Consolidated Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 and Independent Auditors' Report REPRESENTATION LETTER

The entities that are required to be included in the combined financial statements of Taiwan Semiconductor

Manufacturing Company Limited as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, under the Criteria Governing

the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of

Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in

conformity with the International Financial Reporting Standard 10, "Consolidated Financial Statements." In

addition, the information required to be disclosed in the combined financial statements is included in the

consolidated financial statements. Consequently, Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

and Subsidiaries do not prepare a separate set of combined financial statements.

Very truly yours,

TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED

By

MORRIS CHANG

Chairman

February 13, 2018

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Deloitte.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and subsidiaries (the "Company"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 are stated as follows:

Provision for sales returns and allowances

In consideration of business volume and market conditions, the Company provides a variety of business incentives to specific customers or products. The provision for sales returns and allowance is based on historical experience and the varying contractual terms. Please refer to Notes 4, 5 and 19 to the consolidated financial statements for the details of the information about provision for sales returns and allowances. Since the provision for sales returns and allowances is subject to accounting judgment and estimation, and the result

could also affect the net revenue in the consolidated financial statements, it has been identified as a key audit matter.

Our key audit procedures performed in respect of the above area included the following:

- 1. Understood and tested the design and operating effectiveness of the key controls over provision for sales returns and allowances;
- 2. Understood and assessed the reasonableness of assumptions made and methodology used in estimating provision for sales returns and allowances;
- 3. Sampled and inspected the sales contracts of main products by agreeing the contractual terms and performed an analysis to challenge the estimation on possibility that specific products could meet business incentives condition to verify the reasonableness of the accrual of the provision;
- 4. Performed a retrospective review to comparatively analyze the historical accuracy of judgments with reference to actual sales returns and allowance paid.

Timing to commence depreciation of property, plant and equipment (PP&E)

The Company continues to invest in capital expenditures to develop and build capacity in leading-edge technologies to meet customers' demand. Please refer to Notes 4 and 15 to the consolidated financial statements for the details of the information and accounting policy about the depreciation of PP&E. According to IAS 16, depreciation of PP&E should commence when the assets are available for their intended use. Due to the significant capital expenditures incurred by the Company, the appropriateness of the timing to commerce depreciation of PP&E could have a material impact on its financial performance. Consequently, the validity of the timing to commence depreciation of PP&E is identified as a key audit matter.

Our key audit procedures performed in respect of the above area included the following:

- 1. Understood and tested the design and operating effectiveness of the key controls over the timing to commence depreciation of PP&E;
- 2. Understood the criteria the assets are defined as available for their intended use and the corresponding accounting treatments;
- 3. Sampled and reviewed the appropriateness of the timing for commencing depreciation after the assets met the criteria of available for use in current year;
- 4. Performed an observation on the physical count of equipment under installation and construction in progress; sampled and inspected the supporting documentation to verify that the status of equipment under installation and construction in progress are not available for use;
- 5. Sampled equipment under installation and construction in progress which met the criteria of available for use and were transferred in the subsequent period to evaluate the reasonableness of the timing for commencing depreciation;
- 6. Sampled and reviewed the appropriateness of the equipment under installation and construction in progress which are not available for their intended use.

Other Matter

We have also audited the parent company only financial statements of Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited as of and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 on which we have issued an unmodified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the IFRS, IAS, IFRIC, and SIC endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including members of the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Yih-Shin Kao and Yu Feng Huang.

Ju Jeng Grang

Deloitte & Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

Yh- Shin Kno

February 13, 2018

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	December 31,	2017	December 31,	2016
ASSETS	Amount	%	Amount	%
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	\$ 553,391,696	28	\$ 541,253,833	29
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note 7) Available-for-sale financial assets (Notes 8 and 14)	569,751 93,374,153	5	6,451,112 67,788,767	4
Held-to-maturity financial assets (Note 9)	1,988,385	-	16,610,116	1
Hedging derivative financial assets (Note 10)	34,394	-	5,550	-
Notes and accounts receivable, net (Note 11) Receivables from related parties (Note 34)	121,133,248 1,184,124	6	128,335,271 969,559	7
Other receivables from related parties (Note 34)	171,058	=	146,788	-
Inventories (Notes 5, 12 and 38)	73,880,747	4	48,682,233	3
Other financial assets (Notes 35 and 38) Other current assets (Note 17)	7,253,114 4,222,440	-	4,100,475 3,385,422	-
Total current assets	<u>857,203,110</u>	43	817,729,126	44
NONCURRENT ASSETS Held to motivity Engaged (Note 0)	19 922 220	1	22 207 561	1
Held-to-maturity financial assets (Note 9) Financial assets carried at cost (Note 13)	18,833,329 4,874,257	1 -	22,307,561 4,102,467	1 -
Investments accounted for using equity method (Notes 5 and 14)	17,861,488	1	19,743,888	1
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 5 and 15)	1,062,542,322	53	997,777,687	53
Intangible assets (Notes 5 and 16) Deferred income tax assets (Notes 5 and 29)	14,175,140 12,105,463	1 1	14,614,846 8,271,421	1
Refundable deposits	1,283,414	-	407,874	-
Other noncurrent assets (Note 17)	2,983,120		1,500,432	
Total noncurrent assets	1,134,658,533	<u>57</u>	1,068,726,176	56
TOTAL	<u>\$ 1,991,861,643</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 1,886,455,302</u>	<u>100</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES Short-term loans (Note 18)	\$ 63,766,850	3	\$ 57,958,200	3
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Note 7)	26,709	-	191,135	-
Hedging derivative financial liabilities (Note 10)	15,562	-	-	-
Accounts payable Payables to related parties (Note 24)	28,412,807	1	26,062,351	2
Payables to related parties (Note 34) Salary and bonus payable	1,656,356 14,254,871	1	1,262,174 13,681,817	1
Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors and supervisors (Notes 23 and 31)	23,419,135	1	22,894,006	1
Payables to contractors and equipment suppliers	55,723,774	3	63,154,514	3
Income tax payable (Notes 5 and 29) Provisions (Notes 5 and 19)	33,479,311	2	40,306,054	2
Long-term liabilities - current portion (Note 20)	13,961,787 58,401,122	1 3	18,037,789 38,109,680	2
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities (Note 22)	65,588,396	3	36,581,553	2
Total current liabilities	358,706,680	18	318,239,273	<u>17</u>
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES				
Bonds payable (Note 20)	91,800,000	5	153,093,557	8
Long-term bank loans	-	-	21,780	-
Deferred income tax liabilities (Notes 5 and 29)	302,205	- 1	141,183	-
Net defined benefit liability (Notes 5 and 21) Guarantee deposits (Note 22)	8,850,704 7,586,790	1	8,551,408 14,670,433	1
Others	1,855,621		1,686,542	
Total noncurrent liabilities	110,395,320	6	178,164,903	9
Total liabilities	469,102,000	24	496,404,176	26
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS OF THE PARENT	~~ ,~~ ~ ,~~ ~	<u></u>	2 27 . 2 . 192.1 3	
Capital stock (Note 23)	259,303,805	13	259,303,805	<u>14</u>
Capital surplus (Note 23)	56,309,536	3	56,272,304	3
Retained earnings (Note 23)	241 722 662	10	200 207 045	1.1
Appropriated as legal capital reserve Unappropriated earnings	241,722,663 991,639,347	12 49	208,297,945 863,710,224	11 46
Chappropriated carmings	1,233,362,010	61	1,072,008,169	<u>46</u> <u>57</u>
Others (Note 23)	(26,917,818)	<u>(1</u>)	1,663,983	
Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent	1,522,057,533	76	1,389,248,261	74
NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS	702,110		802,865	
Total equity	1,522,759,643	<u>76</u>	1,390,051,126	74
TOTAL	<u>\$ 1,991,861,643</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 1,886,455,302</u>	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2017		2016			
	Amount	%	Amount	%		
NET REVENUE (Notes 5, 24, 34 and 40)	\$ 977,447,241	100	\$ 947,938,344	100		
COST OF REVENUE (Notes 5, 12, 31, 34 and 38)	482,616,286	49	473,077,173	_50		
GROSS PROFIT BEFORE UNREALIZED GROSS PROFIT ON SALES TO ASSOCIATES	494,830,955	51	474,861,171	50		
UNREALIZED GROSS PROFIT ON SALES TO ASSOCIATES	(4,553)	-	(29,073)			
GROSS PROFIT	494,826,402	51	474,832,098	_50		
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 5, 31 and 34) Research and development General and administrative Marketing	80,732,463 21,196,717 5,972,488	8 2 1	71,207,703 19,795,593 5,900,837	7 2 <u>1</u>		
Total operating expenses	107,901,668	11_	96,904,133	_10		
OTHER OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES, NET (Notes 16, 25 and 31)	(1,365,511)	(1)	29,813			
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS (Note 40)	385,559,223	<u>39</u>	377,957,778	<u>40</u>		
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES Share of profits of associates (Note 14) Other income (Note 26) Foreign exchange gain (loss), net (Note 39) Finance costs (Note 27) Other gains and losses, net (Note 28)	2,985,941 9,610,294 (1,509,473) (3,330,313) 2,817,358	1 1 - -	3,495,600 6,454,901 1,161,322 (3,306,153) 195,932	- 1 - -		
Total non-operating income and expenses	10,573,807	2	8,001,602	1		
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	396,133,030	41	385,959,380	41		
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 5 and 29)	52,986,182	6	51,621,144	6		
NET INCOME	343,146,848	<u>35</u>	334,338,236 (Cor	<u>35</u> ntinued)		

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2017		2016	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Notes 14, 21, 23 and 29) Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to				
profit or loss: Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation Share of other comprehensive loss of associates Income tax benefit related to items that will not be	\$ (254,681) (20,853)	-	\$ (1,057,220) (19,961)	- -
reclassified subsequently	30,562		126,867	
	(244,972)		(950,314)	
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations Changes in fair value of available-for-sale	(28,259,627)	(3)	(9,379,477)	(1)
financial assets Cash flow hedges Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of	(218,832) 4,683	-	(692,523)	-
associates	(99,347)	-	16,301	-
Income tax expense related to items that may be reclassified subsequently	(3,536)	-	(61,176)	
	(28,576,659)	<u>(3</u>)	(10,116,875)	(1)
Other comprehensive loss for the year, net of income tax	(28,821,631)	(3)	(11,067,189)	(1)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	\$ 314,325,217	<u>32</u>	\$ 323,271,047	<u>34</u>
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Shareholders of the parent Noncontrolling interests	\$ 343,111,476 35,372	35	\$ 334,247,180 91,056	35
	\$ 343,146,848	<u>35</u>	\$ 334,338,236	<u>35</u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO:				
Shareholders of the parent Noncontrolling interests	\$ 314,294,993 30,224	32	\$ 323,186,736 84,311	34
	\$ 314,325,217	_32	\$ 323,271,047 (Cor	34 ntinued)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	Income Attributable to Shareholders of the Parent	2016 Income Attributable to Shareholders of the Parent
EARNINGS PER SHARE (NT\$, Note 30)		
Basic earnings per share	<u>\$ 13.23</u>	<u>\$ 12.89</u>
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 13.2 <u>3</u>	\$ 12.89

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Dividends Per Share)

	Equity Attributable to Shareholders of the Parent													
							Foreign	Unrealized Gain/Loss from	Others	Unearned				
	Capital Stock - Shares (In Thousands)	Common Stock Amount	Capital Surplus	Legal Capital Reserve	Retained Earnings Unappropriated Earnings	Total	Currency Translation Reserve	Available- for-sale Financial Assets	Cash Flow Hedges Reserve	Stock-Based Employee Compensation	Total	Total	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity
BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2016	25,930,380	\$ 259,303,805	\$ 56,300,215	\$177,640,561	\$ 716,653,025	\$ 894,293,586	\$ 11,039,949	\$ 734,771	\$ (607)	\$ -	\$ 11,774,113	\$1,221,671,719	\$ 962,760	\$1,222,634,479
Appropriations of prior year's earnings Legal capital reserve Cash dividends to shareholders - NT\$6 per share Total	- 	-	- - - -	30,657,384	(30,657,384) (155,582,283) (186,239,667)	(155,582,283) (155,582,283)	- - - -		- - -		- - -	(155,582,283) (155,582,283)		(155,582,283) (155,582,283)
Net income in 2016	-	-	-	-	334,247,180	334,247,180	-	-	-	-	-	334,247,180	91,056	334,338,236
Other comprehensive income (loss) in 2016, net of income tax				<u>-</u>	(950,314)	(950,314)	(9,378,712)	(732,130)	<u>712</u>	-	(10,110,130)	(11,060,444)	<u>(6,745</u>)	(11,067,189)
Total comprehensive income (loss) in 2016					333,296,866	333,296,866	(9,378,712)	(732,130)	712		(10,110,130)	323,186,736	84,311	323,271,047
Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method	-	-	(56,169)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(56,169)	-	(56,169)
Adjustments to share of changes in equities of associates	-	-	21,221	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,221	9	21,230
From share of changes in equities of subsidiaries	-	-	7,037	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,037	(7,037)	-
Decrease in noncontrolling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(235,224)	(235,224)
Effect of disposal of subsidiary	=	<u>=</u>						_		=			(1,954)	(1,954)
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2016	25,930,380	259,303,805	56,272,304	208,297,945	863,710,224	1,072,008,169	1,661,237	2,641	105	-	1,663,983	1,389,248,261	802,865	1,390,051,126
Appropriations of prior year's earnings Legal capital reserve Cash dividends to shareholders - NT\$7 per share Total	- 	- 		33,424,718 	(33,424,718) (181,512,663) (214,937,381)	(181,512,663) (181,512,663)	- 	- - -				(181,512,663) (181,512,663)		
Net income in 2017	-	-	-	-	343,111,476	343,111,476	-	-	-	-	-	343,111,476	35,372	343,146,848
Other comprehensive income (loss) in 2017, net of income tax			_		(244,972)	(244,972)	(28,358,917)	(216,715)	4,121	<u>-</u>	(28,571,511)	(28,816,483)	(5,148)	(28,821,631)
Total comprehensive income (loss) in 2017					342,866,504	342,866,504	(28,358,917)	(216,715)	4,121		(28,571,511)	314,294,993	30,224	314,325,217
Adjustments to share of changes in equities of associates	-	-	7,085	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10,290)	(10,290)	(3,205)	-	(3,205)
From share of changes in equities of subsidiaries	-	-	10,994	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,994	(10,994)	-
Donation from shareholders	-	-	19,153	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,153	1,684	20,837
Decrease in noncontrolling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(113,675)	(113,675)
Effect of disposal of subsidiary													(7,994)	(7,994)
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2017	25,930,380	\$ 259,303,805	\$ 56,309,536	\$ 241,722,663	\$ 991,639,347	<u>\$1,233,362,010</u>	<u>\$ (26,697,680)</u>	<u>\$ (214,074)</u>	<u>\$ 4,226</u>	<u>\$ (10,290)</u>	<u>\$ (26,917,818)</u>	<u>\$1,522,057,533</u>	<u>\$ 702,110</u>	<u>\$1,522,759,643</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		2017		2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income before income tax	\$	396,133,030	\$	385,959,380
Adjustments for:	·	,,	·	, ,
Depreciation expense		255,795,962		220,084,998
Amortization expense		4,346,736		3,743,406
Finance costs		3,330,313		3,306,153
Share of profits of associates		(2,985,941)		(3,495,600)
Interest income		(9,464,706)		(6,317,500)
Loss (gain) on disposal or retirement of property, plant and equipment, net		1,097,908		(46,548)
Impairment loss on intangible assets		13,520		-
Impairment loss on financial assets		29,603		122,240
Loss (gain) on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets, net		(76,986)		4,014
Gain on disposal of financial assets carried at cost, net		(12,809)		(37,241)
Loss on disposal of investments accounted for using equity method, net		-		259,960
Loss (gain) from disposal of subsidiaries		(17,343)		36,105
Unrealized gross profit on sales to associates		4,553		29,073
Gain on foreign exchange, net		(9,118,580)		(2,656,406)
Dividend income		(145,588)		(137,401)
Loss (gain) arising from fair value hedges, net		30,293		(16,973)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		30,273		(10,575)
Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		5,645,093		(6,326,561)
Notes and accounts receivable, net		1,061,805		(49,342,698)
Receivables from related parties		(214,565)		(463,837)
Other receivables from related parties		(13,873)		(21,770)
Inventories		(25,229,101)		18,370,037
Other financial assets		(502,306)		(41,554)
Other current assets		12,085		94,512
Other noncurrent assets		(1,276,130)		(349,771)
Accounts payable		2,572,072		7,295,491
Payables to related parties		394,182		139,818
Salary and bonus payable		582,054		1,979,775
Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors		302,034		1,575,775
and supervisors		525,129		1,935,113
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		30,435,424		3,693,638
Provisions		(4,057,900)		7,931,877
Net defined benefit liability		44,615		46,163
Cash generated from operations	_	648,938,549	_	585,777,893
Income taxes paid		(63,620,382)		(45,943,301)
meonic taxes paid	_	(03,020,302)	_	(+3,7+3,301)
Net cash generated by operating activities	_	585,318,167	_	539,834,592
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisitions of:				
Available-for-sale financial assets		(100,510,905)		(83,275,573)
Held-to-maturity financial assets		(1,997,076)		(33,625,353)
Financial assets carried at cost		(1,313,124)		(533,745)
Property, plant and equipment		(330,588,188)		(328,045,270)
Intangible assets		(4,480,588)		(4,243,087)
Land use right		(819,694)		(805,318)
				(Continued)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2017	2016
Proceeds from disposal or redemption of:		
Available-for-sale financial assets	\$ 69,480,675	\$ 29,967,979
Held-to-maturity financial assets	17,980,640	10,550,000
Financial assets carried at cost	58,237	160,498
Property, plant and equipment	326,232	98,069
Proceeds from return of capital of financial assets carried at cost	14,828	65,087
Derecognition of hedging derivative financial instruments	33,008	8,868
Interest received	9,526,253	6,353,195
Proceeds from government grants - property, plant and equipment	2,629,747	738,643
Proceeds from government grants - land use right and others	1,811	798,469
Cash outflow from disposal of subsidiary	(4,080)	-
Other dividends received	145,588	137,420
Dividends received from investments accounted for using equity method	4,245,772	5,478,790
Refundable deposits paid	(1,326,983)	(144,982)
Refundable deposits refunded	432,944	169,912
Decrease in receivables for temporary payments		706,718
Net cash used in investing activities	(336,164,903)	(395,439,680)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Increase in short-term loans	10,394,290	18,968,936
Repayment of bonds	(38,100,000)	(23,471,600)
Repayment of long-term bank loans	(31,460)	(8,540)
Interest paid	(3,482,703)	(3,302,420)
Guarantee deposits received	950,928	6,354,677
Guarantee deposits refunded	(3,823,183)	(523,234)
Cash dividends	(181,512,663)	(155,582,283)
Donation from shareholders	20,837	-
Decrease in noncontrolling interests	(113,675)	(235,733)
Net cash used in financing activities	(215,697,629)	(157,800,197)
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH		
EQUIVALENTS	(21,317,772)	(8,029,812)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	12,137,863	(21,435,097)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	541,253,833	562,688,930
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 553,391,696	\$ 541,253,833

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

1. GENERAL

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited (TSMC), a Republic of China (R.O.C.) corporation, was incorporated on February 21, 1987. TSMC is a dedicated foundry in the semiconductor industry which engages mainly in the manufacturing, selling, packaging, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices and the manufacturing of masks.

On September 5, 1994, TSMC's shares were listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE). On October 8, 1997, TSMC listed some of its shares of stock on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) in the form of American Depositary Shares (ADSs).

The address of its registered office and principal place of business is No. 8, Li-Hsin Rd. 6, Hsinchu Science Park, Taiwan. The principal operating activities of TSMC's subsidiaries are described in Note 4.

2. THE AUTHORIZATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on February 13, 2018.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

a. Initial application of the amendments to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, "IFRSs") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

Except for the following, the initial application of the amendments to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the IFRSs endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC did not have a significant effect on TSMC and its subsidiaries' (collectively as the "Company") accounting policies:

1) Amendments to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers

The amendments stipulate that other companies or institutions of which the chairman of the board of directors or president serves as the chairman of the board of directors or the president, or is the spouse or second immediate family of the chairman of the board of directors or president of the Company are deemed to have a substantive related party relationship, unless it can be demonstrated that no control, joint control, or significant influence exists. Furthermore, the amendments require the disclosure of the names of the related parties and the relationship with whom the Company has transaction. If the transaction or balance with a specific related party is 10% or more of the Company's respective total transaction or balance, such transaction should be separately disclosed by the name of each related party.

When the amendments are applied retrospectively from January 1, 2017, the disclosure of related party transactions is enhanced, please refer to Note 34.

b. The IFRSs issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and endorsed by FSC with effective date starting 2018

New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date Issued by IASB
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle	Note 1
Amendment to IFRS 2 "Classification and Measurement of	January 1, 2018
Share-based Payment Transactions"	,
IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments"	January 1, 2018
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 "Mandatory Effective Date of	January 1, 2018
IFRS 9 and Transition Disclosure"	•
IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"	January 1, 2018
Amendment to IFRS 15 "Clarifications to IFRS 15"	January 1, 2018
Amendment to IAS 7 "Disclosure Initiative"	January 1, 2017
Amendment to IAS 12 "Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for	January 1, 2017
Unrealized Losses"	
IFRIC 22 "Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance	January 1, 2018
Consideration"	

Note 1: The amendment to IFRS 12 is retrospectively applied for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017; the amendment to IAS 28 is retrospectively applied for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

Except for the following items, the Company believes that the adoption of aforementioned standards or interpretations will not have a significant effect on the Company's accounting policies.

1) IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" and related amendments

Classification, measurement and impairment of financial assets

All recognized financial assets currently in the scope of IAS 39, "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement," will be subsequently measured at either the amortized cost or the fair value. The classification and measurement requirements in IFRS 9 are stated as follows:

For the invested debt instruments, if the contractual cash flows that are solely for payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, the classification and measurement requirements are stated as follows:

- a) If the objective of business model is to hold the financial asset to collect the contractual cash flows, such assets are measured at the amortized cost. Interest revenue should be recognized in profit or loss by using the effective interest method, continuously assessed for impairment and the impairment loss or reversal of impairment loss should be recognized in profit and loss.
- b) If the objective of business model is to hold the financial asset both to collect the contractual cash flows and to sell the financial assets, such assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) and are continuously assessed for impairment. Interest revenue should be recognized in profit or loss by using the effective interest method. A gain or loss on a financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income should be recognized in other comprehensive income, except for impairment gains or losses and foreign exchange gains and losses. When such financial asset is derecognized or reclassified, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

The other financial assets which do not meet the aforementioned criteria should be measured at the fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL). However, the entity may irrevocably designate an investment in equity instruments that is not held for trading as measured at FVTOCI. All relevant gains and losses shall be recognized in other comprehensive income, except for dividends which are recognized in profit or loss. No subsequent impairment assessment is required, and the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income cannot be reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

IFRS 9 adds a new expected loss impairment model to measure the impairment of financial assets. A loss allowance for expected credit losses should be recognized on financial assets measured at amortized cost and investments in debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. If the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the loss allowance for that financial instrument should be measured at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. If the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition and is not deemed to be a low credit risk, the loss allowance for that financial instrument should be measured at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses. A simplified approach is allowed for accounts receivables and the loss allowance could be measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

The Company elects not to restate prior reporting period when applying the requirements for the classification, measurement and impairment of financial assets and financial liabilities under IFRS 9 with the cumulative effect of the initial application recognized at the date of initial application.

The anticipated impact on measurement categories, carrying amount and related reconciliation for each class of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities when retrospectively applying IFRS 9 on January 1, 2018 is detailed below:

	Measurement Category				
Financial Assets	IAS 39	IFRS 9	IAS 39	IFRS 9	Note
Cash and cash equivalents	Loans and receivables	Amortized cost	\$ 553,391,696	\$ 553,391,696	(1)
Derivatives	Held for trading	Mandatorily at FVTPL	569,751	569,751	
	Hedging instruments	Hedging instruments	34,394	34,394	
Equity securities	Available-for-sale	FVTOCI	7,422,311	8,389,438	(2)
Debt securities	Available-for-sale	Mandatorily at FVTPL	-	779,489	(3)
		FVTOCI	90,826,099	90.046.610	(3)
	Held-to-maturity	Amortized cost	20,821,714	20,813,462	(4)
Notes and accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables and refundable deposits	Loans and receivables	Amortized cost	131,024,958	131,269,731	(1)
Financial Liabilities					
Derivatives	Held for trading Hedging instruments	Mandatorily at FVTPL Hedging instruments	\$ 26,709 15,562	\$ 26,709 15,562	
Short-term loans, accounts payable (including related parties), payables to contractors and equipment suppliers, accrued expenses and other current liabilities, bonds payable and guarantee deposits	Amortized cost	Amortized cost	340,501,266	340,501,266	

Financial Assets	Am Dec	Carrying count as of cember 31, 7 (IAS 39)	Reclassi cation			emea- ements	An Janı	Carrying nount as of nary 1, 2018 IFRS 9)	E	etained arnings ffect on nuary 1, 2018	I	her Equity Effect on anuary 1, 2018	Note
FVTPL - Debt instruments Add: From available for	\$	569,751	\$	-	\$	-	\$	569,751	\$	-	\$	-	
sale		569,751		, <u>489</u> ,489		<u>-</u>		779,489 1,349,240		(10,085) (10,085)		10,085 10,085	(3)
FVTOCI - Equity instruments Add: From available for		-		-		-		-	-	-	==	-	
sale - Debt instruments Add: From available for		-	7,422	,311		967,127		8,389,438		1,294,528		(325,858)	(2)
sale			90,046. 97,468.			967,127		90,046,610 98,436,048		(30,658) 1,263,870	_	30,658 (295,200)	(3)
Amortized cost Add: From held to		-		-		-		-		-		-	
maturity Add: From loans and		-	20,821	,		(8,252)		20,813,462		(8,252)		-	(4)
receivables	_		684,416. 705,238.			244,773 236,521		84,661,427 05,474,889	_	244,773 236,521	=	<u>-</u>	(1)
Hedging instruments		34,394	¢ 902 496	770	ф :		ф O	34,394	ф.	1 400 206	ф.	(205.115)	
Total	3	604,145	<u>\$ 803,486.</u>	<u>,//8</u>	3	1,203,648	<u>\$ 8</u>	05,294,571	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,490,306</u>	\$	<u>(285,115</u>)	
			Carryin Amount a December 2017 (IAS 39	s of 31,	Arisi I	istments ing from nitial lication	Am Janu	Carrying ount as of ary 1, 2018 IFRS 9)	Ea Ea Jai	etained arnings ffect on nuary 1, 2018	E	ner Equity Effect on Inuary 1, 2018	Note
Investments accounted for us	ing equ	uity method	\$ 17,861,	488	\$	8,258	\$ 1	17,869,746	\$	33,984	\$	(25,726)	(5)

- (1) Cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables and refundable deposits were classified as loans and receivables under IAS 39 are now classified at amortized cost with assessment of future 12-month or lifetime expected credit loss under IFRS 9. As a result of retrospective application, the adjustments for accounts receivable would result in a decrease in loss of allowance of NT\$244,773 thousand and an increase in retained earnings of NT\$244,773 thousand on January 1, 2018.
- (2) As equity investments that were previously classified as available-for-sale financial assets under IAS 39 are not held for trading, the Company elected to designate all of these investments as at FVTOCI under IFRS 9. As a result, the related other equity-unrealized gain/loss on available-for-sale financial assets of NT\$228,304 thousand is reclassified to increase other equity unrealized gain/loss on financial assets at FVTOCI.

