own approximately 39% and 61% of the SSMC shares, respectively. The Company and NXP B.V. are required, in the aggregate, to purchase at least 70% of SSMC's capacity, but the Company alone is not required to purchase more than 28% of the capacity. If any party defaults on the commitment and the capacity utilization of SSMC falls below a specific percentage of its capacity, the defaulting party is required to compensate SSMC for all related unavoidable costs. There was no default from the aforementioned commitment as of December 31, 2015.
- c. In June 2010, Keranos, LLC. filed a complaint in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Texas alleging that the Company, TSMC North America, and several other leading technology companies infringe three expired U.S. patents. In response, the Company, TSMC North America, and several co-defendants in the Texas case filed a lawsuit against Keranos in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California in November 2010, seeking a judgment declaring that they did not infringe the asserted patents, and that those patents were invalid. These two litigations have been consolidated into a single lawsuit in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Texas. In February 2014, the Court entered a final judgment in favor of the Company, dismissing all of Keranos' claims against the Company with prejudice. Keranos appealed the final judgment to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit, and in August 2015, the Federal Circuit remanded the case back to the Texas court for further proceedings. The outcome cannot be determined and the Company cannot make a reliable estimate of the contingent liability at this time.
- d. In December 2010, Ziptronix, Inc. filed a complaint in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California accusing the Company, TSMC North America and one other company of infringing several U.S. patents. In September 2014, the Court granted summary judgment of noninfringement in favor of the Company and TSMC North America. Ziptronix, Inc. can appeal the Court's order. In August 2015, Tessera Technologies, Inc. announced it had acquired Ziptronix. The outcome cannot be determined and the Company cannot make a reliable estimate of the contingent liability at this time.
- e. The Company joined the Customer Co-Investment Program of ASML and entered into the investment agreement in August 2012. The agreement includes an investment of EUR837,816 thousand by TSMC Global to acquire 5% of ASML's equity with a lock-up period of 2.5 years. TSMC Global has acquired the aforementioned equity on October 31, 2012. The lock-up period expired on May 1, 2015 and as of October 8, 2015, all ASML shares had been disposed. Both parties also signed the research and development funding agreement whereby the Company shall provide EUR276,000 thousand to ASML's research and development programs from 2013 to 2017. As of December 31, 2015, the Company has paid EUR166,386 thousand to ASML under the research and development funding agreement.

- f. In September 2013, Zond Inc. filed a complaint in U.S. District Court for the District of Massachusetts against the Company, certain TSMC subsidiaries and other companies alleging infringing of several U.S. patents. Subsequently, the Company and Zond initiated additional legal actions in the U.S. District Courts for the District of Delaware and the District of Massachusetts over several additional patents owned by Zond. In March 2015, all pending litigations between the parties in the U.S. District Courts for the District of Massachusetts and the District of Delaware were dismissed.
- g. In March 2014, DSS Technology Management, Inc. (DSS) filed a complaint in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Texas alleging that the Company, TSMC North America, TSMC Development and several other companies infringe one U.S. patent. TSMC Development has subsequently been dismissed. In May 2015, the Court entered a final judgment of noninfringement in favor of the Company and TSMC North America. DSS has appealed the final judgment to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit. In November 2015, the Patent Trial and Appeal Board (PTAB) determined after concluding an Inter Partes Review that the patent claims asserted by DSS in the District Court litigation are unpatentable. DSS can appeal the PTAB's decision. The outcome cannot be determined and the Company cannot make a reliable estimate of the contingent liability at this time.
- h. As of December 31, 2015, the Company provided financial guarantees of NT\$49,342,500 thousand to its subsidiary, TSMC Global, in respect of the issuance of unsecured corporate bonds.
- i. As of December 31, 2015, the Company provided endorsement guarantees of NT\$2,737,302 thousand to its subsidiary, TSMC North America, in respect of providing endorsement guarantees for office leasing contract.

35. EXCHANGE RATE INFORMATION OF FOREIGN-CURRENCY FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The following information was summarized according to the foreign currencies other than the functional currency of the Company. The exchange rates disclosed were used to translate the foreign currencies into the functional currency. The significant financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

	Curr	eign encies ousands)	Exchange Rate (Note)	Carrying Amount (In Thousands)
<u>December 31, 2015</u>				
Financial assets				
Monetary items				
USD	\$ 3,	075,149	32.895	\$ 101,157,030
EUR		43,050	36.00	1,549,813
JPY	9,	626,627	0.2733	2,630,957
Non-monetary items				
HKD		166,727	4.24	706,924 (Continued)

	Foreign Currencies (In Thousands)	Exchange Rate (Note)	Carrying Amount (In Thousands)
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items USD EUR JPY	\$ 2,925,009 43,293 25,993,829	32.895 36.00 0.2733	\$ 96,218,162 1,558,534 7,104,113
<u>December 31, 2014</u>			
Financial assets			
Monetary items USD EUR JPY Non-monetary items HKD	4,773,033 16,364 487,030 149,844	31.718 38.57 0.2652 4.09	151,391,069 631,161 129,160 612,860
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items USD EUR JPY	3,164,639 42,128 28,381,070	31.718 38.57 0.2652	100,376,026 1,624,894 7,526,660 (Concluded)

Note: Exchange rate represents the number of N.T. dollars for which one foreign currency could be exchanged.

The realized and unrealized foreign exchange gain and loss was a net gain of NT\$2,698,396 thousand and NT\$2,142,565 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Since there were varieties of foreign currency transactions of the Company, the Company was unable to disclose foreign exchange gain (loss) towards each foreign currency with significant impact.

36. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

Following are the additional disclosures required by the Securities and Futures Bureau for the Company:

- a. Financings provided: Please see Table 1 attached;
- b. Endorsement/guarantee provided: Please see Table 2 attached;
- c. Marketable securities held (excluding investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint venture): Please see Table 3 attached;
- d. Marketable securities acquired and disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Please see Table 4 attached;

- e. Acquisition of individual real estate properties at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Please see Table 5 attached;
- f. Disposal of individual real estate properties at prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None;
- g. Total purchases from or sales to related parties of at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Please see Table 6 attached;
- h. Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Please see Table 7 attached;
- i. Information about the derivative financial instruments transaction: Please see Note 7;
- j. Names, locations, and related information of investees over which the Company exercises significant influence (excluding information on investment in Mainland China): Please see Table 8 attached;
- k. Information on investment in Mainland China
 - 1) The name of the investee in Mainland China, the main businesses and products, its issued capital, method of investment, information on inflow or outflow of capital, percentage of ownership, income (losses) of the investee, share of profits/losses of investee, ending balance, amount received as dividends from the investee, and the limitation on investee: Please see Table 9 attached.
 - 2) Significant direct or indirect transactions with the investee, its prices and terms of payment, unrealized gain or loss, and other related information which is helpful to understand the impact of investment in Mainland China on financial reports: Please see Note 31.

37. OPERATING SEGMENTS INFORMATION

The Company has provided the operating segments disclosure in the consolidated financial statements.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

FINANCINGS PROVIDED
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015
(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

mancing mpany's Financing unt Limits Note 3) 50,884,696	
Fin Con Total Amou (N \$ 50	
Financing Financing Financing Borrowing Total Financing Company's Total Financing Amount Limits Company (Note 3) \$ 20,353,878 \$ 50,884,696 (Note 1) \$ 20,353,878 (Note 1) \$ (Note 2) \$ (Note 2)	
Value	
Colla Item	
Allowance for Bad Debt	
Reason for Financing A Operating capital Operating capital	
Transaction Amounts S	
O.38% The need for short-term financing	1
Unterest Rate 0.38% 0.38%	
Amount Actually Drawn (USS in Thousands) \$	
(USS in Thousands) (Note 4)	
Maximum Balance for the Period (USS in Thousands) (Note 4) \$ 5,92,150 \$ (USS 170,000) 1,644,750 (USS 5,000) 1	
Related Party Yes Yes Yes	
Financing Company Company TSMC Partners TSMC Solar Other receivables TSMC Solar TSMC Solar from related parties TSMC Solar TSMC Solar Other receivables TSMC Solar TSMC Solar Other receivables TSMC Solar TSMC Solar Other receivables TSMC Solar	
Counter-party TSMC Solar (Note 5) TSMC SSL TSMC SSL	
Cor TSI TSI XX	
Financing Counter-party Company TSMC Partners TSMC Solar (Note 5) TSMC Solar TSMC Solar TSMC Solar NAC Solar Note 5) NA	

The total amount for lending to a company for funding for a short-term period shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the net worth of TSMC Partners. In addition, the total amount lendable to any one borrower shall be no more than thirty percent (30%) of the borrower's net worth. The above restriction does not apply to the subsidiaries whose voting shares are 90% and up owned, directly or indirectly, by TSMC (90% and up owned subsidiaries). However, the aggregate amounts lendable to 90% and up owned subsidiaries and the total amount lendable to one such borrower of 90% and up owned subsidiaries shall not exceed forty percent (40%) of the net worth of TSMC Partners. Note 1:

The total amount for lending to a company for funding for a short-term period shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the net worth of TSMC Solar. In addition, the total amount lendable to any one borrower shall be no more than thirty percent (30%) of the borrower's net worth; however, this restriction does not apply to the subsidiaries whose voting shares are 100% owned, directly or indirectly, by TSMC Solar. The total amount available for lending purpose shall not exceed the net worth of TSMC Partners and twenty percent (20%) of the net worth of TSMC Solar.

Note 3:

Note 4: The maximum balance for the period and ending balance represent the amounts approved by the Board of Directors.

Note 5: TSMC Solar was merged into TSMC on December 14, 2015, and the intercompany loan from TSMC Partners had been assumed and repaid by TSMC.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

ENDORSEMENTS/GUARANTEES PROVIDED
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015
(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

Capacitic Capa				
Guaranteed Party Limits on Endorsement Maximum Amount Amount Actually Cuarantee Amount Actually Endorsement Amount Guarantee Projection Projection Closs in Front Thousands) Front Thousands) Endity per Projection Thousands) Properties Thousands) Endity per Amount Thousands Front Thousands) Endity per Projection Amount Guarantee Collateralized by Projection Amount Actually Cust is noted by Statements Amount Actually Endity per Amount Statements Amount Actually Endorsement Amount Guarantee Amount Statements Properties Amount Actually Endorsement Amount Amount Endorsement Properties Endity per Amount Invoiced by Endorsement Amount Amount Invoiced Busines Amount Invoiced Busines Amount Invoiced Busines <th></th> <th>_ 52 .=</th> <th>No</th> <th>No</th>		_ 52 .=	No	No
Guaranteed Party Limits on Endorsement/ Amount Actually Maximum Endorsement/ Amount Actually Amount Actually Endorsement/ Cusarantee Amount Actually Endorsement/ Cusarantee Amount Actually Endorsement/ Cusarantee Amount Actually Endorsement/ Cusarantee Amount Actually Endorsement/ Cusarantee Amount Actually Endorsement/ Cusarantee Amount Actually Endorsement/ Cuss in Note 3) Amount Actually (USS in (Note 3) Amount Actually (Note 2) TSMC Solotal Subsidiary Subsidiary		Guarantee Provided by A Subsidiary	No	N ₀
Guaranteed Party Limits on Endorsement Grantee Maximum Find Guarantee Ratio of Balance Guarantee Endorsement Guarantee Amount Actually Endorsement Guarantee Amount Actually Endorsement Guarantee Amount Actually Endorsement Guarantee Amount Guarantee Ford Guarantee Amount Actually Endorsement Guarantee Endorsement Endorsement Guarantee Endorsement Endorsement Guarantee Endorsement Endorsement Guarantee Endorsement Guarantee Culss in Collateralized by Equity per Properties Properties Equity per Equity per Statements TSMC Global Subsidiary \$ 305,417,930 \$ 49,342,500 <		Guarantee Provided by Parent Company		
Guaranteed Party Limits on Endorsement Guarantee Maximum Balance Balance Balance Guarantee Endorsement Guarantee Maximum Ralance (USS in Drawn (USS in Drawn (USS in Drawn (Note 3))) Provided to Each (USS in Drawn (Note 3)) Thousands) Thousands) Thousands) TSMC Global Subsidiary \$ 305,417,930 \$ 49,342,500 \$ 49,342,500 \$ 49,342,500 TSMC North Subsidiary \$ 305,417,930 \$ 2,737,302 \$ 2,737,302 America America (USS 83,213) (USS 83,213) (USS 83,213)			\$ 305,417,930	305,417,930
Guaranteed Party Limits on Endorsement Guarantee Maximum Balance Balance Balance Guarantee Endorsement Guarantee Maximum Ralance (USS in Drawn (USS in Drawn (USS in Drawn (Note 3))) Provided to Each (USS in Drawn (Note 3)) Thousands) Thousands) Thousands) TSMC Global Subsidiary \$ 305,417,930 \$ 49,342,500 \$ 49,342,500 \$ 49,342,500 TSMC North Subsidiary \$ 305,417,930 \$ 2,737,302 \$ 2,737,302 America America (USS 83,213) (USS 83,213) (USS 83,213)	Datio of	Accumulated Endorsement/ Guarantee to Net Equity per Latest Financial Statements	4.04%	0.22%
Cuaranteed Party Rature of Party Name Relationship (C TSMC Global Subsidiary \$ TSMC North Subsidiary \$		Amount of Endorsement/ Guarantee Collateralized by Properties		1
Cuaranteed Party Rature of Party Name Relationship (C TSMC Global Subsidiary \$ TSMC North Subsidiary \$		Amount Actually Drawn (USS in Thousands)	\$ 49,342,500	(US\$ 83,213)
Cuaranteed Party Rature of Party Name Relationship (C TSMC Global Subsidiary \$ TSMC North Subsidiary \$		Ending Balance (US\$ in Thousands) (Note 3)	\$ 49,342,500	(US\$ 83,213)
Cuaranteed Party Rature of Party Name Relationship (C TSMC Global Subsidiary \$ TSMC North Subsidiary \$			\$ 49,342,500	(US\$ 1,300,000) 2,737,302 (US\$ 83,213)
Cuaranteec Name TSMC Global St. TSMC North St.	Limits on	Endorsement/ Guarantee Amount Provided to Each Guaranteed Party (Notes 1 and 2)	\$ 305,417,930	305,417,930
	iteed Party	Nature of Relationship	Subsidiary	
No. Guarantee Provider 0 TSMC	Guaran		TSMC Global	TSMC North America
ė o		Endorsement/ Guarantee Provider	TSMC	
		No.	0	

Note 1: The total amount of the guarantee provided by TSMC to any individual entity shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of TSMC's net worth, or the net worth of such entity. However, subsidiaries whose voting shares are 100% owned, directly or indirectly, by TSMC are not subject to the above restrictions after the approval of the Board of Directors.

Note 2: The total amount of guarantee shall not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of TSMC's net worth.

Note 3: The maximum balance for the period and ending balance represent the amounts approved by the Board of Directors.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD
December 31,2015
(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

					Decemp	December 31, 2015		
Held Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Name	Relationship with the Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Note
TSMC	Bank debentures HSBC Bank (Taiwan) Limited The Export-Import Bank of the ROC		Held-to-maturity financial assets	1 1	\$ 3,305,475 149,999	N/A N/A	\$ 3,306,576 149,999	
	Corporate bond CPC Corporation · Taiwan Taiwan Power Company Hon Hai Precision Ind. Co, Ltd. Formosa Petrochemical Corporation Formosa Plastics Corporation China Steel Corporation		Held-to-maturity financial assets " " " " "		1,543,723 1,207,601 1,003,858 301,097 175,742 100,452	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	1,544,319 1,208,248 1,005,406 301,093 176,239 100,548	
	Structure deposit Hua Nan Commercial Bank Cathay United Bank		Held-to-maturity financial assets		2,000,000	N/A N/A	1,996,032	
	Stock Semiconductor Manufacturing International Corporation United Industrial Gases Co., Ltd. Shin-Elsu Handotai Taiwan Co., Ltd. W.K. Technology Fund IV		Available-for-sale financial assets Financial assets carried at cost "	211,047 21,230 10,500 3,200	706,924 193,584 105,000 24,521	10 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	706,924 193,584 105,000 24,521	
	Fund Horizon Ventures Fund Crimson Asia Capital		Financial assets carried at cost		11,259 9,357	12 1	11,259 9,357	
TSMC Partners	Stock Tela Innovations Mcube Inc.		Financial assets carried at cost	13,919 6,333	US\$ 65,000	25 14		
	Fund Shanghai Walden Venture Capital Enterprise China Walden Venture Investments II, L.P.		Financial assets carried at cost	1 1	US\$ 5,000 US\$ 4,329	96	US\$ 5,000 US\$ 4,329	
TSMC Global	Corporate bond Bank of America Corp. BB&T Corporation BR&T Corporation Perizon Communications Phylogan Chase & Co. KIW Bank of Ny Mellon Corp.		Available-for-sale financial assets " " " "		USS 6,993 USS 6,587 USS 4,994 USS 4,971 USS 4,586 USS 4,586	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	USS 6,993 USS 6,587 USS 4,994 USS 4,971 USS 4,586 USS 4,586	
	Asain Development Dank Asain Development Dank Goldman Saehs Group Inc. State Street Corp. Fifth Third Bancorp Medtronic Inc.					K	USS 3,882 USS 3,610 USS 3,430 USS 3,373 USS 3,309	
								(Continued)