As equity investments previously measured at cost under IAS 39 are remeasured at fair value under IFRS 9, the adjustments would result in an increase in financial assets at FVTOCI of NT\$967,127 thousand, an increase in other equity-unrealized gain/loss on financial assets at FVTOCI of NT\$968,670 thousand and a decrease in noncontrolling interests of NT\$1,543 thousand on January 1, 2018.

For those equity investments previously classified as available-for-sale financial assets (including measured at cost financial assets) under IAS 39, the impairment losses that the Company had recognized have been accumulated in retained earnings. Since these investments were designated as at FVTOCI under IFRS 9 and no impairment assessment is required, the adjustments would result in a decrease in other equity - unrealized gain/loss on financial assets at FVTOCI of NT\$1,294,528 thousand and an increase in retained earnings of NT\$1,294,528 thousand on January 1, 2018.

- (3) Debt investments were previously classified as available-for-sale financial assets under IAS 39. Under IFRS 9, except for debt instruments of NT\$779,489 thousand whose contractual cash flows are not solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding and therefore are classified as at FVTPL with the related other equity-unrealized gain/loss on available-for-sale financial assets of NT\$10,085 thousand being consequently reclassified to decrease retained earnings, the remaining debt investments are classified as at FVTOCI with assessment of future 12-month expected credit loss because these investments are held within a business model whose objective is both to collect the contractual cash flows and sell the financial assets. The related other equity-unrealized gain/loss on available-for-sale financial assets of NT\$434,403 thousand is reclassified to decrease other equity-unrealized gain/loss on financial assets at FVTOCI. As a result of retrospective application of future 12-month expected credit loss, the adjustments would result in an increase in other equity unrealized gain/loss on financial assets at FVTOCI of NT\$30,658 thousand and a decrease in retained earnings of NT\$30,658 thousand on January 1, 2018.
- (4) Debt investments previously classified as held-to-maturity financial assets and measured at amortized cost under IAS 39 are classified as measured at amortized cost with assessment of future 12-month expected credit loss under IFRS 9 because the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding and these investments are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows. As a result of retrospective application of future 12-month expected credit loss, the adjustments would result in an increase in loss allowance of NT\$8,252 thousand and a decrease in retained earnings of NT\$8,252 thousand on January 1, 2018.
- (5) With the retrospective adoption of IFRS 9 by associates accounted for using equity method, the corresponding adjustments made by the Company would result in an increase in investments accounted for using equity method of NT\$8,258 thousand, a decrease in other equity-unrealized gain/loss on financial assets at FVTOCI of NT\$23,616 thousand, a decrease in other equity-unrealized gain/loss on available-for-sale financial assets of NT\$2,110 thousand and an increase in retained earnings of NT\$33,984 thousand on January 1, 2018.

Hedge accounting

The main changes in hedge accounting amended the application requirements for hedge accounting to better reflect the entity's risk management activities. Compared with IAS 39, the main changes include: (1) enhancing types of transactions eligible for hedge accounting, specifically broadening the risks eligible for hedge accounting of non-financial items; (2) changing the way the hedging cost of derivative instruments are accounted for to reduce profit or loss volatility; and (3) replacing retrospective effectiveness assessment with the principle of economic relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item.

A preliminary assessment of the Company's current hedging relationships indicates that they will qualify as continuing hedging relationships under IFRS 9. The Company will prospectively apply the requirements for hedge accounting upon initial application of IFRS 9.

2) IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" and related amendments

IFRS 15 establishes principles for recognizing revenue that apply to all contracts with customers, and will supersede IAS 18 "Revenue," IAS 11 "Construction Contracts," and a number of revenue-related interpretations.

When applying IFRS 15, the Company shall recognize revenue by applying the following steps:

- Identify the contract with the customer;
- Identify the performance obligations in the contract;
- Determine the transaction price;

- Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and
- Recognize revenue when the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

The Company elects only to retrospectively apply IFRS 15 to contracts that were not completed on January 1, 2018 and elects not to restate prior reporting period with the cumulative effect of the initial application recognized at the date of initial application.

The anticipated impact on assets, liabilities and equity when retrospectively applying IFRS 15 on January 1, 2018 is detailed below:

	D () Re	Carrying mount as of ecember 31, 2017 IAS 18 and venue-related erpretations)	Aı	djustments rising from Initial pplication	A Jai	Note	
Inventories Other financial assets-current Investments accounted for using	\$	73,880,747 7,253,114	\$	(19,746) 34,177	\$	73,861,001 7,287,291	(1) (1)
equity method		17,861,488		19,483		17,880,971	(1)
Total effect on assets			\$	33,914			
Provisions - current Accrued expenses and other		13,961,787	\$	(13,961,787)		-	(2)
current liabilities		65,588,396		13,961,787		79,550,183	(2)
Total effect on liabilities			\$				
Retained earnings Non-controlling interests	1	,233,362,010 702,110	\$	32,029 1,885	1	,233,394,039 703,995	(1) (1)
Total effect on equity		702,110	\$	33,914		103,773	(1)

- (1) Prior to the application of IFRS 15, the Company recognizes revenue based on the accounting treatment of the sales of goods. Under IFRS 15, certain subsidiaries and associates accounted for using equity method will change to recognize revenue over time because customers are deemed to have control over the products when the products are manufactured. As a result, the Company will recognize contract assets (classified under other financial assets) and adjust related assets and equity accordingly.
- (2) Prior to the application of IFRS 15, the Company recognized the estimation of sales returns and allowance as provisions. Under IFRS 15, the Company recognizes such estimation as refund liability (classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities).

Except for the aforementioned impact, as of the date the accompanying consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Company continues in evaluating the impact on its financial position and financial performance as a result of the initial adoption of the other standards or interpretations. The related impact will be disclosed when the Company completes the evaluation.

c. The IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by FSC

New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date Issued by IASB
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2015–2017 Cycle	January 1, 2019
Amendments to IFRS 9 "Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation"	January 1, 2019
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"	To be determined by IASB
IFRS 16 "Leases"	January 1, 2019 (Note 2)
Amendments to IAS 19 "Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement"	January 1, 2019
Amendments to IAS 28 "Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures"	January 1, 2019
IFRIC 23 "Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments"	January 1, 2019

Note 2: On December 19, 2017, the FSC announced that IFRS 16 will take effect starting January 1, 2019.

Except for the following items, the Company believes that the adoption of aforementioned standards or interpretations will not have a significant effect on the Company's accounting policies.

1) IFRS 16 "Leases"

IFRS 16 sets out the accounting standards for leases that will supersede IAS 17 and a number of related interpretations.

Under IFRS 16, if the Company is a lessee, it shall recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases on the consolidated balance sheets except for low-value and short-term leases. The Company may elect to apply the accounting method similar to the accounting for operating lease under IAS 17 to the low-value and short-term leases. On the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, the Company should present the depreciation expense charged on the right-of-use asset separately from interest expense accrued on the lease liability; interest is computed by using effective interest method. On the consolidated statements of cash flows, cash payments for both the principal and interest portion of the lease liability are classified within financing activities.

When IFRS 16 becomes effective, the Company may elect to apply this Standard either retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented or retrospectively with the cumulative effect of the initial application of this Standard recognized at the date of initial application.

Except for the aforementioned impact, as of the date the accompanying consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Company continues in evaluating the impact on its financial position and financial performance as a result of the initial adoption of the other standards or interpretations. The related impact will be disclosed when the Company completes the evaluation.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

For the convenience of readers, the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the R.O.C. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

Statement of Compliance

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the IFRSs endorsed by the FSC with the effective dates (collectively, "Taiwan-IFRSs").

Basis of Preparation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments that are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for the assets.

Basis of Consolidation

The basis for the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of TSMC and entities controlled by TSMC (its subsidiaries).

Income and expenses of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition and up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the shareholders of the parent and to the noncontrolling interests even if this results in the noncontrolling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by the Company.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Changes in the Company's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Company losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Company's interests and the noncontrolling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the noncontrolling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity and attributed to shareholders of the parent.

When the Company loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between:

- a. the aggregate of the fair value of consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest at the date when control is lost; and
- b. the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any noncontrolling interest.

The Company shall account for all amounts recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary on the same basis as would be required if the Company had directly disposed of the related assets and liabilities.

The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate.

The subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements

The detail information of the subsidiaries at the end of reporting period was as follows:

			Establishment	Percentage of	of Ownership	
			and Operating	December 31,	December 31,	
Name of Investor	Name of Investee	Main Businesses and Products	Location	2017	2016	Note
TSMC	TSMC North America	Selling and marketing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices	San Jose, California, U.S.A.	100%	100%	-
	TSMC Japan Limited (TSMC Japan)	Customer service and supporting activities	Yokohama, Japan	100%	100%	a)
	TSMC Partners, Ltd. (TSMC Partners)	Investing in companies involved in the design, manufacture, and other related business in the semiconductor industry and other investment activities	Tortola, British Virgin Islands	100%	100%	a)
	TSMC Korea Limited (TSMC Korea)	Customer service and supporting activities	Seoul, Korea	100%	100%	a)
	TSMC Europe B.V. (TSMC Europe)	Customer service and supporting activities	Amsterdam, the Netherlands	100%	100%	a)
	TSMC Global, Ltd. (TSMC Global)	Investment activities	Tortola, British Virgin Islands	100%	100%	-
	TSMC China Company Limited (TSMC China)	Manufacturing, selling, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices	Shanghai, China	100%	100%	-
	TSMC Nanjing Company Limited (TSMC Nanjing)	Manufacturing, selling, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices	Nanjing, China	100%	100%	b)
	VentureTech Alliance Fund III, L.P. (VTAF III)	Investing in new start-up technology companies	Cayman Islands	98%	98%	a)
	VentureTech Alliance Fund II, L.P. (VTAF II)	Investing in new start-up technology companies	Cayman Islands	98%	98%	a)
	TSMC Solar Europe GmbH	Selling of solar related products and providing customer service	Hamburg, Germany	100%	100%	a), c)
	VisEra Technologies Company Ltd. (VisEra Tech)	Engaged in manufacturing electronic spare parts and in researching, developing, designing, manufacturing, selling, packaging and testing of color filter	Hsinchu, Taiwan	87%	87%	d)
TSMC Partners	TSMC Design Technology Canada Inc. (TSMC Canada)	Engineering support activities	Ontario, Canada	100%	100%	a)
	TSMC Technology, Inc. (TSMC Technology)	Engineering support activities	Delaware, U.S.A.	100%	100%	a)
	TSMC Development, Inc. (TSMC Development)	Investing in companies involved in the manufacturing related business in the semiconductor industry	Delaware, U.S.A.	100%	100%	-
	InveStar Semiconductor Development Fund, Inc. (ISDF)	Investing in new start-up technology companies	Cayman Islands	97%	97%	a), e)
	InveStar Semiconductor Development Fund, Inc. (II) LDC. (ISDF II)	Investing in new start-up technology companies	Cayman Islands	97%	97%	a), e)
TSMC Development	WaferTech, LLC (WaferTech)	Manufacturing, selling and testing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices	Washington, U.S.A.	100%	100%	-
VTAF III	Mutual-Pak Technology Co., Ltd. (Mutual-Pak)	Manufacturing of electronic parts, wholesaling and retailing of electronic materials, and researching, developing and testing of RFID	New Taipei, Taiwan	39%	58%	a), f)
	Growth Fund Limited (Growth Fund)	Investing in new start-up technology companies	Cayman Islands	100%	100%	a)
VTAF III, VTAF II and TSMC	VentureTech Alliance Holdings, LLC (VTA Holdings)	Investing in new start-up technology companies	Delaware, U.S.A.	-	100%	a), g)

Note a: This is an immaterial subsidiary for which the consolidated financial statements are not audited by the Company's independent accountants.

Note b: Under the investment agreement entered into with the municipal government of Nanjing, China on March 28, 2016, the Company will make an investment in Nanjing in the amount of approximately US\$3 billion to establish a subsidiary operating a 300mm wafer fab with the capacity of 20,000 12-inch wafers per month, and a design service center. TSMC Nanjing was established in May 2016.

Note c: TSMC Solar Europe GmbH is under liquidation procedures.

Note d: To simplify investment structure, VisEra Tech owned by VisEra Holding Company (VisEra Holding) was transferred to TSMC in the third quarter of 2016. In October 2016, VisEra Holding was incorporated into TSMC Partners, the subsidiary of TSMC.

Note e: ISDF and ISDF II are under liquidation procedures

Note f: Starting December 2017, the Company no longer had the majority of voting power and control over Mutual-Pak. As a result, Mutual-Pak is no longer consolidated and is accounted for using the equity method.

Note g: VTA Holdings completed the liquidation procedures in April 2017.

Foreign Currencies

The financial statements of each individual consolidated entity were expressed in the currency which reflected its primary economic environment (functional currency). The functional currency of TSMC and presentation currency of the consolidated financial statements are both New Taiwan Dollars (NT\$). In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the operating results and financial positions of each consolidated entity are translated into NT\$.

In preparing the financial statements of each individual consolidated entity, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Such exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss in the year in which they arise. Non-monetary items measured at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items are included in profit or loss for the year except for exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognized directly in other comprehensive income. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currencies are not retranslated.

For the purposes of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Company's foreign operations are translated into NT\$ using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity (attributed to noncontrolling interests as appropriate).

Classification of Current and Noncurrent Assets and Liabilities

Current assets are assets held for trading purposes and assets expected to be converted to cash, sold or consumed within one year from the end of the reporting period. Current liabilities are obligations incurred for trading purposes and obligations expected to be settled within one year from the end of the reporting period. Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are noncurrent assets and liabilities, respectively.

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents, for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments, consist of highly liquid time deposits and investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities shall be recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized at fair values. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Financial Assets

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: Financial assets "at FVTPL", "held-to-maturity" financial assets, "available-for-sale" financial assets and "loans and receivables". The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. Regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date or settlement date basis for which financial assets were classified in the same way, respectively. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as at fair value through profit or loss when the financial asset is either held for trading or it is designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss.

Held-to-maturity financial assets

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity dates that the Company has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity. Subsequent to initial recognition, held-to-maturity financial assets are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method less any impairment.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either designated as available-for-sale or are not classified as (a) loans and receivables, (b) held-to-maturity financial assets or (c) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value. Interest income from available-for-sale monetary financial assets and dividends on available-for-sale equity investments are recognized in profit or loss. Other changes in the carrying amount of available-for-sale financial assets are recognized in other comprehensive income. When the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognized in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive the dividends is established.

Available-for-sale equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of each reporting period. Such equity instruments are subsequently remeasured at fair value when their fair value can be reliably measured, and the difference between the carrying amount and fair value is recognized in profit or loss or other comprehensive income.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables including cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivable and other receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment, except for those loans and receivables with immaterial discounted effect.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those carried at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Those financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial assets, their estimated future cash flows have been affected.

For financial assets carried at amortized cost, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. The Company assesses the collectability of receivables by performing the account aging analysis and examining current trends in the credit quality of its customers.

For financial assets carried at amortized cost, the amount of the impairment loss is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets measured at amortized cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the financial assets at the date the impairment loss is reversed does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment loss not been recognized.

When an available-for-sale financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the year.

In respect of available-for-sale equity instruments, impairment losses previously recognized in profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to the recognition of an impairment loss is recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of unrealized gains or losses from available-for-sale financial assets.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the financial asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognized in profit or loss.

Financial Liabilities and Equity Instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured either at amortized cost using effective interest method or at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities are classified as at fair value through profit or loss when the financial liability is either held for trading or is designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities other than those held for trading purposes and designated as at FVTPL are subsequently measured at amortized cost at the end of each reporting period.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognized in profit or loss.

Derivative Financial Instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative financial instrument is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

Financial Instruments Designated as at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

A financial instrument may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition. The financial instrument forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Company's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis.

Hedge Accounting

Fair Value Hedge

The Company designates certain hedging instruments, such as interest rate futures contracts, to partially hedge against the price risk caused by changes in interest rates in the Company's investments in fixed income securities as fair value hedge. Changes in the fair value of hedging instrument that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognized in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset that are attributable to the hedged risk.

Cash Flow Hedge

The Company designates certain hedging instruments, such as forward exchange contracts, to partially hedge its foreign exchange rate risks associated with certain highly probable forecast transactions, such as capital expenditures. The effective portion of changes in the fair value of hedging instruments is recognized in other comprehensive income. When the forecast transactions actually take place, the associated gains or losses that were recognized in other comprehensive income are removed from equity and included in the initial cost of the hedged items. The gains or losses from hedging instruments relating to the ineffective portion are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

For the aforementioned fair value hedge and cash flow hedge, hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively when the Company revokes the designated hedging relationship, or when the hedging instruments expire or are sold, terminated, or exercised, or no longer meet the criteria for hedge accounting.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventories are recorded at standard cost and adjusted to approximate weighted-average cost at the end of the reporting period. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price of inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

Investments Accounted for Using Equity Method

Investments accounted for using the equity method are investments in associates.

An associate is an entity over which the Company has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The operating results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Company's share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate as well as the distribution received. The Company also recognizes its share in the changes in the equities of associates.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of an associate recognized at the date of acquisition is recognized as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognized forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognized to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

The Company discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the Company ceases to have significant influence over an associate. When the Company retains an interest in the former associate, the Company measures the retained interest at fair value at that date. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate at the date the equity method was discontinued, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of a part interest in the associate is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Company shall account for all amounts recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if the associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. If the Company's ownership interest in an associate is reduced as a result of disposal, but the investment continues to be an associate, the Company should reclassify to profit or loss only a proportionate amount of the gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income.

When the Company subscribes to additional shares in an associate at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment differs from the amount of the Company's proportionate interest in the net assets of the associate. The Company records such a difference as an adjustment to investments with the corresponding amount charged or credited to capital surplus. If the Company's ownership interest is reduced due to the additional subscription to the shares of associate by other investors, the proportionate amount of the gains or losses previously recognized in other

comprehensive income in relation to that associate shall be reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

When a consolidated entity transacts with an associate, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognized in the Company's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not owned by the Company.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment. Costs include any incremental costs that are directly attributable to the construction or acquisition of the item of property, plant and equipment.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognized impairment loss. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Depreciation is recognized so as to write off the cost of the assets less their residual values over their useful lives, and it is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives: land improvements - 20 years; buildings - 10 to 20 years; machinery and equipment - 2 to 5 years; office equipment - 3 to 5 years; and leased assets - 20 years. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimates accounted for on a prospective basis. Land is not depreciated.

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets. However, when there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained by the end of the lease term, assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the assets. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in profit or loss.

Leases

Leases are classified as finance lease whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Company as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

The Company as lessee

Assets held under finance lease are initially recognized as assets of the Company at the fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is recognized as an obligation under finance lease.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance expense and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Intangible Assets

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Other intangible assets

Other separately acquired intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Amortization is recognized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives: Technology license fees - the estimated life of the technology or the term of the technology transfer contract; software and system design costs - 3 years or contract period; patent and others - the economic life or contract period. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Impairment of Tangible and Intangible Assets

Goodwill

Goodwill is not amortized and instead is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the cash generating unit may be impaired. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Company's cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. If the recoverable amount of a cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the difference is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to such cash generating unit and then to the other assets of the cash generating unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the cash generating unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognized directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

Other tangible and intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or a cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Provision

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

Guarantee Deposit

Guarantee deposit mainly consists of cash received under deposit agreements with customers to ensure they have access to the Company's specified capacity; and as guarantee of accounts receivable to ensure payment from customers. Cash received from customers is recorded as guarantee deposit upon receipt. Guarantee deposits are refunded to customers when terms and conditions set forth in the deposit agreements have been satisfied.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the goods are delivered and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- The Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- The Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

In principle, payment term granted to customers is due 30 days from the invoice date or 30 days from the end of the month of when the invoice is issued. Due to the short term nature of the receivables from sale of goods with the immaterial discounted effect, the Company measures them at the original invoice amounts without discounting.

Royalties, dividend and interest income

Revenue from royalties is recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreement, provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

Dividend income from investments is recognized when the shareholder's right to receive payment has been established, provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

Employee Benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities recognized in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for service rendered by employees.

Retirement benefits

For defined contribution retirement benefit plans, payments to the benefit plan are recognized as an expense when the employees have rendered service entitling them to the contribution. For defined benefit retirement benefit plans, the cost of providing benefit is recognized based on actuarial calculations.

Defined benefit costs (including service cost, net interest and remeasurement) under the defined benefit retirement benefit plans are determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Service cost (including current service cost), and net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset) are recognized as employee benefits expense in the period they occur. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets (excluding interest), is recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Net defined benefit liability represents the actual deficit in the Company's defined benefit plan.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

Income tax on unappropriated earnings (excluding earnings from foreign consolidated subsidiaries) is expensed in the year the shareholders approved the appropriation of earnings which is the year subsequent to the year the earnings are generated.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax provision.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences, net operating loss carryforwards and tax credits for research and development expenses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered. The deferred tax assets which originally not recognized is also reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year in which the liability is settled or the asset is realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Insurance Claim

The Company recognizes insurance claim reimbursement for losses incurred related to disaster damages. Insurance claim reimbursements are recorded, net of any deductible amounts, at the time while there is evidence that the claim reimbursement is virtually certain to be received.

Government Grants

Government grants are not recognized until there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants whose primary condition is that the Company should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets (mainly including land use right and depreciable assets) are recognized as a deduction from the carrying amount of the related assets and recognized as a reduced depreciation or amortization charge in profit or loss over the contract period or useful lives of the related assets. Government grants that are receivables as compensation for expenses already incurred are deducted from incurred expenses in the period in which they become receivables.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION AND UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the aforementioned Company's accounting policies, the Company is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of the revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when the conditions described in Note 4 are satisfied. The Company also records a provision for estimated future returns and other allowances in the same period the related revenue is recorded. Provision for estimated sales returns and other allowances is generally made and adjusted based on historical experience and the consideration of varying contractual terms, and the Company periodically reviews the adequacy of the estimation used.

Impairment of Tangible and Intangible Assets Other than Goodwill

In the process of evaluating the potential impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill, the Company is required to make subjective judgments in determining the independent cash flows, useful lives, expected future revenue and expenses related to the specific asset groups with the consideration of the nature of semiconductor industry. Any changes in these estimates based on changed economic conditions or business strategies could result in significant impairment charges or reversal in future years.

Impairment of Goodwill

The assessment of impairment of goodwill requires the Company to make subjective judgment to determine the identified cash-generating units, allocate the goodwill to relevant cash-generating units and estimate the recoverable amount of relevant cash-generating units.

Impairment Assessment on Investment Using Equity Method

The Company assesses the impairment of investments accounted for using the equity method whenever triggering events or changes in circumstances indicate that an investment may be impaired and carrying value may not be recoverable. The Company measures the impairment based on a projected future cash flow of the investees, including the underlying assumptions of sales growth rate and capacity utilization rate formulated by such investees' internal management team. The Company also takes into account market conditions and the relevant industry trends to ensure the reasonableness of such assumptions.

Realization of Deferred Income Tax Assets

Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deferred tax assets can be utilized. Assessment of the realization of the deferred tax assets requires the Company's subjective judgment and estimate, including the future revenue growth and profitability, tax holidays, the amount of tax credits can be utilized and feasible tax planning strategies. Any changes in the global economic environment, the industry trends and relevant laws and regulations could result in significant adjustments to the deferred tax assets.

Valuation of Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, and the Company uses judgment and estimate to determine the net realizable value of inventory at the end of each reporting period.

Due to the rapid technological changes, the Company estimates the net realizable value of inventory for obsolescence and unmarketable items at the end of reporting period and then writes down the cost of inventories to net realizable value. The net realizable value of the inventory is mainly determined based on assumptions of future demand within a specific time horizon.

Recognition and Measurement of Defined Benefit Plans

Net defined benefit liability and the resulting defined benefit costs under defined benefit pension plans are calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Actuarial assumptions comprise the discount rate, rate of employee turnover, and future salary increase rate. Changes in economic circumstances and market conditions will affect these assumptions and may have a material impact on the amount of the expense and the liability.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Cash and deposits in banks Agency bonds Commercial paper Repurchase agreements collateralized by corporate bonds	\$ 551,919,770 776,025 695,901	\$ 536,895,344 1,997,239 2,361,250
	<u>\$ 553,391,696</u>	<u>\$ 541,253,833</u>

Deposits in banks consisted of highly liquid time deposits that were readily convertible to known amounts of cash and were subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

7. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Financial assets		
Held for trading Forward exchange contracts Cross currency swap contracts Designated as at FVTPL Time deposit Forward exchange contracts	\$ 569,751 	\$ 142,406 10,976 153,382 6,297,708 22 6,297,730 \$ 6,451,112
Financial liabilities		
Held for trading Forward exchange contracts Designated as at FVTPL Forward exchange contracts	\$ 26,709	\$ 91,585 <u>99,550</u>
	<u>\$ 26,709</u>	<u>\$ 191,135</u>

The Company entered into derivative contracts to manage exposures due to fluctuations of foreign exchange rates. These derivative contracts did not meet the criteria for hedge accounting. Therefore, the Company did not apply hedge accounting treatment for these derivative contracts.

Outstanding forward exchange contracts consisted of the following:

	Maturity Date	Contract Amount (In Thousands)
<u>December 31, 2017</u>		
Sell NT\$/Buy EUR Sell NT\$/Buy JPY Sell US\$/Buy JPY Sell US\$/Buy RMB	January 2018 to February 2018 February 2018 January 2018 January 2018	NT\$6,002,786/EUR169,000 NT\$996,294/JPY3,800,000 US\$2,191/JPY246,724 US\$558,000/RMB3,679,575
Sell US\$/Buy NT\$ Sell RMB /Buy EUR Sell RMB/Buy JPY Sell RMB/Buy GBP	January 2018 to February 2018 January 2018 January 2018 January 2018	US\$1,661,500/NT\$49,673,320 RMB38,967/EUR4,994 RMB409,744/JPY7,062,536 RMB3,637/GBP413
<u>December 31, 2016</u>		
Sell NT\$/Buy EUR Sell NT\$/Buy JPY Sell US\$/Buy EUR Sell US\$/Buy JPY	January 2017 January 2017 January 2017 January 2017	NT\$5,393,329/EUR159,400 NT\$7,314,841/JPY26,501,800 US\$4,180/EUR4,000 US\$428/JPY50,000
Sell US\$/Buy NT\$ Sell US\$/Buy RMB	January 2017 to February 2017 January 2017 to June 2017	US\$439,000/NT\$14,138,202 US\$421,750/RMB2,908,380

Outstanding cross currency swap contracts consisted of the following:

Maturity Date	Contract Amount (In Thousands)	Range of Interest Rates Paid	Range of Interest Rates Received
<u>December 31, 2016</u>			
January 2017	US\$170,000/NT\$5,487,600	3.98%	-

8. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Corporate bonds	\$ 40,165,148	\$ 29,999,508
Agency bonds/Agency mortgage-backed securities	29,235,388	14,880,482
Asset-backed securities	13,459,545	11,254,757
Government bonds	7,817,723	8,457,362
Publicly traded stocks	2,548,054	3,196,658
Commercial paper	148,295	
	<u>\$ 93,374,153</u>	<u>\$ 67,788,767</u>

9. HELD-TO-MATURITY FINANCIAL ASSETS

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Corporate bonds Structured product Commercial paper Negotiable certificate of deposit	\$ 19,338,764 1,482,950	\$ 23,849,701 1,609,950 8,628,176 4,829,850
	\$ 20,821,714	\$ 38,917,677
Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ 1,988,385 18,833,329	\$ 16,610,116 22,307,561
	<u>\$ 20,821,714</u>	\$ 38,917,677

10. HEDGING DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Financial assets- current		
Fair value hedges Interest rate futures contracts Cash flow hedges Forward exchange contracts	\$ 27,016	\$ 5,550 <u>-</u> <u>\$ 5,550</u>
Financial liabilities- current		
Cash flow hedges Forward exchange contracts	<u>\$ 15,562</u>	<u>\$</u>

The Company entered into interest rate futures contracts, which are used to hedge against the price risk caused by changes in interest rates in the Company's investments in fixed income securities.

The outstanding interest rate futures contracts consisted of the following:

Maturity Period	Contract Amount (US\$ in Thousands)
<u>December 31, 2017</u>	
March 2018	US\$169,400
December 31, 2016	
March 2017	US\$ 53,600

The Company entered into forward exchange contracts to partially hedge foreign exchange rate risks associated with certain highly probable forecast transactions, such as capital expenditures. These contracts have maturities of 12 months or less.

Outstanding forward exchange contracts consisted of the following:

	Maturity Date	Contract Amount (In Thousands)	
<u>December 31, 2017</u>			
Sell NT\$/Buy EUR	February 2018 to May 2018	NT\$2,649,104/EUR75,000	

11. NOTES AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Notes and accounts receivable Allowance for doubtful receivables	\$ 121,604,989 (471,741)	\$ 128,815,389 (480,118)
Notes and accounts receivable, net	<u>\$ 121,133,248</u>	\$ 128,335,271

In principle, the payment term granted to customers is due 30 days from the invoice date or 30 days from the end of the month of when the invoice is issued. The allowance for doubtful receivables is assessed by reference to the collectability of receivables by performing the account aging analysis, historical experience and current financial condition of customers.

Except for those impaired, for the rest of the notes and accounts receivable, the account aging analysis at the end of the reporting period is summarized in the following table. There was no impairment concern for the accounts receivable that were past due without recognizing a specific allowance for doubtful receivables since there was no significant change in the credit quality of its customers after the assessment. In addition, the Company has obtained guarantee against certain receivables.

Aging analysis of notes and accounts receivable, net

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Neither past due nor impaired	\$ 105,295,219	\$ 108,411,408
Past due but not impaired		
Past due within 30 days	13,984,125	15,017,824
Past due 31-60 days	929,672	1,844,726
Past due 61-120 days	582,821	3,061,313
Past due over 121 days	341,411	
	<u>\$ 121,133,248</u>	<u>\$ 128,335,271</u>

Movements of the allowance for doubtful receivables

	Individually Assessed for Impairment	Collectively Assessed for Impairment	Total
Balance at January 1, 2017 Reversal/Write-off Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ 1,848 (1,848)	\$ 478,270 (6,305) (224)	\$ 480,118 (8,153) (224)
Balance at December 31, 2017	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 471,741</u>	<u>\$ 471,741</u>
Balance at January 1, 2016 Provision Reversal/Write-off Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ 10,241 (8,393)	\$ 478,010 321 - (61)	\$ 488,251 321 (8,393) (61)
Balance at December 31, 2016	<u>\$ 1,848</u>	<u>\$ 478,270</u>	<u>\$ 480,118</u>

Aging analysis of accounts receivable that is individually determined as impaired

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Past due over 121 days	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,848</u>

12. INVENTORIES

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Finished goods	\$ 9,923,338	\$ 8,521,873
Work in process	53,362,160	33,330,870
Raw materials	7,143,806	4,012,190
Supplies and spare parts	3,451,443	2,817,300
	<u>\$ 73,880,747</u>	\$ 48,682,233

Reversal of write-down of inventories resulting from the increase in net realizable value (excluding earthquake losses) and write-down of inventories to net realizable value (excluding earthquake losses) in the amount of NT\$840,861 thousand and NT\$1,542,779 thousand, respectively, were included in the cost of revenue for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016. Please refer to related earthquake losses in Note 38.

13. FINANCIAL ASSETS CARRIED AT COST

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Non-publicly traded stocks Mutual funds	\$ 2,532,287 <u>2,341,970</u>	\$ 2,944,859
	\$ 4,874,25 <u>7</u>	\$ 4,102,467

Since there is a wide range of estimated fair values of the Company's investments in non-publicly traded stocks, the Company concludes that the fair value cannot be reliably measured and therefore should be measured at the cost less any impairment.

The stocks of Aquantia and Impinj, Inc. were listed in November 2017 and July 2016, respectively. Accordingly, the Company reclassified the aforementioned investments from financial assets carried at cost to available-for-sale financial assets.

14. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING EQUITY METHOD

Associates consisted of the following:

		Place of	Carrying	Amount		nip and Voting y the Company
Name of Associate	Principal Activities	Incorporation and Operation	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Vanguard International Semiconductor Corporation (VIS)	Manufacturing, selling, packaging, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices and the manufacturing and design service of masks	Hsinchu, Taiwan	\$ 8,568,344	\$ 8,806,384	28%	28%
Systems on Silicon Manufacturing Company Pte Ltd. (SSMC)	Manufacturing and selling of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices	Singapore	5,677,640	7,163,516	39%	39%
Xintec Inc. (Xintec)	Wafer level chip size packaging and wafer level post passivation interconnection service	Taoyuan, Taiwan	2,292,100	2,599,807	41%	41%
Global Unichip Corporation (GUC)	Researching, developing, manufacturing, testing and marketing of integrated circuits	Hsinchu, Taiwan	1,300,194	1,174,181	35%	35%
Mutual-Pak	Manufacturing of electronic parts, wholesaling and retailing of electronic materials, and researching, developing and testing of RFID	New Taipei, Taiwan	23,210	-	39%	-
			<u>\$ 17,861,488</u>	<u>\$ 19,743,888</u>		

Starting December 2017, the Company no longer had the majority of voting power and control over Mutual-Pak. As a result, Mutual-Pak is no longer consolidated and is accounted for using the equity method.

Starting June 2016, the Company has no longer served as Motech's board of director. As a result, the Company exercises no significant influence over Motech. Therefore, Motech is no longer accounted for using the equity method. Further, such investment was reclassified to available-for-sale financial assets and the Company recognized a disposal loss of NT\$259,960 thousand.

As of December 31, 2017, no investments in associates are individually material to the Company. As of December 31, 2016, the summarized financial information in respect of each of the Company's material associates is set out below. The summarized financial information below represents amounts shown in the associate's financial statements prepared in accordance with Taiwan-IFRSs adjusted by the Company using the equity method of accounting.

a. VIS

b.

	December 31, 2016
Current assets Noncurrent assets Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	\$ 25,662,921 \$ 9,501,442 \$ 5,476,672 \$ 804,107
	Year Ended December 31, 2016
Net revenue Income from operations Net income Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income Cash dividends received	\$ 25,828,634 \$ 6,083,625 \$ 5,520,645 \$ 5,592 \$ 5,526,237 \$ 1,206,981
Reconciliation of the above summarized financial information to the carrying amount the associate was as follows:	of the interest in
	December 31, 2016
Net assets Percentage of ownership The Company's share of net assets of the associate Goodwill	\$ 28,883,584
Carrying amount of the investment	<u>\$ 8,806,384</u>
SSMC	
	December 31, 2016
Current assets Noncurrent assets Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	\$ 14,585,150 \$ 5,360,076 \$ 1,746,602 \$ 286,340
	Year Ended December 31, 2016
Net revenue Income from operations Net income Total comprehensive income Cash dividends received	\$ 14,045,927 \$ 4,921,735 \$ 4,918,140 \$ 4,918,140 \$ 4,076,170

Reconciliation of the above summarized financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in the associate was as follows:

	December 31, 2016
Net assets	\$ 17,912,284
Percentage of ownership	39%
The Company's share of net assets of the associate	6,948,175
Goodwill	213,984
Other adjustments	1,357
Carrying amount of the investment	<u>\$ 7,163,516</u>

Aggregate information of associates that are not individually material was summarized as follows:

	Year Ended December 31, 2016
The Company's share of profits of associates	<u>\$ 23,140</u>
The Company's share of other comprehensive loss of associates	<u>\$ (5,244)</u>
The Company's share of total comprehensive income of	
associates	<u>\$ 17,896</u>

The market prices of the investments accounted for using the equity method in publicly traded stocks calculated by the closing price at the end of the reporting period are summarized as follows. The closing price represents the quoted price in active markets, the level 1 fair value measurement.

Name of Associate	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
VIS	\$ 30,638,751	\$ 26,089,360
GUC	\$ 11,905,404	\$ 3,664,997
Xintec	\$ 9,180,759	\$ 3,622,227

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Land and Land Improvements	Buildings	Machinery and Equipment	Office Equipment	Assets under Finance Leases	Equipment under Installation and Construction in Progress	Total
Cost							
Balance at January 1, 2017 Additions (Deductions) Disposals or retirements Reclassification Effect of disposal of subsidiary Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ 4,049,292 - - - - (66,049)	\$ 304,404,474 75,594,667 (36,957) - (827,571)	\$ 2,042,867,744 458,605,807 (9,552,995) 8,791 (51,216) (4,125,866)	\$ 34,729,640 8,195,896 (377,798) 1,507 (14,750) (142,979)	\$ - - - - -	\$ 387,199,675 (219,902,510) - (518) 	\$ 2,773,250,825 322,493,860 (9,967,750) 10,298 (66,484)
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$ 3,983,243	<u>\$ 379,134,613</u>	<u>\$_2,487,752,265</u>	<u>\$ 42,391,516</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 167,353,490</u>	<u>\$ 3,080,615,127</u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment							
Balance at January 1, 2017 Additions Disposals or retirements Reclassification Effect of disposal of subsidiary Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ 524,845 27,790 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 174,349,077 20,844,584 (28,816) - (718,324)	\$ 1,577,377,509 229,985,588 (8,114,327) 8,195 (42,830) (3,765,293)	\$ 23,221,707 4,938,000 (377,470) 1,466 (13,838) (102,921)	\$ - - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 1,775,473,138 255,795,962 (8,520,613) 9,661 (56,668) (4,628,675)
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$ 510,498	\$ 194,446,521	\$ 1,795,448,842	\$ 27,666,944	<u>s -</u>	<u>s -</u>	\$ 2,018,072,805
Carrying amounts at December 31, 2017	<u>\$ 3,472,745</u>	<u>\$ 184,688,092</u>	\$ 692,303,423	<u>\$ 14,724,572</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 167,353,490</u>	§ 1.062.542.322 Continued)

	Land and Land Improvements	Buildings	Machinery and Equipment	Office Equipment	Assets under Finance Leases	Equipment under Installation and Construction in Progress	Total
Cost							
Balance at January 1, 2016 Additions Disposals or retirements Reclassification Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ 4,067,391 - - - (18,099)	\$ 296,801,864 9,113,314 (13,372) - (1,497,332)	\$ 1,893,489,604 156,874,203 (3,094,143) - (4,401,920)	\$ 30,700,049 4,584,087 (469,235) 7,113 (92,374)	\$ 7,113	\$ 192,111,548 195,255,966 - - (167,839)	\$ 2,417,177,569 365,827,570 (3,576,750)
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$ 4,049,292	\$ 304,404,474	\$ 2,042,867,744	\$ 34,729,640	<u>s -</u>	\$ 387,199,675	\$ 2,773,250,825
Accumulated depreciation and impairment							
Balance at January 1, 2016 Additions Disposals or retirements Reclassification Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ 506,185 29,440 - - (10,780)	\$ 157,910,155 17,540,470 (7,326)	\$ 1,385,857,655 198,189,423 (3,049,502)	\$ 19,426,069 4,325,665 (468,401) 7,113 (68,739)	\$ 7,113 - (7,113)	s - - - -	\$ 1,563,707,177 220,084,998 (3,525,229) - (4,793,808)
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$ 524,845	\$ 174,349,077	<u>\$ 1,577,377,509</u>	\$ 23,221,707	\$	<u>\$</u>	\$_1,775,473,138
Carrying amounts at December 31, 2016	<u>\$ 3,524,447</u>	<u>\$ 130,055,397</u>	<u>\$ 465,490,235</u>	\$ 11,507,933	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 387,199,675</u> ((<u>\$_997,777,687</u> Concluded)

The significant part of the Company's buildings includes main plants, mechanical and electrical power equipment and clean rooms, and the related depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful lives of 20 years, 10 years and 10 years, respectively.

16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Goodwill	Techi	nology License Fees	oftware and stem Design Costs	Pater	nt and Others	Total
Cost							
Balance at January 1, 2017 Additions Retirements Reclassification Effect of disposal of subsidiary Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ 6,007,975 - - (13,499) (345,774)	\$	9,546,007 897,861 - - (611)	\$ 22,243,595 3,021,085 (75,237) 7,662 (7,662) (3,225)	\$	5,386,435 349,265 (17,960) - (1,594)	\$ 43,184,012 4,268,211 (75,237) (10,298) (21,161) (351,204)
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$ 5,648,702	\$	10,443,257	\$ 25,186,218	\$	5,716,146	\$ 46,994,323
Accumulated amortization and impairment							
Balance at January 1, 2017 Additions Retirements Reclassification Impairment Effect of disposal of subsidiary Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ 13,520 (13,499) (21)	\$	6,147,200 1,548,263 - - - - (606)	\$ 18,144,428 2,310,742 (75,237) 7,409 (7,554) (3,095)	\$	4,277,538 487,731 - (17,070) - (566)	\$ 28,569,166 4,346,736 (75,237) (9,661) 13,520 (21,053) (4,288)
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$ 	\$	7,694,857	\$ 20,376,693	\$	4,747,633	\$ 32,819,183
Carrying amounts at December 31, 2017	\$ 5,648,702	\$	2,748,400	\$ 4,809,525	\$	968,513	\$ 14,175,140
Cost							
Balance at January 1, 2016 Additions Retirements Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ 6,104,784 - (96,809)	\$	8,454,304 1,091,261 - 442	\$ 19,474,428 2,788,512 (5,273) (14,072)	\$	4,879,026 519,289 - (11,880)	\$ 38,912,542 4,399,062 (5,273) (122,319)
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$ 6,007,975	\$	9,546,007	\$ 22,243,595	\$	5,386,435	\$ 43,184,012
Accumulated amortization and impairment							
Balance at January 1, 2016 Additions Retirements Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ - - -	\$	4,779,388 1,367,370 442	\$ 16,431,666 1,730,834 (5,273) (12,799)	\$	3,635,608 645,202 (3,272)	\$ 24,846,662 3,743,406 (5,273) (15,629)
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$ 	\$	6,147,200	\$ 18,144,428	\$	4,277,538	\$ 28,569,166
Carrying amounts at December 31, 2016	\$ 6,007,975	\$	3,398,807	\$ 4,099,167	\$	1,108,897	\$ 14,614,846

The Company's goodwill has been tested for impairment at the end of the annual reporting period and the recoverable amount is determined based on the value in use. The value in use was calculated based on the cash flow forecast from the financial budgets covering the future five-year period, and the Company used annual discount rates of 8.5% and 8.4% in its test of impairment as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, to reflect the relevant specific risk in the cash-generating unit.

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company assessed goodwill impairment and recognized an impairment loss of NT\$13,520 thousand related to a subsidiary since the operating result of this cash generating unit was not as expected and the recoverable amount of goodwill was nil. Such impairment loss was recognized in other operating income and expenses. For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company did not recognize any impairment loss on goodwill.

17. OTHER ASSETS

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Tax receivable Prepaid expenses Others	\$ 4,021,602 1,559,963 1,623,995	\$ 2,325,825 1,007,026 1,553,003
	<u>\$ 7,205,560</u>	<u>\$ 4,885,854</u>
Current portion Noncurrent portion	\$ 4,222,440 <u>2,983,120</u>	\$ 3,385,422
	<u>\$ 7,205,560</u>	<u>\$ 4,885,854</u>

18. SHORT-TERM LOANS

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Unsecured loans		
Amount	<u>\$ 63,766,850</u>	\$ 57,958,200
Original loan content		
US\$ (in thousands)	\$ 2,150,000	\$ 1,800,000
Annual interest rate	1.54%-1.82%	0.87%-1.07%
Maturity date	Due by February	Due by January
	2018	2017

19. PROVISIONS

The Company's current provisions were provisions for sales returns and allowances.

	Sales Returns and Allowances
Year ended December 31, 2017	
Balance, beginning of year Provision Payment Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ 18,037,789 44,833,557 (48,884,704) (24,855)
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ 13,961,787</u>
Year ended December 31, 2016	
Balance, beginning of year Provision Payment Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ 10,163,536 36,519,312 (28,569,318) (75,741)
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ 18,037,789</u>

Provisions for sales returns and allowances are estimated based on historical experience and the consideration of varying contractual terms, and are recognized as a reduction of revenue in the same year of the related product sales.

20. BONDS PAYABLE

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Domestic unsecured bonds	\$ 116,100,000	\$ 154,200,000
Overseas unsecured bonds	<u>34,107,850</u>	37,028,850
	150,207,850	191,228,850
Less: Discounts on bonds payable	(6,728)	(35,293)
Less: Current portion	(58,401,122)	(38,100,000)
	<u>\$ 91,800,000</u>	<u>\$ 153,093,557</u>

The major terms of domestic unsecured bonds are as follows:

Issuance	Tranche	Issuance Period	Total Amount	Coupon Rate	Repayment and Interest Payment
100-1	A	September 2011 to September 2016	\$ 10,500,000	1.40%	Bullet repayment; interest payable annually
	В	September 2011 to September 2018	7,500,000	1.63%	The same as above
100-2	A	January 2012 to January 2017	10,000,000	1.29%	The same as above
					(Continued)

Issuance	Tranche	Issuance Period	Total Amount	Coupon Rate	Repayment and Interest Payment
100-2	В	January 2012 to January 2019	\$ 7,000,000	1.46%	Bullet repayment; interest payable annually
101-1	A	August 2012 to August 2017	9,900,000	1.28%	The same as above
	В	August 2012 to August 2019	9,000,000	1.40%	The same as above
101-2	A	September 2012 to September 2017	12,700,000	1.28%	The same as above
	В	September 2012 to September 2019	9,000,000	1.39%	The same as above
101-3	-	October 2012 to October 2022	4,400,000	1.53%	The same as above
101-4	A	January 2013 to January 2018	10,600,000	1.23%	The same as above
	В	January 2013 to January 2020	10,000,000	1.35%	The same as above
	С	January 2013 to January 2023	3,000,000	1.49%	The same as above
102-1	A	February 2013 to February 2018	6,200,000	1.23%	The same as above
	В	February 2013 to February 2020	11,600,000	1.38%	The same as above
	C	February 2013 to February 2023	3,600,000	1.50%	The same as above
102-2	A	July 2013 to July 2020	10,200,000	1.50%	The same as above
	В	July 2013 to July 2023	3,500,000	1.70%	The same as above
102-3	A	August 2013 to August 2017	4,000,000	1.34%	The same as above
	В	August 2013 to August 2019	8,500,000	1.52%	The same as above
102-4	Α	September 2013 to September 2016	1,500,000	1.35%	The same as above
	В	September 2013 to September 2017	1,500,000	1.45%	The same as above
102-4	С	September 2013 to March 2019	1,400,000	1.60%	Bullet repayment; interest payable annually (interest for the six months prior to maturity will accrue on the basis of actual days and be repayable at maturity)
	D	September 2013 to March 2021	2,600,000	1.85%	The same as above
	E	September 2013 to March 2023	5,400,000	2.05%	The same as above
	F	September 2013 to September 2023	2,600,000	2.10%	Bullet repayment; interest payable annually

The major terms of overseas unsecured bonds are as follows:

Issuance Period	Total Amount (US\$ in Thousands)	Coupon Rate	Repayment and Interest Payment
April 2013 to April 2016	\$ 350,000	0.95%	Bullet repayment; interest payable semi-annually
April 2013 to April 2018	1,150,000	1.625%	The same as above

21. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

a. Defined contribution plans

The plan under the R.O.C. Labor Pension Act (the "Act") is deemed a defined contribution plan. Pursuant to the Act, TSMC, Mutual-Pak and VisEra Tech have made monthly contributions equal to 6% of each employee's monthly salary to employees' pension accounts. Furthermore, TSMC North America, TSMC China, TSMC Nanjing, TSMC Europe, TSMC Canada, TSMC Technology and TSMC Solar Europe GmbH also make monthly contributions at certain percentages of the basic salary of their employees. Accordingly, the Company recognized expenses of NT\$2,369,940 thousand and NT\$2,164,900 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

b. Defined benefit plans

TSMC has defined benefit plans under the R.O.C. Labor Standards Law that provide benefits based on an employee's length of service and average monthly salary for the six-month period prior to retirement. The Company contributes an amount equal to 2% of salaries paid each month to their respective pension funds (the Funds), which are administered by the Labor Pension Fund Supervisory Committee (the Committee) and deposited in the Committee's name in the Bank of Taiwan. Before the end of each year, the Company assesses the balance in the Funds. If the amount of the balance in the Funds is inadequate to pay retirement benefits for employees who conform to retirement requirements in the next year, the Company is required to fund the difference in one appropriation that should be made before the end of March of the next year. The Funds are operated and managed by the government's designated authorities; as such, the Company does not have any right to intervene in the investments of the Funds.

Amounts recognized in respect of these defined benefit plans were as follows:

	Years Ended December 31		
	2017	2016	
Current service cost	\$ 145,026	\$ 132,786	
Net interest expense	126,525	139,355	
Components of defined benefit costs recognized in profit or loss	271,551	272,141	
Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability:			
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net			
interest expense)	29,290	45,721	
Actuarial loss arising from experience adjustments	483,846	38,195	
Actuarial loss(gain) arising from changes in financial			
assumptions	(258,455)	694,632	
Actuarial loss arising from changes in demographic			
assumptions	-	278,672	
Components of defined benefit costs recognized in other			
comprehensive income	254,681	1,057,220	
Total	\$ 526,232	<u>\$ 1,329,361</u>	

The pension costs of the aforementioned defined benefit plans were recognized in profit or loss by the following categories:

	Years Ended December 31		
	2017	2016	
Cost of revenue	\$ 175,357	\$ 176,977	
Research and development expenses	75,340	73,395	
General and administrative expenses	16,669	17,367	
Marketing expenses	4,185	4,402	
	\$ 271,551	\$ 272,141	

The amounts arising from the defined benefit obligation of the Company were as follows:

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets	\$ 12,774,593 (3,923,889)	\$ 12,480,480 (3,929,072)
Net defined benefit liability	<u>\$ 8,850,704</u>	<u>\$ 8,551,408</u>

Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligation were as follows:

	Years Ended December 31			
	2017	2016		
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 12,480,480	\$ 11,318,174		
Current service cost	145,026	132,786		
Interest expense	185,561	212,909		
Remeasurement losses (gains):				
Actuarial loss arising from experience adjustments	483,846	38,195		
Actuarial loss (gain) arising from changes in financial				
assumptions	(258,455)	694,632		
Actuarial loss arising from changes in demographic				
assumptions	-	278,672		
Benefits paid from plan assets	(261,865)	(194,888)		
Balance, end of year	\$ 12,774,593	<u>\$ 12,480,480</u>		

Movements in the fair value of the plan assets were as follows:

	Years Ended December 31		
	2017	2016	
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 3,929,072	\$ 3,870,148	
Interest income	59,036	73,554	
Remeasurement losses:			
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net			
interest expense)	(29,290)	(45,721)	
Contributions from employer	226,936	225,979	
Benefits paid from plan assets	(261,865)	(194,888)	
Balance, end of year	\$ 3,923,889	\$ 3,929,072	

The fair value of the plan assets by major categories at the end of reporting period was as follows:

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Cash Equity instruments Debt instruments	\$ 707,477 1,993,336 1,223,076	\$ 818,426 1,852,950 1,257,696
	<u>\$ 3,923,889</u>	\$ 3,929,072

The actuarial valuations of the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out by qualified actuaries. The principal assumptions of the actuarial valuation were as follows:

	Measurer	Measurement Date		
	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016		
Discount rate	1.65%	1.50%		
Future salary increase rate	3.00%	3.00%		

Through the defined benefit plans under the R.O.C. Labor Standards Law, the Company is exposed to the following risks:

- 1) Investment risk: The pension funds are invested in equity and debt securities, bank deposits, etc. The investment is conducted at the discretion of the government's designated authorities or under the mandated management. However, under the R.O.C. Labor Standards Law, the rate of return on assets shall not be less than the average interest rate on a two-year time deposit published by the local banks and the government is responsible for any shortfall in the event that the rate of return is less than the required rate of return.
- 2) Interest risk: A decrease in the government bond interest rate will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the debt investments of the plan assets.
 - Assuming a hypothetical decrease in interest rate at the end of the reporting period contributed to a decrease of 0.5% in the discount rate and all other assumptions were held constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation would increase by NT\$890,116 thousand and NT\$970,282 thousand as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.
- 3) Salary risk: The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

Assuming the expected salary rate increases by 0.5% at the end of the reporting period and all other assumptions were held constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation would increase by NT\$873,801 thousand and NT\$951,424 thousand as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation liability.

The Company expects to make contributions of NT\$233,745 thousand to the defined benefit plans in the next year starting from December 31, 2017. The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 13 years.

22. GUARANTEE DEPOSITS

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Capacity guarantee Receivables guarantee Others	\$ 13,346,550 2,427,548 306,521	\$ 20,929,350 5,559,960 181,312
	<u>\$ 16,080,619</u>	\$ 26,670,622
Current portion (classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities) Noncurrent portion	\$ 8,493,829 7,586,790 \$ 16,080,610	\$ 12,000,189 <u>14,670,433</u> \$ 26,670,622
	<u>\$ 16,080,619</u>	<u>\$ 26,670,622</u>

Some of guarantee deposits were refunded to customers by offsetting related accounts receivable.

23. EQUITY

a. Capital stock

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Authorized shares (in thousands)	28,050,000	28,050,000
Authorized capital	<u>\$ 280,500,000</u>	\$ 280,500,000
Issued and paid shares (in thousands)	<u>25,930,380</u>	25,930,380
Issued capital	<u>\$ 259,303,805</u>	\$ 259,303,805

A holder of issued common shares with par value of NT\$10 per share is entitled to vote and to receive dividends.

The authorized shares include 500,000 thousand shares allocated for the exercise of employee stock options.