MAC Global Unitedhealth Group Inc. Burlingtoup Inc. Burlingtoup Inc. Burlingtoup Inc. Burlingtoup Inc. Burlingtoup North Santa Fe PNC Bank NA CYS Health Corp. Morgan Stanley Wells Fargo & Company Merck & Co Inc. Oracle Corp. Citizens Bank NARI Comeast Corp. Stanley Black & Decker Inc. Vista Inc. Vista Inc. Intercontinentalexchange In Intercontinentalexchange Royal Bank of Canada Nordic Investment Bank Anneren Corp. Toronto Dominion Bank FMS Wertmanagement WEC Energy Group Inc. Affinence Corp. Toronto Dominion Bank AstraZenece Pic. ACE INA Holdings New York Life Global FDG Dainner Finance Intl N. V. HSBC Usa Inc. Oncor Electric Delivery Procere & Gamble Corflie Protocol Global Financial SE Pepsiso Inc. Chemicke Bank AG. London Electricite de France SA Orange SA. Pholis Service Colorado Phorgan Chase & Co. Hemicken N. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Twon Financh Inc. Na Financh Inc. Rev Finalend Financh Inc. Rev Finalend Financh Inc. Phorgan Change Proposed Phorgan Chase & Co. Hemicken Morgan Chase & Co. Twon Wrigley Jr. Co. Typical Conference Proposed Proposed Financh Inc. The Finalend Conference Proposed Proposed Financh Inc. The Finalend Conference Proposed Proposed Financh Inc. Brook Finalend Conference Proposed Propo	Relationship with the Company	Financial Statement Account Available-for-sale financial assets	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Corryin (Poreign of In Thou 1985) Coreign of In Thou 1985 Coreign	Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies) In Thousands) USS 3,119 USS 2,986 USS 2,681 USS 2,492 USS 2,475 USS 2,475 USS 2,475 USS 2,475 USS 1,996 USS 1,997 USS 1,998	Percentage of Ownership (%) N/A	Fair Value Current Current Fair Value Current Current Fair Value Current Current Fair Value Current Cu	Fair Value (Foreign Currencies) in Thousands) [17] USS 3,119 USS 2,866 USS 2,895 USS 2,895 USS 2,441 USS 2,445 USS 2,446 USS 2,446 USS 1,997 USS 1,998 USS 1,997 USS 1,998 USS 1,998 USS 1,997 USS 1,998 USS 1,998 USS 1,998	Note
Unitedhealth Group Inc. Burlington North Sama Fe PNC Bank NA CVS Health Corp. GVS Health Corp. GVS Health Corp. GVS Health Corp. GVS Health Corp. GVIZENS Bank NARI CORNEAS CO Inc. GVIZENS Bank NARI CORNEAS CORP. Stanley Black & Decker Inc. Visa Inc. Intercontinentelexchange Intl BK Recon & Develop Royal Bank of Canada Nordic Investment Bank Anneren Corp. Toronto Dominion Bank FMS Westerea Plc. ACE INA Holdings New CE INA Holdings New York Life Global FDG Daimler Finance NA. Lic. Pricos Global Funding 144A Enel Finance Intl N.V. HSBC Usa Inc. Onoor Beatric Delivery Procet & Gamble Co'The National Rural Util Coop Caterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Onange SP, Oro. Heineken N.N. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Troyora Motor Credit Corp. Re of Frankan Hon Note.		Available-for-sale financial assets """""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""		\$30 \$30 \$30 \$30 \$30 \$30 \$30 \$30 \$30 \$30	3,119 2,986 2,681 2,635 2,595 2,447 2,447 2,428 2,256 2,176 2,006 1,997 1,996 1,990 1,990 1,988 1,988 1,988		8	3,119 2,986 2,581 2,595 2,492 2,441 2,246 2,176 2,106 1,996 1,990 1,990 1,980 1,980 1,980	
Burlingon North Santa Fe PNC Bank NA CVS Health Corp. Morgan Stanley Wells Fargo & Company Merck & Co Inc. Orneast Corp. Stanley Black & Decker Inc. Visa Inc. Intercontinentalexchange Amere Corp. Toronto Dominion Bank Amere Corp. African Development Bank AstraZeneca Plc. ACE INA Holdings New York Life Good FDG Daimler Finance NA Lic. Pricos Global Funding 144A Enel Finance NA Lic. Pricos Global Funding 144A Enel Finance Int. Oncor Electric Delivery Procter & Gamble Co/The National Rural Util Coop Caterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado IPMorgan Chase & Co. Heineken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Tyoyou Motor Credit Corp. Ry of Forlorand Fun Nove				\$300 SS00 SS00 SS00 SS00 SS00 SS00 SS00	2,585 2,681 2,685 2,492 2,442 2,441 2,256 2,176 2,006 1,997 1,996 1,990 1,990 1,988 1,988 1,988	<pre></pre>	8	2,681 2,681 2,595 2,595 2,492 2,445 2,176 2,176 1,996 1,996 1,990 1,990 1,980 1,980 1,980	
PNC Bank NA CVS Health Corp. Morgan Stande Wells Fargo & Company Wells Fargo & Company Wells Fargo & Company Merek & Co Inc. Oracle Corp. Citizens Bank NARI Comcast Corp. Stanley Black & Decker Inc. Visa Inc. Intercontinentalexchange Ind Bk Recon & Develop Royal Bank of Canada Nordic Investment Bank Ameren Corp. Toronto Dominion Bank Ameren Corp. Toronto Dominion Bank AstraZencea Plc. ACE INA Holdings New York Life Global FDG Dainler Finance NA Lic. Pricoa Global Funding 144A Enel Finance Intl N.V. HSBC Usa Inc. Oncor Electric Delivery Procter & Gamble Co/The National Rural Util Coop Caterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado IPMorgan Chase & Co. Heineken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Tyoola Motor Credit Corp. Rk of Fenland Film Nivie				\$30 SS0 SS0 SS0 SS0 SS0 SS0 SS0 SS0 SS0 S	2,633 2,492 2,447 2,447 2,441 2,428 2,176 2,106 1,997 1,996 1,990 1,990 1,990 1,988 1,988		8	2,635 2,492 2,447 2,441 2,248 2,176 2,176 2,006 1,997 1,996 1,990 1,990 1,980 1,980 1,980	
Morgan Stanley Wells Fargo & Company Wells Fargo & Company Wells Fargo & Company Merck & Co Inc. Oracle Corp. Critizens Bank NARII Concast Corp. Stanley Black & Decker Inc. Visa Inc. Intercontinentalexchange Int BK Recon & Dovelop Royal Bank of Canada Nordic Investment Bank Ameren Corp. Toronto Dominion Bank AstraZeneca Ptc. Affican Development Bank AstraZeneca Ptc. Affican Development Bank AstraZeneca Dic. Affican Development Bank AstraZeneca Inc. Affican Development Bank AstraZeneca Inc. Affican Development Bank AstraZeneca Inc. Pricoa Global Funding 144A Enel Finance Int N. V. HSBC Usa Inc. Deierich Bank AG, London Electricia de France SA Ornero Electric Delivery Procter & Ganbel Corfrie Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricia de France SA Ornero Electric Delectric de France SA Ornero Electric Delectric de France SA Ornero Electric Delectric de France SA Ornero Electric Del				\$30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2,595 2,492 2,447 2,441 2,428 2,176 2,006 1,997 1,997 1,996 1,990 1,990 1,988 1,988 1,988		8	2,595 2,492 2,447 2,441 2,248 2,176 2,006 1,996 1,996 1,990 1,990 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980	
Morgan Stanley Wells Fargo & Company Merck & Co Inc. Oracle Corp. Citizens Bank NARI Comeast Corp. Stanley Black & Decker Inc. Visa Inc. Intercontinentalexchange Int Bk Recore & Develop Royal Bank of Canada Nordic Investment Bank Ameren Corp. Toronto Dominion Bank Ameren Corp. Toronto Dominion Bank ArazZenea Ple. African Development Bank AstraZenea Ple. African Development Bank AstraZenea Ple. ACE INA Holdings New York Life Global FDG Daimler Finance NA Lle. Pricoa Global Funding 14AA Enel Finance Intl N.V. HSBC Usa Inc. Oncor Electric Delivery Procter & Gamble Co/The National Rural Util Coop Caterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricie de France SA Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JPMorgan Chase & Co. Heineken N.V. Gapital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Toyota Motor Cedit Corp. Re of Froland Firm Norle				\$300 SS00 SS00 SS00 SS00 SS00 SS00 SS00	2,492 2,441 2,441 2,428 2,176 2,006 1,997 1,997 1,990 1,990 1,988 1,988 1,988	<pre>< < <</pre>	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	2,492 2,475 2,411 2,428 2,256 2,006 1,997 1,990 1,990 1,990 1,990 1,988	
Wells Fargo & Company Merk & Co Inc. Oracle Corp. Citizens Bank NARI Comeast Corp. Stanley Black & Decker Inc. Visa Inc. Int IBR Recon & Develop Royal Bank of Canada Nordic Investment Bank Ameren Corp. Toronto Dominion Bank FMS Wertmanagement WEC Energy Group Inc. African Development Bank AstraZeneca Plc. ACE INA Holdings New York Life Global FDG Daimler Finance NA Lic. Pricoa Global Funding 144A Enel Finance Int N.V. HSBC Usa Inc. Oncor Electric Delivery Procter & Gamble Co/The National Rural Util Coop Gaterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JPMorgan Chase & Co. Heineken N.V. Gapital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Toyota Motor Credit Corp. Re of Froland Firm Navier				\$300 SS00 SS00 SS00 SS00 SS00 SS00 SS00	2,475 2,428 2,256 2,176 2,006 1,997 1,996 1,990 1,990 1,988 1,988 1,988		8	2,445 2,241 2,242 2,256 2,176 2,176 1,996 1,996 1,990 1,990 1,980	
Merck & Co Inc. Oncele Cop. Citizens Bank NARI Comeast Corp. Stanley Black & Decker Inc. Visa Inc. Intercontinentalexchange Intl Bk Recon & Develop Royal Bank of Canada Nordic Investment Bank Amerc Corp. Toronto Dominion Bank FMS Wertmanagement WEC Energy Group Inc. Affician Development Bank AstraZeneca Plc. ACE INA Holdings New York Life Global FDG Dainder Finance Intl N.V. HSBC Usa Inc. Pricoa Global Funding 144A Enel Finance Intl N.V. HSBC Usa Inc. Oncor Electric Delivery Procter & Gamble Coorthe National Rural Util Coop Caterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France & A Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JPMorgan Chase & Co. Heineken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Tyoyca Motor Credit Corp. Re of Froland Firm Nurien		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		\$300 SS00 SS00 SS00 SS00 SS00 SS00 SS00	2,441 2,428 2,256 2,176 1,998 1,997 1,990 1,990 1,980 1,988 1,988	< < < < < < < < < < < < < < < < < < <	8	2,441 2,242 2,242 2,176 2,106 1,998 1,990 1,990 1,980 1,988	
Citizens Bank Na/RI Comeast Corp. Stanley Black & Decker Inc. Visa Inc. Intercontinentalexchange Intl BR Recon & Develop Royal Bank of Canada Nordic Investment Bank Amerer Corp. Toronto Dominion Bank FMS Wertmanagement WEC Energy Group Inc. African Development Bank AstraZeneca Plc. ACE INA Holdings New York Life Global FDG Daimler Finance Intl N.V. HSBC Usa Inc. Pricea Global Funding 144A Enel Finance Intl N.V. HSBC Usa Inc. Oncor Electric Delivery Procter & Gamble Co/The National Rural Util Coop Caterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France & A Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JPMorgan Chase & Co. Heineken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Tyooka Motor Cedit Corp. Re of Fneland Firm Narie				SSN	2,428 2,126 2,176 2,006 1,998 1,997 1,996 1,990 1,990 1,988 1,988	< < < < < < < < < < < < < < < < < < <	8	2,428 2,176 2,006 1,998 1,996 1,996 1,990 1,980 1,980	
Concast Corp. Stanley Black & Decker Inc. Visa Inc. Intercontinentalexchange Int Bk Recon & Develop Royal Bank of Canada Nordic Investment Bank Ameren Corp. Toronto Dominion Bank FMS Wermanagement WEC Energy Group Inc. African Development Bank AstraZeneca Ptc. Acfir and Development Bank AstraZeneca Ptc. Acfir Ind. Holdings New York Life Global FDG Daimfer Finance NA Ltc. Pricoa Global Funding 144A Enel Finance Int N. V. HSBC Usa Inc. Pricoa Global Funding 128 Omor Electric Delivery Procter & Gamble Co/The National Rural Util Coop Caterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France & A Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JPMogan Chase & Co. Heineken N.V. Gapital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Toyota Motor Cedit Corp. Re of Freland Fun Narie				SSD	2,236 2,136 2,006 1,998 1,996 1,990 1,990 1,988 1,988 1,988	< < < < < < < < < < < < < < < < < < <	8	2,736 2,006 1,998 1,997 1,990 1,990 1,990 1,988	
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Visa Inc. Visa Inc. Visa Inc. Intercontinentalexchange Intertonitiventalexchange Intertonitiventalexchange Royal Bank of Canada Nordic Investment Bank Ameren Corp. Toronto Dominion Bank FNS Wertmanagement WEC Energy Group Inc. African Development Bank Astracencea Ptc. Arizan Development Bank Astracencea Ptc. ACE INA Holdings New York Life Global FDG Dainder Finance Int IN.V. HSBC Usa Inc. Oncor Electric Delivery Procete & Gamble Co/The National Rural Util Coop Caterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JP Morgan Chase & Co. Heinsken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Tyoyca Motor Cedit Corp. Re of Froland Furn Notel				\$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0	2,006 1,998 1,997 1,996 1,990 1,990 1,988 1,988 1,988	< < < < < < < < < < < < < < < < < < <	8	2,006 1,998 1,997 1,996 1,990 1,990 1,989 1,988	
Intercontinental exchange Intl BR Recon & Develop Royal Bank of Canada Nordic Investment Bank Ameren Corp. Toronto Dominion Bank FMS Wertmanagement WEC Energy Group Inc. African Development Bank AstraCencea Ptc. ACE INA Holdings New York Life Global FDG Dainder Finance Int. N.V. FISBC Usa Inc. Pricoa Global Funding 144A Enel Finance Int. N.V. HSBC Usa Inc. Oncor Electric Delivery Procter & Gamble Co/The National Rural Util Coop Caterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France & A Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JPMorgan Chase & Co. Heineken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Tyoyca Motor Cedit Corp. Re of Froland Firm Narie				880 880 880 880 880 880 880 880 880	1,998 1,996 1,996 1,999 1,990 1,989 1,988 1,988	<pre><</pre>	828 828 828 828 828 828 828 828 828 828	1,998 1,996 1,994 1,990 1,990 1,989	
Intercontinentalexchange Int BR Recon & Develop Royal Bank of Canada Nordic Investment Bank Ameren Corp. Toronto Dominion Bank FMS Wermanagement WEC Energy Group Inc. African Development Bank AstraZeneca Ptc. ACE INA Holdings New York Life Global FDG Daimler Finance NA Ltc. Pricoa Global Funding 144A Enel Finance Int N. V. HSBC Usa Inc. Oncor Electric Delivery Procter & Gamble Co.The National Rural Util Coop Caterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JPMorgan Chase & Co. Heineken N.V. Gapital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Toyota Motor Cedit Corp. Re of Frenland Firm Nurien		* * * * * * * * *		\$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0	1,997 1,996 1,994 1,990 1,990 1,988 1,988 1,986 1,986	< < < < < < < < < < < < < < < < < < <	820 820 820 820 820 820 820 820 820 820	1,997 / 1,996 1,996 1,996 1,990 1,980 1,989 1,988	
Royal Bank of Canada Nordic Investment Bank Ameren Corp. Toronto Dominion Bank FMS Wertnangenent WEC Energy Group Inc. African Development Bank AstraZeneca Plc. ACE INA Holdings New York Life Global FDG Daimler Finance NA Llc. Pricoa Global Funding 144A Enel Finance Intl N.V. HSBC Usa Inc. Oncor Electric Delivery Procter & Gamble Co/The National Raral Util Coop Caterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JPMorgan (Tasse & Co. Heinseken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Toyota Motor Ceretit Corp. Re of Finale Fina Note				\$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0	1,996 1,993 1,990 1,990 1,988 1,988 1,986 1,986	4 4 4 4 4 4 X X X X X X	0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05	1,990 1,990 1,990 1,989 1,988	
Noyal Bank of Canada Novici Investment Bank Ameren Corp. Toronto Dominion Bank FMS Wertmanagement WEC Energy Group Inc. African Development Bank AstraZeneca Plc. ACE INA Holdings New York Life Global FDG Daimler Finance NA LLC Pricoa Global Funding 144A Enel Finance Intl N.V. HSBC Usa Inc. Oncor Electric Delivery Procter & Camble Co/The National Rural Util Coop Caterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JP Morgan Chase & Co. Heineken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Toyota Motor Cedit Corp. Re of France Firm Norle				\$80 \$80 \$80 \$80 \$80 \$80	1,994 1,990 1,990 1,989 1,988 1,986 1,986	₹ ₹ ₹ ₹ ₹ Z Z Z Z Z	880 880 880 880 880 880 880 880 880 880	1,994 1,990 1,980 1,989 1,988	
Nordic Investment Bank Ameren Cop. Toronto Dominion Bank FMS Wertmanagement WEC Energy Group Inc. African Development Bank Astracencea Ptc. ACE INA Holdings New York Life Global FDG Daimler Finance Int N.V. Pricos Global Funding 144A Enel Finance Int N.V. HSBC Usa Inc. Oncor Electric Delivery Procter & Gamble Co/The National Rural Util Coop Caterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JPMorgan Chase & Co. Heinsken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Toyota Motor Credit Cop. Re of Finolond Fino Norie				\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,993 1,990 1,989 1,988 1,986 1,983	& & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &	880 880 880 880 880 880 880 880 880 880	1,993 1,990 1,989 1,988	
Ameren Cop. Toronto Dominion Bank FMS Wettranangement WEC Energy Group Inc. African Development Bank AstraZencea Plc. ACF INA Floldings New York Life Global FDG Daimler Finance NA Llc. Pricoa Global Funding 144A Enel Finance Intl N.V. HSBC Usa Inc. Oncor Electric Delivery Procter & Gamble Coof The National Rural Util Coop Caterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JPMorgan Chase & Co. Heineken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Toyota Motor Credit Cop. Bk of Finaled Fun Note				\$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0	1,990 1,989 1,988 1,986 1,986	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	880 880 880 880	1,990 1,990 1,989 1,988	
Toronto Dominion Bank FMS Wertmanagement WEC Energy Group Inc. African Development Bank AstraZeneca Ptc. ACE INA Holdings New York Life Global FDG Daimler Finance INA Ltc. Pricoa Global Funding 144A Enel Finance Intl N.V. HSBC Usa Inc. Oncor Electric Delivery Procter & Gamble Co/The National Rural Util Coop Catepullar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JPMorgan Chase & Co. Heineken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Toyota Motor Credit Corp. Rk of Finolond Firm Notel				\$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0	1,990 1,989 1,988 1,986	N/A A/A	880 880 880	1,990 1,989 1,988	
WEC Energy Group Inc. African Development Bank AstraZeneca Plc. ACE INA Holdings New York Life Global FDG Daimler Finance NA LLc. Pricos Global Funding 144A Enel Finance Inl N.V. HSBC Usa Inc. Oncor Electric Delivery Procter & Gamble CorThe National Rural Util Coop Caterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JP Morgan Chase & Co. Heinsken N.Y. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Toyota Motor Credit Cop. Rk of Final and Fina Mote			1 1 1 1 1	\$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0	1,989 1,986 1,986 1,983	N/A	880 880 880	1,989	
WEC Energy Group Inc. African Development Bank Astracencea Plc. ACE INA Holdings New York Life Global FDG Daimler Finance NA Llc. Pricos Global Funding 144A Enel Finance Intl N. V. HSBC Usa Inc. Oncor Electric Delivery Procter & Gamble Co/The National Rural Util Coop Caterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JPMorgan Chase & Co. Heinsken N V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Toyota Motor Credit Cop. Bk of Final Fun None				SSO SSO SSO SSO SSO SSO SSO SSO SSO SSO	1,988 1,986 1,983	_	SSO SSO SSO	1,988	
Afficient Development Bank AstraZeneca Plc. ACE INA Holdings New York Life Global FDG Daimler Finance NA Llc. Pricoa Global Funding 144A Enel Finance Intl N.V. HSBC Usa Inc. Oncor Electric Delivery Procter & Gamble Coorthe National Rural Util Coop Caterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Onage S.A. Public Service Colorado JPMorgan Chase & Co. Heineken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Toyota Motor Credit Cop. Bk of Finaled Funo Note		, ,		\$30 \$30 \$30	1,986	N/A	SSO SSI		
ACE INA Holdings New York Life Global FDG Daimler Finance NA Llc. Pricos Global Funding 144A Enel Finance Intl N.V. HSBC Usa Inc. Oncor Electric Delivery Procter & Gamble Co'The National Rural Util Coop Caterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JPMorgan Chase & Co. Heineken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Toyota Motor Credit Corp. Bk of Finalned Fun Notel		" "	1 1	ssn Sn	1,983	N/A	SSD	1,986	
ACE TAN Floddings New York Life Global FDG Daimler Finance IA Lic. Pricoa Global Funding 144A Enel Finance Intl N.V. HSBC Usa Inv. Oncor Electric Delivery Procter & Gamble Co/The National Rural Util Coop Cateppillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JP Morgan Chase & Co. Heineken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Toyota Motor Credit Corp. Rk of Franchard Firm Note		"	-	SSO OSS	ž	Ψ/N :	7	1,983	
Daimler Finance Un. Luc. Pricoa Global Funding 144A Enel Finance Intl N.V. HSBC Usa Inc. Oncor Electric Delivery Procter & Gamble CovThe National Rural Util Coop Caterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JPMorgan Chase & Co. Heineken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Tyoyan Monot Credit Corp. Bk of Franchand Furn None				680	1,707,1	A/N) [1,983	
Prison Global Funding 144A Enel Finance Ind N.V. HSBC Usa Inc. Oncor Electric Delivery Procter & Gamble Co/The National Rural Util Coop Caterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JPMorgan Chase & Co. Heineken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Tyoyan Monor Credit Cop. Rk of Franchard Furn Norde		"	•	601	1,982	A/N	SSO	1,982	
Fined Finance Intl N.V. HSBC Usa Inc. Oncor Electric Delivery Procter & Genhale Co/The National Rural Util Coop Caterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JPMorgan Chase & Co. Heineken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Toyota Motor Credit Cop. Rk of Franka Furn Notel	•	* :	•	\$20	1,978	N/A	\$20 511	1,978	
HSBC Usa Inc. Oncor Electric Delivery Procter & Gamble Co/The National Rural Util Coop Catepillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JPMorgan Chase & Co. Heineken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Toyota Motor Credit Corp. Rk of Frabland Furo Norle		, :	•	\$20	1,9/8	V/A	\$20	1,978	
Oncor Electric Delivery Procter & Gamble Co/The National Rural Util Coop Caterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JPMorgan Chase & Co. Heineken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Toyota Motor Credit Corp. Rk of Froland Furo Nore			' '	8811	1,304	K X	\$S11	1,304	
Procter & Gamble Co'The National Rural Util Coop Caterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JPMorgan Chase & Co. Henneken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Toyota Motor Credit Corp. Rk of Frodand Furo Nore	,	: =	'	SSII	1 892	V/N	SSII	1 892	
National Rural Util Coop Caterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JPMorgan Chase & Co. Heimeken N. V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Toyota Molor Credit Con. Rk of Frodand Furo Norle		: =	•	SSO	1.892	N/N	SSD	1.892	
Caterpillar Financial SE Pepsico Inc. Deusche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Orange S.A. Publis Service Colorado JPMorgan Chase & Co. Heineken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Tyoya Molor Credit Cop. Rk of Frodand Furo Norle		"	•	nss	1,879	N/A	ns\$	1,879	
Pepsico Inc. Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JPMorgan Chase & Co. Heineken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Toyota Motor Credit Corp. Rk of Frod and Furo Nore		"	'	SSO.	1,803	N/A	SSO	1,803	
Deutsche Bank AG, London Electricite de France SA Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado J.P.Morgan Chase & Co. Heineken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Toyota Motor Credit Corp. Rk of Frodand Furo Note		"	•	\$SO	1,790	N/A	\$SO	1,790	
Electricite de France SA Orange S.A. Public Service Colorado JPMorgan Chase & Co. Heineken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Toyota Motor Credit Corp. Rk of Frodand Furro Note		"	•	\$SO	1,784	N/A	\$SO	1,784	
Orange S. A. Public Service Colorado JPMorgan Chase & Co. Heineken N. V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wn. Wrigley Jr. Co. Toyota Motor Credit Corp. Rk of Faoland Furro Nore		"	'	\$SO	1,770	N/A	\$SO	1,770	
Public Service Colonado JPMorgan Chase & Co. Heineken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Troyota Motor Credit Corp. Rk of Faoland Furn Note		"	•	\$SO	1,748	N/A	\$SO	1,748	
J. Wongan Chase & Co. Heineken N. V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Troyota Motor Credit Cop. Rk of Fardand Furn Note	1	"	•	SSO	1,651	N/A	SSO	1,651	
reutoken N.V. Capital One Bank (USA), NA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Toyota Motor Credit Corp. Rk of Frodland Furro Note	•	# :	•	\$50	1,592	A/N	SSO	1,592	
Captal One Bank (USA), INA Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co. Toyota Motor Cedit Corp. Rk of Frodland Furn Note		" :	•	680	1,500	A/N	\$ ST.	1,366	
wn. wigos at .c Toyota Motor Cedit Corp. Rk of Frodand Furo Note		" "		820	1,502	N/A	351	1,535	
Bk of Final and Firm Note	•		•	9511	1,502	V V	3511	1,500	
				SSI	1,300	K K	\$S11	1,500	
Becton Dickinson and Co	,	: =	'	SSII	1 406	N/A	SSII	1 406	
Pfizer Inc	•	: =		SSII	1 399	A/N	SIL	1 399	
Biogen Inc.		: =	•	SSO	1.391	N/N	SSD	1.391	
Express Scripts Holding		: "	'	SSO	1,390	N/A	SSO	1,390	
Santander UK Group Hidgs		"	'	SSO	1,389	N/A	SSO	1,389	
General Elec Cap Corp.		"	'	SSO	1,348	N/A	SSO	1,348	
CSX Corp.	-	"	•	\$SO	1,322	N/A	SSO	1,322	
Chevron Corp.		"	•	SSO.	1,247	N/A	\$SO	1,247	
Shell International Fin.		"	•	\$SO	1,243	N/A	\$SO	1,243	