As of December 31, 2017, 1,068,165 thousand ADSs of TSMC were traded on the NYSE. The number of common shares represented by the ADSs was 5,340,823 thousand shares (one ADS represents five common shares).

b. Capital surplus

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Additional paid-in capital	\$ 24,184,939	\$ 24,184,939
From merger	22,804,510	22,804,510
From convertible bonds	8,892,847	8,892,847
From share of changes in equities of subsidiaries	118,792	107,798
From share of changes in equities of associates	289,240	282,155
Donations	19,208	55
	\$ 56,309,536	\$ 56,272,304

Under the relevant laws, the capital surplus generated from donations and the excess of the issuance price over the par value of capital stock (including the stock issued for new capital, mergers and convertible bonds) may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Company has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or stock dividends up to a certain percentage of TSMC's paid-in capital. The capital surplus from share of changes in equities of subsidiaries and associates and dividend of a claim extinguished by a prescription may be used to offset a deficit; however, when generated from issuance of restricted shares for employees, such capital surplus may not be used for any purpose.

c. Retained earnings and dividend policy

In accordance with the amendments to the R.O.C. Company Act in May 2015, the recipients of dividends and bonuses are limited to shareholders and do not include employees. The amendments to TSMC's Articles of Incorporation on earnings distribution policy had been approved by TSMC's shareholders in its meeting held on June 7, 2016. For policy about the profit sharing bonus to employees, please refer to Note 31.

TSMC's amended Articles of Incorporation provide that, when allocating the net profits for each fiscal year, TSMC shall first offset its losses in previous years and then set aside the following items accordingly:

- 1) Legal capital reserve at 10% of the profits left over, until the accumulated legal capital reserve equals TSMC's paid-in capital;
- 2) Special capital reserve in accordance with relevant laws or regulations or as requested by the authorities in charge;
- 3) Any balance left over shall be allocated according to the resolution of the shareholders' meeting.

TSMC's Articles of Incorporation also provide that profits of TSMC may be distributed by way of cash dividend and/or stock dividend. However, distribution of earnings shall be made preferably by way of cash dividend. Distribution of earnings may also be made by way of stock dividend; provided that the ratio for stock dividend shall not exceed 50% of the total distribution.

Any appropriations of the profits are subject to shareholders' approval in the following year.

The appropriation for legal capital reserve shall be made until the reserve equals the Company's paid-in capital. The reserve may be used to offset a deficit, or be distributed as dividends in cash or stocks for the portion in excess of 25% of the paid-in capital if the Company incurs no loss.

Pursuant to existing regulations, the Company is required to set aside additional special capital reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of the other components of stockholders' equity, such as the accumulated balance of foreign currency translation reserve, unrealized valuation gain/loss from available-for-sale financial assets, gain/loss from changes in fair value of hedging instruments in cash flow hedges, etc. For the subsequent decrease in the deduction amount to stockholders' equity, any special reserve appropriated may be reversed to the extent that the net debit balance reverses.

The appropriations of 2016 and 2015 earnings have been approved by TSMC's shareholders in its meetings held on June 8, 2017 and June 7, 2016, respectively. The appropriations and dividends per share were as follows:

	Appropriatio	D		Per Shar T\$)	re		
	For Fiscal Year 2016	For Fiscal Year 2015		Fiscal 2016	For I Year	Fiscal 2015	-
Legal capital reserve Cash dividends to shareholders	\$ 33,424,718 	\$ 30,657,384 _155,582,283	\$	7	\$	6	
	\$214,937,381	\$186,239,667					

TSMC's appropriations of earnings for 2017 had been approved in the meeting of the Board of Directors held on February 13, 2018. The appropriations and dividends per share were as follows:

	Appropriation of Earnings For Fiscal Year 2017	Dividends Postare (NT\$ For Fiscal Yes 2017	<u>s)</u>
Legal capital reserve Special capital reserve Cash dividends to shareholders	\$ 34,311,148 26,907,527 207,443,044	\$	8
	<u>\$ 268,661,719</u>		

The appropriations of earnings for 2017 are to be presented for approval in the TSMC's shareholders' meeting to be held on June 5, 2018 (expected).

Under the Integrated Income Tax System that became effective on January 1, 1998, the R.O.C. resident shareholders are allowed a tax credit for their proportionate share of the income tax paid by TSMC on earnings generated since January 1, 1998.

d. Others

Changes in others were as follows:

	Year Ended December 31, 2017				
	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Unrealized Gain/Loss from Available-for- sale Financial Assets	Cash Flow Hedges Reserve	Unearned Stock-Based Employee Compensation	Total
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 1,661,237	\$ 2,641	\$ 105	\$ -	\$ 1,663,983
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	(28,257,449)	-	-	-	(28,257,449)
Changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets	-	(154,680)	-	-	(154,680)
Cumulative (gain)/loss reclassified to profit or loss upon disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	_	(61,182)	_	_	(61,182)
Gain/(loss) arising on changes in the fair value of hedging instruments	-	-	99,534	-	99,534
Transferred to initial carrying amount of hedged items	-	-	(94,851)	-	(94,851)
Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of associates	(101,468)	2,121	-	-	(99,347)
Share of unearned stock-based employee compensation of associates	-	- (2.074)	- (5.62)	(10,290)	(10,290)
Income tax effect		(2,974)	(562)		(3,536)
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ (26,697,680</u>)	<u>\$ (214,074)</u>	<u>\$ 4,226</u>	<u>\$ (10,290)</u>	<u>\$ (26,917,818</u>)
_	Year Ended December 31, 2016				
	Foreign	Unrealiz			

	Year Ended December 31, 2016					
	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Unrealized Gain/Loss from Available-for- sale Financial Assets	Cash Flow Hedges Reserve	Total		
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 11,039,949	\$ 734,771	\$ (607)	\$ 11,774,113		
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations Other comprehensive income	(9,409,190)	-	-	(9,409,190)		
reclassified to profit or loss upon disposal of subsidiaries	36,105	-	-	36,105		
Changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets	<u>-</u>	(696,240)	-	(696,240)		
Cumulative (gain)/loss reclassified to profit or loss upon disposal of available-for-sale financial		,		, ,		
assets	-	4,071	-	4,071		
Share of other comprehensive	(0.4.7)					
income (loss) of associates Other comprehensive loss	(915)	24,684	712	24,481		
reclassified to profit or loss		(2.4.50)		(0.404)		
upon disposal of associates	(4,712)	(3,469)	-	(8,181)		
Income tax effect		(61,176)		<u>(61,176</u>)		
Balance, end of year	\$ 1,661,237	<u>\$ 2,641</u>	<u>\$ 105</u>	<u>\$ 1,663,983</u>		

The aforementioned other equity includes the changes in other equities of TSMC and TSMC's share of its subsidiaries and associates.

24. NET REVENUE

	Years Ended December 31				
	2017	2016			
Net revenue from sale of goods Net revenue from royalties	\$ 976,923,256 523,985	\$ 947,415,900 522,444			
	<u>\$ 977,447,241</u>	\$ 947,938,344			

25. OTHER OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES, NET

	Years Ended December 31				
	2017	2016			
Gain (loss) on disposal or retirement of property, plant and equipment, net Others	\$ (1,097,908) (267,603)	\$ 46,548 (16,735)			
	<u>\$ (1,365,511</u>)	<u>\$ 29,813</u>			

26. OTHER INCOME

	Years Ended December 31				
	2017	2016			
Interest income					
Bank deposits	\$ 6,412,823	\$ 4,892,652			
Available-for-sale financial assets	2,091,435	816,185			
Held-to-maturity financial assets	568,552	383,261			
Structured product	391,896	225,402			
	9,464,706	6,317,500			
Dividend income	145,588	137,401			
	<u>\$ 9,610,294</u>	\$ 6,454,901			

27. FINANCE COSTS

	Years Ended December 31				
	2017	2016			
Interest expense					
Corporate bonds	\$ 2,563,544	\$ 3,014,753			
Bank loans	766,625	291,178			
Others	144_	222			
	\$ 3,330,313	\$ 3,306,153			

28. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES, NET

	Years Ended December 31				
		2017		2016	
Gain (loss) on disposal of financial assets, net					
Available-for-sale financial assets	\$	76,986	\$	(4,014)	
Financial assets carried at cost		12,809		37,241	
Loss on disposal of investments accounted for using equity method,					
net		-		(259,960)	
Gain (loss) from disposal of subsidiaries		17,343		(36,105)	
Other gains		409,852		176,734	
Net gain (loss) on financial instruments at FVTPL					
Held for trading		2,253,651		467,051	
Designated as at FVTPL		131,037		(37,369)	
Gain (loss) arising from fair value hedges, net		(30,293)		16,973	
Impairment loss of financial assets					
Financial assets carried at cost		(29,603)		(122,240)	
Other losses		(24,424)		(42,379)	
	\$	2,817,358	\$	195,932	

29. INCOME TAX

a. Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss

Income tax expense consisted of the following:

	Years Ended December 31				
	2017	2016			
Current income tax expense					
Current tax expense recognized in the current year	\$ 57,503,831	\$ 54,315,433			
Income tax adjustments on prior years	(896,147)	(1,041,762)			
Other income tax adjustments	152,790	122,461			
·	56,760,474	53,396,132			
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)					
Effect of tax rate changes	561,818	-			
The origination and reversal of temporary differences	(4,336,110)	(1,775,023)			
Investment tax credits and operating loss carryforward		35			
	(3,774,292)	(1,774,988)			
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	\$ 52,986,182	<u>\$ 51,621,144</u>			

A reconciliation of income before income tax and income tax expense recognized in profit or loss was as follows:

	Years Ended December 31				
	2017	2016			
Income before tax	\$ 396,133,030	\$ 385,959,380			
Income tax expense at the statutory rate Tax effect of adjusting items:	\$ 69,608,602	\$ 66,945,088			
Deductible items in determining taxable income	(1,410,955)	(51,324)			
Tax-exempt income	(16,901,134)	(19,594,962)			
Additional income tax on unappropriated earnings	11,835,948	11,957,213			
Effect of tax rate changes on deferred income tax	561,818	-			
The origination and reversal of temporary differences	(4,336,110)	(1,775,023)			
Income tax credits	(5,628,630)	(4,940,147)			
Remeasurement of operating loss carryforward		(400)			
	53,729,539	52,540,445			
Income tax adjustments on prior years	(896,147)	(1,041,762)			
Other income tax adjustments	152,790	122,461			
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	\$ 52,986,182	\$ 51,621,144			

For the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company applied a tax rate of 17% for entities subject to the R.O.C. Income Tax Law; for other jurisdictions, the Company measures taxes by using the applicable tax rate for each individual jurisdiction.

In January 2018, it was announced that the Income Tax Law in the R.O.C. was amended and, starting from 2018, the corporate income tax rate will be adjusted from 17% to 20%. In addition, the tax rate applicable to unappropriated earnings will be reduced from 10% to 5%. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities recognized as of December 31, 2017 are expected to be adjusted and would increase by NT\$1,473,065 thousand and NT\$15,096 thousand, respectively, in 2018.

b. Income tax expense recognized in other comprehensive income

	Years Ended December 31			
	2017	2016		
Deferred income tax benefit (expense)				
Related to remeasurement of defined benefit obligation	\$ 30,562	\$126,867		
Related to unrealized gain/loss on available-for-sale				
financial assets	(2,974)	(61,176)		
Related to gain/loss on cash flow hedges	(562)			
	<u>\$ 27,026</u>	<u>\$ 65,691</u>		

c. Deferred income tax balance

The analysis of deferred income tax assets and liabilities was as follows:

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Deferred income tax assets		
Temporary differences Depreciation Provision for sales returns and allowance Net defined benefit liability Unrealized loss on inventories Deferred compensation cost Others Operating loss carryforward	\$ 8,401,266 1,637,713 975,324 629,442 266,521 195,197	\$ 4,244,214 1,512,061 939,543 737,247 378,740 445,133 14,483 \$ 8,271,421
Deferred income tax liabilities		
Temporary differences Unrealized exchange gains Available-for-sale financial assets Cash flow hedges	\$ (169,480) (95,421) (37,304) \$ (302,205)	\$ (48,736) (92,447) ———————————————————————————————————

				Ye	ar Ended Dec	ember	31, 2017				
			Recogn	ized in							
	Balance, eginning of Year	Pr	ofit or Loss	Com	Other prehensive ncome	Di	Effect of sposal of absidiary	Exc	Effect of change Rate Changes	Bal	ance, End of Year
Deferred income tax assets											
Temporary differences											
Depreciation Provision for sales returns and	\$ 4,244,214	\$	4,207,209	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(50,157)	\$	8,401,266
allowance	1,512,061		129,971		-		-		(4,319)		1,637,713
Net defined benefit liability	939,543		5,219		30,562		-		-		975,324
Unrealized loss on inventories	737,247		(105,068)		-		-		(2,737)		629,442
Deferred compensation cost	378,740		(83,124)		-		-		(29,095)		266,521
Others	445,133		(222,429)		-		-		(27,507)		195,197
Operating loss carryforward	 14,483		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		(14,483)		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>
	\$ 8,271,421	\$	3,931,778	\$	30,562	\$	(14,483)	\$	(113,815)	\$	12,105,463
Deferred income tax liabilities											
Temporary differences											
Unrealized exchange gains Available-for-sale financial	\$ (48,736)	\$	(120,744)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(169,480)
assets	(92,447)		-		(2,974)		-		-		(95,421)
Cash flow hedges	 	_	(36,742)		(562)					_	(37,304)
	\$ (141,183)	\$	(157,486)	\$	(3,536)	\$		\$		\$	(302,205)

	Year Ended December 31, 2016									
	· ·			Recogn	ized in					
						Other				
	Balance, Beginning of Year		Pre	ofit or Loss	Comprehensive oss Income		Effect of Exchange Rate Changes		Balance, End of Year	
Deferred income tax assets		S						J		
Temporary differences										
Depreciation	\$	2,852,961	\$	1,437,648	\$	-	\$	(46,395)	\$	4,244,214
Provision for sales returns and allowance		1,141,511		371,410		-		(860)		1,512,061
Net defined benefit liability		895,486		(82,810)		126,867		-		939,543
Unrealized loss on inventories		622,741		115,490		-		(984)		737,247
Deferred compensation cost		316,283		69,311		-		(6,854)		378,740
Goodwill from business combination		10,025		(9,836)		-		(189)		-
Others		531,449		(77,454)		-		(8,862)		445,133
Operating loss carryforward		14,518		(35)						14,483
	\$	6,384,974	\$	1,823,724	\$	126,867	\$	(64,144)	\$	8,271,421
Deferred income tax liabilities										
Temporary differences										
Available-for-sale financial assets	\$	(31,271)	\$	-	\$	(61,176)	\$	-	\$	(92,447)
Unrealized exchange gains				(48,736)					_	(48,736)
	\$	(31,271)	\$	(48,736)	\$	(61,176)	\$		\$	(141,183)

d. The investment operating loss carryforward and deductible temporary differences for which no deferred income tax assets have been recognized

The information of the operating loss carryforward for which no deferred tax assets have been recognized was as follows:

	December 31 2017	, December 31, 2016
Expiry period 1 - 4 years 5 - 10 years	\$ - 	\$ 136,703 41,389
	\$ -	\$ 178,092

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the aggregate deductible temporary differences for which no deferred income tax assets have been recognized amounted to NT\$26,536,307 thousand and NT\$1,919,784 thousand, respectively.

e. Unused tax-exemption information

As of December 31, 2017, the profits generated from the following projects of TSMC are exempt from income tax for a five-year period:

	Tax-exemption Period
Construction and expansion of 2007 by TSMC	2014 to 2018
Construction and expansion of 2008 by TSMC	2015 to 2019
Construction and expansion of 2009 by TSMC	2018 to 2022

f. The information of unrecognized deferred income tax liabilities associated with investments

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the aggregate taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries not recognized as deferred income tax liabilities amounted to NT\$95,003,344 thousand and NT\$83,181,401 thousand, respectively.

g. Integrated income tax information

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Balance of the Imputation Credit Account - TSMC	<u>\$ 114,264,283</u>	\$ 82,072,562

The estimated and actual creditable ratio for distribution of TSMC's earnings of 2017 and 2016 were 14.69% and 13.90%, respectively; while the creditable ratio for individual shareholders residing in the R.O.C. is half of the original creditable ratio according to the R.O.C. Income Tax Law. However, effective from January 1, 2018, integrated income tax system were abrogated and imputation credit account is no longer applicable based on amended R.O.C. Income Tax Law in January 2018.

All of TSMC's earnings generated prior to December 31, 1997 have been appropriated.

h. Income tax examination

The tax authorities have examined income tax returns of TSMC through 2014. All investment tax credit adjustments assessed by the tax authorities have been recognized accordingly.

30. EARNINGS PER SHARE

		Years Ended December 31	
	-	2017	2016
Basic EPS Diluted EPS		\$ 13.23 \$ 13.23	\$ 12.89 \$ 12.89
EPS is computed as follows:			
	Amounts (Numerator)	Number of Shares (Denominator) (In Thousands)	EPS (NT\$)
Year ended December 31, 2017			
Basic/Diluted EPS Net income available to common shareholders of the parent	<u>\$ 343,111,476</u>	25,930,380	<u>\$ 13.23</u>
Year ended December 31, 2016			
Basic/Diluted EPS Net income available to common shareholders of the parent	<u>\$ 334,247,180</u>	25,930,380	<u>\$ 12.89</u>

31. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION OF EXPENSES BY NATURE

		Years Ended December 31	
		2017	2016
a.	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		
	Recognized in cost of revenue Recognized in operating expenses Recognized in other operating income and expenses	\$ 235,985,189 19,746,263 64,510 \$ 255,795,962	\$ 203,476,848 16,583,067 25,083 \$ 220,084,998
b.	Amortization of intangible assets		
	Recognized in cost of revenue Recognized in operating expenses	\$ 2,135,521 2,211,215	\$ 2,028,492 1,714,914
		<u>\$ 4,346,736</u>	\$ 3,743,406
c.	Research and development expenses	<u>\$ 80,732,463</u>	<u>\$ 71,207,703</u>
d.	Employee benefits expenses		
	Post-employment benefits Defined contribution plans Defined benefit plans Other employee benefits	\$ 2,369,940 271,551 2,641,491 101,488,608	\$ 2,164,900 272,141 2,437,041 97,248,082
		<u>\$104,130,099</u>	\$ 99,685,123
	Employee benefits expense summarized by function Recognized in cost of revenue Recognized in operating expenses	\$ 61,026,107 43,103,992	\$ 58,493,500 41,191,623
		<u>\$ 104,130,099</u>	<u>\$ 99,685,123</u>

In accordance with the amendments to the R.O.C. Company Act in May 2015 and the amended TSMC's Articles of Incorporation approved by TSMC's shareholders in its meeting held on June 7, 2016, TSMC shall allocate compensation to directors and profit sharing bonus to employees of TSMC not more than 0.3% and not less than 1% of annual profits during the period, respectively.

TSMC accrued profit sharing bonus to employees based on a percentage of net income before income tax, profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors during the period, which amounted to NT\$23,019,082 thousand and NT\$22,418,339 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively; compensation to directors was expensed based on estimated amount payable. If there is a change in the proposed amounts after the annual consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in accounting estimate.

TSMC's profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors in the amounts of NT\$23,019,082 thousand and NT\$368,919 thousand in cash for 2017, respectively, and profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors in the amounts of NT\$22,418,339 thousand and NT\$376,432 thousand in cash for 2016, respectively, had been approved by the Board of Directors of TSMC held on February 13, 2018 and February 14, 2017, respectively. There is no significant difference between the aforementioned approved amounts and the amounts charged against earnings of 2017 and 2016, respectively.

TSMC's profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors in the amounts of NT\$20,556,888 thousand and NT\$356,186 thousand in cash for 2015, respectively, had been approved by the Board of Directors on February 2, 2016. The profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors in cash for 2015 had been reported to TSMC's shareholders in its meeting held on June 7, 2016, after the amended TSMC's Articles of Incorporation had been approved. The aforementioned approved amount has no difference with the one recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015.

The information about the appropriations of TSMC's profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors is available at the Market Observation Post System website.

32. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company requires significant amounts of capital to build and expand its production facilities and acquire additional equipment. In consideration of the industry dynamics, the Company manages its capital in a manner to ensure that it has sufficient and necessary financial resources to fund its working capital needs, capital asset purchases, research and development activities, dividend payments, debt service requirements and other business requirements associated with its existing operations over the next 12 months.

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Categories of financial instruments

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Financial assets		
FVTPL (Note 1)	\$ 569,751	\$ 6,451,112
Available-for-sale financial assets (Note 2)	98,248,410	71,891,234
Held-to-maturity financial assets	20,821,714	38,917,677
Hedging derivative financial assets	34,394	5,550
Loans and receivables (Note 3)	684,416,654	673,592,938
	\$ 804,090,923	<u>\$ 790,858,511</u>
Financial liabilities		
FVTPL (Note 1)	\$ 26,709	\$ 191,135
Hedging derivative financial liabilities	15,562	-
Amortized cost (Note 4)	<u>340,501,266</u>	387,046,137
	<u>\$ 340,543,537</u>	\$ 387,237,272

Note 1: Including held for trading and designated as at FVTPL.

Note 2: Including financial assets carried at cost.

- Note 3: Including cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables and refundable deposits.
- Note 4: Including short-term loans, accounts payable (including related parties), payables to contractors and equipment suppliers, accrued expenses and other current liabilities, bonds payable, long-term bank loans, and guarantee deposits.

b. Financial risk management objectives

The Company seeks to ensure sufficient cost-efficient funding readily available when needed. The Company manages its exposure to foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, equity price risk, credit risk and liquidity risk with the objective to reduce the potentially adverse effects the market uncertainties may have on its financial performance.

The plans for material treasury activities are reviewed by Audit Committees and/or Board of Directors in accordance with procedures required by relevant regulations or internal controls. During the implementation of such plans, Corporate Treasury function must comply with certain treasury procedures that provide guiding principles for overall financial risk management and segregation of duties.

c. Market risk

The Company is exposed to the financial market risks, primarily changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and equity investment prices.

Foreign currency risk

Most of the Company's operating activities are denominated in foreign currencies. Consequently, the Company is exposed to foreign currency risk. To protect against reductions in value and the volatility of future cash flows caused by changes in foreign exchange rates, the Company utilizes derivative financial instruments, such as forward exchange contracts and cross currency swaps, and non-derivative financial instruments, such as foreign currency-denominated debt, to partially hedge its currency exposure.

The Company's sensitivity analysis of foreign currency risk mainly focuses on the foreign currency monetary items and the derivatives financial instruments at the end of the reporting period. Assuming an unfavorable 10% movement in the levels of foreign exchanges relative to the New Taiwan dollar, the net income for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 would have decreased by NT\$867,910 thousand and NT\$111,347 thousand, respectively, and the other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2017 would have decreased by NT\$265,875 thousand.

Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk primarily related to its outstanding debt and investments in fixed income securities. All of the Company's bonds payable have fixed interest rates and are measured at amortized cost. As such, changes in interest rates would not affect the future cash flows. On the other hand, because interest rates of the Company's long-term bank loans are floating, changes in interest rates would affect the future cash flows but not the fair value.

Assuming the amount of the long-term bank loans at the end of the reporting period had been outstanding for the entire period and all other variables were held constant, a hypothetical 100 basis point (1.00%) increase in interest rates would have resulted in an increase in the interest expense, net of tax, by approximately NT\$261 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2016. As of December 31, 2017, the Company had no outstanding long-term bank loans.

The Company classified its investments in fixed income securities as held-to-maturity and available-for-sale financial assets. Because held-to-maturity fixed income securities are measured at amortized cost, changes in interest rates would not affect the fair value. On the other hand, available-for-sale fixed income securities are exposed to fair value fluctuations caused by changes in interest rates. The Company utilized interest rate futures to partially hedge the interest rate risk on its available-for-sale fixed income investments. These hedges may offset only a small portion of the financial impact from movements in interest rates.

Based on a sensitivity analysis performed at the end of the reporting period, a hypothetical 100 basis points (1.00%) increase in interest rates across all maturities would have resulted in a decrease in other comprehensive income by NT\$2,119,713 thousand and NT\$1,600,929 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Other price risk

The Company is exposed to equity price risk arising from available-for-sale equity investments.

Assuming a hypothetical decrease of 5% in prices of the equity investments at the end of the reporting period for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, the other comprehensive income would have decreased by NT\$351,520 thousand and NT\$342,565 thousand, respectively.

d. Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The Company is exposed to credit risk from operating activities, primarily trade receivables, and from investing activities, primarily deposits, fixed-income investments and other financial instruments with banks. Credit risk is managed separately for business related and financial related exposures. As of the end of the reporting period, the Company's maximum credit risk exposure is mainly from the carrying amount of financial assets.

Business related credit risk

The Company has considerable trade receivables outstanding with its customers worldwide. A substantial majority of the Company's outstanding trade receivables are not covered by collateral or credit insurance. While the Company has procedures to monitor and limit exposure to credit risk on trade receivables, there can be no assurance such procedures will effectively limit its credit risk and avoid losses. This risk is heightened during periods when economic conditions worsen.

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company's ten largest customers accounted for 70% and 74% of accounts receivable, respectively. The Company believes the concentration of credit risk is not material for the remaining accounts receivable.

Financial credit risk

The Company regularly monitors and reviews the concentration limit applied to counterparties and adjusts the concentration limit according to market conditions and the credit standing of the counterparties. The Company mitigates its exposure by limiting the exposure to any individual counterparty and by selecting counterparties with investment-grade credit ratings.

e. Liquidity risk management

The objective of liquidity risk management is to ensure the Company has sufficient liquidity to fund its business requirements associated with existing operations over the next 12 months. The Company manages its liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash and cash equivalent, short-term available-for-sale financial assets and short-term held-to-maturity financial assets.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments, including principal and interest.