Marketable Securities Type and Name Relations Cilb Find II tl Group a Pipelines mirord CT s Ind Inc.	Relationship with the Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	(Foreign Currencies		Percentage of	rair vaine	anne
				nou Inon		Ownership (%)	(Foreign Currence in Thousands)	(Foreign Currencies in Thousands)
		Available-for-sale financial assets	,	SSO	1.195	N/A	SSO	1.195
		<i>"</i>	•	\$SO	1,172	Z/X	\$SO	1,172
		"	•	\$SO	1,140	N/A	\$SO	1,140
		"	•	\$SO	1,089	V/V	SSO.	1,089
		"	•	SSO LISS	1,008	V	SSO LES	1,008
				1156	1,006	4 N	1156	1,000
		: 1		SSII	1,002	V/N	SSII	1,000
		: =	•	SSII	1,001	4/N	\$S1	1,001
	,	: 1	•	SSII	1 000	Ψ/Z	SSII	1000
			•	SO	1,000	A/N	SSO	1,000
		"	•	SSO	666	N/A	NS\$	666
	,	#	•	SSII	666	A/Z	SSII	666
	,	: =		SSII	666	₹/X	SSII	666
				3511	600	V/N	3511	007
	•	**	•	907	166	A VI	9071	166
		**	•	SSO OS	986	N/A	\$SO	986
		"	•	\$\$ 	995	V/A	SSO	995
	•	"	•	SSO.	995	N/A	SSO.	995
		"		SSO	994	N/A	NS\$	994
		"	•	SSO.	994	N/A	SSO.	994
		"	•	SSO	993	A/N	SSO	993
	,	: =		3511	903	V/N	3511	003
	•		•	9 5	200	O'NI	951	500
		*	•	820	993	N/A	eso.	993
		"	•	SSO	924	N/A	SSO	924
	1	"	•	SS _O	688	N/A	SSO.	688
		"	•	NS\$	865	N/A	SSO	865
	1	"	•	OSS	853	N/A	NSS C	853
		: =		3311	070	V/N	3511	070
	•	**	•	900	0+0	A/M	1708	0+0
				600	/50	V/A	660	/50
		"	•	SS _O	822	N/A	SSO	822
		"	•	SSO	747	N/A	SSO.	747
		"	•	NS\$	645	N/A	NS\$	645
	1	"		SSO	819	A/N	NSS C	819
		: 1		3511	009	V/N	3511	009
	1			900	000	NI/A	901	000
	•			60	200	V/A	600	200
		"		SSO .	547	N/A	SSO OS	547
		"	1	SSO	503	N/A	SSO.	503
	•	"	•	SSO	495	N/A	SSO	495
	1	"	•	SSO	425	A/N	SSO	425
	,	II II	•	SSII	262	A/N	SSII	262
		: =	•	SSII	220	\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \	SSII	220
	,	Held-to-maturity financial assets		3511	10 798	V/N	3511	10 772
		manually manually assets			2,1	*****		1
						į		
		Available-for-sale financial assets	•	SSO	26,702	K/X	SSO C	26,702
		Available-for-sale financial assets	•	SSO	5.864	N/A	SSO	5.864
		"	•	NSS	5,003	N/A	\$SO	5,003
		"	•	SSO	4,928	N/A	SSO	4,928
		"	•	SSO	4,220	N/A	SSO	4,220
		"	•	SSO	4,064	N/A	SSO	4,064
		"	•	\$SO	4,031	N/A	\$SO	4,031
		*	•	\$SO	3,964	N/A	SSO.	3,964

				Cornei	Corming Volue	Volue	Foir Volue	oluo
Marketable Securities Type and Name	Relationship with the Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	(Foreign of in Tho	(Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Percentage of Ownership (%)	(Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	aruc urrencies sands)
		Available-for-sale financial assets	•	NS\$	3,952	N/A	\$SO	3,952
		"	•	SSO.	3,300	A/N	SSO	3,300
			•	\$20 110 110 110	3,107	V/A	\$20	3,107
				SSI	2,034	K V	\$811	2,034
		: "		\$SO	2,958	N/A	\$SO	2,958
	•	"	'	\$SO	2,471	N/A	SSO	2,471
		"	•	\$SO	2,465	N/A	\$SO	2,465
	•	"	•	SSO	2,296	V /V	SSO	2,296
	•	"		SSO	2,118	V/A	SSO	2,118
		"	•	\$50	2,030	V/A	\$20	2,030
		"		9511	1 084	A/N	1188	2,072
				351	1 930	V 4/N	\$20 1188	1 930
				351	1,530	V 4/N	\$20 1188	1,530
				351	1,554	4/N	SSI	1,554
	•		•	331	1,246	V/N	\$50 1188	1,246
	1		•	1166	1,240	A/N	351	1,240
	•		•	600	1,240	A/N	650	1,240
	•		•	200	1,094	A/N	\$20	1,094
	•	"	•	SSO I	821	N/A	SSO	821
	•	"		SSO.	, <u>%</u>	A/N	SSO	/8/
	1	11		SSO	674	Ø/Z	SSO OS	674
	•	"	•	SSO	647	V/Z	SSO	647
	•	"	•	SSO	644	N/A	SSO	644
	•	"	•	\$SO	390	N/A	\$SO	390
	•	"	•	\$SO	138	N/A	SSO	138
		"	•	\$SO	84	N/A	SSO.	84
		"	•	SSO OS	48	N/A	SSO	48
	1	"	'	\$SO	27	N/A	SSO	27
		"	'	\$SO	56	N/A	\$SO	56
	1	Held-to-maturity financial assets	•	SSO	20.000	A/N		50.206
	•	"	•	SSO	50,000	N/A		50,146
	1	"	•	\$SO	50,000	N/A	\$SO	50,002
Chase Issuance Trust	,	Available-for-sale financial assets	•	SSII	15 507	A/N	SSII	15 507
Discover Card Execution Note Trust	,	// // // // // // // // // // // // //	'	SSO	12,126	N/A	nss	12,126
Citibank Credit Card Issuance Trust	,	"	'	SSO	9,756	N/A	NS\$	9,756
Capital One Multi Asset Execution Trust	1	"	•	SSO	8,961	A/N	OSS	8.961
Ford Credit Floorplan Master Owner Trust	•	"	•	SSII	5.922	V/Z	SSI	5.922
Bank Of America Credit Card Trust	•	"	•	NS\$	4,433	N/A	ns\$	4,433
American Express Credit Account Master Trust	•	"	•	\$SO	3,993	N/A	NS\$	3,993
Mercedes Benz Master Owner Trust	•	"	•	SSO O	3,984	N/A	SSO	3,984
	•	"	•	SSO O	3,001	N/A	SSO	3,001
		"	•	SSO	2,078	N/A	SSO	2,078
Foyota Auto Receivables Owner Trust		"	•	SSO	2,074	N/A	SSO	2,074
		"	•	SSO	2,001	N/A	SSO	2,001
American Express Credit Account Master Trust		"	•	SSO OS	2,000	N/A	SSO	2,000
American Express Credit Account Master Trust		"	•	\$SO	1,997	N/A	SSO	1,997
Chrysler Capital Auto Receivables Trust	•	"	'	\$SO	1,994	N/A	SSO	1,994
	•	"	•	SSO	1,992	N/A	SSO	1,992
Nissan Auto Receivables Owner Trust	•	"	•	SSO	1 986	N/A	SSD.	1 986

Figure Particular Particu							December 31, 2013	51, 2015		_	
Comman Auto Owner Teat	ompany Name	Marketable Securities Type and Name	Relationship with the Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Carryin (Foreign C in Thou	g Value urrencies sands)	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value (Foreign Curren in Thousand	Fair Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Note
Find Find Common steek - 1523 USS Action Wireless Broadband Corp. - 2249 USS Profitzed stock Broadband Corp. - 1522 USS Profitzed stock Broadband Corp. - 1522 USS Profitzed stock Broadband Corp. - 1522 USS Bridgel List Line - 1522 USS GTBF, Inc. - 1522 USS I spidl class Lighting Corp. - 1522 USS Necotions, Inc. - 1522 USS Search Solvens, Inc. - 1526 USS Action Systems, Inc. - 1526 USS Appetition of Control Inclined Control of	bal	Carmax Auto Owner Trust Ford Credit Auto Owner Trust Golden Credit Card Trust Mercedes Benz Auto Receivables Trust Honda Auto Receivables Owner Trust Nissan Auto Lease Trust Hyundai Auto Lease Scentriizat Trust Bruw Floorplan Master Owner Trust		Available-for-sale financial assets		SSU SSU SSU SSU SSU SSU SSU SSU SSU SSU	1,985 1,967 1,794 1,691 1,686 998 981 551	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	\$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0	1,985 1,967 1,794 1,691 1,686 998 981 551	
Frinancial assets carried at cost 1,154 USS		Fund Primavera Capital Fund II L.P. Common stock Accton Wireless Broadband Corp.		Financial assets carried at cost Financial assets carried at cost	2,249	\$SO	315	v v v	\$SO	315	
Preferred stock Aquantia Adultings, Inc. Common stock Rinancial assets carried at cost Available-for-sale financial assets carried at cost Common stock Rinancial assets carried at cost Common stock Common stock		Briogeluv, inc. Griffs, Inc. LiquidLeds Lighting Corp. Neoconix, Inc. Common stock RichWave Technology Corp. Sentelic Aether Systems, Inc.		Financial assets carried at cost // // // // // // // // // // // // /	1,354 1,154 1,600 1,600 4,147 1,267 1,806 3,100	\$30 \$30 \$30 \$30 \$30 \$30 \$30 \$30 \$30 \$30	3,194 2,607 2,429	N 2 2 30 8 3 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	\$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0	3,194 2,607 2,429	
Financial assets carried at cost 1.058	Alliance	Preferred stock Aquantia 5V Technologies, Inc. Impini, Inc. OST Holdings, ILC Cresta Technology Corporation Common stock RichWave Technology Corp. Global Investment Holding Inc.		Financial assets carried at cost " " " Available-for-sale financial assets Financial assets carried at cost	4,643 963 711 - 92 4,034 11,124	0.88 0.88 0.88 0.88 0.88 0.88 0.88	4,441 2,168 1,100 588 28 28 10,167 3,065	7 - E	\$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0 \$\$0	4,441 2,168 1,100 588 28 28 10,167 3,065	
Available-for-sale financial assets 6,581 USS Financial assets carried at cost 745 - 278		Preferred stock QST Holdings, LLC Preferred stock Sonics, Inc.		Financial assets carried at cost Financial assets carried at cost	- 230	NS\$	141	4 K	ns\$	141	
Preferred stock		Common stock Alchip Technologies Limited Goyatek Technology, Corp. Sonics, Inc.		Available-for-sale financial assets Financial assets carried at cost	6,581 745 278	NS\$	6,842	<u> </u>	NS\$	6,842	

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

MARKETABLE SECURITIES ACQUIRED AND DISPOSED OF AT COSTS OR PRICES OF AT LEAST NTS300 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,2015