	Less Than 1 Year	2-3 Years	4-5 Years	5+ Years	Total
<u>December 31, 2017</u>					
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Short-term loans Accounts payable (including related	\$ 63,801,977	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 63,801,977
parties) Payables to contractors and	30,069,163	-	-	-	30,069,163
equipment suppliers Accrued expenses and other current	55,723,774	-	-	-	55,723,774
liabilities Bonds payable Guarantee deposits (including those	24,659,738 60,176,818	68,378,787	7,777,715	18,203,601	24,659,738 154,536,921
classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities)	8,493,829 242,925,299	7,503,151 75,881,938	83,639 7,861,354	18,203,601	16,080,619 344,872,192
Derivative financial instruments					
Forward exchange contracts Outflows Inflows	67,393,539 (67,957,919) (564,380) \$ 242,360,919	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - \$ 7,861,354	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	67,393,539 (67,957,919) (564,380) \$ 344,307,812
December 31, 2016	<u>9-2-12,300,717</u>	<u> </u>	<u>Ψ 7,001,55 1</u>	<u>Ψ 10,205,001</u>	<u>\$\psi \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \</u>
Non-derivative financial liabilities Short-term loans Accounts payable (including related	\$ 57,974,562	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 57,974,562
parties) Payables to contractors and	27,324,525	-	-	-	27,324,525
equipment suppliers Accrued expenses and other current	63,154,514	-	-	-	63,154,514
liabilities Bonds payable Long-term bank loans Guarantee deposits (including those	20,713,259 40,669,468 10,543	99,161,486 20,116	35,340,742 2,423	22,979,426	20,713,259 198,151,122 33,082
classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities)	12,000,189 221,847,060	13,060,483 112,242,085	1,609,950 36,953,115	22,979,426	26,670,622 394,021,686
Derivative financial instruments					
Forward exchange contracts Outflows Inflows	40,571,841 (40,586,344) (14,503)	- 	- 	- - -	40,571,841 (40,586,344) (14,503)
Cross currency swap contracts Outflows Inflows	5,478,066 (5,487,600) (9,534)	- - -	- 	<u> </u>	5,478,066 (5,487,600) (9,534)
	\$ 221,823,023	\$ 112,242,085	\$ 36,953,115	\$ 22,979,426	\$ 393,997,649

f. Fair value of financial instruments

1) Fair value measurements recognized in the consolidated balance sheets

Fair value measurements are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

• Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).
- 2) Fair value of financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	December 31, 2017			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL				
Held for trading Forward exchange contracts	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 569,751</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 569,751</u>
Available-for-sale financial assets				
Corporate bonds Agency bonds/Agency mortgage-backed securities Asset-backed securities Government bonds Publicly traded stocks Commercial paper	\$ - 7,715,980 2,548,054 - \$ 10,264,034	\$ 40,165,148 29,235,388 13,459,545 101,743 - 148,295 \$ 83,110,119	\$ - - - - - - - - -	\$ 40,165,148 29,235,388 13,459,545 7,817,723 2,548,054 148,295 \$ 93,374,153
Hedging derivative financial assets				
Fair value hedges Interest rate futures contracts Cash flow hedges Forward exchange contracts	\$ 27,016 	\$ - - 7,378 \$ 7,378	\$ - <u>-</u> <u>\$</u> -	\$ 27,016
Financial liabilities at FVTPL				
Held for trading Forward exchange contracts	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 26,709</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 26,709</u>
Hedging derivative financial liabilities				
Cash flow hedges Forward exchange contracts	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 15,562</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 15,562</u>

		Decembe	r 31, 2016	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL				
Held for trading Forward exchange contracts Cross currency swap contracts Designated as at FVTPL	\$ -	\$ 142,406 10,976	\$ -	\$ 142,406 10,976
Time deposit Forward exchange contracts		6,297,708 22	<u> </u>	6,297,708 22
	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,451,112</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,451,112</u>
Available-for-sale financial assets				
Corporate bonds	\$ -	\$ 29,999,508	\$ -	\$ 29,999,508
Agency bonds/Agency mortgage-backed securities Asset-backed securities Government bonds	- - 8,346,989	14,880,482 11,254,757 110,373	- - -	14,880,482 11,254,757 8,457,362
Publicly traded stocks	3,196,658 \$ 11,543,647	\$ 56,245,120		3,196,658 \$ 67,788,767
Hedging derivative financial assets	<u> </u>	<u>v 30,243,120</u>	<u>u</u>	<u> </u>
Fair value hedges Interest rate futures contracts	<u>\$ 5,550</u>	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 5,550
Financial liabilities at FVTPL				
Held for trading Forward exchange contracts Designated as at FVTPL	\$ -	\$ 91,585	\$ -	\$ 91,585
Forward exchange contracts		99,550	_	99,550
	<u>\$</u>	\$ 191,135	<u>\$</u>	\$ 191,135

In the fourth quarter of 2017, the Company reassessed the bid-ask spread and the transaction volume of the fixed income securities in determining whether there were quoted prices in active markets. Accordingly, the Company classified the fair value hierarchy levels of corporate bonds, agency bonds, agency mortgage-backed securities and some government bonds as level 2. To have consistent comparative basis, the Company had revised prior year classification from level 1 to level 2.

There were no purchases and disposals for assets classified as Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Valuation techniques and assumptions used in Level 2 fair value measurement

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- The fair values of corporate bonds, agency bonds, agency mortgage-backed securities, asset-backed securities, and government bonds are determined by quoted market prices.
- Forward exchange contracts and cross currency swap contracts are measured using forward
 exchange rates and the discounted curves that are derived from quoted market prices. For
 investments in commercial paper and time deposit designated as FVTPL, the fair values are
 determined by the present value of future cash flows based on the discounted curves that are
 derived from the quoted market prices.

3) Fair value of financial instruments that are not measured at fair value

Except as detailed in the following table, the Company considers that the carrying amounts of financial instruments in the consolidated financial statements that are not measured at fair value approximate their fair values.

	December 31, 2017		December 31, 2016	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial assets				
Held-to-maturity financial assets Corporate bonds Structured product Commercial paper Negotiable certificate of deposit	\$ 19,338,764 1,482,950 -	\$ 19,541,419 1,475,350	\$ 23,849,701 1,609,950 8,628,176 4,829,850	\$ 23,996,429 1,609,738 8,630,769 4,847,785
Financial liabilities				
Measured at amortized cost Bonds payable	150,201,122	152,077,728	191,193,557	192,845,296

Fair value hierarchy

The table below sets out the fair value hierarchy for the Company's assets and liabilities which are not required to measure at fair value:

	December 31, 2017			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Held-to-maturity securities Corporate bonds Structured product	\$ - -	\$ 19,541,419 1,475,350	\$ - -	\$ 19,541,419 1,475,350
	<u>\$</u>	\$ 21,016,769	<u>\$</u>	\$ 21,016,769
Financial liabilities				
Measured at amortized cost Bonds payable	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 152,077,728</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 152,077,728</u>
		December	r 31, 2016	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Held-to-maturity securities Corporate bonds Commercial paper Negotiable certificate of deposit Structured product	\$ - - - -	\$ 23,996,429 8,630,769 4,847,785 1,609,738	\$ - - - -	\$ 23,996,429 8,630,769 4,847,785
	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 39,084,721	<u> </u>	\$ 39,084,721
Financial liabilities				
Measured at amortized cost Bonds payable	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 192,845,296</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 192,845,296</u>

In the fourth quarter of 2017, the Company reassessed the bid-ask spread and the transaction volume of the fixed income securities in determining whether there were quoted prices in active markets. Accordingly, the Company classified the fair value hierarchy levels of corporate bonds and bonds payable as level 2. To have consistent comparative basis, the Company had revised prior year classification from level 1 to level 2.

Valuation techniques and assumptions used in Level 2 fair value measurement

The fair values of corporate bonds, negotiable certificate of deposit, and structured products are determined by quoted market prices.

The fair value of commercial paper is determined by the present value of future cash flows based on the discounted curves that are derived from the quoted market prices.

The fair value of the Company's bonds payable is determined by quoted market prices.

34. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Intercompany balances and transactions between TSMC and its subsidiaries, which are related parties of TSMC, have been eliminated upon consolidation; therefore those items are not disclosed in this note. The following is a summary of significant transactions between the Company and other related parties:

a. Related party name and categories

Related Party Name	Related Party Categories		
GUC	Associates		
VIS	Associates		
SSMC	Associates		
Xintec	Associates		
Mutual-Pak	Associates		
TSMC Education and Culture Foundation	Other related parties		
TSMC Charity Foundation	Other related parties		

b. Net revenue

		Years Ended December 31	
		2017	2016
<u>Item</u>	Related Party Categories		
Net revenue from sale of goods	Associates Other related parties	\$ 8,495,937 133	\$ 5,929,141
		<u>\$ 8,496,070</u>	\$ 5,929,141
Net revenue from royalties	Associates	<u>\$ 482,537</u>	<u>\$ 516,749</u>

c. Purchases

			Years Ended December 31	
			2017	2016
	Related Party Categories			
	Associates		\$ 9,904,637	\$ 10,108,210
d.	Receivables from related parties			
			December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
	<u>Item</u>	Related Party Name/Categories		
	Receivables from related parties	GUC Xintec	\$ 1,022,892 161,232	\$ 969,136 423
			<u>\$ 1,184,124</u>	\$ 969,559
	Other receivables from related parties	SSMC VIS Other Associates	\$ 83,099 78,141 9,818	\$ 60,641 86,038 109
			<u>\$ 171,058</u>	<u>\$ 146,788</u>
e.	Payables to related parties			
			December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
	<u>Item</u>	Related Party Name/Categories		
	Payables to related parties	Xintec VIS SSMC Other Associates	\$ 817,930 409,950 406,959 21,517 \$ 1,656,356	\$ 124,541 587,407 506,121 44,105 \$ 1,262,174
f.	Others			
			Years Ended	December 31
			2017	2016
	<u>Item</u>	Related Party Categories		
	Manufacturing expenses	Associates	\$ 2,196,141	\$ 1,389,164
	Research and development expenses	Associates	\$ 69,841	<u>\$ 161,735</u>
	General and administrative expenses	Other related parties	<u>\$ 101,500</u>	\$ 60,000

The sales prices and payment terms to related parties were not significantly different from those of sales to third parties. For other related party transactions, price and terms were determined in accordance with mutual agreements.

The Company leased factory and office from associates. The lease terms and prices were both determined in accordance with mutual agreements. The rental expenses were paid to associates monthly; the related expenses were both classified under manufacturing expenses.

The Company deferred the disposal gain/loss derived from sales of property, plant and equipment to related parties (transactions with associates), and then recognized such gain/loss over the depreciable lives of the disposed assets.

g. Compensation of key management personnel

The compensation to directors and other key management personnel for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

	Years Ended December 31		
	2017	2016	
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	\$ 2,170,280 3,727	\$ 2,023,971 3,992	
	<u>\$ 2,174,007</u>	<u>\$ 2,027,963</u>	

The compensation to directors and other key management personnel were determined by the Compensation Committee of TSMC in accordance with the individual performance and the market trends.

35. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Company provided certificate of deposits recorded in other financial assets as collateral mainly for building lease agreements. As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the aforementioned other financial assets amounted to NT\$165,618 thousand and NT\$185,698 thousand, respectively.

36. SIGNIFICANT OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

The Company's major significant operating leases are arrangements on several parcels of land, machinery and equipment and office premises.

The Company expensed the lease payments as follows:

	Years Ended	Years Ended December 31		
	2017	2016		
Minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 2,178,054</u>	<u>\$ 1,135,735</u>		

Future minimum lease payments under the above non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Not later than 1 year Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years Later than 5 years	\$ 3,116,209 5,174,729 8,905,848	\$ 1,321,546 3,677,432 6,623,957
	<u>\$ 17,196,786</u>	<u>\$ 11,622,935</u>

37. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED COMMITMENTS

Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized commitments of the Company as of the end of the reporting period, excluding those disclosed in other notes, were as follows:

- a. Under a technical cooperation agreement with Industrial Technology Research Institute, the R.O.C. Government or its designee approved by TSMC can use up to 35% of TSMC's capacity provided TSMC's outstanding commitments to its customers are not prejudiced. The term of this agreement is for five years beginning from January 1, 1987 and is automatically renewed for successive periods of five years unless otherwise terminated by either party with one year prior notice. As of December 31, 2017, the R.O.C. Government did not invoke such right.
- b. Under a Shareholders Agreement entered into with Philips and EDB Investments Pte Ltd. on March 30, 1999, the parties formed a joint venture company, SSMC, which is an integrated circuit foundry in Singapore. TSMC's equity interest in SSMC was 32%. Nevertheless, in September 2006, Philips spun-off its semiconductor subsidiary which was renamed as NXP B.V. Further, TSMC and NXP B.V. purchased all the SSMC shares owned by EDB Investments Pte Ltd. pro rata according to the Shareholders Agreement on November 15, 2006. After the purchase, TSMC and NXP B.V. currently own approximately 39% and 61% of the SSMC shares, respectively. TSMC and NXP B.V. are required, in the aggregate, to purchase at least 70% of SSMC's capacity, but TSMC alone is not required to purchase more than 28% of the capacity. If any party defaults on the commitment and the capacity utilization of SSMC falls below a specific percentage of its capacity, the defaulting party is required to compensate SSMC for all related unavoidable costs. There was no default from the aforementioned commitment as of December 31, 2017.
- c. TSMC joined the Customer Co-Investment Program of ASML and entered into the investment agreement in August 2012. The agreement includes an investment of EUR837,816 thousand by TSMC Global to acquire 5% of ASML's equity with a lock-up period of 2.5 years. TSMC Global has acquired the aforementioned equity on October 31, 2012. The lock-up period expired on May 1, 2015 and as of October 8, 2015, all ASML shares had been disposed.
 - Both parties also signed the research and development funding agreement whereby TSMC shall provide EUR276,000 thousand to ASML's research and development programs from 2013 to 2017. As of September 30, 2017, the amount has been fully paid.
- d. In May 2017, Mr. Uri Cohen filed a complaint in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Texas alleging that TSMC, TSMC North America and other companies infringe four U.S. patents. In response, TSMC and TSMC North America filed a declaratory judgment complaint against Cohen in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California seeking a judgment declaring that there is no infringement of the same four patents. TSMC also filed a motion to transfer Cohen's lawsuit in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Texas to the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California. Cohen agreed to the transfer, and as of December 2017, the cases are consolidated and pending in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California. The outcome cannot be determined and the Company cannot make a reliable estimate of the contingent liability at this time.

- e. On September 28, 2017, TSMC was contacted by the European Commission ("Commission") for information and documents concerning alleged anti-competitive practices of TSMC in relation to semiconductor sales. This proceeding is still in its preliminary stage, and it is premature to predict how the case will proceed, the outcome of the proceeding or its impact. TSMC will continue to cooperate fully with the Commission.
- f. TSMC entered into long-term purchase agreements of silicon wafer with multiple suppliers. The relative minimum purchase quantity and price are specified in the agreements.
- g. Amounts available under unused letters of credit as of December 31, 2017 and 2016 were NT\$94,909 thousand and NT\$122,356 thousand, respectively.

38. SIGNIFICANT LOSS FROM DISASTER

On February 6, 2016, an earthquake struck Taiwan. The resulting damage was mostly to inventories and equipment. The Company recognized earthquake losses of NT\$2,492,138 thousand, net of insurance claim, for the year ended December 31, 2016. Such losses were primarily included in cost of revenue. The related insurance claim was finalized in the first quarter of 2017, and the accumulated earthquake losses were NT\$2,386,824 thousand, net of insurance claim. The Company recognized a reduction of such losses of NT\$105,314 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2017.

39. EXCHANGE RATE INFORMATION OF FOREIGN-CURRENCY FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The following information was summarized according to the foreign currencies other than the functional currency of the Company. The exchange rates disclosed were used to translate the foreign currencies into the functional currency. The significant financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

	Foreign Currencies (In Thousands)	Exchange Rate (Note 1)	Carrying Amount (In Thousands)
<u>December 31, 2017</u>			
Financial assets			
Monetary items USD USD EUR JPY Non-monetary items HKD	\$ 5,668,611 580,555 236,474 34,335,661 285,336	29.659 6.512 (Note 2) 35.45 0.2629	\$ 168,125,342 17,218,674 8,383,015 9,026,845 1,084,276
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items USD EUR JPY	4,048,384 415,819 43,205,838	29.659 35.45 0.2629	120,071,030 14,740,766 11,358,815 (Continued)

	Foreign Currencies (In Thousands)	Exchange Rate (Note 1)	Carrying Amount (In Thousands)
<u>December 31, 2016</u>			
Financial assets			
Monetary items			
USD	\$ 5,042,715	32.199	\$ 162,370,381
EUR	19,556	34.30	670,767
JPY	37,024,347	0.2775	10,274,256
Non-monetary items			
HKD	257,056	4.15	1,066,780
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items			
USD	4,000,930	32.199	128,825,952
EUR	183,922	34.30	6,308,513
JPY	61,062,114	0.2775	16,944,737
			(Concluded)

Note 1: Except as otherwise noted, exchange rate represents the number of N.T. dollars for which one foreign currency could be exchanged.

Note 2: The exchange rate represents the number of RMB for which one USD dollars could be exchanged.

Please refer to the consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the total of realized and unrealized foreign exchange gain and loss for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Since there were varieties of foreign currency transactions and functional currencies within the subsidiaries of the Company, the Company was unable to disclose foreign exchange gain (loss) towards each foreign currency with significant impact.

40. OPERATING SEGMENTS INFORMATION

a. Operating segments, segment revenue and operating results

From 2016, the Company has only one operating segment, the foundry segment. The foundry segment engages mainly in the manufacturing, selling, packaging, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices and the manufacturing of masks.

The Company uses the income from operations as the measurement for the basis of performance assessment. The basis for such measurement is the same as that for the preparation of financial statements. Please refer to the consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the related segment revenue and operating results.

b. Geographic information

Net Revenue from External

	Custo	omer	s	Non-curr	ent A	Assets
	 Years Ended	Dece	ember 31	December 31,	Γ	December 31,
	 2017		2016	2017		2016
Taiwan	\$ 90,129,390	\$	127,062,984	\$ 1,027,963,202	\$	991,567,870
United States	620,948,718		610,371,107	7,515,835		8,245,054
Asia	194,477,093		146,907,470	44,213,422		14,071,364
Europe, the Middle East and						
Africa	68,538,366		58,042,311	8,123		8,677
Others	 3,353,674		5,554,472	_		<u>-</u>
	\$ 977,447,241	\$	947,938,344	\$1,079,700,582	<u>\$</u>	1,013,892,965

The Company categorized the net revenue mainly based on the country in which the customer is headquartered. Non-current assets include property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and other noncurrent assets.

c. Production information

	Years Ended	December 31
Production	2017	2016
Wafer Others	\$ 874,572,620 102,874,621	\$ 861,170,855 <u>86,767,489</u>
	<u>\$ 977,447,241</u>	\$ 947,938,344

Starting in 2017, revenue from packaging and testing services is reclassified from wafer revenue to other revenue. To have consistent comparative basis, the Company had revised prior year classification.

d. Major customers representing at least 10% of net revenue

	Year	s Ended	December 31	
	2017		2016	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Customer A	\$ 214,228,766	22	\$ 157,185,418	17
Customer B	64,096,227	7	107,463,238	11

41. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

Following are the additional disclosures required by the Securities and Futures Bureau for TSMC:

- a. Financings provided: Please see Table 1 attached;
- b. Endorsement/guarantee provided: Please see Table 2 attached;
- c. Marketable securities held (excluding investments in subsidiaries and associates): Please see Table 3 attached;
- d. Marketable securities acquired and disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Please see Table 4 attached;

- e. Acquisition of individual real estate properties at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Please see Table 5 attached;
- f. Disposal of individual real estate properties at prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None;
- g. Total purchases from or sales to related parties of at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Please see Table 6 attached;
- h. Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Please see Table 7 attached:
- i. Information about the derivative financial instruments transaction: Please see Notes 7 and 10;
- j. Others: The business relationship between the parent and the subsidiaries and significant transactions between them: Please see Table 8 attached;
- k. Names, locations, and related information of investees over which TSMC exercises significant influence (excluding information on investment in mainland China): Please see Table 9 attached;
- 1. Information on investment in mainland China
 - 1) The name of the investee in mainland China, the main businesses and products, its issued capital, method of investment, information on inflow or outflow of capital, percentage of ownership, income (losses) of the investee, share of profits/losses of investee, ending balance, amount received as dividends from the investee, and the limitation on investee: Please see Table 10 attached.
 - 2) Significant direct or indirect transactions with the investee, its prices and terms of payment, unrealized gain or loss, and other related information which is helpful to understand the impact of investment in mainland China on financial reports: Please see Table 8 attached.

FINANCINGS PROVIDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

						Maximum	Ending Balance	Amount Actually						Coll	ateral	Financing Limits	Financing
N	0.	Financing Company	Counter-party	Financial Statement Account	Related Party	Balance for the Period (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) (Note 3)	(Foreign	Drawn (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Interest Rate	Nature for Financing (Note 4)	Transaction Amounts	Reason for Financing (Note 4)	Allowance for Bad Debt	Item	Value	for Each	Company's Total Financing Amount Limits (Notes 1 and 2)
1	Т	TSMC China	TSMC Nanjing	Other receivables from related parties	Yes	\$ 20,950,700 (RMB 4,600,000)	\$ 20,950,700 (RMB 4,600,000)			The need for short-term / long-term financing	\$ -	Operating capital	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ 51,161,815	\$ 51,161,815
2	2 T	TSMC Global	TSMC	Other receivables from related parties	Yes	(US\$ 1,500,000)	44,488,500	-		The need for short-term financing	-	Operating capital	-	-	-	309,211,877	309,211,877

- Note 1: The total amount available for lending purpose shall not exceed the net worth of TSMC China. The total amount for lending for a short-term period shall not exceed the net worth of TSMC China. In addition, the total amount lendable to any one borrower shall be no more than thirty percent (30%) of the borrower's net worth. The above restriction does not apply to the subsidiaries whose voting shares are 100% owned, directly or indirectly, by TSMC. However, the total amount lendable to any such subsidiary of TSMC shall not exceed forty percent (40%) of the net worth of TSMC China. When there is a lending for funding needs by TSMC China to TSMC, or to the subsidiaries whose voting shares are 100% owned, directly or indirectly, by TSMC, which are not located in Taiwan, the lending will not be subject to the restriction set forth in the above paragraph of this Article. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the aggregate amount available for lending to such borrowers and the total amount lendable to each of such borrowers still shall not exceed the net worth of TSMC China.
- Note 2: The total amount available for lending purpose shall not exceed the net worth of TSMC Global. The total amount for lending to a company for funding for a short-term period shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the net worth of TSMC Global. In addition, the total amount lendable to any one borrower shall be no more than thirty percent (30%) of the borrower's net worth. While TSMC, or foreign subsidiaries whose voting shares are 100% owned, directly or indirectly, by TSMC will not be subject to this restriction, their total borrowing amount still shall not exceed the net worth of TSMC Global. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the aggregate amount for lending to Taiwan companies other than TSMC shall not exceed forty percent (40%) of the net worth of TSMC Global.
- The maximum balance for the period and ending balance represent the amounts approved by the Board of Directors.
- The restriction of the term of each loan for funding not exceeding one year shall not apply to inter-company loans for funding between offshore subsidiaries in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares.

ENDORSEMENTS/GUARANTEES PROVIDED

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

		Guarant	teed Party	Limits on					Ratio of				
No	Endorsement/ Guarantee Provider	Name	Nature of Relationship	Endorsement/ Guarantee Amount Provided to Each Guaranteed Party (Notes 1 and 2)	Maximum Balance for the Period (US\$ in Thousands) (Note 3)	Ending Balance (US\$ in Thousands) (Note 3)	Amount Actually Drawn (US\$ in Thousands)	Amount of Endorsement/ Guarantee Collateralized by Properties	Accumulated Endorsement/ Guarantee to Net	Maximum Endorsement/ Guarantee Amount Allowable (Note 2)	Guarantee Provided by Parent Company	Guarantee Provided by A Subsidiary	Guarantee Provided to Subsidiaries in Mainland China
0	TSMC	TSMC Global TSMC North America	Subsidiary Subsidiary	\$ 380,514,383 380,514,383	\$ 34,107,850 (US\$ 1,150,000) 2,468,023 (US\$ 83,213)	2,468,023	\$ 34,107,850 (US\$ 1,150,000) 2,468,023 (US\$ 83,213)	- -	2.24% 0.16%	\$ 380,514,383 380,514,383	Yes Yes	No No	No No

Note 1: The total amount of the guarantee provided by TSMC to any individual entity shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of TSMC's net worth, or the net worth of such entity. However, subsidiaries whose voting shares are 100% owned, directly or indirectly, by TSMC are not subject to the above restrictions after the approval of the Board of Directors.

Note 2: The total amount of guarantee shall not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of TSMC's net worth.

Note 3: The maximum balance for the period and ending balance represent the amounts approved by the Board of Directors.

MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD
DECEMBER 31, 2017
(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

TSMC Partners Co Tel Mc TSMC Global TSMC Global Co Mc Ba JPP Go Cit AT For Ve BA Ap PN Cre An Ty Soo Ab Ass Mi Ca Ca					December	r 51, 2017		
Held Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Name	Relationship with the Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Note
rsmc	Common stock							
isivic	Motech	_	Available-for-sale financial assets	58,320	\$ 1,309,279	12	\$ 1,309,279	
	Semiconductor Manufacturing International Corporation	_	"	21,105	1,084,276	-	1,084,276	
	United Industrial Gases Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets carried at cost	21,230	193,584	10	193,584	
	Shin-Etsu Handotai Taiwan Co., Ltd.	_	"	10,500	105,000	7	105,000	
	Global Investment Holding Inc.	_	"	11,124	99,041	6	99,041	
	W.K. Technology Fund IV	_	"	1,152	4,041	2	4,041	
	Will recline logy rand r			1,132	1,011	-	1,011	
	<u>Fund</u>							
	Horizon Ventures Fund	-	Financial assets carried at cost	-	6,975	12	6,975	
	Crimson Asia Capital	-	"	-	6,410	1	6,410	
SMC Partners	Common stock							
SIVIC I AIUICIS	Common stock Tela Innovations	_	Financial assets carried at cost	10,440	US\$ 65,000	25	US\$ 65,000	
	Mcube Inc.	_	"	6,333		12	- 05,000	
	nicute inc.			0,333		12		
	<u>Fund</u>							
	China Walden Venture Investments II, L.P.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	-	US\$ 8,607	9	US\$ 8,607	
	Shanghai Walden Venture Capital Enterprise	-	"	-	US\$ 4,270	6	US\$ 4,270	
SMC Global	Corporate bond							
SWC Global	Morgan Stanley		Available-for-sale financial assets	_	US\$ 43,115	N/A	US\$ 43,115	
	Bank of America Corp	_	Available-101-sale illianetal assets	_	US\$ 42,703	N/A	US\$ 42,703	
	JPMorgan Chase & Co		"		US\$ 40,101	N/A	US\$ 40,101	
	Goldman Sachs Group Inc/The	_	"	_	US\$ 38,465	N/A	US\$ 38,465	
	Citigroup Inc	_	"	_	US\$ 29,911	N/A	US\$ 29,911	
	AT&T Inc	_	"	_	US\$ 26,867	N/A	US\$ 26,867	
	Ford Motor Credit Co LLC	_	"	_	US\$ 18,533	N/A	US\$ 18,533	
	Verizon Communications Inc	-	"	_	US\$ 18,298	N/A	US\$ 18,298	
	BAT Capital Corp	_	"	_	US\$ 17,024	N/A	US\$ 17,024	
	Apple Inc	_	"	_	US\$ 16,463	N/A	US\$ 16,463	
	PNC Bank NA	-	"	_	US\$ 14,412	N/A	US\$ 14,412	
	Credit Suisse AG/New York NY	-	"	-	US\$ 13,623	N/A	US\$ 13,623	
	Anheuser-Busch InBev Finance Inc	-	"	-	US\$ 13,406	N/A	US\$ 13,406	
	Tyson Foods Inc	-	"	-	US\$ 12,214	N/A	US\$ 12,214	
	Southern Co/The	-	"	-	US\$ 12,015	N/A	US\$ 12,015	
	AbbVie Inc	-	"	-	US\$ 11,097	N/A	US\$ 11,097	
	Asian Development Bank	-	"	-	US\$ 11,073	N/A	US\$ 11,073	
	Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group Inc	-	"	-	US\$ 10,791	N/A	US\$ 10,791	
	Capital One NA/Mclean VA	-	"	-	US\$ 10,465	N/A	US\$ 10,465	
	Westpac Banking Corp	-	"	-	US\$ 10,464	N/A	US\$ 10,464	
	Cardinal Health Inc	-	"	-	US\$ 10,383	N/A	US\$ 10,383	
	BP Capital Markets PLC	-	"	-	US\$ 10,264	N/A	US\$ 10,264	
	CVS Health Corp	-	"	-	US\$ 10,018	N/A	US\$ 10,018	
	Wells Fargo & Co	-	"	-	US\$ 9,868	N/A	US\$ 9,868	
	Svenska Handelsbanken AB	-	"	-	US\$ 9,862	N/A	US\$ 9,862	
	Aviation Capital Group Corp	-	"	-	US\$ 9,620	N/A	US\$ 9,620	
	American International Group Inc	-	"	-	US\$ 9,410	N/A	US\$ 9,410	
	Sumitomo Mitsui Financial Group Inc	-	"	-	US\$ 9,396	N/A	US\$ 9,396	
	Microsoft Corp	-	"	-	US\$ 9,301	N/A	US\$ 9,301	

					Decembe	r 31, 2017		
ERA Don Hew Ven Duk Dair Inter Hun Orac UBS ANZ Torc Deu ABN Sien Banc Recl Barc Hyu Air I Mar 21st QUA Citiz Fiftl Skar Mizz Reli Banc Dow Banl	Marketable Securities Type and Name	Relationship with the Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	N
SMC Global	HSBC Holdings PLC	_	Available-for-sale financial assets	_	US\$ 9,099	N/A	US\$ 9,099	
SWIC Global	ERAC USA Finance LLC	<u>-</u>	Available-101-sale illianetal assets		US\$ 8,759	N/A	US\$ 8,759	
	Dominion Energy Inc	<u>_</u>	"	_	US\$ 8,626	N/A	US\$ 8,626	
	Hewlett Packard Enterprise Co		ıı .	_	US\$ 8,604	N/A	US\$ 8,604	
	Ventas Realty LP/Ventas Capital Corp	<u>-</u>	ıı .	_	US\$ 8,506	N/A	US\$ 8,506	
	Duke Energy Corp	_	ıı .	_	US\$ 8,337	N/A N/A	US\$ 8,337	
	Daimler Finance North America LLC		ıı .		US\$ 8,041	N/A	US\$ 8,041	
	International Bank for Reconstruction & Development	-	n n	_	US\$ 7,992	N/A N/A	US\$ 7,992	
	Huntington National Bank/The	-	"	-	US\$ 7,873	N/A N/A	US\$ 7,873	
	Oracle Corp	-	"	-	US\$ 7,794	N/A N/A	US\$ 7,794	
		-	"	-				
	UBS Group Funding Switzerland AG	-	"	-	US\$ 7,505	N/A	US\$ 7,505	
	ANZ New Zealand Int'l Ltd/London	-		-	US\$ 7,353	N/A	US\$ 7,353	
	Toronto-Dominion Bank/The	-	<u>"</u>	-	US\$ 7,327	N/A	US\$ 7,327	
	Deutsche Telekom International Finance BV	-	"	-	US\$ 7,252	N/A	US\$ 7,252	
	ABN AMRO Bank NV	-	<u>"</u>	-	US\$ 7,100	N/A	US\$ 7,100	
	Siemens Financieringsmaatschappij NV	-	"	-	US\$ 7,073	N/A	US\$ 7,073	
	Banque Federative du Credit Mutuel SA	-	"	-	US\$ 7,072	N/A	US\$ 7,072	
	Reckitt Benckiser Treasury Services PLC	-	"	-	US\$ 7,010	N/A	US\$ 7,010	
	Barclays PLC	-	"	-	US\$ 6,994	N/A	US\$ 6,994	
	Hyundai Capital America	-	"	-	US\$ 6,971	N/A	US\$ 6,971	
	Air Lease Corp	-	"	-	US\$ 6,971	N/A	US\$ 6,971	
	Marriott International Inc/MD	-	"	-	US\$ 6,900	N/A	US\$ 6,900	
	21st Century Fox America Inc	-	"	-	US\$ 6,882	N/A	US\$ 6,882	
	QUALCOMM Inc	-	"	-	US\$ 6,866	N/A	US\$ 6,866	
	Citizens Bank NA/Providence RI	<u>-</u>	"	_	US\$ 6,726	N/A	US\$ 6,726	
	Fifth Third Bancorp	_	"	_	US\$ 6,543	N/A	US\$ 6,543	
	Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB	_	"	_	US\$ 6,531	N/A	US\$ 6,531	
	Mizuho Financial Group Inc	_	ıı .	_	US\$ 6,484	N/A	US\$ 6,484	
	Reliance Standard Life Global Funding II	_	n n	_	US\$ 6,483	N/A N/A	US\$ 6,483	
	Banco Santander SA	-	n n	_	US\$ 6,347	N/A N/A	US\$ 6,347	
	Dow Chemical Co/The	-	"		US\$ 6,336	N/A N/A	US\$ 6,336	
		-	,,	-				
	Bank of New York Mellon Corp/The	-	,,	-	US\$ 6,306	N/A		
	Welltower Inc	-		-	US\$ 6,301	N/A	US\$ 6,301	
	Santander UK Group Holdings PLC	-	"	-	US\$ 6,219	N/A	US\$ 6,219	
	Celgene Corp	-	"	-	US\$ 6,181	N/A	US\$ 6,181	
	Northrop Grumman Corp	-	"	-	US\$ 6,180	N/A	US\$ 6,180	
	SMBC Aviation Capital Finance DAC	-	"	-	US\$ 5,938	N/A	US\$ 5,938	
	Manufacturers & Traders Trust Co	-	"	-	US\$ 5,925	N/A	US\$ 5,925	
	KeyCorp	-	"	-	US\$ 5,901	N/A	US\$ 5,901	
	UBS AG/London	-	"	-	US\$ 5,858	N/A	US\$ 5,858	
	NextEra Energy Capital Holdings Inc	-	"	-	US\$ 5,847	N/A	US\$ 5,847	
	Schlumberger Holdings Corp	-	"	-	US\$ 5,769	N/A	US\$ 5,769	
	Danone SA	-	"	-	US\$ 5,768	N/A	US\$ 5,768	
	Aspen Insurance Holdings Ltd	-	"	-	US\$ 5,723	N/A	US\$ 5,723	
	Santander UK PLC	-	n .	_	US\$ 5,675	N/A	US\$ 5,675	
	Toyota Motor Credit Corp	_	n .	_	US\$ 5,643	N/A	US\$ 5,643	
	Penske Truck Leasing Co Lp/PTL Finance Corp	_	"	_	US\$ 5,605	N/A	US\$ 5,605	
	Nordea Bank AB	_	"	_	US\$ 5,571	N/A	US\$ 5,571	
	ITC Holdings Corp	_	"	_	US\$ 5,536	N/A	US\$ 5,536	
	McCormick & Co Inc/MD		n n	-	US\$ 5,297	N/A N/A	US\$ 5,297	
	Montpelier Re Holdings Ltd	_	n n		US\$ 5,259	N/A N/A	US\$ 5,259	
		_	"	-			US\$ 5,243	
	Amgen Inc	-	"	-		N/A		
	Jackson National Life Global Funding	-		-	US\$ 5,145	N/A	US\$ 5,145	
	Branch Banking & Trust Co	-	" "	-	US\$ 5,089	N/A	US\$ 5,089	
	Cigna Corp	-	"	-	US\$ 5,065	N/A	US\$ 5,065	
	Rockwell Collins Inc	-	"	-	US\$ 5,043	N/A	US\$ 5,043	
	KeyBank NA/Cleveland OH	-	"	-	US\$ 5,032	N/A	US\$ 5,032	
	UBS AG/Stamford CT	-	"	-	US\$ 5,005	N/A	US\$ 5,005	
	International Finance Corp	-	"	-	US\$ 5,000	N/A	US\$ 5,000	
	*						·	1

					December	r 31, 2017	1	
Held Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Name	Relationship with the Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	No
SMC Global	Analog Devices Inc	_	Available-for-sale financial assets	_	US\$ 4,948	N/A	US\$ 4,948	
Sivic Global	US Bancorp	- -	"	_	US\$ 4,935	N/A	US\$ 4,935	
	Cox Communications Inc	-	n n	_	US\$ 4,917	N/A	US\$ 4,917	
	Macquarie Group Ltd	_	n n	_	US\$ 4,908	N/A	US\$ 4,908	
	Five Corners Funding Trust	-	n n	_	US\$ 4,819	N/A	US\$ 4,819	
	American Express Credit Corp	_	n n	_	US\$ 4,782	N/A	US\$ 4,782	
	Air Liquide Finance SA	_	n n	_	US\$ 4,740	N/A	US\$ 4,740	
	Shell International Finance BV	_	"	_	US\$ 4,735	N/A	US\$ 4,735	
	Citibank NA	_	"	_	US\$ 4,724	N/A	US\$ 4,724	
	European Investment Bank	_	n n	_	US\$ 4,689	N/A	US\$ 4,689	
	Ontario Teachers' Cadillac Fairview Properties Trust	_	n n	_	US\$ 4,659	N/A	US\$ 4,659	
	SunTrust Banks Inc	-	n n	_	US\$ 4,642	N/A N/A	US\$ 4,642	
	Lam Research Corp	-	"		US\$ 4,587	N/A N/A	US\$ 4,587	
		-	"	-				
	AEP Texas Inc Ryder System Inc	-	"	-	US\$ 4,583 US\$ 4,472	N/A N/A	US\$ 4,583 US\$ 4,472	
		-	"	-	US\$ 4,472 US\$ 4,446	N/A N/A		
	New York Life Global Funding	-	"	-	US\$ 4,446 US\$ 4,391	N/A N/A		
	Royal Bank of Canada	-	"	-				
	US Bank NA/Cincinnati OH	-	"	-	US\$ 4,367	N/A	US\$ 4,367	
	Lloyds Bank PLC	-		-	US\$ 4,208	N/A	US\$ 4,208	
	Enterprise Products Operating LLC	-	"	-	US\$ 4,119	N/A	US\$ 4,119	
	Exelon Generation Co LLC	-	"	-	US\$ 4,098	N/A	US\$ 4,098	
	Intel Corp	-	"	-	US\$ 3,990	N/A	US\$ 3,990	
In	Mondelez International Holdings Netherlands BV	-	"	-	US\$ 3,982	N/A	US\$ 3,982	
	Intercontinental Exchange Inc	-	"	-	US\$ 3,961	N/A	US\$ 3,961	
	BB&T Corp	-	"	-	US\$ 3,939	N/A	US\$ 3,939	
	Edison International	-	"	-	US\$ 3,911	N/A	US\$ 3,911	
	Wells Fargo Bank NA	-	"	_	US\$ 3,888	N/A	US\$ 3,888	
	Express Scripts Holding Co	-	"	_	US\$ 3,864	N/A	US\$ 3,864	
	Bank of Nova Scotia	-	"	_	US\$ 3,825	N/A	US\$ 3,825	
	Suncorp-Metway Ltd	-	"	_	US\$ 3,787	N/A	US\$ 3,787	
	Husky Energy Inc	_	"	_	US\$ 3,738	N/A	US\$ 3,738	
	Alimentation Couche-Tard Inc	_	"	_	US\$ 3,736	N/A	US\$ 3,736	
	Credit Agricole SA/London		· ·	_	US\$ 3,663	N/A	US\$ 3,663	
	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce	_	"	_	US\$ 3,609	N/A	US\$ 3,609	
	Pacific Gas & Electric Co	<u>-</u>	"	_	US\$ 3,587	N/A	US\$ 3,587	
	Protective Life Global Funding	-	,,		US\$ 3,574	N/A N/A	US\$ 3,574	
	· ·	-	"	-				
	Nuveen Finance LLC	-	"	-	US\$ 3,568	N/A	US\$ 3,568	
	SES GLOBAL Americas Holdings GP	-		-	US\$ 3,521	N/A	US\$ 3,521	
	LyondellBasell Industries NV	-	"	-	US\$ 3,515	N/A	US\$ 3,515	
	Sprint Spectrum Co LLC/Sprint Spectrum Co II LLC/Sprint	-	"	-	US\$ 3,481	N/A	US\$ 3,481	
	Spectrum Co III LLC							
	Kroger Co/The	-	"	-	US\$ 3,360	N/A	US\$ 3,360	
	State Street Corp	-	"	-	US\$ 3,355	N/A	US\$ 3,355	
	Digital Realty Trust LP	-	"	-	US\$ 3,225	N/A	US\$ 3,225	
	DXC Technology Co	-	"	-	US\$ 3,122	N/A	US\$ 3,122	
	BNP Paribas SA	-	"	-	US\$ 3,115	N/A	US\$ 3,115	
	Anheuser-Busch InBev Worldwide Inc	-	"	-	US\$ 3,020	N/A	US\$ 3,020	
	Macquarie Bank Ltd	-	"	-	US\$ 3,012	N/A	US\$ 3,012	
Tim Ene Anti	Time Warner Inc	-	"	-	US\$ 2,995	N/A	US\$ 2,995	
	Enel Finance International NV	-	"	-	US\$ 2,990	N/A	US\$ 2,990	
	Anthem Inc	-	"	_	US\$ 2,924	N/A	US\$ 2,924	
	Aetna Inc	-	"	_	US\$ 2,882	N/A	US\$ 2,882	
	Delta Air Lines 2007-1 Class A Pass Through Trust	-	"	_	US\$ 2,865	N/A	US\$ 2,865	
	Lloyds Banking Group PLC	_	11	_	US\$ 2,777	N/A	US\$ 2,777	
	BMW US Capital LLC	- -	"	_	US\$ 2,719	N/A N/A	US\$ 2,719	
	AutoZone Inc	-	"		US\$ 2,719 US\$ 2,693	N/A N/A	US\$ 2,693	
		-	"	-				
	Fifth Third Bank/Cincinnati OH	-		-	US\$ 2,689	N/A	US\$ 2,689	
	PartnerRe Finance B LLC	-		-	US\$ 2,657	N/A	US\$ 2,657	
	NiSource Finance Corp	<u>-</u>	"	_	US\$ 2,589	N/A	US\$ 2,589	1

					December	31, 2017		
Held Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Name	Relationship with the Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	No
MC Global	Realty Income Corp		Available-for-sale financial assets		US\$ 2,556	N/A	US\$ 2,556	
WC Global	Metropolitan Life Global Funding I	-	Available-for-sale illialicial assets	-	US\$ 2,530 US\$ 2,519	N/A N/A	US\$ 2,530 US\$ 2,519	
	Capital One Financial Corp	-	"	_	US\$ 2,519 US\$ 2,501	N/A N/A	US\$ 2,519 US\$ 2,501	
	Credit Suisse Group Funding Guernsey Ltd	-	"	-	US\$ 2,490	N/A N/A	US\$ 2,490	
	Wm Wrigley Jr Co	- -	"	-	US\$ 2,490 US\$ 2,489	N/A N/A	US\$ 2,490 US\$ 2,489	
	UnitedHealth Group Inc	- -	"	-	US\$ 2,489 US\$ 2,485	N/A N/A		
	Eastman Chemical Co	-	"	-			US\$ 2,485	
		-	,,	-	US\$ 2,439	N/A	US\$ 2,439	
	Xylem Inc/NY	-	"	-	US\$ 2,426	N/A	US\$ 2,426	
	EI du Pont de Nemours & Co	-		-	US\$ 2,337	N/A	US\$ 2,337	
	NBCUniversal Media LLC	-	<u>"</u>	-	US\$ 2,331	N/A	US\$ 2,331	
	National Australia Bank Ltd/New York	-	"	-	US\$ 2,317	N/A	US\$ 2,317	
	Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ Ltd/The	-	"	-	US\$ 2,301	N/A	US\$ 2,301	
	Simon Property Group LP	-	"	-	US\$ 2,300	N/A	US\$ 2,300	
	Voya Financial Inc	-	"	-	US\$ 2,289	N/A	US\$ 2,289	
	Kimco Realty Corp	-	"	-	US\$ 2,280	N/A	US\$ 2,280	
	ING Groep NV	-	"	-	US\$ 2,241	N/A	US\$ 2,241	
	Inter American Development Bank	-	"	-	US\$ 2,227	N/A	US\$ 2,227	
	Cintas Corp No 2	-	"	-	US\$ 2,218	N/A	US\$ 2,218	
	Pricoa Global Funding I	-	"	-	US\$ 2,206	N/A	US\$ 2,206	
	ProAssurance Corp	-	"	-	US\$ 2,150	N/A	US\$ 2,150	
ProAssur WR Berl Bank of HCP Inc Sysco Co British T Johnson Danske I America	WR Berkley Corp	-	"	-	US\$ 2,136	N/A	US\$ 2,136	
	Bank of Montreal	-	"	-	US\$ 2,130	N/A	US\$ 2,130	
	HCP Inc	-	"	-	US\$ 2,113	N/A	US\$ 2,113	
	Sysco Corp	-	"	_	US\$ 2,005	N/A	US\$ 2,005	
	British Telecommunications PLC	-	"	_	US\$ 2,002	N/A	US\$ 2,002	
	Johnson Controls International plc	_	"	_	US\$ 2,001	N/A	US\$ 2,001	
	Danske Bank A/S	_	"	_	US\$ 1,962	N/A	US\$ 1,962	
	American Airlines 2013-2 Class A Pass Through Trust	_	"	_	US\$ 1,960	N/A	US\$ 1,960	
	Duke Realty LP	_	"		US\$ 1,954	N/A	US\$ 1,954	
	Stryker Corp	-	"	_	US\$ 1,947	N/A N/A	US\$ 1,947	
	BPCE SA	-	"	_	US\$ 1,947 US\$ 1,924	N/A N/A	US\$ 1,947 US\$ 1,924	
	Magellan Midstream Partners LP	-	"	-	US\$ 1,924 US\$ 1,920	N/A N/A	US\$ 1,924 US\$ 1,920	
		- -	"	-				
	Societe Generale SA	-		-	US\$ 1,913	N/A	US\$ 1,913	
	Bear Stearns Cos LLC/The	-	ü,	-	US\$ 1,908	N/A	US\$ 1,908	
	SunTrust Bank/Atlanta GA	-	"	-	US\$ 1,836	N/A	US\$ 1,836	
	WestRock RKT Co	-	"	-	US\$ 1,832	N/A	US\$ 1,832	
	Orange SA	-	"	-	US\$ 1,831	N/A	US\$ 1,831	
	Philip Morris International Inc	-	"	-	US\$ 1,809	N/A	US\$ 1,809	
	Australia & New Zealand Banking Group Ltd/New York NY	-	"	-	US\$ 1,794	N/A	US\$ 1,794	
	Brambles USA Inc	-	"	-	US\$ 1,791	N/A	US\$ 1,791	
	State Grid Overseas Investment Ltd	-	"	-	US\$ 1,775	N/A	US\$ 1,775	
	Visa Inc	-	"	-	US\$ 1,773	N/A	US\$ 1,773	
	Dominion Energy Gas Holdings LLC	-	"	-	US\$ 1,762	N/A	US\$ 1,762	
	United Technologies Corp	-	"	-	US\$ 1,761	N/A	US\$ 1,761	
	Regency Centers LP	-	"	-	US\$ 1,758	N/A	US\$ 1,758	
	Commonwealth Bank of Australia/New York NY	-	"	-	US\$ 1,751	N/A	US\$ 1,751	
	Alterra Finance LLC	-	"	_	US\$ 1,741	N/A	US\$ 1,741	
	Regions Financial Corp	-	"	_	US\$ 1,708	N/A	US\$ 1,708	
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank Ltd	-	u u	_	US\$ 1,691	N/A	US\$ 1,691	
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corp	-	u u	_	US\$ 1,629	N/A	US\$ 1,629	
	Amazon.com Inc	-	"	_	US\$ 1,626	N/A	US\$ 1,626	
	Gilead Sciences Inc	_	"	_	US\$ 1,608	N/A	US\$ 1,608	
	Weyerhaeuser Co	- -	"	_	US\$ 1,602	N/A N/A	US\$ 1,602	
	BAT International Finance PLC	-	"		US\$ 1,594	N/A N/A	US\$ 1,594	
	Principal Life Global Funding II	-	"	-	US\$ 1,588	N/A N/A	US\$ 1,588	
		-	"	-				
	Caterpillar Financial Services Corp	-	"	-	US\$ 1,536	N/A	US\$ 1,536	
	Chevron Corp	-	"	-	US\$ 1,532	N/A	US\$ 1,532	
	O'Reilly Automotive Inc PSEG Power LLC	-	"	-	US\$ 1,527	N/A	US\$ 1,527	
	DNEC Domos LLC	_	"	_	US\$ 1,510	N/A	US\$ 1,510	

				December 31, 2017 Carrying Value P G Fair Value						
Held Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Name	Relationship with the Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)		Percentage of Ownership (%)	(Foreign Currencies in Thousands)		N
	M. K. C.				7.7.0.h	4.500	27/4	7.7G A	4.500	1
MC Global	McKesson Corp	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	-	US\$	1,500	N/A	US\$	1,500	1
	Harley-Davidson Financial Services Inc	-	"	-	US\$	1,498	N/A	US\$	1,498	1
	Standard Chartered PLC	-	" "	-	US\$	1,497	N/A	US\$	1,497	1
	CBS Corp	-	" "	-	US\$	1,495	N/A	US\$	1,495	1
	HSBC USA Inc	-	" "	-	US\$	1,470	N/A	US\$	1,470	1
	Guardian Life Global Funding	-	"	-	US\$	1,469	N/A	US\$	1,469	1
	HSBC Bank PLC	-	"	-	US\$	1,459	N/A	US\$	1,459	1
	Cooperatieve Rabobank UA/NY	-	"	-	US\$	1,450	N/A	US\$	1,450	ı
	Oesterreichische Kontrollbank AG	-	"	-	US\$	1,444	N/A	US\$	1,444	i
	Monongahela Power Co	-	"	-	US\$	1,429	N/A	US\$	1,429	ı
	Texas Eastern Transmission LP	-	"	-	US\$	1,408	N/A	US\$	1,408	i
	Georgia-Pacific LLC	-	"	-	US\$	1,401	N/A	US\$	1,401	1
	AIG Global Funding	-	"	-	US\$	1,387	N/A	US\$	1,387	ı
	Cboe Global Markets Inc	-	"	-	US\$	1,366	N/A	US\$	1,366	l
	Entergy Arkansas Inc	-	"	-	US\$	1,284	N/A	US\$	1,284	l
	GATX Corp	-	"	-	US\$	1,277	N/A	US\$	1,277	i
	Entergy Corp	-	"	-	US\$	1,273	N/A	US\$	1,273	í
	Western Union Co/The	-	"	-	US\$	1,266	N/A	US\$	1,266	i
	Nissan Motor Acceptance Corp	-	"	-	US\$	1,261	N/A	US\$	1,261	i
	Comcast Corp	-	"	-	US\$	1,256	N/A	US\$	1,256	ı
	Consolidated Edison Inc	-	"	-	US\$	1,213	N/A	US\$	1,213	l
	Glencore Funding LLC	-	"	-	US\$	1,206	N/A	US\$	1,206	l
	Sempra Energy	-	"	_	US\$	1,179	N/A	US\$	1,179	l
	Public Service Enterprise Group Inc	_	"	_	US\$	1,136	N/A	US\$	1,136	ı
	Kreditanstalt fuer Wiederaufbau	_	"	_	US\$	1,134	N/A	US\$	1,134	l
	ERP Operating LP	_	"	_	US\$	1,118	N/A	US\$	1,118	l
	Wesfarmers Ltd	_	"	_	US\$	1,095	N/A	US\$	1,095	ı
	Marsh & McLennan Cos Inc	_	"	_	US\$	1,085	N/A	US\$	1,085	l
	International Paper Co	_	"	_	US\$	1,005	N/A N/A	US\$	1,005	l
	Glencore Finance Canada Ltd	_	"	_	US\$	1,067	N/A	US\$	1,073	l
	African Development Bank	-	,,		US\$	1,064	N/A N/A	US\$	1,064	i
	CA Inc	-	,,	-	US\$	1,064	N/A N/A	US\$	1,064	i
	General Electric Co	-	"	-	US\$	1,050	N/A N/A	US\$	1,050	l
		-	"	-						i
	Merck & Co Inc	-	"	-	US\$	1,049	N/A	US\$	1,049	l
	EOG Resources Inc	-		-	US\$	1,042	N/A	US\$	1,042	l
	Commonwealth Edison Co	-		-	US\$	1,037	N/A	US\$	1,037	l
	Athene Global Funding	-		-	US\$	1,032	N/A	US\$	1,032	ı
	Lincoln National Corp	-	"	-	US\$	1,029	N/A	US\$	1,029	ı
	Statoil ASA	-	"	-	US\$	1,016	N/A	US\$	1,016	l
	Biogen Inc	-	"	-	US\$	1,013	N/A	US\$	1,013	l
	Berkshire Hathaway Energy Co	-	"	-	US\$	1,009	N/A	US\$	1,009	i
	Unum Group	-	"	-	US\$	1,007	N/A	US\$	1,007	í
	Tencent Holdings Ltd	-	"	-	US\$	1,006	N/A	US\$	1,006	í
	Ares Capital Corp	-	"	-	US\$	1,004	N/A	US\$	1,004	i
	Laboratory Corp of America Holdings	-	"	-	US\$	1,002	N/A	US\$	1,002	i
	Home Depot Inc/The	-	"	-	US\$	1,000	N/A	US\$	1,000	i
	John Deere Capital Corp	-	"	-	US\$	999	N/A	US\$	999	í
	JM Smucker Co/The	-	n n	_	US\$	998	N/A	US\$	998	ı
He Bu En	Healthcare Trust of America Holdings LP	_	n n	_	US\$	997	N/A	US\$	997	ı
	Bunge Ltd Finance Corp	-	n n	_	US\$	992	N/A	US\$	992	i
	Entergy Texas Inc	_	"	_	US\$	992	N/A	US\$	992	1
	XLIT Ltd	_	"	_	US\$	988	N/A	US\$	988	1
	Capital One Bank USA NA		n n	_	US\$	976	N/A N/A	US\$	976	ı
	National Retail Properties Inc	_	n n		US\$	965	N/A N/A	US\$	965	ı
		-	n n	-	US\$			US\$		1
	PPL Capital Funding Inc	-	"	-		932	N/A		932	ı
	Duke Energy Progress LLC	-		-	US\$	929	N/A	US\$	929	ı
	Coca-Cola Femsa SAB de CV	-		-	US\$	917	N/A	US\$	917	i
	Lockheed Martin Corp	-	"	-	US\$	905	N/A	US\$	905	1
	Southern Electric Generating Co	İ	"	_	US\$	901	N/A	US\$	901	