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

					Beginning Balance	Balance	Acquisition	sition		Disposal	osal		Ending Balance (Note 1)	e (Note 1)
Company Name	Marketable Securines Type and Name	Financial Statement Account	Counter-party	Nature of Relationship	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Amount	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Amount	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Amount	Carrying Value	Gain/Loss on Disposal	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Amount
TSMC	Bank debentures HSBC Bank (Taiwan) Limited	Held-to-maturity financial assets	,		•	- 8	•	\$ 3,316,906		· ·	\$	\$	-	3,305,475
	Corporate bond CPC Corporation, Taiwan	Held-to-maturity financial			•	•	1	1,771,413	•	225,000	225,000	•		1,543,723
	Taiwan Power Company	dssets "	,	,	1	,	•	1,209,903	1	•	'	1	,	1,207,601
	Hon Hai Precision Ind. Co., Ltd.	"	,	,	•	•	'	1,006,244	•	•	'	•	•	1,003,858
	Formosa Petrochemical	"		1	1	1	1	301,625	1	1	1	1	1	301,097
	Corporation Formosa Plastics Corporation	"	,	1	•	•	1	351,464	i	175,000	175,000	1	,	175,742
	Structure deposit Hua Nan Commercial Bank	Held-to-maturity financial			,	1	1	2,000,000		1	1	•	1	2,000,000
	Cathay United Bank	dssets "			•	•	•	1,000,000		•		•		1,000,000
	Commercial paper Taiwan Power Company	Held-to-maturity financial			220	2,192,014	1,080	10,768,924	1,300	13,000,000	12,960,938	39,062	1	
	CPC Corporation, Taiwan	doorto //	,	1	230	2,293,579	100	997,799	330	3,300,000	3,291,378	8,622	1	'
	Stock TSMC SSL	Noncurrent assets held for	EPISTAR	Subsidary	554,674	669,472	1		554,674	782,701	669,472	113,229	1	1
	TSMC Global	Investments accounted for	,	Subsidary	3	132,330,833	2	64,640,368	1	(Note 2)	•	•	5	203,425,723
	VIS Chi Chemg	" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	Public Market OVT	Associate Subsidary	546,223	10,105,485	36,600	394,674	82,000	3,871,910	1,608,371	2,263,539	464,223 36,600	8,446,054
TSMC Partner	<u>Stock</u> VisEra Holding	Investments accounted for	DVT	Subsidary	43,000	US\$ 103,653	43,000	US\$ 108,204	•	•	•	•	86,000 L	US\$ 213,347
	Tela Innovations	Financial assets carried at cost				•	13,919	US\$ 65,000	1	•	•	•	13,919	US\$ 65,000
TSMC Global	Corporate bond JPMorgan Chase & Co.	Held-to-maturity financial assets			•		1	US\$ 11,002	1	1	1	•	<u> </u>	US\$ 10,798
	Government bond US Treasury N/B	Available-for-sale financial assets		1	1	1		US\$ 51,037	•	US\$ 24,113	US\$ 24,194	US\$ (81)		US\$ 26,702

	M	T		J	Beginning Balance	Balance	Acquisition	ition		Dis	Disposal		Ending Balance (Note 1)	nce (Note 1)	
Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Name	Financial Statement Account	Counter-party	Relationship	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Amount	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Amount	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Amount	Carrying Value	Gain/Loss on Disposal	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Amount	t
TSMC Global	Negotiable certificates of deposits														
	China Development Bank	Held-to-maturity financial		ı	•	· ·	•	US\$ 50,000	- 00	S	\$		•	US\$ 50,	50,000
	Bank of China	"	,	1	1		•	US\$ 50,000	00	1	1	•	•	US\$ 50,0	20,000
	China Construction Bank	"		1	1	,	•	US\$ 50,000	- 00	1	1	•	•	US\$ 50,0	20,000
	Corporate issued asset-backed securities														
	nce Trust	Available-for-sale financial	1		•	,	i	US\$ 16,048		US\$ 497	US\$ 497	1	•	US\$ 15,	15,507
	Discover Card Execution Note	assets "					•	US\$ 12,142		•			1	US\$ 12,	12,126
	Citibank Credit Card Issuance Trust	ii			1		1	0,778 SZ	- 82	1	1	1	1	.′6 \$SD	9,756
	<u>Stock</u> ASML	Available-for-sale financial assets	1		20,993	US\$2,284,919	1		- 20,993	US\$1,780,940	US\$1,085,474	US\$ 695,466			i
	Fund Primavera Capital Fund II L.P. Financial assets carried at cost	Financial assets carried at cost			,		,	US\$ 12,017		•		ī	1	US\$ 12,017	017
TSMC Solar	<u>Stock</u> Motech	Investments accounted for using equity method	Public Market	Associate	87,480	3,408,945	,		- 29,160	1,209,114	1,006,730	202,384	Note 3	Note 3	
			1												

Note 1: The ending balance includes the amortization of premium/discount on bonds investments, share of profits/losses of investees and other related adjustment.

Note 2: The amount of disposal is the selling price less associated expenditure.

Note 3: TSMC Solar was merged into TSMC on December 14, 2015. After the incorporation, Motech's shares previously owned by TSMC Solar were directly held by TSMC.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

ACQUISITION OF INDIVIDUAL REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES AT COSTS OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

	Other Terms	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
	Purpose of O	Manufacturing N purpose	Manufacturing N purpose	Manufacturing N purpose	Manufacturing N purpose	Manufacturing N purpose	Manufacturing N purpose	Manufacturing Nurpose
	Price Ference A		Bidding, price Mar comparison p	negotiation Bidding, price Mar comparison p	negotiation Bidding, price Mar comparison p	n se n	negotiation Bidding, price Mar comparison p	Bidding, price Marcomparison p and price negotiation
party	Amount	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
elated Counter-	Transfer Date	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Prior Transaction of Related Counter-party	Relationships	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Prior	Owner	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Nature of Relationships	1	1	1	1	ı	1	1
	Counter-party	DA CIN Construction Co., Ltd.	Fu Tsu Construction Co., Ltd.	MandarTech Interiors Inc.	China Steel Structure Co., Ltd.	Kedge Construction Co., Ltd.	Lead Fu Industrials Corp.	Chun Yuan Steel Industry Co., Ltd.
	Payment Term	\$ 3,222,693 Monthly settlement by the construction progress and	3,245,091 Monthly settlement by the construction progress and	323,819 Monthly settlement by the construction progress and	nent by ion	1,327,000 Monthly settlement by the construction progress and	acceptance Monthly settlement by the construction progress and	870,000 Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance
Transaction	Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	\$ 3,222,693	3,245,091	323,819	1,371,031	1,327,000	349,823	870,000
	Transaction Date	July 09, 2014 to July 06, 2015	August 13, 2014 to July 15, 2015	September 26, 2014 to July 17, 2015	November 03, 2014 to June 18, 2015	October 02, 2015 to October 05, 2015	November 20, 2015 to November 23, 2015	December 10, 2015 to December 11, 2015
	Company Types of Name Property	Fab	Fab	Fab	Fab	Fab	Fab	Fab
	Company Name	TSMC						

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

TOTAL PURCHASES FROM OR SALES TO RELATED PARTIES OF AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015
(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

				Trans	Transaction Details	etails	Abnorm	Abnormal Transaction	Notes/Accounts Payable or Receivable	able or	
Company Name	Related Party	Nature of Relationships	Purchases/ Sales	Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	% to Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Unit Price Payment Terms (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	% to Total	Note
TSMC	TSMC North America	Subsidiary	Sales	\$ 564,715,542	99	Net 30 days from invoice date		Note	\$ 56,728,022	89	
	GUC	Associate	Sales	3,252,282	•	Net 30 days from the end of the		ı	483,576	1	
	TSMC China	Subsidiary	Purchases	22,459,951	31	Net 30 days from the end of the		ı	(1,541,231)	∞	
	WaferTech	Indirect subsidiary	Purchases	8,611,590	12	Net 30 days from the end of the		ı	(683,473)	3	
	VIS	Associate	Purchases	7,148,777	10	Net 30 days from the end of the		ı	(532,097)	3	
	SSMC	Associate	Purchases	3,977,638	9	Mot 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued		•	(301,108)	1	
TSMC North America	GUC	Associate of TSMC	Sales	894,408 (US\$ 28,197)	ı	Net 30 days from invoice date			20,735 (US\$ 630)	1	
TSMC Solar	TSMC Solar Europe GmbH Subsidiary	Subsidiary	Sales	436,074	61	Net 90 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	1	ı	ı	1	

Note: The tenor is 30 days from TSMC's invoice date or determined by the payment terms granted to its clients by TSMC North America.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL December 31, 2015

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

						Overdue		
Company Name	Related Party	Nature of Relationships	Ending Balance (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Turnover Days (Note 1)	Amount	Action Taken	Amounts Received in Subsequent Period	Allowance for Bad Debts
TSMC	TSMC North America GUC	Subsidiary Associate	\$ 57,057,694 483,576	42	\$ 5,268,560 201,377		\$ 13,076,307 209,847	⇔
TSMC China	TSMC	Parent company	1,541,231 (RMB 304,245)	29	•		,	1
TSMC Technology TSMC	TSMC	Parent company	227,511 (US\$ 6,916)	Note 2	•		,	1
WaferTech	TSMC	Parent company	683,473 (US\$ 20,777)	29	,		1	ı

Note 1: The calculation of turnover days excludes other receivables from related parties.

Note 2: The ending balance is primarily consisted of other receivables, which is not applicable for the calculation of turnover days.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

NAMES, LOCATIONS, AND RELATED INFORMATION OF INVESTEES OVER WHICH THE COMPANY EXERCISES SIGNIFICANT INFLUENCE (EXCLUDING INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA) FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015
(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

			Original Investment Amount	ment Amount	Balance	Balance as of December 31, 2015	51, 2015	Not Income	Share of		_
Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	December 31, 2015 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	December 31, 2014 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Shares (In Thousands)	Percentage of Ownership	Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Losses) of the Investee (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Profits/Losses of Investee (Note 1) (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Note	
FSMC Global FSMC Partners	Tortola, British Virgin Islands Tortola, British Virgin Islands	Investment activities Investing in companies involved in the design, manufacture, and other related business in the	\$167,755,236 31,456,130	\$103,114,868 31,456,130	\$ 988,268	100	\$ 203,425,723 50,827,318	\$ 22,522,263 2,009,702	\$ 22,522,263 2,009,969	Subsidiary Subsidiary	
SSMC VIS	Singapore Hsin-Chu, Taiwan	semiconductor industry Pabrication and supply of integrated circuits Research, design, development, manufacture, packaging, testing and sale of memory	5,120,028	5,120,028	314 464,223	39	9,511,515 8,446,054	6,372,459	2,471,877	Associate Associate	
FSMC North America	San Jose, California, USA	integrated circuits, LSI, VLSI and related parts Selling and marketing of integrated circuits and	333,718	333,718	11,000	100	4,234,685	98,802	98,802	Subsidiary	
Xintec Motech	Taoyuan, Taiwan New Taipei, Taiwan	semiconductor devices Wafer level chip size packaging service Manufactuming and sales of solar cells, crystalline silicon solar cell, and test and measurement	1,309,969	1,357,890	92,778 58,320	35 12	2,209,785 2,053,562	146,799 (686,132)	54,113 (9,066)	(9,066) Associate (9,066) Associate	
GUC	Hsin-Chu, Taiwan	instruments and design and construction of solar power systems Researching, developing, manufacturing, testing	386,568	386,568	46,688	35	1,152,335	494,240	173,960	Associate	
VTAF II Emerging Alliance	Cayman Islands Cayman Islands	and marketing of integrated circuits Investing in new start-up technology companies Investing in new start-up technology companies	608,562	605,479		98	554,240 440,901	(5,358)	(5,251)	(5,251) Subsidiary (2,562) Subsidiary	
Chi Chemg	Taipei, Taiwan	Investment activities	394,674		36,600	100	394,364	(93,651)	(311)		
V IAF III FSMC Europe	Cayman Islands Amsterdam, the Netherlands	Investing in new start-up technology companies Marketing and engineering supporting activities	1,499,452	1,850,782		100	330,664	38,825	(91,864) 38,825	Subsidiary Subsidiary	
FSMC Japan FSMC Korea	Yokohama, Japan Seoul, Korea	Marketing activities Customer service and technical supporting	83,760	83,760	9	00 00	127,453	3,533	3,533	Subsidiary Subsidiary	
ISMC Solar Europe GmbH	Hamburg, Germany	activities Selling of solar related products and providing	25,266	1	_	100	1,186	(35,666)	(1,730)		
TSMC Solar	Tai-Chung, Taiwan	customer service Engaged in researching, developing, designing, manufacturing and edling renewable energy	1	11,180,000	,		,	(3,500,638)	(3,479,224) Subsidiary	Subsidiary	
rsmc gn	Taipei, Taiwan	and saying refaced recimologies and products Investment activities	•	200,000	•		1	(101,697)	(101,697)	(101,697) Subsidiary	
FSMC Development	Delaware, U.S.A	Investment activities	0.03		•	100	26,057,982	1,312,315	Note 2	Subsidiary	
VisEra Holding	Cayman Islands	Investing in companies involved in the design, manufacturing, and other related businesses in	(US\$ 151,204)	(US\$ 0.001) 1,414,485 (US\$ 43,000)	86,000	86	(US\$ 792,130) 7,018,048 (US\$ 213,347)	(US\$ 41,572) 1,115,859 (US\$ 35,178)	Note 2	Subsidiary	
FSMC Technology	Delaware, U.S.A	ine sennoonductor industry Engineering support activities	0.03	0.03	1	100	545,012	49,392	Note 2	Subsidiary	
ISDF II	Cayman Islands	Investing in new start-up technology companies	305,891	$\widetilde{\omega}$	9,299	76	m		Note 2	Subsidiary	
TSMC Canada	Ontario, Canada	Engineering support activities	75,659	· ssn)	2,300	100	_	.US\$ 18,	Note 2	Subsidiary	