	December 31, 2017				
CNOOC Finance Ld Forlera Rough Treatment Trust	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)			
CNOOC Finance Ld - USS 884					
Indianal Ready Investment Times	N/A	US\$ 894			
Haber Ungless of GP COT Lighther Ungless Cro Obligor Inc Masterized Inc 1858 888	N/A	US\$ 884			
Materiard Dec Basechare IncOH	N/A	US\$ 863			
Matercard Inc.	N/A	US\$ 858			
Hendington Banchares In COH US\$ 836	N/A	US\$ 849			
Consolidated Edition Co of New York Inc Marti sic Inc. Combinated Aritime, 2000 1 Class A. 1 Pass Through Trust Combinated Aritime, 2000 1 Class A. 1 Pass Through Trust Combinated Aritime, 2000 1 Class A. 1 Pass Through Trust Combinated Aritime, 2000 1 Class A. 1 Pass Through Trust Combinated Programmers I.P ARIS Specially Finance I.C Activision Bilizard Inc Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc. I	N/A	US\$ 836			
Metal is fine	N/A	US\$ 835			
Continental Airlines 2000-1 Class A-1 Paes Through Trust Aon PLC Neur Corp N	N/A	US\$ 819			
Aun PLC	N/A	US\$ 817			
Neore Corp	N/A N/A	US\$ 812			
ONFOX Partners LP AXIS Specially Frames LLC Activistic Bitzard Inc loss 802 Activistic Bitzard Inc loss 794 Activistic Bitzard Inc loss 794 Bit					
AXIS Specially Finance LLC Activision Bizzard Ine Incite Pivot Finance LLC Incite Finance LLCC Incite Finance LLCCC Incite Finance LLCCCC Incite Finance LLCCCCC Incite Finance LLCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC	N/A	US\$ 812			
Activision Bilizzant Inc Incice Prote Finance LLC USS 794 Incice Prote Finance LC USS 795 Synetra Tracery Partners IP USS 798 Stoppe Capital LG USS 778 Stoppe Capital LG USS 779 Bado Inc USS 770 Bado Inc USS 670	N/A	US\$ 805			
Indictor Prout Finance LLC Manufills Financial Corp Special Fancegy Partners I.P Simpore Capital Lid Baildu Inc Crown Castel Towers I.I.C Duke Lancry Progress LLC Duke Lancry Duke Lancry Progress LLC Duke Lancry Progress LLC Duke Lancry Duke Lancry Duke LLC Duke Luke Luke Luke Luke Luke Luke Luke L	N/A	US\$ 802			
Manufile Financial Corp	N/A	US\$ 794			
Spectra Intergry Partners LP	N/A	US\$ 794			
Spectra Energy Partners LP	N/A	US\$ 793			
Sinopec Capital Ltd	N/A	US\$ 785			
Baids Inc	N/A	US\$ 779			
Crown Castle Towers LLC Duke Energy Progress LLC APT Pipelines Ld Baker Hughes at GE OLLC DTE Energy Co APT Pipelines Ld Burner Linghes at GE OLLC DTE Energy Co American Hunda Finance Corp LUSS 714 American Hunda Finance Corp LUSS 706 Total Capital International SA Norfolk Southern Railways TTC CO Scentre Group Trust J. Scentre Group Trust 2 TTC CO Vornado Realty LP Three Gorges Finance I Caymun Islands Ltd BUSS	N/A	US\$ 753			
Duke Energy Progress LLC	N/A	US\$ 737			
APT Pipelines I al Baker Hughes a GE Co LLC DTF. Energy Co American Honda Finance Corp Total Capital International SA Norfolk Southern Railvay Co Scentre Group Trust I / Scentre Group Trust 2 TTTX Co Vornado Realty LP Three Gorges Finance I Cayman Islands Ltd Rochester Gas & Electric Corp Total Capital International SA Norfolk Southern Railvay Co Scentre Group Trust I / Scentre Group Trust 2 TTX Co Vornado Realty LP Three Gorges Finance I Cayman Islands Ltd Rochester Gas & Electric Corp Vornado Realty LP Three Gorges Finance I Cayman Islands Ltd Rochester Gas & Electric Corp Vornado Realty LP Three Gorges Finance I Cayman Islands Ltd Rochester Gas & Electric Corp Vornado Realty LP Three Gorges Finance I Cayman Islands Ltd Rochester Gas & Electric Corp Vornado Realty LP Three Gorges Finance I Cayman Islands Ltd Rochester Gas & Electric Corp Vornado Realty LP Three Gorges Finance I Cayman Islands Ltd Rochester Gas & Electric Corp Vornado Realty LP Vornado	N/A	US\$ 720			
Baker Hughes a GE Co LLC					
DTE Energy Co	N/A	US\$ 719			
American Honda Finance Corp Total Capital International SA Norfolk Southern Railway Co Seente Group Trust I/Seente Group Trust 2 TTX Co Vornado Realty LP Three Gorges Finance I Cayman Islands Ltd Rochester Gas & Electric Corp INS 687 Rochester Gas & Electric Corp INS 688 INS 689 INS 68 INS	N/A	US\$ 715			
Total Capital International SA Norfolk Southern Railway Co Scentre Group Trust 1/Scentre Group Trust 2	N/A	US\$ 714			
Norfolk Southern Railway Co	N/A	US\$ 706			
Seentre Group Trust 1/Seentre Group Trust 2	N/A	US\$ 700			
Seenter Group Trust J Seentre Group Trust 2	N/A	US\$ 700			
TTX Co Vormado Realty LP Three Gorges Finance I Cayman Islands Ltd Rochester Gas & Electric Corp ING Bank NV Ohio Power Co Continental Airlines 2007-1 Class A Pass Through Trust Entergy Gulf States Louisiana LLC Goorgia Power Co Fortive Corp RBC USA Holdoc Corp RBC USA Holdoc Corp RBC USA Holdoc Corp Alexandria Real Estate Equities Inc Liberty Property LP Grupo Bimbo SAB de CV Potask Corp of Saskatchewan Inc Daiwa Securities Group Inc Daiwa Securities Group Inc BC AvalonDay Corp Life Technologies Corp Life Repress Co ABC Inc AvalonBay Communities Inc Life Specialty Finance PLC LIFE Specialt	N/A	US\$ 698			
Vornado Really LP	N/A	US\$ 698			
Three Gorges Finance I Cayman Islands Ltd Rochester Gas & Electric Corp ING Bank NV ING BA	N/A	US\$ 697			
Rochester Gas & Electric Corp	N/A	US\$ 687			
ING Bank NV	N/A	US\$ 681			
Ohio Power Co	N/A N/A				
Continental Airlines 2007-1 Class A Pass Through Trust Entergy Gulf States Louisiana LLC Georgia Power Co Fortive Corp Georgia Power Co Fortive Corp RBC USA Holdeo Corp RBC USA Holdeo Corp Alexandria Real Estate Equities Inc Liberty Property LP Fortive Corp Group Bimbo SAB de CV Fortive Corp Saskatchewan Inc Fortive Group Inc Dr Pepper Snapple Group Inc Dr Pepper Snapple Group Inc Lift Technologies Corp Altria Group Inc Altria Group Inc Host Hotels & Resorts LP AvalonBank Ltd AvalonBank Ltd AvalonBank Ltd AvalonBany Communities Inc AXIS Specialty Finance PLC		US\$ 675			
Entergy Gulf States Louisiana LLC Georgia Power Co Fortive Corp Fortiv	N/A	US\$ 659			
Georgia Power Co	N/A	US\$ 658			
Fortive Corp	N/A	US\$ 649			
RBC USA Holdco Corp Alexandria Real Estate Equities Inc Liberty Property LP Grupo Bimbo SAB de CV Fotash Corp of Saskatchewan Inc Daiwa Securities Group Inc Dr Pepper Snapple Group Inc Dr USS 612 BOC Aviation Ltd Life Technologies Corp Altria Group Inc Altria Group Inc Altria Group Inc Altria Group Inc Altria House Sorp American Express Co American	N/A	US\$ 646			
Alexandria Real Estate Equities Inc	N/A	US\$ 644			
Alexandria Real Estate Equities Inc	N/A	US\$ 642			
Liberty Property LP	N/A	US\$ 637			
Grupo Bimbo SAB de CV	N/A	US\$ 631			
Potash Corp of Saskatchewan Inc	N/A	US\$ 631			
Daiwa Securities Group Inc	N/A N/A	US\$ 628			
Dr Pepper Snapple Group Inc					
BOC Aviation Ltd	N/A	US\$ 613			
Life Technologies Corp - " - US\$ 610 Altria Group Inc - " - US\$ 604 Kimberly-Clark Corp - " - US\$ 598 American Express Co - " - US\$ 592 ABC Inc - " - US\$ 591 Host Hotels & Resorts LP - " - US\$ 588 Mizuho Bank Ltd - " - US\$ 578 AvalonBay Communities Inc - " - US\$ 576 AXIS Specialty Finance PLC - " - US\$ 573	N/A	US\$ 612			
Altria Group Inc - " - US\$ 604 Kimberly-Clark Corp - " - US\$ 598 American Express Co - " - US\$ 592 ABC Inc - " - US\$ 591 Host Hotels & Resorts LP - " - US\$ 588 Mizuho Bank Ltd - " - US\$ 578 AvalonBay Communities Inc - " - US\$ 576 AXIS Specialty Finance PLC - " - US\$ 573	N/A	US\$ 612			
Kimberly-Clark Corp - " - US\$ 598 American Express Co - " - US\$ 592 ABC Inc - " - US\$ 591 Host Hotels & Resorts LP - " - US\$ 588 Mizuho Bank Ltd - " - US\$ 578 AvalonBay Communities Inc - " - US\$ 576 AXIS Specialty Finance PLC - " - US\$ 573	N/A	US\$ 610			
American Express Co - " - US\$ 592 ABC Inc - " - US\$ 591 Host Hotels & Resorts LP - " - US\$ 588 Mizuho Bank Ltd - " - US\$ 578 AvalonBay Communities Inc - " - US\$ 576 AXIS Specialty Finance PLC - " - US\$ 573	N/A	US\$ 604			
American Express Co - " - US\$ 592 ABC Inc - " - US\$ 591 Host Hotels & Resorts LP - " - US\$ 588 Mizuho Bank Ltd - " - US\$ 578 AvalonBay Communities Inc - " - US\$ 576 AXIS Specialty Finance PLC - " - US\$ 573	N/A	US\$ 598			
ABC Inc	N/A	US\$ 592			
Host Hotels & Resorts LP	N/A	US\$ 591			
Mizuho Bank Ltd - " - US\$ 578 AvalonBay Communities Inc - " - US\$ 576 AXIS Specialty Finance PLC - " - US\$ 573	N/A	US\$ 588			
AvalonBay Communities Inc - US\$ 576 AXIS Specialty Finance PLC - US\$ 573	N/A	US\$ 578			
AXIS Specialty Finance PLC - US\$ 573	N/A N/A	US\$ 576			
IBoston Properties LP	N/A	US\$ 573			
	N/A	US\$ 552			
Caisse Centrale Desjardins - US\$ 550	N/A	US\$ 550			
Exxon Mobil Corp - US\$ 548	N/A	US\$ 548			
Bunge Ltd Finance Corp - US\$ 542	N/A	US\$ 542			

						December	31, 2017	T		
Held Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Name	Relationship with the Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units	Carrying		Percentage of	Fair V		No
1 0				(In Thousands)	(Foreign Cu		Ownership (%)	in Thou	Currencies	
					in Thous	sanus)	-	in I not	isands)	
MC Global	Prudential Financial Inc		Available-for-sale financial assets	_	US\$	536	N/A	US\$	536	
VIC Global	American Electric Power Co Inc	- -	Available-101-sale illialicial assets		US\$	522	N/A N/A	US\$	522	
	Southwestern Electric Power Co	_	n n		US\$	521	N/A N/A	US\$	521	
	Fulton Financial Corp	-	"	_	US\$	517	N/A N/A	US\$	517	
	TD Ameritrade Holding Corp	- -	n n		US\$	516	N/A N/A	US\$	516	
	Regency Centers Corp	-	"		US\$	512	N/A N/A	US\$	512	
	Burlington Northern Santa Fe LLC	-	n n	_	US\$	504	N/A N/A	US\$	504	
	Walgreens Boots Alliance Inc	-	"	_	US\$	503	N/A N/A	US\$	503	
	ORIX Corp	-	"		US\$	503	N/A N/A	US\$	501	
	BNP Paribas/BNP Paribas US Medium-Term Note Program LLC	-	"	_	US\$	501	N/A N/A	US\$	501	
	Swedbank AB	-	,,	_	US\$	501	N/A N/A	US\$	501	
	Halliburton Co	-	,,	-	US\$	500	N/A N/A	US\$	500	
		-	"	-		486				
	MassMutual Global Funding II	-	"	-	US\$		N/A	US\$	486	
	Comerica Inc	-	"	-	US\$	473	N/A	US\$	473	
	Eaton Corp	-	"	-	US\$	470	N/A	US\$	470	
	Narragansett Electric Co/The	-		-	US\$	466	N/A	US\$	466	
	CenterPoint Energy Inc	-		-	US\$	463	N/A	US\$	463	
	Spire Inc	-	"	-	US\$	458	N/A	US\$	458	
	Equifax Inc	-		-	US\$	454	N/A	US\$	454	
	Canadian Pacific Railway Co	-		-	US\$	437	N/A	US\$	437	
	Texas-New Mexico Power Co	-	"	-	US\$	434	N/A	US\$	434	
	Nationwide Building Society	-	"	-	US\$	431	N/A	US\$	431	
	Valero Energy Corp	-	"	-	US\$	431	N/A	US\$	431	
	Woolworths Group Ltd	-	"	-	US\$	415	N/A	US\$	415	
	TransCanada PipeLines Ltd	-	"	-	US\$	415	N/A	US\$	415	
	Volkswagen Group of America Finance LLC	-	"	-	US\$	399	N/A	US\$	399	
	Southern Power Co	-	"	-	US\$	396	N/A	US\$	396	
	IBM Credit LLC	-	"	-	US\$	394	N/A	US\$	394	
	StanCorp Financial Group Inc	-	"	-	US\$	391	N/A	US\$	391	
	Aon Corp	-	"	-	US\$	390	N/A	US\$	390	
	First Niagara Financial Group Inc	-	"	-	US\$	382	N/A	US\$	382	
	Nationwide Financial Services Inc	-	"	-	US\$	377	N/A	US\$	377	
	CenterPoint Energy Resources Corp	-	"	-	US\$	364	N/A	US\$	364	
	NetApp Inc	-	"	-	US\$	362	N/A	US\$	362	
	Deutsche Bank AG	-	"	-	US\$	351	N/A	US\$	351	
	Phillips 66	-	"	-	US\$	325	N/A	US\$	325	
	Cisco Systems Inc	-	"	_	US\$	322	N/A	US\$	322	
	PacifiCorp	-	"	_	US\$	314	N/A	US\$	314	
	eBay Inc	-	"	-	US\$	303	N/A	US\$	303	
	Schlumberger Finance Canada Ltd	-	"	_	US\$	298	N/A	US\$	298	
	Eli Lilly & Co	_	"	_	US\$	294	N/A	US\$	294	
	BAE Systems Holdings Inc	_	"	_	US\$	289	N/A	US\$	289	
	Barclays Bank PLC	- -	"	1	US\$	289	N/A N/A	US\$	289	
	Amphenol Corp	_ _	n n		US\$	288	N/A N/A	US\$	288	
	EMD Finance LLC	- -	n n		US\$	279	N/A N/A	US\$	279	
	Nomura Holdings Inc	- -	"		US\$	252	N/A N/A	US\$	252	
	NBCUniversal Enterprise Inc	-	"	_	US\$	232	N/A N/A	US\$	232	
	CMS Energy Corp	-	"	_	US\$	249	N/A N/A	US\$	249	
CMS Kans Hart Prote Wes		-	,,	_	US\$	243	N/A N/A	US\$ US\$	243	
	Kansas City Power & Light Co	-	,,	-						
	Hartford Financial Services Group Inc/The	-	"	-	US\$	237	N/A	US\$	237	
	Protective Life Corp	-		-	US\$	228	N/A	US\$	228	
	WestRock MWV LLC	-	" "	-	US\$	227	N/A	US\$	227	
	Rolls-Royce PLC	-	"	-	US\$	223	N/A	US\$	223	
	Assurant Inc	-	"	-	US\$	210	N/A	US\$	210	
	Fidelity National Information Services Inc	-	"	-	US\$	206	N/A	US\$	206	
	Commonwealth Bank of Australia	-	"	-	US\$	201	N/A	US\$	201	
	Pinnacle West Capital Corp	-	"	-	US\$	199	N/A	US\$	199	
	Schneider Electric SE	-	"	-	US\$	161	N/A	US\$	161	

					December	31, 2017	_	
Held Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Name	Relationship with the Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Note
TSMC Global	Desired Company of America		A:1-1-1- f1- fin-n-i-1		1100	NT/A	1100 100	
18MC Global	Packaging Corp of America Berkshire Hathaway Finance Corp	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	-	US\$ 160 US\$ 135	N/A N/A	US\$ 160 US\$ 135	
	Duke Energy Florida LLC	-	,,	-	US\$ 133 US\$ 120	N/A N/A	US\$ 133	
	Wells Fargo & Co	-	Hold to motivate financial assets	-	US\$ 150,005	N/A N/A	US\$ 152,279	
	JPMorgan Chase & Co.	-	Held-to-maturity financial assets	-	US\$ 150,005 US\$ 142,042	N/A N/A	US\$ 152,279 US\$ 143,994	
	Goldman Sachs Group, Inc.	-	,,	-	US\$ 100,000	N/A N/A	US\$ 100,943	
	Westpac Banking Corp.	-	n n	-	US\$ 100,000 US\$ 100,000	N/A N/A	US\$ 100,943 US\$ 100,774	
	Commonwealth Bank of Australia	-	"	-	US\$ 50,000	N/A N/A	US\$ 50,363	
	National Australia Bank	-	"	-	US\$ 50,000 US\$ 50,000	N/A N/A	US\$ 50,363 US\$ 50,277	
	Bank of Nova Scotia	-	"	-	US\$ 49,990	N/A	US\$ 50,277	
	Industrial and Commercial Bank of China	- -	"	-	US\$ 10,000	N/A	US\$ 10,005	
	Government bond							
	United States Treasury Note/Bond	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	-	US\$ 260,156	N/A	US\$ 260,156	
	Abu Dhabi Government International Bond	-	"	-	US\$ 3,430	N/A	US\$ 3,430	
	Agency bonds/Agency mortgage-backed securities				110¢ 505 :	/.	**************************************	
	Fannie Mae	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	-	US\$ 590,123	N/A	US\$ 590,123	
	Freddie Mac	-		-	US\$ 233,117	N/A	US\$ 233,117	
	Government National Mortgage Association	-	"	-	US\$ 111,741	N/A	US\$ 111,741	
	Ginnie Mae	-	"	-	US\$ 28,254	N/A	US\$ 28,254	
	Federal Home Loan Banks	-	"	-	US\$ 6,147	N/A	US\$ 6,147	
	Freddie Mac Multifamily Structured Pass Through Certificates	-	"	-	US\$ 3,865	N/A	US\$ 3,865	
	Export-Import Bank of Korea	-	"	-	US\$ 3,004	N/A	US\$ 3,004	
	Export Development Canada	-	"	-	US\$ 2,990	N/A	US\$ 2,990	
	Province of Quebec Canada	-	"	-	US\$ 2,551	N/A	US\$ 2,551	
	NCUA Guaranteed Notes Trust 2010-R2	-	"	-	US\$ 1,537	N/A	US\$ 1,537	
	CPPIB Capital Inc	-	"	-	US\$ 1,180	N/A	US\$ 1,180	
	Federal Farm Credit Banks FHLMC-GNMA	-	"	-	US\$ 894 US\$ 313	N/A N/A	US\$ 894 US\$ 313	
	Asset-backed securities							
	Citibank Credit Card Issuance Trust	_	Available-for-sale financial assets	_	US\$ 48,328	N/A	US\$ 48,328	
	Discover Card Execution Note Trust	_	"	_	US\$ 45,722	N/A	US\$ 45,722	
	Chase Issuance Trust	_	n n		US\$ 39,211	N/A	US\$ 39,211	
	American Express Credit Account Master Trust	_	"	_	US\$ 31,060	N/A	US\$ 31,060	
	Capital One Multi-Asset Execution Trust	_	n n	_	US\$ 22,544	N/A	US\$ 22,544	
	Ford Credit Floorplan Master Owner Trust A	_	"	_	US\$ 20,808	N/A	US\$ 20,808	
	Ford Credit Auto Owner Trust/Ford Credit 2014-REV1	_	n n	_	US\$ 13,904	N/A	US\$ 13,904	
	UBS-Barclays Commercial Mortgage Trust 2012-C2	_	n n	_	US\$ 12,792	N/A	US\$ 12,792	
	COMM Mortgage Trust	_	"	_	US\$ 12,234	N/A	US\$ 12,234	
	Morgan Stanley Bank of America Merrill Lynch Trust	<u>-</u>	"		US\$ 12,002	N/A	US\$ 12,234 US\$ 12,002	
	Toyota Auto Receivables 2014-C Owner Trust	<u>-</u>	"	_	US\$ 11,431	N/A	US\$ 11,431	
	Chesapeake Funding II LLC	_	"	_	US\$ 10,953	N/A	US\$ 10,953	
	BA Credit Card Trust	_	n n	_	US\$ 10,821	N/A	US\$ 10,821	
	GM Financial Automobile Leasing Trust 2015-3	_	"	_	US\$ 10,359	N/A	US\$ 10,359	
	Mercedes-Benz Master Owner Trust	_	n n	_	US\$ 10,049	N/A	US\$ 10,049	
	JPMCC Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust 2017-JP7	_	n n	_	US\$ 9,335	N/A	US\$ 9,335	
	Hyundai Auto Lease Securitization Trust 2017-A	_	"	_	US\$ 9,179	N/A	US\$ 9,179	
	Honda Auto Receivables 2017-2 Owner Trust	_	n n	_	US\$ 8,787	N/A	US\$ 8,787	
	BANK	<u>-</u>	"	_	US\$ 8,047	N/A	US\$ 8,047	
	CGDBB Commercial Mortgage Trust 2017-BIOC	<u>-</u>	n .		US\$ 7,509	N/A	US\$ 7,509	
	Nissan Auto Lease Trust	<u>-</u>	"	_	US\$ 7,114	N/A	US\$ 7,114	
	GS Mortgage Securities Trust	_	"	_	US\$ 7,001	N/A	US\$ 7,001	
	Ford Credit Auto Owner Trust	<u>-</u>	"		US\$ 6,859	N/A N/A	US\$ 6,859	
	Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust 2013-GC11	<u>-</u>	"	_	US\$ 6,769	N/A	US\$ 6,769	
	JPMBB Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust 2013-C12	<u>-</u>	n .		US\$ 6,749	N/A	US\$ 6,749	
	Hyundai Auto Receivables Trust Hyundai Auto Receivables Trust	- -	n .	_	US\$ 6,728	N/A N/A	US\$ 6,728	
	Nissan Master Owner Trust Receivables	- -	"		US\$ 6,511	N/A N/A	US\$ 6,511	
	BMW Vehicle Lease Trust	- -	n .	_	US\$ 5,961	N/A N/A	US\$ 5,961	
	DIVI W V CHICLE LEASE TIUST	-			US\$ 3,901	1 N / FA	US\$ 3,901	

					Decembe	r 31, 2017		
Held Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Name	Relationship with the Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Note
TSMC Global	Nissan Auto Receivables 2017-B Owner Trust		Available-for-sale financial assets		US\$ 4,863	N/A	US\$ 4,863	
ISMC Global	Ford Credit Auto Lease Trust		Available-for-sale illiancial assets	-	US\$ 4,528	N/A N/A	US\$ 4,528	
	GM Financial Consumer Automobile 2017-1		"	_	US\$ 3,970	N/A	US\$ 3,970	
	Cold Storage Trust 2017-ICE3	-	"	_	US\$ 3,811	N/A N/A	US\$ 3,811	
	Wheels SPV 2 LLC	-	"	-	US\$ 3,624	N/A N/A	US\$ 3,624	
	Hertz Fleet Lease Funding LP	-	"	_	US\$ 3,486	N/A N/A	US\$ 3,486	
	Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2015-LC20	-	"	_	US\$ 3,434	N/A N/A	US\$ 3,434	
	Volvo Financial Equipment Master Owner Trust 2017-A	-	"		US\$ 3,009	N/A N/A	US\$ 3,009	
	CSMC OA LLC		"	_	US\$ 2,877	N/A N/A	US\$ 2,877	
	BMW Floorplan Master Owner Trust	-	"	_	US\$ 2,442	N/A N/A	US\$ 2,442	
	JPMDB Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust 2017-C7	-	"		US\$ 2,006	N/A N/A	US\$ 2,006	
	Mercedes-Benz Auto Lease Trust 2016-A	-	"	-	US\$ 1,820	N/A N/A	US\$ 2,006 US\$ 1,820	
		-	"	-				
	Morgan Stanley Capital I Trust	-	,,	-	US\$ 1,513	N/A	US\$ 1,513	
	CFCRE Commercial Mortgage Trust 2011-C1	-	"	-	US\$ 998	N/A	US\$ 998	
	Enterprise Fleet Financing LLC	-	, ,	-	US\$ 845	N/A	US\$ 845	
	280 Park Avenue Mortgage Trust	-	",	-	US\$ 831	N/A	US\$ 831	
	Mercedes-Benz Auto Receivables Trust 2015-1	-	<u>"</u>	-	US\$ 501	N/A	US\$ 501	
	WFRBS Commercial Mortgage Trust 2013-C14	-	"	-	US\$ 485	N/A	US\$ 485	
	Structure product							
	Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ	-	Held-to-maturity financial assets	-	US\$ 50,000	N/A	US\$ 49,744	
	Commercial paper							
	Societe Generale Instl	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	_	US\$ 2,000	N/A	US\$ 2,000	
	Norinchukin Bank	-	"	-	US\$ 2,000	N/A	US\$ 2,000	
	Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ	-	"	-	US\$ 1,000	N/A	US\$ 1,000	
	Fund							
	Primavera Capital Fund II L.P.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	-	US\$ 65,635	4	US\$ 65,635	
VTAF III	Common stock							
V 1711 111	LiquidLeds Lighting Corp.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	1,600	US\$ 800	11	US\$ 800	
	Preferred stock							
	Neoconix, Inc.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	4,147	US\$ 170	-	US\$ 170	
VTAF II	Common stock							
, 1711 II	Aquantia	_	Available-for-sale financial assets	460	US\$ 5,209	1	US\$ 5,209	
	Sentelic		Financial assets carried at cost	903	US\$ 2,607	1 1	US\$ 2,607	
	5V Technologies, Inc.		"	963	US\$ 2,168	2	US\$ 2,168	
	Aether Systems, Inc.		"	1,085	US\$ 2,108 US\$ 339	20	US\$ 339	
	Actici Systems, inc.	_		1,003	034 337	20	Ο5φ 557	
ISDF	Preferred stock							
	Sonics, Inc.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	230	-	3	-	
ISDF II	Common stock							
10171. 11	Sonics, Inc.		Financial assets carried at cost	278		4		
	Somes, mc.	_	Finalicial assets carried at cost	2/8	-	4	-	
	Preferred stock							
	Sonics, Inc.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	264	-	4	-	
County For 1	Common stock							
Growth Fund	Common stock Innovium, Inc.	_	Financial assets carried at cost	221	US\$ 370	_	US\$ 370	
	innovium, me.	_	manetar assets carried at COSt	221	υρφ 3/0	_	υοφ 570	
	Preferred stock							
	Innovium, Inc.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	230	US\$ 384	-	US\$ 384	
				1			1	

(Concluded)