				Original Investment Amount	ment Amount	Balance 8	Balance as of December 31, 2015	31, 2015	Not Income	Share of	
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	December 31, 2015 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	December 31, 2014 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Shares (In Thousands)	Percentage of Ownership	Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	(Losses) of the Investee (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Profits/Losses of Investee (Note 1) (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Note
TSMC Partners	ISDF	Cayman Islands	Investing in new start-up technology companies	\$ 19,178 (US\$ 583)	\$ 19,178 (US\$ 583)	583	76	\$ 4,114 (US\$ 125)	\$ (414) (US\$ (13))	Note 2	Subsidiary
VTAFIII	Growth Fund	Cayman Islands	Investing in new start-up technology companies	48,085	71,711	'	100	26,148	30,617	Note 2	Subsidiary
	Mutual-Pak	New Taipei, Taiwan	Manufacturing and selling of electronic parts and	171,471	(188)	15,643	58	20	(15	Note 2	Subsidiary
	VTA Holdings	Delaware, U.S.A				•	62			Note 2	Subsidiary
VTAF II	VTA Holdings	Delaware, U.S.A.	Investing in new start-up technology companies	'	•	•	31	,	1	Note 2	Subsidiary
Emerging Alliance	VTA Holdings	Delaware, U.S.A.	Investing in new start-up technology companies	•	•	•	7	,	•	Note 2	Subsidiary
TSMC Solar	Motech	New Taipei, Taiwan	Manufacturing and sales of solar cells, crystalline silicon solar cell, and test and measurement instruments and design and construction of	1	6,228,661	1	1	'	(686,132)	Note 2	Note 2 Associate
	TSMC Solar Europe TSMC Solar NA TSMC Solar Europe GmbH	Amsterdam, the Netherlands Delaware, U.S.A Hamburg, Germany	sorar power systems Investing in solar related business Selling and marketing of solar related products Selling of solar related products and providing customer service	1 1 1	504,107 236,025	1 1 1			(5,127) (7,857) (35,666)	Note 2 Note 2 Note 2	Subsidiary Subsidiary Subsidiary
TSMC GN	TSMC Solar	Tai-Chung, Taiwan	Engaged in researching, developing, designing, manufacturing and selling renewable energy and saving related technologies and products	ı	53,092	1	1	'	(3,500,638)	Note 2	Note 2 Associate
TSMC Development	WaferTech	Washington, U.S.A.	Manufacturing, selling, testing and computer-aided designing of integrated circuits and other camio and other canion and other camio and other canion and other	ı	,	293,637	100	6,372,230 (US\$ 193,714)	6,372,230 1,241,489 (US\$ 193,714) (US\$ 39,139)	Note 2	Subsidiary
TSMC Solar Europe	TSMC Solar Europe GmbH	Hamburg, Germany		'	446,400 (FIIR 12,400)	•		,	(27,182) (EUR (766))	Note 2	Subsidiary
VisEra Holding	VisEra Tech	Hsin-Chu, Taiwan	uctor optical components and	3,094,388 (TIS\$ 94,069)	3,094,388 (IISS 94,069)	253,120	87	5,365,288	m	Note 2	Subsidiary
	Xintec	Taoyuan, Taiwan		200,100 (US\$ 6,083)	7	18,504	9	(US\$ 21,845) (US\$	_	Note 2 Associate	ssociate

Note I: The share of profits/losses of investee includes the effect of unrealized gross profit on intercompany transactions.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

Accumulated	Inward Remittance of Earnings as of December 31, 2015	\$
	Carryng Amount as of December 31, 2015	8,729,966 \$ 40,234,742 (Note 2)
	Share of Profits/Losses	\$ 8,729,966 (Note 2)
	Percentage of Ownership	100%
	Net Income (Losses) of the Investee Company	\$ 8,709,986
Accumulated	Cuttion of Investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2015 (USS in Thousands)	\$ 18,939,667 \$ (US\$ 596,000)
ent Flows	Inflow	· •
Investment Flows	Outflow	· ∽
	Untriow of Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2015 (US\$ in Thousands)	\$ 18,939,667 (US\$ 596,000)
	Method of Investment	Note 1
	Total Amount of Paid-in Capital Method of Taiwan as of (Foreign Currencies Investment January 1, 2015 in Thousands) (USS in Thousands)	\$ 18,939,667 (RMB 4,502,080)
	Main Businesses and Products	Manufacturing and selling of \$ 18,939,667 integrated circuits at the order of and pursuant to product design specifications provided by customers
	Investee Company	TSMC China

Upper Limit on Investment (USS in Thousands)	\$ 18,939,667 (US\$ \$96,000)
Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA (USS in Thousands)	\$ 18,939,667 (US\$ \$96,000)
Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of December 31, 2015 (USS in Thousands)	\$ 18,939,667 (US\$ 596,000)

Note 1: TSMC directly invested US\$596,000 thousand in TSMC China.

Note 2: Amount was recognized based on the audited financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS DECEMBER 31, 2015

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

Item	Description	A	Amount
Cash			
Petty cash		\$	530
Cash in banks			
Checking accounts and demand deposits		;	86,363,521
Foreign currency deposits	Including US\$348,947 thousand @32.895, JPY7,135,593 thousand @0.2733 and EUR42 thousand @36.00		13,430,294
Time deposits	From 2015.05.15 to 2016.12.30, interest rates at 0.15%-1.16%, including NT\$155,961,099 thousand, US\$58,600 thousand @32.895, JPY2,156,004 thousand @0.2733 and EUR21,964 thousand @36.00	1:	59,281,218
Cash equivalents			
Repurchase agreements collateralized by corporate bonds	Expired by 2016.02.16, interest rates at 0.53%-0.72%		5,132,778
Repurchase agreements collateralized by government bonds	Expired on 2016.01.28 , interest rates at 0.51%		285,242
Total		\$ 20	64,493,583

STATEMENT OF NOTES AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET DECEMBER 31, 2015

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Client Name	Amount
Spreadtrum Communications, Inc.	\$ 5,308,108
Sony Electronics Inc.	2,326,651
NXP Semiconductors N.V.	2,139,193
MediaTek Inc.	1,405,175
Others (Note 1)	 14,940,498
	26,119,625
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	 (483,502)
Total	\$ 25,636,123

Note 1: The amount of individual client included in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

Note 2: The accounts receivable past due over one year amounted to NT\$8,407 thousand for which the Company has recognized appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts.

STATEMENT OF RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES DECEMBER 31, 2015

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Client Name	Amount
TSMC North America	\$ 56,728,022
Others (Note)	554,660
Total	\$ 57.282.682

Note: The amount of individual client included in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

STATEMENT OF INVENTORIES DECEMBER 31, 2015 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Am	ount
Item	Cost	Net Realizable Value
Finished goods	\$ 7,733,331	\$ 19,513,611
Work in process	52,251,863	143,853,792
Raw materials	2,813,029	2,681,539
Supplies and spare parts	1,539,965	1,607,761
Total	<u>\$ 64,338,188</u>	<u>\$ 167,656,703</u>

aiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

ATEMENT OF CHANGES IN INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING EQUITY METHOD IN THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015
1 Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

Collateral		Z	Z	Ν̈́	ΞZ	Ϊ́Ν	ΞZ	ΞZ	ΞZ	īZ	ĪZ	īZ	īZ	īZ	Z			Z	Z	Z	Z			
Market Value or Net Assets Value Ontly Pree (NTS) Total Amount		\$ 203 425 723	50.884.696	19,868,766	9,297,531	4,234,685		3,006,017	3,081,399	330,664	127,453	35,231	2,636,054	1,186	394,364	297,323,769		40,413,482	362,922	547,994	706'044	41,765,300	\$ 339,089,069	
Market Value or Unit Price (NTS)				\$ 42.8 (Note 1)				32.4 (Note 1)	66.0 (Note 2)				45.2 (Note 1)											
Balance, December 31, 2015 usands) % Amount		\$ 203 425 723	50.827.318	8,446,054	9,511,515	4,234,685		2,209,785	1,152,335	330,664	127,453	35,231	2,053,562	1,186	394,364	282,749,875		40,234,742	385,834	554,240	106,044	41,615,717	\$ 324,365,592	
Decembe		100	90	28	39	100	٠	35	35	100	100	100	12	100	100			100	86	86 8	6.66			
Balance Shares (In Thousands)		1/	988.268	464,223	314	11,000		92,778	46,688	•	9	80	58,320	-	36,600			'	•			•		
r of Subsidiary Amount		9	,		•	•	415,042		•	•			2,062,836	2,798		2,480,676		•	•		. (7.404.)	(7,494)	\$ 2,473,182	
Effect of Merger of Subsidiary Shares (In Thousands) Amount		•		•	•		(290,004)		•			•	58,320	-				,	•					
Adjustments Resulting from the Transactions with Subsidiaries and Associates Amount		9	(54.008)		•	•	1,474		15,126							(37,408)		(83,927)				(83,927)	\$ (121,335)	
Adjustments Arising from Changes in Percentage of Ownership in Subsidiaries Amount		9	104.263		•		•	•	•	•			•			104,263		•	•		. 00000	(28,844)	\$ 75,419	
Adjustments to Share of Changes in Equity of Subsidiaries and Associates Amount		9	21	(110,298)			37,099	249,659	(9)	•		•	(22)			176,453		1	•		- 295	267	S 177,020	
Increase (Decrease) in Using the Equity Method Amount (Note 3)		\$ 6.454.522	3,327,674	59,238	1,214,560	250,315	(3,333,384)	(45,935)	34,511	18,612	7,337	1,804	(9,252)	(1,612)	(310)	7,978,080		8,464,856	(73,794)	81,448	(00 780)	8,658,500	\$ 16,636,580	
Decrease ds) Amount		9	,	(1,608,371)			•	(47,921)		•			•		•	(1,656,292)		'	(380,336)			(380,336)	\$ (2,036,628)	
Dec Shares (In Thousands)		•		(82,000)	` '		(828,353)	(2,172)		•			•		•			'	•			•		
Additions uds) Amount		\$ 64 640 368	-		•		1,785		•	•		•	•	•	394,674	65,036,827		1	29,006	3,083	000007	102,089	\$ 65,138,916	
Add Shares (In Thousands)		0	'	•	•		357	•	•	•			•		36,600			'	•			•		
Balance, January 1, 2015 Shares Thousands) Amount		\$ 132 330 833	47.449,368	10,105,485	8,296,955	3,984,370	2,877,984	2,053,982	1,102,704	312,052	120,116	33,427	•			208,667,276		31,853,813	810,958	469,709	155,122	33,355,162	\$ 242,022,438	
Balance, Jan Shares (In Thorsands)			988.268	546,223	314	11,000	1,118,000	94,950	46,688	•	9	80	•	•	•			•				•		
Investes	<u>xoks</u>	:MC Global	:MC Partners	S	MC	MC North America	iMC Solar	ntec	JC	:MC Europe	:MC Japan	MC Korea	otech	lar Europe GmbH	ii Cherng	Subtotal	pital	:MC China	[AF III	AF II	nerging Amance	Subtotal	Total	

He unit price is calculated by closing price of Gre Tai Securities Market as of December 31, 2015.

ute 2: The unit price is calculated by closing price of the Taiwan Stock Exchange as of December 31, 2015.

^{163.} Including share of profit or loss of subsidiaries and associates, share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries and associates and cash dividends received from subsidiaries and associates.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF SHORT-TERM LOANS
DECEMBER 31, 2015
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

Remark									•	
Collateral		ΞΖ	Nil	Nil	Ϊ́Ν	Nil	Ϊ́Ν	Nil	ΙΝ	
Loan Commitments					US\$ 300,000					
Range of Interest Rates (%)		0.68-0.70	0.77	0.52	0.53	0.76	0.61	0.50	0.77	
Contract Period		2015.12.28-2016.01.29	2015.12.29-2016.01.07	2015.12.03-2016.01.04	2015.12.10-2016.01.11	2015.12.29-2016.01.28	2015.12.23-2016.01.25	2015.11.30-2016.01.21	2015.12.28-2016.02.26	
Balance, End of Year		\$ 8,881,650	6,250,050	5,921,100	5,921,100	3,618,450	2,960,550	2,960,550	2,960,550	\$ 39,474,000
Type	Unsecured loans	Bank Of America	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A.	Standard Chartered Bank	Hua Nan Bank	The Bank Of Nova Scotia	The Bank Of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.	ING Bank N.V.	

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS PAYABLES DECEMBER 31, 2015

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Vendor Name	Amount
IBIDEN Co., Ltd.	\$ 996,509
Others (Note)	15,706,461
Total	<u>\$ 16,702,970</u>

Note: The amount of individual vendor in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

STATEMENT OF PAYABLES TO RELATED PARTIES DECEMBER 31, 2015

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Vendor Name	Amount
TSMC China	\$ 1,541,231
WaferTech, LLC	683,473
VIS	532,097
SSMC	301,108
Xintec	268,308
TSMC Technology, Inc.	227,511
Others (Note)	205,903
Total	\$ 3,759,631

Note: The amount of individual vendor in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

STATEMENT OF PAYABLES TO CONTRACTORS AND EQUIPMENT SUPPLIERS DECEMBER 31, 2015

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Vendor Name		Amount
Applied Materials South East Asia Pte Ltd.	\$	4,899,989
Lam Research International Sarl		2,584,642
TOKYO Electron Ltd.		2,084,006
Teradyne Asia Pte Ltd.		1,513,395
Others (Note)	_	14,264,174
Total	<u>\$</u>	25,346,206

Note: The amount of individual vendor included in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

STATEMENT OF ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES DECEMBER 31, 2015

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item		Amount
Guarantee deposit	\$	6,167,813
Utilities		2,579,631
Receipts in advance		1,483,189
Supplies purchased on behalf of customer		1,336,783
Interest expense		1,292,129
Insurance expense		1,271,147
Others (Note)	_	10,336,245
Total	\$	24,466,937

Note: The amount of each item in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF BONDS PAYABLE DECEMBER 31, 2015 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Collateral	II II N	E E	IZ ZZ	E E E	EZZZ	<u> </u>	22 23	Z 22222	
	Repayment	Bullet repayment Bullet repayment	Bullet repayment Bullet repayment	Bullet repayment Bullet repayment	Bullet repayment Bullet repayment Bullet repayment	Bullet repayment Bullet repayment Bullet repayment	Bullet repayment Bullet repayment Bullet repayment	Bullet repayment Bullet repayment Bullet repayment	Bullet repayment	
	Carrying Value	\$ 10,500,000 7,500,000	10,000,000	9,900,000 9,000,000	12,700,000 9,000,000 4,400,000	10,600,000 10,000,000 3,000,000	6,200,000 11,600,000 3,600,000	10,200,000 3,500,000 4,000,000	8,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,400,000 2,600,000 5,400,000	\$ 166,200,000
	Unamortized Premiums (Discounts)	€9					1 1 1			
Amount	Balance, End of Year	\$ 10,500,000	10,000,000	9,900,000 9,000,000	12,700,000 9,000,000 4,400,000	10,600,000 10,000,000 3,000,000	6,200,000 11,600,000 3,600,000	10,200,000 3,500,000 4,000,000	8,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 2,600,000 5,400,000 2,600,000	\$ 166,200,000
	Repayment paid	s s			1 1 1		1 1 1			\$
	Total Amount	\$ 10,500,000 7,500,000	10,000,000	000,000,6	12,700,000 9,000,000 4,400,000	10,600,000 10,000,000 3,000,000	6,200,000 11,600,000 3,600,000	10,200,000 3,500,000 4,000,000	8,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 2,600,000 5,400,000 2,600,000	\$ 166,200,000
	Coupon Rate (%)	1.40	1.29	1.28	1.28 1.39 1.53	1.23 1.35 1.49	1.23 1.38 1.50	1.50	1.32 1.35 1.45 1.60 1.85 2.05	
	Interest Payment Date	on 09.28 annually on 09.28 annually	on 01.11 annually on 01.11 annually	on 08.02 annually on 08.02 annually	on 09.26 annually on 09.26 annually on 10.09 annually	on 01.04 annually on 01.04 annually on 01.04 annually	on 02.06 annually on 02.06 annually on 02.06 annually	on 07.16 annually on 07.16 annually on 08.09 annually	on 08.09 annually on 09.25 annually	
	Issuance Date	2011.09.28 2011.09.28	2012.01.11 2012.01.11	2012.08.02 2012.08.02	2012.09.26 2012.09.26 2012.10.09	2013.01.04 2013.01.04 2013.01.04	2013.02.06 2013.02.06 2013.02.06	2013.07.16 2013.07.16 2013.08.09	2013.08.09 2013.09.25 2013.09.25 2013.09.25 2013.09.25 2013.09.25	
	Trustee	Mega International Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Mega International Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	Mega International Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Mega International Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	Mega International Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Mega International Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	
	Bonds Name	Domestic unsecured bonds-100-1 - A - B	Domestic unsecured bonds-100-2 - A - B - B - Domestic unsecured bonds 101 1	Domestic unsecured bonds-101-1 - A - B - B - Domestic unsecured bonds 101 2	Domestic unsecured bonds-101-2 - A - B Domestic unsecured bonds-101-3 Domestic unsecured bonds-101-4	- A - B - C	Domestic unsecured bonds-102-1 - A - B - C - C - Domestic unsecured bonds-102-2	- A - B Domestic unsecured bonds-102-3	- B - B - A - B - C - D - E - F	TOTAL

STATEMENT OF NET REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

Item	Shipments (Piece) (Note)	Amount
Sales of goods Wafer Other	8,761,211	\$ 797,756,060 <u>38,790,545</u> 836,546,605
Royalty		500,283
Net revenue		<u>\$ 837,046,888</u>

Note: 12-inch equivalent wafers.

STATEMENT OF COST OF REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Amount
Raw materials used	
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 3,014,795
Raw material purchased	29,163,545
Raw materials, end of year	(2,813,029)
Transferred to manufacturing or operating expenses	(6,608,395)
Others	(27,102)
Subtotal	22,729,814
Direct labor	12,658,584
Manufacturing expenses	375,216,872
Manufacturing cost	410,605,270
Work in process, beginning of year	49,701,123
Work in process, end of year	(52,251,863)
Transferred to manufacturing or operating expenses	(9,472,491)
Cost of finished goods	398,582,039
Finished goods, beginning of year	9,443,538
Finished goods purchased	42,217,048
Finished goods, end of year	(7,733,331)
Transferred to manufacturing or operating expenses	(6,190,141)
Scrapped	(128,672)
Subtotal	436,190,481
Others	3,165,684
Total	<u>\$ 439,356,165</u>

STATEMENT OF OPERATING EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Research and Development Expenses	General and Administrative Expenses	Selling Expenses
Payroll and related expense	\$ 23,977,958	\$ 6,557,997	\$ 1,993,436
Consumables	14,196,785	113,938	6,834
Depreciation expense	14,127,458	789,948	7,775
Joint development project expenses	3,342,133	571	-
Repair and maintenance expense	2,260,310	1,008,671	599
Service Fee	35,974	927,046	12,013
Patents	-	1,589,326	-
Management fees of the Science Park Administration	-	1,544,783	-
Commission	-	-	782,326
Others (Note)	6,891,242	3,605,815	180,097
Total	<u>\$ 64,831,860</u>	<u>\$ 16,138,095</u>	\$ 2,983,080

Note: The amount of each item in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

STATEMENT OF OTHER OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES, NET FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Amount
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment Others	\$ (228,037) (119,070)
Total	\$ (347,107)

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF LABOR, DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION BY FUNCTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

		Year Ended De	Year Ended December 31, 2015			Year Ended December 31, 2014	sember 31, 2014	
			Classified as Other				Classified as Other	
	Classified as	Classified as Operating	Operating Income		Classified as	Classified as Operating	Operating Income	
Labor cost (Note)	Cost of Revenue	Expenses	and Expenses	I otal	Cost of Kevenue	Expenses	and Expenses	Total
Salary and bonus	\$ 43,217,080	\$ 29,628,631	· •	\$ 72,845,711	\$ 39,235,966	\$ 25,677,719	· •	\$ 64,913,685
Labor and health insurance	2,305,905	1,429,355	•	3,735,260	2,094,985	1,254,245	•	3,349,230
Pension	1,230,033	685,417	•	1,915,450	1,147,151	617,474	•	1,764,625
Others	1,493,771	785,988	1	2,279,759	1,298,749	679,178		1,977,927
		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	6	001 222 00 3	130 255 65	212 800 80	G	127 200 CL 8
	46,240,769	1,65,675,781	9	00,770,100	45,770,831	010,622,610	9	40,000,40
Depreciation Amortization	\$ 198,343,742 \$ 1,605,572	\$ 14,925,181 \$ 1,553,865	\$ 24,887 \$ -	\$ 213,293,810 \$ 3,159,437	\$ 177,957,340 \$ 1,304,885	\$ 13,607,832 \$ 1,182,975	\$ 24,887 \$	\$ 191,590,059 \$ 2,487,860

Note: As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company had 40,145 and 38,545 employees, respectively.