MARKETABLE SECURITIES ACQUIRED AND DISPOSED OF AT COSTS OR PRICES OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

	Marketable Securities	Financial Statement		Nature of	Beginnin	g Balaı	nce	Acqui	isitio	on			Disp	posal				Ending Bala	nce (N	lote 1)
Company Name	Type and Name	Account	Counter-party	Relationship	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Aı	mount	Shares/Units (In Thousands)		Amount	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	An	nount	Carry	ing Value	Gain/I Disp	oss on osal	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	A	mount
TSMC	Corporate bond																			
Towie	CPC Corporation, Taiwan	Held-to-maturity financial	-	-	-	\$ 1	1,967,303	-	\$	-	-	\$ 1	,960,000	\$ 1	,960,000	\$	-	-	\$	-
	Hon Hai Precision Ind. Co., Ltd.	assets "	-	-	-		400,250	-		-	-		400,000		400,000		-	-		-
	Commercial paper Taiwan Power Company	Held-to-maturity financial assets	-	-	865	8	3,628,176	170		1,695,771	1,035	10	,350,000	10	,350,000		-	-		-
	Stock TSMC Global	Investments accounted for using equity method	-	Subsidiary	7	265	5,634,729	2		60,683,010	-		-		-		-	9	309	9,211,877
	TSMC Nanjing	"	-	Subsidiary	-	6	5,331,094	-		21,724,892	-		-		-		-	-	20	6,493,740
TSMC Partners	<u>Stock</u> ISDF II	Investments accounted for using equity method	Note 2	Subsidiary	9,299	US\$	6,078	-		-	-		-	US\$	15,552		-	9,299	US\$	28
TSMC Global	Corporate bond Bank of America Corp	Available-for-sale financial	-	-	-	US\$	27,973	-	US	S\$ 30,914	-	US\$	18,071	US\$	18,205	US\$	(134)	-	US\$	40,876
	Citigroup Inc	assets "	_	_	_	US\$	16,819	_	US	S\$ 18,955	_	US\$	5,816	US\$	5,833	US\$	(17)	_	US\$	29,911
	AT&T Inc	"	_	_	_	US\$	13,332	_		S\$ 19,933	_	US\$	6,425	US\$	6,438	US\$	(13)	_	US\$	
	JPMorgan Chase & Co	"	_	_	_	US\$	22,330	_	U		_	US\$	12,151	US\$	12,258	US\$	(107)	_	US\$	
	Goldman Sachs Group Inc/The	"	_	_	_	US\$	7,390	_	US		_	US\$	1,900	US\$	1,976	US\$	(76)	_	US\$	
	Morgan Stanley	"	_	_	_	US\$	11,237	_	US		_	US\$	9,018	US\$	8,973	US\$	45	_	US\$	
	Verizon Communications Inc	"	_	_	_	US\$	17,059	_	US		_	US\$	15,042	US\$	15,163	US\$	(121)	_	US\$	
	Ford Motor Credit Co LLC	"	-	-	-	US\$	7,877	-	US	S\$ 11,849	-	US\$	1,964	US\$	2,016	US\$	(52)	-	US\$	17,732
	BAT Capital Corp	"	-	-	-		-	-		S\$ 17,144	-				-		-	-	US\$	
	Apple Inc	"	-	-	-	US\$	2,607	-		S\$ 14,737	-	US\$	854	US\$	862	US\$	(8)	-	US\$	
	Morgan Stanley	"	-	-	-		-	-	US		-		-	US\$	-		-	-	US\$	
	Tyson Foods Inc	"	-	-	-	US\$	1,704	-		S\$ 10,762	-	US\$	201	US\$	200	US\$	1	-	US\$	
	JPMorgan Chase & Co	"	-	-	-		-	-		S\$ 11,600	-		-		-		-	-	US\$	
	Asian Development Bank	"	-	-	-	US\$	1,994	-	U		-	US\$	1,997	US\$	1,998	US\$	(1)	-	US\$	
	Microsoft Corp	"	-	-	-	US\$	2,905	-		S\$ 11,279	-	US\$	5,076	US\$	4,992	US\$	84	-	US\$	
	QUALCOMM Inc	"	-	-	-		-	-	U		-	US\$	3,561	US\$	3,548	US\$	13	-	US\$	
	BMW US Capital LLC	"	-	-	-	US\$	7,180	-	U	S\$ 5,995	-	US\$	10,552	US\$	10,495	US\$	57	-	US\$	
	Gilead Sciences Inc Aetna Inc	"	-	-	-	US\$	11,850 11,618	-		-	-	US\$ US\$	10,340 10,656	US\$	10,606 10,570	US\$ US\$	(266) 86	-	US\$ US\$	
				_		OST	11,010	_		_	_	ОБФ	10,030	Φαυ	10,570	OSO	00	-	ОБФ	1,077
	Government bond United States Treasury Note/Bond	Available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	-	US\$	195,285	-	U	S\$ 396,552	-	US\$	393,853	US\$	394,514	US\$	(661)	-	US\$	202,689
	United States Treasury Floating Rate Note	"	-	-	-	US\$	30,756	-	U	S\$ 182,629	-	US\$	163,600	US\$	163,487	US\$	113	-	US\$	49,901
	United States Treasury Bill	"	-	-	_		_	_	US	S\$ 28,180	-	US\$	25,197	US\$	25,187	US\$	10	-	US\$	2,997
	United States Treasury Bill	"	-	-	_		_	_		S\$ 97,678	-		97,712		97,678	US\$	34	-		- ·
	United States Treasury Inflation	"	-	-	-	US\$	19,349	-		S\$ 8,060	-		27,343		27,515		(172)	-		-
	Indexed Bonds																			

	Marketable Securities	Financial Ctatament		Notone of	Beginnin	g Balan	ce	Acqui	sition				Disp	posal				Ending Bala	nce (N	Vote 1)
Company Name	Type and Name	Financial Statement Account	Counter-party	Nature of Relationship	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Am	ount	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	A	mount	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	Ar	nount	Carry	ing Value		Loss on posal	Shares/Units (In Thousands)	A	mount
TSMC Global	Agency bonds/Agency																			
Tolvic Global	mortgage-backed securities																			
	FNMA POOL BM3196	Available-for-sale financial	_	_	_		_	_	US\$	49,619	_		_		_		_	_	US\$	49,526
	THINK TO GE BING 190	assets							СБФ	17,017									СБФ	17,520
	FNMA POOL BM1948	"	_	_	_		_	_	US\$	43,322	_	US\$	1,609	US\$	1,826	US\$	(217)	_	US\$	41,275
	FNMA POOL BM1886	"	_	_	_		_	_	US\$		_	US\$	495	US\$		US\$	(43)	_	US\$	
	Government National Mortgage	"	_	_	_		_	_	US\$		_	US\$	81	US\$		US\$	(6)	_		16,739
	Association								СБФ	10,.,,		0.54	01	0.54	0,	СБФ	(0)		CS¢	10,707
	Fannie Mae	"	_	_	_		_	_	US\$	15,777	_	US\$	43	US\$	114	US\$	(71)	_	US\$	6 16.012
	FNMA TBA 30 Yr 4.5	"	_	-	_		_	_	US\$,	_	US\$	43,295	US\$		US\$	(35)	_	US\$	5 15,758
	Fannie Mae	"	_	-	_		_	_	US\$,	_	US\$	80	US\$	123	US\$	(43)	_	US\$	
	Government National Mortgage	"	_	-	_		-	_	US\$,	_		-	US\$		US\$	(10)	_	US\$	
	Association								•	/							(")			, =
	FNMA POOL AL9903	"	_	-	-		_	-	US\$	12,520	-	US\$	904	US\$	1,010	US\$	(106)	-	US\$	11,426
	FNMA TBA 30 Yr 3.5	"	_	-	_		_	_	US\$,	_	US\$	62,406	US\$		US\$		_	US\$	2,866
	GNMA II TBA 30 Yr 4	"	_	-	-		_	-	US\$		-	US\$	39,813	US\$		US\$	5	-	US\$	
	FNMA TBA 15 Yr 3	"	-	-	-		-	-	US\$		-	US\$	36,709	US\$		US\$	17	_	US\$	2,015
	GNMA II TBA 30 Yr 3.5	"	-	-	-		-	-	US\$		-	US\$	27,087	US\$		US\$	(9)	_	US\$	145
	FNMA TBA 30 Yr 3	"	-	-	-		-	-	US\$	154,404	-	US\$	154,494	US\$	154,404	US\$	90	_		-
	FNMA TBA 30 Yr 4	"	-	-	-		-	-	US\$	21,721	-	US\$	21,726	US\$	21,721	US\$	5	-		-
	FNMA TBA 30 Yr 5	"	-	-	-		-	-	US\$	11,128	-	US\$	11,134	US\$	11,128	US\$	6	-		-
	Federal Home Loan Bank	"	-	-	-		-	-	US\$	152,578	-	US\$	152,605	US\$	152,578	US\$	27	_		-
	Discount Notes																			
	FED HM LN PC Pool G07375	"	-	-	-	US\$	10	-	US\$	12,123	-	US\$	12,081	US\$		US\$	(40)	-		-
	GNMA II TBA 30 Yr 3	"	-	-	-		-	-	US\$	12,544	-	US\$	12,541	US\$	12,544	US\$	(3)	-		-
	Asset-backed securities																			
	Citibank Credit Card Issuance	Available-for-sale financial	-	-	-	US\$	22,585	-	US\$	33,402	-	US\$	7,567	US\$	7,766	US\$	(199)	-	US\$	48,328
	Trust	assets																		
	Discover Card Execution Note	"	-	-	-	US\$	23,076	-	US\$	36,655	-	US\$	13,991	US\$	14,003	US\$	(12)	-	US\$	45,722
	Trust					****			****				4.5 - 4.5 -		40.00				****	
	Chase Issuance Trust	"	-	-	-		31,276	-	US\$,	-	US\$	12,607	US\$		US\$	3	-	US\$	
	Capital One Multi-Asset	"	-	-	-	US\$	39,626	-	US\$	1,214	-	US\$	18,303	US\$	18,384	US\$	(81)	-	0.55	22,544
	Execution Trust					TIOO	11.044		TIOO	14.702		TIOO	5 005	1100	5.004	TIGO	2		TIGO	20.000
	Ford Credit Floorplan Master	"	-	-	-	US\$	11,944	-	US\$	14,793	-	US\$	5,927	US\$	5,924	US\$	3	-	0.55	5 20,808
	Owner Trust A	,,				TICO	17 465		TIOO	7.704		TIOO	14.407	TICO	14416	TIGO	(0)		TICO	10.001
	BA Credit Card Trust		-	-	-	0.55	17,465	-	US\$	7,784	-	US\$	14,407	US\$	14,416	US\$	(9)	-	US\$	5 10,821
	<u>Fund</u>																			
	Primavera Capital Fund II L.P.	Financial assets carried at cost	-	-	-	US\$	23,784	-	US\$	41,851	-		-		-		-	-	US\$	65,635
ISDF II	Stock																			
	Alchip Technologies Limited	Available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	6,581	US\$	6,387	-		-	6,581	US\$	17,960	US\$	3,207	US\$	14,753	-		-

Note 1: The ending balance includes the amortization of premium/discount on bonds investments, share of profits/losses of investees and other related adjustment.

Note 2: The disposal is primarily consisted of capital return.

ACQUISITION OF INDIVIDUAL REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES AT COSTS OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

			Transaction				I	Prior Transaction of 1	Related Counter-par	ty			
Company Name	Types of Property	Transaction Date	Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Payment Term	Counter-party	Nature of Relationships	Owner	Relationships	Transfer Date	Amount	Price Reference	Purpose of Acquisition	Other Terms
TSMC	Fab	August 2, 2016 to December 5, 2017	\$ 642,837	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance	UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Bidding, price comparison and price negotiation	Manufacturing purpose	None
	Fab	August 10, 2016 to December 28, 2017	6,833,577	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance	Fu Tsu Construction Co., Ltd.	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Bidding, price comparison and price negotiation	Manufacturing purpose	None
	Fab	September 22, 2016 to September 5, 2017	302,620	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance	Uangyih-Tech Industrial Co., Ltd.	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Bidding, price comparison and price negotiation	Manufacturing purpose	None
	Fab	January 13, 2017 to December 14, 2017	307,199	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance	WHOLETECH SYSTEM HITECH LIMITED	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Bidding, price comparison and price negotiation	Manufacturing purpose	None
	Fab	January 18, 2017	352,766	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance	TASA Construction Corporation	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Bidding, price comparison and price negotiation	Manufacturing purpose	None
	Fab	March 15, 2017 to November 2, 2017	310,151	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance	MARKETECH INTERNATIONAL CORP.	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Bidding, price comparison and price negotiation	Manufacturing purpose	None
	Fab	March 15, 2017 to December 15, 2017	317,397	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance	LI JIE INDUSTRIAL Co., Ltd	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Bidding, price comparison and price negotiation	Manufacturing purpose	None
	Fab	March 17, 2017 to December 15, 2017	358,354	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance	TUN YI INDUSTRIAL Co., Ltd.	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Bidding, price comparison and price negotiation	Manufacturing purpose	None
	Fab	March 21, 2017 to November 30, 2017	303,996	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance	Taiwan Puritic Corp.	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Bidding, price comparison and price negotiation	Manufacturing purpose	None
	Fab	March 21, 2017 to December 25, 2017	300,748	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance	Gold Stone Development Co., Ltd.	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Bidding, price comparison and price negotiation	Manufacturing purpose	None
	Fab	March 27, 2017 to December 27, 2017	758,991	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance	Cica-Huntek Chemical Technology Taiwan Co., Ltd	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Bidding, price comparison and price negotiation	Manufacturing purpose	None
	Fab	April 14, 2017 to September 29, 2017	485,131	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance	KEDGE Construction Co., Ltd.	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Bidding, price comparison and price negotiation	Manufacturing purpose	None
	Fab	April 18, 2017 to November 3, 2017	522,566	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance	Chen Yuan International Co., Ltd	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Bidding, price comparison and price negotiation	Manufacturing purpose	None
	Fab	May 25, 2017 to December 29, 2017	6,898,386		DA CIN Construction Co., Ltd.	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Bidding, price comparison and price negotiation	Manufacturing purpose	None

			Transaction				P	rior Transaction of l	Related Counter-par	ty			
Company Name	Types of Property	Transaction Date	Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Payment Term	Counter-party	Nature of Relationships	Owner	Relationships	Transfer Date	Amount	Price Reference	Purpose of Acquisition	Other Terms
TSMC Nanjing Company Ltd.	Fab	March 21, 2017 to June 23, 2017	RMB 183,300	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance	China Construction First Division Group Construction & Development Co., Ltd.	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Bidding, price comparison and price negotiation	Manufacturing purpose	None
Eta.	Fab	May 25, 2017	RMB 119,027	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance	Renchong Interior Decoration(Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Bidding, price comparison and price negotiation	Manufacturing purpose	None
	Fab	June 22, 2017 to June 27, 2017	RMB 98,000	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance	Shanghai Baoye Group Co., Ltd.	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Bidding, price comparison and price negotiation	Manufacturing purpose	None
	Land use right	December 18, 2017	RMB 180,042	100% payment	Nanjing Municipal Bureau of Land and Resources	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Bidding	Manufacturing purpose	None

(Concluded)

TOTAL PURCHASES FROM OR SALES TO RELATED PARTIES OF AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

				Tran	saction I	Details	Abnorm	al Transaction	Notes/Accounts Pay Receivable	able or	
Company Name	Related Party	Nature of Relationships	Purchases/ Sales	Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	% to Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Ending Balance (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	% to Total	Note
TSMC	TSMC North America	Subsidiary	Sales	\$ 650,351,537	64	Net 30 days from invoice date (Note 1)	-	Note	\$ 91,329,510	77	
	GUC	Associate	Sales	6,864,165	1	Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	-	-	777,730	1	
	TSMC Nanjing	Subsidiary	Sales	416,672	-	Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued			-	-	
	TSMC China	Subsidiary	Purchases	22,059,850	27	Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	-	-	(1,440,141)	5	
	WaferTech	Indirect subsidiary	Purchases	8,783,741	11	Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	-	-	(1,328,094)	4	
	VIS	Associate	Purchases	5,755,727		Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	-	-	(409,950)	1	
	SSMC	Associate	Purchases	4,148,190	5	Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	-	-	(406,959)	1	
TSMC North America	GUC	Associate of TSMC	Sales	1,038,560 (US\$ 34,149)	-	Net 30 days from invoice date	-	-	(US\$ 245,162 (US\$ 8,266)	-	
VisEra Tech	Xintec	Associate of TSMC	Sales	401,210	16	Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	-	-	161,232	-	
TSMC China	SSMC	Associate of TSMC	Sales	(RMB 25,304)	1	Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	-	-	-	-	

Note: The tenor is 30 days from TSMC's invoice date or determined by the payment terms granted to its clients by TSMC North America.

RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL DECEMBER 31, 2017

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

			Ending Balance	Turnover Days		Overdue	Amounts Received	Allowance for
Company Name	Related Party	Nature of Relationships	(Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	(Note 1)	Amount	Action Taken	in Subsequent Period	Bad Debts
TSMC	TSMC North America	Subsidiary	\$ 92,575,611	50	\$ 7,340,068	-	\$ 17,269,052	\$ -
	TSMC Nanjing	Subsidiary	1,754,484	Note 2	-	-	-	-
	GUC	Associate	777,730	45	521,739	-	571,010	-
TSMC China	TSMC	Parent company	1,440,141	26	671	-	671	-
			(RMB 316,238)		(RMB 147)		(RMB 147)	
	TSMC Nanjing	The same parent company	20,167,025	Note 2	-	-	-	-
			(RMB 4,427,934)					
TSMC Technology	TSMC	The ultimate parent of the Company	266,599 (US\$ 8,989)	Note 2	-	-	-	-
WaferTech	TSMC	The ultimate parent of the	1,328,094	54	1,554	-	1,554	-
		Company	(US\$ 44,779)		(US\$ 52)		(US\$ 52)	
VisEra Tech	Xintec	Associate of TSMC	161,232	43	-	-	-	-
TSMC North	GUC	Associate of TSMC	245,162	50	107,483	-	109,366	-
America			(US\$ 8,266)		(US\$ 3,624)		(US\$ 3,687)	

Note 1: The calculation of turnover days excludes other receivables from related parties.

Note 2: The ending balance is primarily consisted of other receivables, which is not applicable for the calculation of turnover days.

INTERCOMPANY RELATIONSHIPS AND SIGNIFICANT INTERCOMPANY TRANSACTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		Noture of	Interco	ompany Transactions		
No. Company Name	Counter Party	Nature of Relationship (Note 1)	Financial Statements Item	Amount	Terms (Note 2)	Percentage of Consolidated Net Revenue or Total Assets
0 TSMC	TSMC North America	1	Net revenue from sale of goods	\$ 650,351,537	-	67%
			Receivables from related parties	91,329,510	-	5%
			Other receivables from related parties	1,246,101	-	-
	TSMC Japan	1	Marketing expenses - commission	210,136	-	-
	TSMC Europe	1	Marketing expenses - commission	437,561	-	-
	TSMC China	1	Purchases	22,059,850	-	2%
			Marketing expenses - commission	135,267	-	-
			Payables to related parties	1,440,141	-	-
	TSMC Nanjing	1	Net revenue from sale of goods	416,672	-	-
	, c		Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	14,336,846	-	1%
			Other receivables from related parties	1,754,484	-	-
	TSMC Canada	1	Research and development expenses	251,800	-	-
	TSMC Technology	1	Research and development expenses	1,894,942	-	-
			Payables to related parties	266,599	-	-
	WaferTech	1	Purchases	8,783,741	-	1%
			Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	120,790	-	-
			Payables to related parties	1,328,094	-	-
1 TSMC China	TSMC Nanjing	3	*	20,167,025	-	1%
1 TSMC China	TSMC Nanjing	3	Other receivables from related parties			

Note 1: No. 1 represents the transactions from parent company to subsidiary. No. 3 represents the transactions between subsidiaries.

Note 2: The sales prices and payment terms of intercompany sales are not significantly different from those to third parties. For other intercompany transactions, prices and terms are determined in accordance with mutual agreements.

NAMES, LOCATIONS, AND RELATED INFORMATION OF INVESTEES OVER WHICH THE COMPANY EXERCISES SIGNIFICANT INFLUENCE (EXCLUDING INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

			Original Inve	stment Amount	Balance	as of December	31, 2017	Net Income	Share of		
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	December 31, 2017 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	December 31, 2016 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Shares (In Thousands)	Percentage of Ownership	Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	(Losses) of the Investee (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Profits/Losses of Investee (Note 1) (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Note
TSMC	TSMC Global	Tortola, British Virgin Islands	Investment activities	\$ 292,890,229	\$ 232,207,219	9	100	\$ 309,211,877	\$ 5,026,024	\$ 5,026,024	Subsidiary
	TSMC Partners	Tortola, British Virgin Islands	Investing in companies involved in the design, manufacture, and other related business in the semiconductor industry and other investment activities	31,456,130	31,456,130	988,268	100	49,684,287	2,225,601		Subsidiary
	VIS	Hsin-Chu, Taiwan	Manufacturing, selling, packaging, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices and the manufacturing and design service of masks	10,180,677	10,180,677	464,223	28	8,568,344	4,505,064	1,270,941	Associate
	SSMC	Singapore	Manufacturing and selling of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices	5,120,028	5,120,028	314	39	5,677,640	4,444,634	1,724,073	Associate
	VisEra Tech	Hsin-Chu, Taiwan	Engaged in manufacturing electronic spare parts and in researching, developing, designing, manufacturing, selling, packaging and testing of color filter	5,005,171	5,005,171	253,120	87	4,667,162	207,557	180,424	Subsidiary
	TSMC North America	San Jose, California, U.S.A	Selling and marketing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices	333,718	333,718	11,000	100	4,001,003	5,859	5,859	Subsidiary
	Xintec	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Wafer level chip size packaging and wafer level post passivation interconnection service	1,988,317	1,988,317	111,282	41	2,292,100	(733,280)	(304,493)	Associate
	GUC	Hsin-Chu, Taiwan	Researching, developing, manufacturing, testing and marketing of integrated circuits	386,568	386,568	46,688	35	1,300,194	854,809	297,816	Associate
	TSMC Europe	Amsterdam, the Netherlands	Customer service and supporting activities	15,749	15,749	-	100	407,324	40,557	40,557	Subsidiary
	VTAF II	Cayman Islands	Investing in new start-up technology companies	412,831	608,562	_	98	320,533	133,597		Subsidiary
	VTAF III	Cayman Islands	Investing in new start-up technology companies	1,318,885	1,355,417	_	98	152,836	(25,234)		Subsidiary
	TSMC Japan	Yokohama, Japan	Customer service and supporting activities	83,760	83,760	6	100	129,446	3,600		Subsidiary
	TSMC Korea	Seoul, Korea	Customer service and supporting activities	13,656	13,656	80	100	39,210	1,970		Subsidiary
	TSMC Solar Europe GmbH	Hamburg, Germany	Selling of solar related products and providing customer service	25,266	25,266	1	100	(20,217)	(12,706)		Subsidiary
TSMC Partners	TSMC Development	Delaware, U.S.A	Investing in companies involved in the manufacturing related business in the semiconductor industry	17,408,018 (US\$ 586,939)	17,408,018 (US\$ 586,939)	-	100	26,379,465 (US\$ 889,425)	1,448,900 (US\$ 47,479)	Note 2	Subsidiary
	TSMC Technology	Delaware, U.S.A	Engineering support activities	423,590 (US\$ 14,282)	423,590 (US\$ 14,282)	-	100	518,616 (US\$ 17,486)	18,990 (US\$ 617)	Note 2	Subsidiary
	TSMC Canada	Ontario, Canada	Engineering support activities	68,216	68,216 (US\$ 2,300)	2,300	100	182,321 (US\$ 6,147)	15,597		Subsidiary
	ISDF II	Cayman Islands	Investing in new start-up technology companies	-	154,044 (US\$ 5,194)	9,299	97	(US\$ 28)	378,299		Subsidiary
	ISDF	Cayman Islands	Investing in new start-up technology companies	14,094 (US\$ 475)	14,094 (US\$ 475)	583	97	492	(US\$ 1)	Note 2	Subsidiary
VTAF III	Growth Fund	Cayman Islands	Investing in new start-up technology companies	63,879 (US\$ 2,154)	43,355 (US\$ 1,462)	-	100	46,334 (US\$ 1,562)	(1,385) (US\$ (46))	Note 2	Subsidiary
	Mutual-Pak	New Taipei, Taiwan	Manufacturing of electronic parts, wholesaling and retailing of electronic materials, and researching, developing and testing of RFID	47,257	154,602 (US\$ 5,213)	4,693	39	23,210	(18,028) (US\$ (589))	Note 2	Associate

Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	- 0	December 31, 2016 (Foreign	Shares (In	as of December Percentage of	31, 2017 Carrying Value (Foreign	Net Income (Losses) of the Investee (Foreign	Share of Profits/Losses of Investee (Note 1)	Note
- 1				Currencies in Thousands)	Currencies in Thousands)	Thousands)	Ownership	Currencies in Thousands)	Currencies in Thousands)	(Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	
TSMC Development	WaferTech	Washington, U.S.A	Manufacturing, selling and testing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices	\$ -	\$ -	293,637	100	\$ 4,762,342 (US\$ 160,570)	\$ 1,248,658 (US\$ 40,896)		Subsidiary

Note 1: The share of profits/losses of investee includes the effect of unrealized gross profit on intercompany transactions.

(Concluded)

Note 2: The share of profits/losses of the investee company is not reflected herein as such amount is already included in the share of profits/losses of the investor company.

INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

				Accumulated	Investmen	t Flows	Accumulated				G	Accumulated
Investee Company	Main Businesses and Products	Total Amount of Paid-in Capital (RMB in Thousands)	Method of Investment	i aiwan ac at	Outflow (US\$ in Thousands)	Inflow	Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2017 (US\$ in Thousands)	Net Income (Losses) of the Investee Company	Percentage of Ownership	Share of Profits/Losses	Carrying Amount as of December 31, 2017	Inward Remittance of Earnings as of December 31, 2017
TSMC China	Manufacturing, selling, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices		Note 1	\$ 18,939,667 (US\$ 596,000)	\$ -	\$	- \$ 18,939,667 (US\$ 596,000)	\$ 8,938,933	100%	\$ 9,058,937 (Note 2)	\$ 51,060,885	\$ -
TSMC Nanjing	Manufacturing, selling, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices		Note 1	6,435,200 (US\$ 200,000)	21,724,892 (US\$ 720,000)		- 28,160,092 (US\$ 920,000)	(867,563)	100%	(867,563) (Note 2)	26,493,740	-

Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of December 31, 2017 (US\$ in Thousands)	Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA (US\$ in Thousands)	Upper Limit on Investment
\$ 47,099,759 (US\$ 1,516,000)	\$ 119,412,667 (US\$ 3,596,000)	Note 3

- Note 1: TSMC directly invested US\$596,000 thousand in TSMC China and US\$920,000 thousands in TSMC Nanjing.
- Note 2: Amount was recognized based on the audited financial statements.
- Note 3: As the Company has obtained the certificate of being qualified for operating headquarters issued by Industrial Development Bureau, MOEA on August 2016, the upper limit on investment in mainland China pursuant to "Principle of investment or Technical Cooperation in Mainland China" is not applicable.